Cal	lifornia
Ore	egon
O Wa	shington
O Soi	mewhere else
Q3 Bro	wser Meta Info
Q0. D10	
This que	estion was not displayed to the respondent.
Q205. V	Vhat is your age bracket?
	der 18 years
	to 24 years
	to 34 years
	to 44 years
	to 54 years to 64 years
	to 74 years
	years or older
	efer not to say
Q204. V	Vhat is your gender?
○ Ma	
	male n-binary
	efer not to say
Q207. V	Vhat is your race?
O Wh	
O Bla	ick or African-American

Q206. In which U.S. state do you live?

$\bigcirc$	Asian
•	Some other race, or multiple races
	Prefer not to say
Q14	
	119, approximately what was your total annual household income, using these standard income kets? Click here to check who counts as your household
	r this survey, consider your "household" to be your own family (or some other set of people to which you
	ng), where these people share the same permanent address, and where the members share their
IIIIaii	cial resources and make important spending decisions jointly.
	Less than \$20,000
•	\$20,000 to \$24,999
	\$25,000 to \$29,999
	\$30,000 to \$49,999
	\$50,000 to \$74,999
$\bigcirc$	\$75,000 to \$99,999
$\bigcirc$	\$100,000 to \$124,999
$\bigcirc$	\$125,000 to \$149,999
$\bigcirc$	\$150,000 to 174,999
$\bigcirc$	\$175,000 to \$199,999
$\bigcirc$	\$200,000 or more
	Prefer not to say
045	
Q15a Wha	t is your <b>5-digit California zip code</b> ? (This information will help verify that the set of people who take this
	ey will represent all regions within each state.)
94	533
Q18	8. Timing
This	question was not displayed to the respondent.
032	6

## Q326.

**Excellent.** This study still needs more people like you. Now we need to tell you a bit more about the study and get your formal consent to take part.

About this Survey: You will be asked to complete a survey about how your state should deal with outbreaks of COVID-19 (or any similar pandemic illness in the future). Vaccines for COVID-19 are now available, but it will be many months before everyone can be vaccinated.

Your input is important, no matter how you feel about your state's policies so far.

- Some people really want to get the economy moving again.
- Others feel that pandemic rules must stay in place until the virus is completely gone or until all vulnerable people have been vaccinated.

We will describe several potential policies for some possible pandemic conditions, either now, or in a similar pandemic in the future. In each case, we will ask you to pick the policy that seems like the best option.

We will then ask some questions about your household that will help us understand how and why different people make different choices about pandemic policies.

On average, people who complete this survey have been taking about 20 minutes.

**NOTE:** On this page, as on all others, you may need to scroll farther down the page to find the button to move you to the next screen.

Q189. Timing

First Click: 17.288 Last Click: 17.288 Page Submit: 18.641 Click Count: 1

## Q2.

**Questions About this Survey?** This survey has been funded by the Department of Economics at the University of Oregon. If you have questions or concerns about this survey, or about the study that will use the data it collects, please contact the research team: Professor Trudy Ann Cameron, (cameron@uoregon.edu), Department of Economics, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, 97403-1285.

**Questions About the Protection of Research Subjects?** The University of Oregon's Research Compliance Services can be reached at researchcompliance@uoregon.edu, or at 541-346-2510.

**Participation in this Study is Voluntary.** Refusal to participate will involve no penalty or loss of any benefits to which you are otherwise entitled, and you may discontinue participation at any time.

Are you eligible and willing to be a participant in this study? By clicking Yes, you certify that:

- You are a resident of California, Oregon, or Washington State
- You are at least 18 years of age or older
- You consent to have your anonymous answers used in this study
- Yes
- O No

## Q190. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q4.

Studies that are intended to help make public policy must have high-quality data. Most of the data for our study will come from the people who take this survey. Can you commit to thoughtfully provide your best

answers to each question?			
I will provide thoughtful and honest answers			
I will not provide thoughtful and honest answers			
☐ I can't promise either way			
Q5. Did you mean that, or were you just curious to see what would happen if you clicked on that answer?			
Did you mean that, or were you just curious to see what would happen if you clicked on that answer?			
This question was not displayed to the respondent.			
Q7.			
In which California county do you live? We'll describe policies that are more realistic for your area.			
Along with each county's name below, we provide that county's population.			
Along with each county's hame below, we provide that county's population.			
Alameda County (2018 population = 1,643,700)			
Alpine County (2018 population = 1,146)			
Amador County (2018 population = 37,829)			
Butte County (2018 population = 227,075)			
Calaveras County (2018 population = 45,235)			
Colusa County (2018 population = 21,464)			
Contra Costa County (2018 population = 1,133,247)			
Del Norte County (2018 population = 27,424)			
☐ El Dorado County (2018 population = 186,661)			
Fresno County (2018 population = 978,130)			
Glenn County (2018 population = 27,897)			
Humboldt County (2018 population = 135,768)			
Imperial County (2018 population = 180,216)			
Inyo County (2018 population = 18,085)			
≪ Kern County (2018 population = 883,053)			
Lake County (2018 population = 64,148)			
Lassen County (2018 population = 31,185)			
Los Angeles County (2018 population = 10,098,052)			
Madera County (2018 population = 155,013)			
Marin County (2018 population = 260,295)			
Mariposa County (2018 population = 17,540)			
Mendocino County (2018 population = 87,422)			
Merced County (2018 population = 269,075)			

Monterey County (2018 population = 433,212) Napa County (2018 population = 140,530) Nevada County (2018 population = 99,092) Orange County (2018 population = 3,164,182) Placer County (2018 population = 380,077) Plumas County (2018 population = 18,699) Riverside County (2018 population = 2,383,286) Sacramento County (2018 population = 1,510,023) San Benito County (2018 population = 59,416) San Bernardino County (2018 population = 2,135,413) San Diego County (2018 population = 3,302,833) San Francisco County (2018 population = 870,044) San Joaquin County (2018 population = 732,212) San Luis Obispo County (2018 population = 281,455) San Mateo County (2018 population = 765,935) Santa Barbara County (2018 population = 443,738) Santa Clara County (2018 population = 1,922,200) Santa Cruz County (2018 population = 273,765) Shasta County (2018 population = 179,085) Sierra County (2018 population = 2,930) Siskiyou County (2018 population = 43,540) Solano County (2018 population = 438,530) Sonoma County (2018 population = 501,317) Stanislaus County (2018 population = 539,301) Sutter County (2018 population = 95,872) Tehama County (2018 population = 63,373) Trinity County (2018 population = 12,862) Tulare County (2018 population = 460,477) Tuolumne County (2018 population = 53,932) Ventura County (2018 population = 848,112) Yolo County (2018 population = 214,977) Yuba County (2018 population = 75,493)

Mono County (2018 population = 14,174)

# Q8.

Your survey questions will be tailored to the county where you live. Your choice on the last page has been recorded as:

# Solano County (2018 population = 438,530)

Is this the right county?

○ No
Q9. In which California county do you live?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q10. Thank you for the correction. Your survey will now describe policies for:
Click on the arrow below to continue.
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q169. In which Oregon county do you live? We'll describe policies that are more realistic for your area.
Along with each county's name below, we provide that county's population.
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q170. Your survey questions will be tailored to the county where you live. Your choice on the last page has been recorded as:
Is this the right county?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q171. In which Oregon county do you live?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q172. Thank you for the correction. Your survey will now describe policies for:
Click on the arrow below to continue.
This question was not displayed to the respondent.

Yes

In which Washington State county do you live? We'll describe policies that are more realistic for your area.

Along with each county's name below, we provide that county's population.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q175.

Your survey questions will be tailored to the county where you live. Your choice on the last page has been recorded as:

Is this the right county?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q176.

In which Washington State county do you live?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q177.

Thank you for the correction. Your survey will now describe policies for:

Click on the arrow below to continue.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q191. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q11.

Many U.S. states relaxed their pandemic rules after the summer, but many are now tightening them again. Until enough people can get a vaccine, there are likely to be more outbreaks of COVID-19. Unfortunately, the vaccine is not reaching people as quickly as had been expected. Also, more new variants of the virus may emerge, and current vaccines may not protect as well against these.

Please imagine that pandemic policies in the event of continued outbreaks are being put to a vote in California.

Q192. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 8.215 Click Count: 0

#### Q12.

## RECENT PANDEMIC CONDITIONS

The United States has **3,141** counties. As of January 30, 2021:

- Virtually every one of these counties had COVID-19 cases
- 3,083 of these counties had COVID-19 deaths

So, at this point, the pandemic is almost everywhere in the U.S.

Q13. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 6.694 Click Count: 0

#### $\Omega$ 14

Some California counties have had relatively fewer cases of COVID-19 so far. People in those counties may not be fully aware of just how tough things have been in other parts of the United States. Californians may want to be prepared, in case conditions in California get worse.

For example, think about the **four weeks** ending on January 30, 2021. Suppose Solano County had been one of the **300 U.S. counties** with the highest *shares of their populations* affected by COVID-19. In that case, Solano County would have had:

- 10,402 or more new cases, instead of its actual 7,959 new cases
- 307 or more deaths, instead of its actual 24 death(s)

Click for more background on these numbers, if desired

×

When comparing across counties of different sizes, it is more meaningful to talk about the **share** of a county's population that is affected, rather than just its total numbers of cases and deaths.

Let's consider the recent record for the **10% of U.S. counties** (about 300 counties) with the greatest shares of their residents affected by COVID-19 illnesses and deaths.

For the **four weeks** ending on January 30, 2021, these 300 or so hard-hit counties have had:

- 1,186 or more *new* cases per 50,000 people
- 35 or more deaths per 50,000 people

We scaled these numbers to reflect the population of Solano County (438,530) to get the numbers on this page.

For the current pandemic, or for possible future pandemics, do you feel like California is:

- Overly prepared
- Reasonably prepared
- Poorly prepared
- Don't know / Not sure

## Q15. Timing

First Click: 33.896 Last Click: 44.458 Page Submit: 46.864 Click Count: 4

#### Q16.

We will describe some **possible future pandemic conditions**. These are intended to help California plan. Each set of conditions will include the **expected cases and expected deaths** in Solano County if we just let everyone decide for themselves what to do. This is what we call the "baseline" policy, with no pandemic rules.

We will then describe some possible policies that lay down some rules about how businesses may operate.

- Each pandemic policy has some benefits:
  - Fewer cases and/or deaths from pandemic illness.
- Each pandemic policy also has some costs:
  - Inconvenience, lost jobs or business income, and different expenses

People have different views:

- Some feel strongly that **businesses need to stay open** and Californians need to be able to work.
- Some are more worried about themselves or others getting sick, and would prefer rules that keep people away from each other.

Which best describes your view of California's pandemic rules so far?

- They have been a huge burden for my household and they can't end soon enough
- They have been appropriate and need to continue until the pandemic is over
- They have not been strict enough
- Don't know / Not sure

## Q17. Timing

First Click: 21.855 Last Click: 25.146 Page Submit: 26.368 Click Count: 3

#### Q18.

We describe each policy in a very compact table.

#### FIRST PART OF EACH TABLE

**Duration:** The number of months the policy would last.

**Pandemic conditions and how the policy would help:** Assume we are at a point in the pandemic when these are the best available numbers for the 438,530 people in Solano County:

- <u>Expected cases and deaths</u> over the same time period, if we just let people decide for themselves what to do (**on the left**, below).
- <u>Cases avoided</u> and <u>deaths prevented</u>, based on how well people are expected to follow the rules of Policy A (**on the right**).

Policy:

Duration in months

× Policy duration (months)

The length of time for the policy

A

10,876 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be	
expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume	4,561
that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the	
policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the	
number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	
157 deaths, reduced by	
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume	124
that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the	
policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these deaths by	
the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	
Strictness of rules:	
[described later]	
Measures of cost:	
[described later]	
We need to be sure that everyone interprets their choice tasks the same way. Thus there are several possible which we "check your understanding." For example, can we be sure that exactly 10,876 people wis sick and 157 will die, if no rules are in place?	
Yes	
○ No	
On't know / Not sure	
Q19. Timing	
First Click: 29.348 Last Click: 104.147 Page Submit: 105.94 Click Count: 6	
Q20.	

**Good. That was correct.** Nobody can predict the future perfectly. Please assume that these numbers are the best estimates about what will happen without restrictions, if we just let people take the precautions they feel are necessary.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q193. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

**That was incorrect.** Nobody can predict the future perfectly. Please assume that these numbers are the best estimates about what will happen without restrictions, if we just let people take the precautions they feel are necessary.

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 31.846 Click Count: 0

#### Q22.

**To clarify:** Nobody can predict the future perfectly. Please assume that these numbers are the best estimates about what will happen without restrictions, if we just let people take the precautions they feel are necessary.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q195. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q23.

#### SECOND PART OF EACH TABLE

We need to prepare you for the middle section of the policy tables. For your household, strict pandemic rules for some types of businesses or activities may result in:

- Loss of income from employment or business
- Loss of access to products, services or activities that your household wants, needs or enjoys We will focus on just ten types of businesses and activities where pandemic rules have been common.

First, we will ask you to think about whether strict pandemic rules for each type of business or activity would have a significant impact on your own household's income or well-being.

If you wish, click on either of these two questions for their answers:

## What do we mean by a household?

× For this survey, consider your "household" to be your own family (or some other set of people to which you belong), where these people share the same permanent address, and where the members *share their financial resources and make important spending decisions jointly*. For example, if someone claims you as a dependent on their income tax return, you are part of that family. (One financially independent person can also count as a household, even if they have roommates.)

To close this pop-up, click the X, or click anywhere outside this box.

## Why do we leave out other types of businesses or activities?

× We leave out many sectors of the economy where the pandemic can also have severe effects. For example, we leave out health-related services, including first responders and medical staff and support personnel in hospitals and urgent-care clinics. Severe outbreaks have also happened in food-processing plants. But these essential activities must continue regardless. We also do not focus on essential manufacturing jobs or the transportation of goods, where there is typically less direct contact with the public than in most retail jobs.

To close this pop-up, click the X, or click anywhere outside this box.

First Click: 68.946 Last Click: 84.485 Page Submit: 86.882 Click Count: 4

#### Q25.

Before you consider each type of business or activity, let's check something. How might you learn whether pet store services, for example, are included with grocery stores and other essential retail businesses?

You can click the name for each type of business or activity in the questions below, to answer questions like this. You should get a pop-up window. You can close the pop-up by clicking on the X in the corner (or just click anywhere outside the pop-up box).

Try clicking this name: Grocery, essential retail × Grocery stores, other essential services

Supermarkets, convenience stores
Specialty food stores, bakeries
Beer, wine and liquor stores, dispensaries
Health care, medical, pharmacies
Pet store services, veterinary clinics
Gas stations
Home improvement/hardware stores
Office supplies
. Then choose your answer below.

- Yes, pet store services are included in "Grocery, essential retail"
- No, pet store services are not included in "Grocery, essential retail"
- I couldn't get the pop-up to open

## Q26. Timing

First Click: 13.439 Last Click: 21.564 Page Submit: 22.801 Click Count: 3

# Q27.

Correct. For many questions in this survey, you can often click for extra details.

If the background ever interferes with the content of any pop-up, just scroll the background a little. On some mobile devices, you may need to scroll up to see some of the pop-ups.

Q196. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 6.14 Click Count: 0

#### Q28.

Oops! "Pet store services" was on the list, second from the bottom. That's OK. For many questions in this survey, you can often click for extra details.

If the background ever interferes with the content of any pop-up, just scroll the background a little. On some mobile devices, you may need to scroll up to see some of the pop-ups.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q197. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q29.

Our apologies if our pop-up technology does not work with your browser. We tested many different browsers, but we could not test all the less-common ones.

Fortunately, the extra information is NOT essential to complete the survey. We have made it optional, just in case people have questions.

By selecting the answer you did, we know that you did not have access to the extra information, and we can take this into account in our analysis.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q198. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q30.

Think about California adopting strict pandemic rules for each type of business or activity below. Would these rules cause hardship for your household (or have they, already)?

Hardship can take the form of:

- Significant loss of income, and/or
- Significant loss of access to products, services, or activities that are important to your household's happiness or well-being.

For the businesses/activities below, you can select BOTH "Loss of income" and "Loss of access" if both of these apply.

For my household, strict rules on Grocery, essential retail

× Grocery stores, other essential services

Supermarkets, convenience stores Specialty food stores, bakeries Beer, wine and liquor stores, dispensaries Health care, medical, pharmacies Pet store services, veterinary clinics Gas stations Home improvement/hardware stores Office supplies

would cause hardship from:		
Loss of income Loss of access Neither		
Q31. Strict rules on Non-essential retail  × Non-essential retail stores, and personal services		
Shopping malls, clothing and shoe stores Barber shops, hair, nail and tanning salons Non-medical wellness spas Tattoo/piercing parlors Galleries would cause hardship from:		
Loss of income Loss of access Neither		
Q32. Strict rules on Schools, daycare × Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)		
Public and private school for kindergarten through 12th grade Child daycare services Fine Arts school, language schools School and employee bus transportation Sports and recreation instruction Exam preparation and tutoring Automobile driving schools would cause hardship from:		
Loss of income Loss of access Neither		
Q33. Strict rules on Universities, colleges × Universities, community colleges and trade schools		
Academic four- and two-year colleges and professional schools Business schools and computer and management training Technical and trade schools Libraries and archives would cause hardship from:		
Loss of income Loss of access Neither		

× Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)
National, state or local park services and administration RV parks and recreational camps, marinas Public beaches, public pools Sports courts, skate parks Zoos and botanical gardens, nature parks Landscaping services, golf courses and country clubs Skiing facilities, amusement and theme parks would cause hardship from:
Loss of income Loss of access Neither
Q35. Strict rules on Gyms, indoor sports
× Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)
Fitness and recreational sports centers Yoga studios, dance studios, tennis clubs Martial arts centers Roller-skating and ice-skating rinks Bowling alleys, pool halls, arcades would cause hardship from:
Loss of income Loss of access Neither
Q36. Strict rules on Theaters, concert halls  × Movies, theaters, concert halls  Movie theaters, live theater Performing arts venues Community theater Bands, orchestras, choirs would cause hardship from:  Loss of incomeLoss of access Neither
Q37. Strict rules on Restaurants, bars, clubs × Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs
^ INGGLAUTATIO, DATO/DUDO, CIUDO

Restaurants, cafes, food courts
Bars, taverns, brew pubs, wine bars
Cafes and coffee shops
Social and private clubs
Senior centers, youth clubs
would cause hardship from:

Loss of income Loss	s of access	Neither
	$\checkmark$	
		ngs, religious services
× weetings for	social or	ousiness groups, religious services (incl. weddings, funerals)
Facilities for wed	ddings, we	osques, and other houses of worship dding receptions nemorial services
		ilar business meeting facilities (e.g. at hotels)
Support-group n would cause har	_	ı·
Would Gadoo Hai	domp non	··
Loss of income Loss	s of access	Neither
	$\checkmark$	
Q39. Strict rules		
× Assisted livin	ig facilitie	s, other institutionalized populations
•		tial care facilities
Facilities suppor	_	es, temporary shelters ov bases
Facilities suppor	t for jails,	orisons, psychiatric hospitals
would cause har	rdship fron	1:
Loss of incomeLoss	of access	Neither
Loss of income Loss	o or access	Weither ■
Q40. Timing		
3		
First Click: 20.357 Last Click: 115.345	5	
Page Submit: 116.9		
Click Count: 33		
Q41.		
		<b>licy's rules for each type of business or activity?</b> We show the strictness of the title "meters" with three colored bars.
ruico foi caon ty	pe doing ii	the meters with three colored bars.
For example, he	re is how	o read the meter for our <i>first</i> type.
Grocery stores	(and othe	r essential retail stores)
= All open,	minimal re	strictions
= Masks red		
= Masks re	guired lim	ited occupancy
= Delivery	or curbeide	nick-un only
Delivery	אוופטוטט זיי	pion up only

**NOTE 1:** More **green** bars means more open; more **red** bars means stricter rules.

**NOTE 2:** For each different type of business or activity, the four levels on the meter will have different interpretations.

# Q42. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 34.194 Click Count: 0

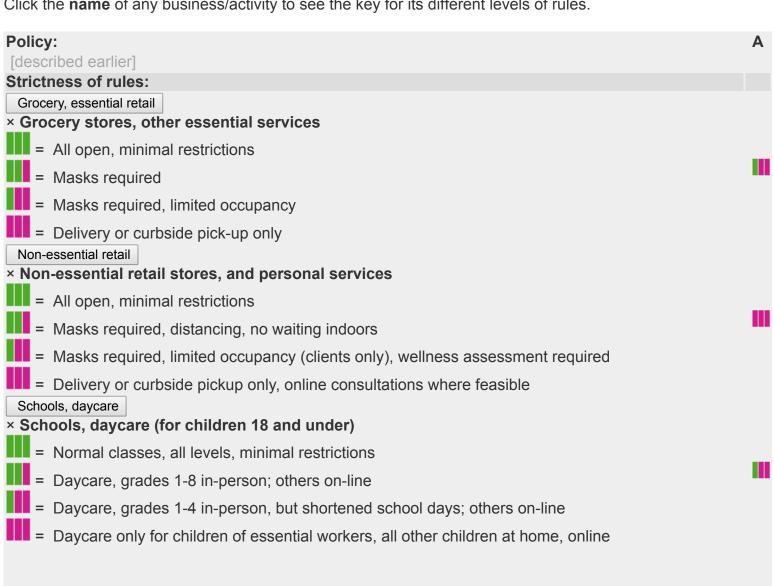
## Q43.

The rules for our ten types of businesses and activities are shown in no particular order.

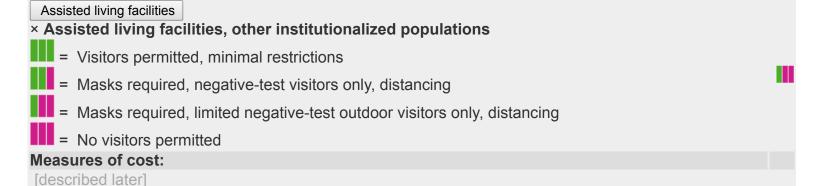
You may see some policies with very *uneven* rules across the ten types.

- Some groups might have been really eager to open their businesses or get their activities going again. Looser rules could result from **successful lobbying** by those groups.
- Other groups might not have tried as hard to re-open. Or, their lobbying efforts may have been less successful. Stricter rules may apply for those groups.

Click the **name** of any business/activity to see the key for its different levels of rules.



Universities, colleges  Universities, community colleges and trade schools
= All open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required
= Masks required, limited room occupancy
= Online classes only
Parks, outdoor sports
Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, ennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only
= Closed or suspended
Gyms, indoor sports
Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended
= Closed, online fitness classes only
Theaters, concert halls  Movies, theaters, concert halls
■ = Mostly open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required, limited occupancy
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service
= Closed
Restaurants, bars, clubs
⊂Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only
= Masks required, take-out service only
Meetings, religious services  Meetings for social or business groups, religious services (incl. weddings, funerals)
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions
= Masks required, 6 ft distancing between groups of not more than 10 people
= Masks required, on distancing between groups, enhanced ventilation, limited duration,
contact info retained
■ = Online, or outdoor meetings with masks and distancing only



**Try one pop-up key to the rules:** It might not be the case above, but suppose schools and daycare have rules shown as

Would daycare services still be available for the young children of essential workers? To find out, click on the words "Schools, daycare" in the table above.

- Yes, these children could still go to daycare
- No, these children could not go to daycare
- I can't get the pop-up help to work with my browser

## Q44. Timing

First Click: 18.108 Last Click: 138.747 Page Submit: 139.994 Click Count: 12

#### Q45.

**Excellent.** You can do the survey without using all of the pop-up help, but now you know the type of information that is available, should you need it.

To remember the key, you might think about it this way:

means "go" to this business or activity. There are few (or no) pandemic rules.

means that pandemic rules will "stop" much of this business or activity. The more bars this color, the more rules apply to this business or activity.

# Q199. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 9.984 Click Count: 0



You can do the survey without using all of the pop-up help, but now you know the type of information that is available, should you need it.

To remember the key, you might think about it this way:

- means "go" to this business or activity. There are few (or no) pandemic rules.
- means that pandemic rules will "stop" much of this business or activity. The more bars this color, the more rules apply to this business or activity.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q200. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q47.

That's OK. We just wanted people to sample the extra information if their browser can handle the pop-ups. The correct answer was Yes. Children of essential workers would still be allowed in daycare.

People can complete the survey successfully without referring to the pop-up help.

To remember the key, you can think about it this way. In general:

- means "go" to this business or activity. There are few (or no) pandemic rules.
- means that pandemic rules will "stop" much of this business or activity. The more bars this color, the more rules apply to this business or activity.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q201. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q48.

You will see a random set of pandemic policies.

There is a chance that you may not like ANY of the policies in your set. Later in the survey, though, you will have a chance to describe your ideal policy.

But first, we ask you to consider the six specific policies, A through F, on the upcoming screens. (The letters used for each policy are just labels. They don't say anything about whether the policy is good or bad.)

**Check your understanding:** For any given policy, you should expect the mix of rules on different businesses and activities to:

- Exactly match California 's current official reopening plans
- Include some uneven rules that could come about if economic hardship causes some rules to be relaxed, but not others
- Don't know / Not sure

# Q49. Timing

First Click: 25.951 Last Click: 53.71 Page Submit: 56.4 Click Count: 3

Q50.

Yes. You were correct.

Q202. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0

Page Submit: 2.853 Click Count: 0

#### Q51.

No. And this is important to how you will interact with this survey. You may see some unfamiliar mixes of rules.

If the pandemic continues for a long time, and the economy struggles, policy-makers will face some very difficult decisions as a result of pressure from different groups.

It is not possible (in the real world) to experiment with all kinds of policies, to see which ones Californians like best. But we can explore a wide range of possibilities using surveys like this one.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q203. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q52.

This point is important to how you will interact with this survey. You may see some unfamiliar mixes of rules.

If the pandemic continues for a long time, and the economy struggles, policy-makers will face some very difficult decisions as a result of pressure from different groups.

It is not possible (in the real world) to experiment with all kinds of policies, to see which ones Californians like best. But we can explore a wide range of possibilities using surveys like this one.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q53.

#### THIRD PART OF EACH TABLE:

Pandemic rules can be **bothersome and/or very inconvenient**. For example, you may have to wear a mask when you go out. Households with school-aged children may have to do their best to teach these children at home while the adults still try do their regular work. We have already asked you to think about some of these burdens.

However, strict pandemic rules can also have big monetary costs. They can **slow a state's economy**. People may be urged to stay home. Stores and restaurants close. These businesses and others will lose money and will begin to lay off workers. People will spend less because they lose their jobs. Many business owners will lose income as well.

We will show two possible ways to measure these costs for each policy:

- Unemployment rates for Solano County, and
- Average \$/month lost, the resulting overall loss of net income, averaged across all households in the
  county.

# Q205. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 28.604

Click Count: 0

#### Q60.

**Unemployment** rates describe the share of workers in Solano County who would lose their jobs because of each policy.

The overall unemployment rate for California in January and February of 2020 was about 3.9%. As early as April, however, this state-wide rate had risen to 16.4%. This was because of the pandemic.

You may wish to think about these job losses in relation to the worst conditions during two historically hard times for the whole country.

- Maximum unemployment in the Great Recession of 2009:
  - About 10% (1 in 10 workers cannot find a job)
- Maximum unemployment in the Great Depression of the 1930s:
  - About 25% (1 in 4 workers cannot find a job)

# Q172. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 31.391 Click Count: 0

## Q55.

"Average \$/month lost" is another way to describe the cost of a policy. For your own household, the economic impact of pandemic rules will depend on:

- The **chance** that workers in your household will lose their jobs;
- The harm to your household's net income if these job losses happen.

The cost of the policy to your household may end up being high or low. This will depend on what happens to its income and expenses. **Across all households** in Solano County, the *average net income loss* to be expected from each policy will be reported as "**Average \$/month lost.**"

**Check your understanding:** For your Policy A, the "Average \$/month lost" across all households will be \$380. Does that mean *your* household, *and every other* household in Solano County, will end up losing \$380 of income each month during the policy? *In addition to* any unemployment?

	Yes
\ .	/ 100

O No

Don't know, Not sure

# Q56. Timing

First Click: 118.606 Last Click: 126.027 Page Submit: 127.455

Click Count: 2

Q57.

You are correct. The economic impacts of pandemic restrictions can be very unequal. And before a policy is adopted, we don't know exactly who will bear costs that are higher or lower than the average. Your own household's actual cost per month will be uncertain.

These "Average \$/month lost" because of a policy are mostly a RESULT of unemployment and lost business earnings. They are not an extra cost on top of that.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q206. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q58.

**That was incorrect.** The economic impacts of pandemic restrictions can be very unequal. Some households would bear a monthly cost larger than this, especially if they lose their jobs, while other households may bear almost no out-of-pocket costs.

These "Average \$/month lost" because of a policy are mostly a RESULT of unemployment and lost business earnings. They are not an extra cost on top of that.

Before a policy is adopted, we don't know exactly who will bear costs that are higher or lower than the average. Your own household's actual cost per month will be uncertain.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q207. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q59.

**This is important.** Some households would bear a monthly cost larger than this, especially if they lose their jobs, while other households may bear almost no out-of-pocket costs.

These "Average \$/month lost" because of a policy are mostly a RESULT of unemployment and lost business earnings. They are not an extra cost on top of that.

Before a policy is adopted, we don't know exactly whose costs will higher or lower than the average. **Your own household's actual cost per month will be uncertain.** 

Q208. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 16.48 Click Count: 0

## Q171.

During the first part of the current pandemic, there was an extra unemployment benefit of \$600 per week from the Federal government under the CARES Act. These benefits made the pandemic's "Average \$/month lost" much lower than they would normally be, for any given level of unemployment.

The \$600/week extra benefit ended July 31. A \$300/week extra benefit was then provided in December. The incoming Administration is proposing \$400/week. It is not yet clear whether extra unemployment benefits will continue to be available, at what level, or for how long, as the pandemic drags on.

You will be shown policies that assume different levels of extra Federal unemployment benefits. These extra benefits explain why policies with similar levels of unemployment can result in different "Average \$/month lost" in your county. Assume that any Federal unemployment benefits, as described, will be in place regardless of any pandemic rules that apply in Solano County.

Q61. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 41.176 Click Count: 0

#### Q64.

Assume our numbers for **Unemployment** and **Average \$/month lost** are the **best available estimates**, based on the median income of about \$77,609 per year in Solano County.

**Unemployment** shows the expected share of workers who are out of a job if the policy's rules are put in place. This new total includes the 3.9% share of such workers in California before the pandemic started.

**Average \$/month lost** is the average across households of the lost income, from lost jobs or lost business earnings, while the policy's rules are in effect. It takes account of standard unemployment benefits for

California. It also reflects any *extra* unemployment benefits expected from the Federal government. But remember this is *only an average*. Your own household's costs could be higher or lower than this.

Policy: A Idescribed earlier Strictness of rules: [described earlier] Measures of cost: Unemployment × Unemployment rate (share of workers losing their jobs) 12% Much of the economic cost of a policy's rules will come from job losses and lost business income. Just before the current pandemic started, California's rate of unemployment was 3.9%. By comparison, unemployment was about 10% during the Great Recession in 2009 and about 25% during the Great Depression of the 1930s. Average \$/month lost × Average \$/month lost is shown for a household having the county's median income. Some households will not lose much income, but others will lose jobs or business earnings. We have \$380 included California's unemployment benefits, plus any extra Federal benefits. Your own household's cost will be higher or lower, depending on its baseline income and whether it loses jobs or business earnings.

In any policy you will consider, you can click on the name for each measure of cost if you wish to review what it means.

Q65. Timing

First Click: 26.926 Last Click: 57.679 Page Submit: 59.792 Click Count: 2

Q66.

#### YOUR POLICY CHOICES

Consider each choice separately. Don't hold out for a better policy that is NOT being offered in the current choice.

In each choice, the only alternative to the offered policies is "no pandemic rules." That option lets each person in Solano County make their own decisions about what to do.

- Reasonable people can certainly disagree about pandemic policies. In some cases, a policy may cause too much hardship, result in too much unemployment and/or cost simply too much, given what it would do.
- In other cases, you might settle for a policy, even though it isn't perfect. The policy might still be better
  than just letting your county suffer all of the cases and deaths that would happen without the policy.
   Most policy choices during a pandemic involve trade-offs between lost lives and lost jobs (or other financial
  hardship). Neither outcome is good. So please vote for the option that you think would be least bad.

You are welcome to discuss your policy preferences with others in your household before you make your choices, just as you might if preparing to vote in a real referendum.

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 26.12 Click Count: 0

#### Q68.

Please consider all features of each policy:

• Its duration:

= Masks required

= Masks required, limited occupancy

= Delivery or curbside pick-up only

- Baseline cases and deaths likely during that time, if no rules are imposed (on the left);
- The cases and deaths the policy would **prevent** (on the right);
- The policy's mix of rules on businesses or activities that your household may care about;
- The economic cost of the policy, as measured by
  - Unemployment (the share of workers unable to find jobs), or
  - Average \$/month lost for households in your county.

Remember, if the information in the table is not detailed enough, you can **click on the** *name* **of each feature** to review explanations.

The **Average \$/month lost** for Policy A takes into account **\$0/week in extra unemployment benefits** from the Federal government.

**Vote at the bottom of the screen**, just as you would if this were a secret ballot in a real referendum. The policy would apply to the 438,530 people in Solano County. Be sure to think carefully about *whether your household could live with the policy's costs*. There are no "right" or "wrong" answers. No one will be able to connect your choices in this survey to you as an individual.

Policy:	Α
Duration in months	
× Policy duration (months)	1
The length of time for the policy	
10,876 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be	
expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume	4,561
that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the	
policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the	
number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	
157 deaths, reduced by	
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be	
expected with the policy	124
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the	124
policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these deaths by	
the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	
Strictness of rules:	
Grocery, essential retail	
× Grocery stores, other essential services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	

Non-essential retail  × Non-essential retail stores, and personal services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	
Schools, daycare	
× Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)	
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online	
<ul> <li>Universities, colleges</li> <li>➤ Universities, community colleges and trade schools</li> </ul>	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited room occupancy	
= Online classes only	
Parks, outdoor sports	
× Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
= Closed or suspended	
Gyms, indoor sports  **Cyms, fitness studies, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, basket)	
<ul> <li>Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)</li> <li>Mostly open, minimal restrictions</li> </ul>	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
= Closed, online fitness classes only	
Theaters, concert halls	
× Movies, theaters, concert halls	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service	
= Closed	



In a vote about whether to adopt Policy A, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

- Policy A with its cost and its mix of rules (reduces cases by 4,561 and deaths by 124)
- No pandemic rules, and just accept the 10,876 cases and 157 deaths expected if we let everyone decide for themselves what to do

## Q69.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

- Very certain
- Somewhat certain

Not certain at all

# Q165. Timing

First Click: 61.227 Last Click: 66.69 Page Submit: 67.628 Click Count: 4

#### Q71.

Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy A. Select as many reasons as apply.

- l'd rather take my chances and wait for a vaccine
- Policy A was just too burdensome for the numbers of illnesses and deaths it would prevent
- I do not believe that my family/friends and I would need to worry about getting a pandemic illness
- I did not believe that the restrictions required by Policy A would actually prevent that many illnesses or deaths.
- Policy A targeted the wrong mix of businesses and activities, making it worse than no policy at all
- Households in my community need their money for other things
- My household could not afford Policy A
- Solano County can manage the pandemic without restrictions
- Government should stay out of people's health-related decisions
- Other (please explain)

I don't trust government/so-called authorities/mainstream media et al to tell us the truth any more. Because of this belief, I'm very sceptical about the actual numbers of infections/deaths attribute to COVID-19 and think that a different approach would work better all round for people's health and the economy.

## Q72. Timing

First Click: 12.788 Last Click: 179.818 Page Submit: 180.928 Click Count: 11

Q73.

Now consider the same pandemic conditions, but forget about Policy A and consider a different option, Policy B.

The **Average \$/month lost** for Policy B takes into account **\$0/week in extra unemployment benefits** from the Federal government.

Again, there might be some features of Policy B that may not seem fair or sensible, but the relevant question is whether you would prefer Policy B. Or, would you prefer a policy of no pandemic rules where we just let everyone decide for themselves what to do.

Policy:	В
Duration in months	4
× Policy duration (months)	1
The length of time for the policy  10,876 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be	
expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	5,508
157 deaths, reduced by	
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).  Strictness of rules:	30
Grocery, essential retail	
× Grocery stores, other essential services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Delivery or curbside pick-up only	
Non-essential retail	
× Non-essential retail stores, and personal services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	
Schools, daycare  × Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)	
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online	
Universities, colleges	
× Universities, community colleges and trade schools	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited room occupancy	
= Online classes only	

Parks, outdoor sports	
<ul> <li>Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)</li> </ul>	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
= Closed or suspended	
Gyms, indoor sports	
<ul> <li>Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)</li> <li>Mostly open, minimal restrictions</li> </ul>	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
= Closed, online fitness classes only Theaters, concert halls	
× Movies, theaters, concert halls	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service	
= Closed	
Restaurants, bars, clubs	
× Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve	
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only	
= Masks required, take-out service only	
Meetings, religious services  × Meetings for social or business groups, religious services (incl. weddings, funerals)	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, 6 ft distancing between groups of not more than 10 people	
= Masks required, monitor distancing between groups, enhanced ventilation, limited duration, contact info retained	
= Online, or outdoor meetings with masks and distancing only	
Assisted living facilities	
× Assisted living facilities, other institutionalized populations	
= Visitors permitted, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, negative-test visitors only, distancing	
= Masks required, limited negative-test outdoor visitors only, distancing	
= No visitors permitted  Measures of cost:	
VICASUICS OF COSL	

<ul> <li>Unemployment   x</li> <li>Unemployment rate (share of workers losing their jobs)</li> </ul>	
Much of the economic cost of a policy's rules will come from job losses and lost business income. Just before the current pandemic started, California's rate of unemployment was 3.9%. By comparison, unemployment was about 10% during the Great Recession in 2009 and about 25% during the Great Depression of the 1930s.	10.9%
Average \$/month lost	
× Average \$/month lost is shown for a household having the county's median income. Some households will not lose much income, but others will lose jobs or business earnings. We have included California's unemployment benefits, plus any extra Federal benefits. Your own household's cost will be higher or lower, depending on its baseline income and whether it loses jobs or business earnings.	\$325
Policy:	В
In a veta about whather to edant Daliey D. or to get no mandamic rules. I would about	

In a vote about whether to adopt Policy B, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

- O Policy B with its cost and its mix of rules (reduces cases by 5,508 and deaths by 30)
- No pandemic rules, and just accept the 10,876 cases and 157 deaths expected if we let everyone decide for themselves what to do

## Q74.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

- Very certain
- Somewhat certain
- Not certain at all

# Q75. Timing

First Click: 34.91 Last Click: 45.181 Page Submit: 46.519 Click Count: 4

# Q76.

Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy B. Select as many reasons as apply.

<b>4</b>	For the same reasons why I voted "NO" on Policy A (Or, choose different reasons below)
	I'd rather take my chances and wait for a vaccine
	Policy B was just too burdensome for the numbers of illnesses and deaths it would prevent
	I do not believe that my family/friends and I would need to worry about getting a pandemic illness
	I did not believe that the restrictions required by Policy B would actually prevent that many illnesses or deaths.
	Policy B targeted the wrong mix of businesses and activities, making it worse than no policy at all
	Households in my community need their money for other things

My household could not afford Policy B	
Solano County can manage the pandemic without restr	ictions
Government should stay out of people's health-related	decisions
Other (please explain)	
	//

# Q77. Timing

First Click: 7.101 Last Click: 7.101 Page Submit: 17.002 Click Count: 1

Q200. You voted "No" for both Policy A and Policy B. Might there be some policy involving pandemic rules for which you could possibly vote "Yes"?

- Yes, there MIGHT be some set of pandemic rules, at some cost, that would work for my household...just not the policies I have seen so far
- No. Pandemic rules of any kind are a bad idea. There is no set of pandemic rules that would work for my household.

## Q209. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q78.

Now forget about those first two policies. Imagine some *different* possible pandemic conditions facing the 438,530 people in Solano County.

Under these new conditions, think about Policies C and D. Each of these policies would last **3 months**. The **Average \$/month lost** under Policies C and D both take into account **\$300 per week in extra unemployment benefits** from the Federal government for those who are eligible.

**NOTE: Policy D includes a "Stay Home, Save Lives" order**, that prohibits social and recreational gatherings and discourages non-essential travel.

Policy:	C	D
Duration in months		
× Policy duration (months)	3	3
The length of time for the policy		

28,013 cases, reduced by  × Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases		
would be expected with the policy		
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	17,866	25,979
271 deaths, reduced by		
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be expected with the policy If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	88	197
Strictness of rules:		
× Grocery stores, other essential services		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required		
= Masks required, limited occupancy		
= Delivery or curbside pick-up only		
Non-essential retail		
× Non-essential retail stores, and personal services		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors		
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required		
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible Schools, daycare		
× Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)		
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions		
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line		
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line		
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online		
Universities, colleges		
× Universities, community colleges and trade schools		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required		
= Masks required, limited room occupancy		
= Online classes only		

Parks, outdoor sports  Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	•••	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only		
= Closed or suspended		
Gyms, indoor sports  Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,		
= Masks required, nimited occupancy, no contact sports of shared equipment,  = Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended		
= Closed, online fitness classes only		
Theaters, concert halls		
Movies, theaters, concert halls		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, limited occupancy		
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service		
= Closed		
Restaurants, bars, clubs  Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve		
Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only		
= Masks required, take-out service only		
Meetings, religious services		
Meetings for social or business groups, religious services (incl. weddings, unerals)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, 6 ft distancing between groups of not more than 10 people		
= Masks required, monitor distancing between groups, enhanced ventilation, limited		
duration, contact info retained		
= Online, or outdoor meetings with masks and distancing only		
Assisted living facilities		
Assisted living facilities, other institutionalized populations		
= Visitors permitted, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, negative-test visitors only, distancing		
= Masks required, limited negative-test outdoor visitors only, distancing		
= No visitors permitted Measures of cost:		

Unemployment		
× Unemployment rate (share of workers losing their jobs)		
Much of the economic cost of a policy's rules will come from job losses and lost business income. Just before the current pandemic started, California's rate of unemployment was 3.9%. By comparison, unemployment was about 10% during the Great Recession in 2009 and about 25% during the Great Depression of the 1930s.	11.5%	17.5%
Average \$/month lost		
× Average \$/month lost is shown for a household having the county's median income. Some households will not lose much income, but others will lose jobs or business earnings. We have included California's unemployment benefits, plus any extra Federal benefits. Your own household's cost will be higher or lower, depending on its baseline income and whether	\$255	\$455
it loses jobs or business earnings.  Policy:	С	D

In a vote about whether to adopt Policy C, Policy D, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q79.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q80. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q81.

Please indicate why you would prefer No Policy to both Policy C and Policy D. **Select as many reasons as apply.** 

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q82. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q83.

If Policy C had not been on that ballot, would you have voted for Policy D, repeated here?

Recall that Policy D includes a "Stay Home, Save Lives" order.

Policy:		D
Duration in months		
× Policy duration	months)	3
The length of time	or the policy	

28,013 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be	
expected with the policy  If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).  271 deaths, reduced by	25,979
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be	
expected with the policy If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	197
Strictness of rules:	
× Grocery, essential retail	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Delivery or curbside pick-up only	
Non-essential retail  × Non-essential retail stores, and personal services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	
Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)	
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online Universities, colleges	
× Universities, community colleges and trade schools	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited room occupancy	
= Online classes only	
Parks, outdoor sports  × Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
= Closed or suspended	

Gyms, indoor sports  × Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
= Closed, online fitness classes only	
Theaters, concert halls	
× Movies, theaters, concert halls	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service	
= Closed	
Restaurants, bars, clubs	
× Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve	
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only	
= Masks required, take-out service only	
Meetings, religious services	
× Meetings for social or business groups, religious services (incl. weddings, funerals) ■■■	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, 6 ft distancing between groups of not more than 10 people	
= Masks required, monitor distancing between groups, enhanced ventilation, limited duration,	
contact info retained	
Online, or outdoor meetings with masks and distancing only  Assisted living facilities	
× Assisted living facilities, other institutionalized populations	
= Visitors permitted, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, negative-test visitors only, distancing	
= Masks required, limited negative-test outdoor visitors only, distancing	
= No visitors permitted	
Measures of cost:	
Unemployment	
× Unemployment rate (share of workers losing their jobs)	
Much of the economic cost of a policy's rules will come from job losses and lost business income. Just before the current pandemic started, California's rate of unemployment was 3.9%. By comparison, unemployment was about 10% during the Great Recession in 2009 and about 25% during the Great Depression of the 1930s.	17.5%
Average \$/month lost	
× Average \$/month lost is shown for a household having the county's median income. Some households will not lose much income, but others will lose jobs or business earnings. We have	\$455
included California's unemployment benefits, plus any extra Federal benefits. Your own household's cost will be higher or lower, depending on its baseline income and whether it loses jobs or business	
earnings.	Б
Policy:	D

In a vote about whether to adopt Policy D, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose: This question was not displayed to the respondent. Q84. How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote? This question was not displayed to the respondent. Q85. Timing This question was not displayed to the respondent. Q86. Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy D. Select as many reasons as apply. This question was not displayed to the respondent. Q87. Timing This question was not displayed to the respondent. Q88. If Policy D had not been on that ballot, would you have voted for Policy C, repeated here? Policy: C Duration in months 3 × Policy duration (months) The length of time for the policy 28,013 cases, reduced by × Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be expected with the policy 17,866 If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed). **271** deaths, reduced by × Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be

expected with the policy 88 If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).

Strictness of rules:

		ery, essential retail cery stores, other essential services	
	= ,	All open, minimal restrictions	
		Masks required	
	=	Masks required, limited occupancy	
		Delivery or curbside pick-up only	
No	n-e	essential retail -essential retail stores, and personal services	
Щ	= ,	All open, minimal restrictions	
Щ	=	Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
Щ	=	Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
	=	Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	
Scl	hoo	ols, daycare	
		ools, daycare (for children 18 and under)	
		Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
		Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
		Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
		Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online rsities, colleges	
		versities, community colleges and trade schools	
Щ	= ,	All open, minimal restrictions	
	=	Masks required	
	=	Masks required, limited room occupancy	
	=	Online classes only	
		, outdoor sports	
tenr	nis	s and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, ; hiking or fishing on public lands)	
Щ	=	Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
		Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
	=	Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
		Closed or suspended	
		, indoor sports  s, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)	
		Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
		Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
		Masks required, inflied occupancy, no contact sports of shared equipment,  Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
		Closed, online fitness classes only	
	_	Cluseu, Offille Huless Classes Offiy	



In a vote about whether to adopt Policy C, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q89.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q90. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q91.

Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy C. Select as many reasons as apply.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q92. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q93.

Now forget we ever talked about those four earlier policies. Think about a final set of possible pandemic conditions. These are different again.

Now let's consider Policies E and F. Each of these policies would last 2 months. The **Average \$/month lost** under Policies E and F both take into account **\$400 per week in extra unemployment benefits** from the Federal government for those who are eligible.

Policy:	Е	F
Duration in months		
× Policy duration (months)	2	2
The length of time for the policy		
16,006 cases, reduced by		
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be expected with the policy		
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	9,297	11,156
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be expected with the policy  If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to decrease these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	61	88
Strictness of rules:		

Grocery, essential retail  × Grocery stores, other essential services		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required		
= Masks required, limited occupancy		
= Delivery or curbside pick-up only		
Non-essential retail stores, and personal services		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors		
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required		
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible		
Schools, daycare		
× Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)		
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions		
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line		
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line		
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online Universities, colleges		
× Universities, community colleges and trade schools		
= All open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required		
= Masks required, limited room occupancy		
= Online classes only		
Parks, outdoor sports		
× Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	-	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences		
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only		
= Closed or suspended		
Gyms, indoor sports		
× Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,		
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended		
= Closed, online fitness classes only		

Theaters, concert halls  × Movies, theaters, concert halls		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, limited occupancy		
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service		
= Closed		
Restaurants, bars, clubs  × Restaurants, bars/pubs, clubs		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve		
= Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only		
= Masks required, take-out service only		
Meetings, religious services  × Meetings for social or business groups, religious services (incl. weddings, funerals)		
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, 6 ft distancing between groups of not more than 10 people		
= Masks required, monitor distancing between groups, enhanced ventilation, limited duration, contact info retained		
= Online, or outdoor meetings with masks and distancing only Assisted living facilities		
× Assisted living facilities, other institutionalized populations		
= Visitors permitted, minimal restrictions		
= Masks required, negative-test visitors only, distancing	•••	•••
= Masks required, limited negative-test outdoor visitors only, distancing		
= No visitors permitted  Measures of cost:		
Unemployment		
× Unemployment rate (share of workers losing their jobs)		
Much of the economic cost of a policy's rules will come from job losses and lost business income. Just before the current pandemic started, California's rate of unemployment was 3.9%. By comparison, unemployment was about 10% during the Great Recession in 2009 and about 25% during the Great Depression of the 1930s.  Average \$/month lost	11.5%	13%
× Average \$/month lost is shown for a household having the county's median income. Some households will not lose much income, but others will lose jobs or business earnings. We have included California's unemployment benefits, plus any extra Federal benefits. Your own household's cost will be higher or lower, depending on its baseline income and whether it loses jobs or business earnings.	\$220	\$265
Policy:	Е	F

In a vote about whether to adopt Policy E, Policy F, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q94.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q95. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q96.

Please indicate why you would prefer No Policy to both Policy E and Policy F. **Select as many reasons as apply.** 

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q97. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

= Masks required, limited occupancy

= Delivery or curbside pick-up only

#### Q98.

If Policy E had not been on that ballot, would you have voted for Policy F, repeated here?

Policy:	F
Duration in months	
× Policy duration (months)	2
The length of time for the policy	
16,006 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	11,156
108 deaths, reduced by	
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be	
expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	88
Strictness of rules:	
Grocery, essential retail	
× Grocery stores, other essential services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	

Non-essential retail  × Non-essential retail stores, and personal services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	
Schools, daycare	
× Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under) ■■■	
= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online	
<ul> <li>Universities, colleges</li> <li>Vulversities, community colleges and trade schools</li> </ul>	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited room occupancy	
= Online classes only	
Parks, outdoor sports	
× Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, go tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)	lf,
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
= Closed or suspended	
Gyms, indoor sports	
<ul> <li>Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)</li> <li>Mostly open, minimal restrictions</li> </ul>	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
= Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
= Closed, online fitness classes only Theaters, concert halls	
× Movies, theaters, concert halls	
= Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service	
= Closed	



In a vote about whether to adopt Policy F, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q99.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q100. Timing

Q101.

Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy F. **Select as many reasons as apply.** 

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

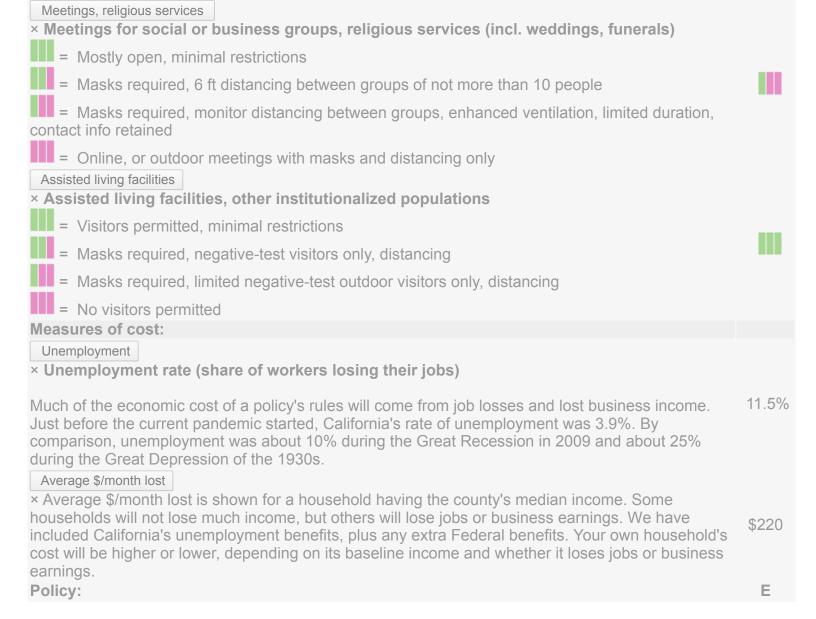
# Q102. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q103.

If Policy F had not been on that ballot, would you have voted for Policy E, repeated here?	
Policy:	Е
Duration in months	2
× Policy duration (months) The length of time for the policy	2
16,006 cases, reduced by	
× Baseline cases expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer cases would be	
lf we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of cases of pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these cases by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	9,297
108 deaths, reduced by	
× Baseline deaths expected in this pandemic scenario, and how many fewer deaths would be expected with the policy	
If we let everyone decide for themselves what to do under this possible pandemic scenario, assume that the number of deaths from pandemic illness expected in your county during the month(s) of the policy would be as shown on the left. The policy's rules are expected to <i>decrease</i> these deaths by the number given on the right (taking into account how closely these rules will be followed).	61
Strictness of rules:	
Grocery, essential retail     * Grocery stores, other essential services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required	
= Masks required, limited occupancy	
= Delivery or curbside pick-up only	
Non-essential retail	
× Non-essential retail stores, and personal services	
= All open, minimal restrictions	
= Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors	
= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required	
= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible	

		ols, daycare ools, daycare (for children 18 and under)	
		Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions	
		Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line	
Ī		Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line	
		Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online	
L		ersities, colleges	
		versities, community colleges and trade schools	
Н	=	All open, minimal restrictions	
Ц	=	Masks required	
		Masks required, limited room occupancy	
	=	Online classes only	
× F	ark	ks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, s; hiking or fishing on public lands)	
Ц	=	Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
Ц	=	Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences	
	=	Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only	
	=	Closed or suspended	
	-	s, indoor sports	
ш		ns, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)  Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
		Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,	
		Masks required, outdoor non-contact classes only, indoor activities suspended	
Т		Closed, online fitness classes only ters, concert halls	
		vies, theaters, concert halls	
	=	Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
	=	Masks required, limited occupancy	
	=	Masks required, limited occupancy, no food service	
	=	Closed	
		aurants, bars, clubs	
× F		taurants, bars/pubs, clubs	
		Mostly open, minimal restrictions	
		Masks required except when eating or drinking, limited indoor seating, no self-serve	
		Masks required except when eating or drinking, take-out or outdoor seating only	
	=	Masks required, take-out service only	



In a vote about whether to adopt Policy E, or to set no pandemic rules, I would choose:

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q104.

How certain are you that you would make the same choice if this were a real vote?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q105. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q106.

Please indicate why you would vote "NO" on Policy E. Select as many reasons as apply.

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# Q107. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

Q187. Reflect on your pandemic policy choices on the previous screens. Compared to the **Average \$/month lost** by households in Solano County, did you assume that the **actual cost** to **your own household** would be:

_			
	Much	hia	h ~ r
( )	101116311	11101	пег

- Somewhat higher
- About the same
- Somewhat lower
- Much lower

## Q210. Timing

First Click: 10.507 Last Click: 10.507 Page Submit: 14.652 Click Count: 1

Q201. You are not alone in thinking that many pandemic rules are a bad idea, including any current rules in your own county. Still, we would like to give you a chance to "design your own pandemic policy." Would you be willing to give this a try?

- Yes
- O No

# Q223. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q108.

While you may have voted for one or more of them, perhaps none of Policies A, B, C, D, E, or F would be **the best** for California, or for for Solano County, in your opinion.

Consider the same pandemic conditions that were described for Policies E and F. Assume again that if no rules are imposed, over the **next 2 months** in **Solano County**, the pandemic will cause about:

- 16,006 cases
- 108 deaths

Assume \$400 per week in extra unemployment benefits from the Federal government for those who are eligible.

**If YOU could decide** the mix of rules for **a policy that lasts 2 months**, what would these be? Select one level for each type of business or activity. Remember, more red bars mean stricter rules.

After you choose your preferred mix of rules, we will also ask how many cases and deaths you might expect this policy to prevent, as well as how much unemployment might result.

Again, you can click on the **name of each type** to review what things are included.

Your ideal strictness of rules on Grocery, essential retail

× Grocery stores, other essential services

= All open, minimal restrictions

= Masks required

= Masks required, limited occupancy

= Delivery or curbside pick-up only

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

#### Q203.

To think about possible policies, we need to start with a given set of pandemic conditions. Assume that if no rules are imposed, over the **next 2 months** in **Solano County**, the pandemic will cause about:

- 16,006 cases
- 108 deaths

Assume \$400 per week in extra unemployment benefits from the Federal government for those who are eligible.

**If YOU could decide** the mix of rules for **a policy that lasts 2 months**, what would these be? Select one level for each type of business or activity. Remember, more red bars mean stricter rules.

After you choose your preferred mix of rules, we will also ask how many cases and deaths you might expect this policy to prevent, as well as how much unemployment might result.

Again, you can click on the **name of each type** to review what things are included.

Your ideal strictness of rules on Grocery, essential retail

× Grocery stores, other essential services

= All open, minimal restrictions

= Masks required

= Masks required, limited occupancy

= Delivery or curbside pick-up only

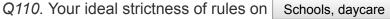


Q109. Your ideal strictness of rules on Non-essential retail
 Non-essential retail stores, and personal services
 = All open, minimal restrictions
 = Masks required, distancing, no waiting indoors

= Masks required, limited occupancy (clients only), wellness assessment required

= Delivery or curbside pickup only, online consultations where feasible





# × Schools, daycare (for children 18 and under)

= Normal classes, all levels, minimal restrictions

= Daycare, grades 1-8 in-person; others on-line

= Daycare, grades 1-4 in-person, but shortened school days; others on-line

= Daycare only for children of essential workers, all other children at home, online



Q111. Your ideal strictness of rules on Universities, colleges

× Universities, community colleges and trade schools

= All open, minimal restrictions

= Masks required

= Masks required, limited room occupancy

= Online classes only



Q112. Your ideal strictness of rules on Parks, outdoor sports

× Parks and recreation areas, campgrounds, playing/watching outdoor sports (baseball, golf, tennis; hiking or fishing on public lands)

= Mostly open, minimal restrictions

= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences

= Masks required, limited occupancy/audiences, day use only

= Closed or suspended



Q113. Your ideal strictness of rules on Gyms, indoor sports

× Gyms, fitness studios, playing/watching indoor sports (basketball, hockey, etc.)

= Mostly open, minimal restrictions

= Masks required, limited occupancy, no contact sports or shared equipment,



Q117. Your ideal strictness of rules on Assisted living facilities

× Assisted living facilities, other institutionalized populations

= Visitors permitted, minimal restrictions

= Masks required, negative-test visitors only, distancing

= Masks required, limited negative-test outdoor visitors only, distancing

= No visitors permitted



## Q118. Timing

First Click: 21.607 Last Click: 73.589 Page Submit: 74.958 Click Count: 19

#### Q119.

Remember that one option would be to let everyone decide for themselves what to do under these pandemic conditions. We are assuming we could expect **about 16,006 cases** of pandemic illness in Solano County over **2 months** without pandemic rules.

What is the maximum number you would be OK with, for cases of pandemic illness, under your ideal set of rules for these businesses and activities? You may need to scroll to see all the options. Just select your best guess.

less than 1,601

1,601 to 3,201

3,201 to 4,802

4,802 to 6,402

6,402 to 8,003

8,003 to 9,604

9,604 to 11,204

11,204 to 12,805

12,805 to 14,405

14,405 or more

[No idea how many]

#### Q120. Timing

First Click: 18.635 Last Click: 31.093 Page Submit: 32.423 Click Count: 3

#### Q121.

We are assuming we could also expect **about 108 deaths** from pandemic illness in Solano County over **2 months**, if we let everyone decide for themselves what to do.

Everyone eventually dies from something. What is the maximum number you would be OK with, for deaths from pandemic illness, under your ideal set of rules for these businesses and activities? You may need to scroll to see all the options. Just select your best guess.

- less than 22
- 22 to 43
- 43 to 65
- 65 to 86
- 86 or more
- [No idea how many]

## Q122. Timing

First Click: 34.18 Last Click: 38.346 Page Submit: 39.321 Click Count: 3

#### Q169.

Consider your ideal set of pandemic rules, and their potential effect on the economy. About what would be the maximum level of unemployment you could live with, over 2 months, under your ideal set of rules?

Continue to assume **\$400 per week in extra unemployment benefits** from the Federal government for those who are eligible.

Recall that California's unemployment rate was about 3.9%, just before the current pandemic began. Select your best guess.

- 0% to 5%
- 5% to 10%
- 10% to 15%
- 15% to 20%
- 20% to 25%
- 25% to 30%
- 30% to 35%
- 35% to 40%
- More than 40%
- Don't know / Not sure

First Click: 13.212 Last Click: 16.69 Page Submit: 17.688 Click Count: 2

Q125.



That's it for the policy choices. You are doing great!

Surveys like this one can be much harder than most opinion surveys. Your choices, along with those of other people in this study, provide important information about the trade-offs that Californians are willing to make.

The next part of the survey will be more typical. Most of the questions just ask for some facts, or for simple opinions.

Q213. Timing

First Click: 0 Last Click: 0 Page Submit: 5.213 Click Count: 0

#### Q126.

#### SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR HOUSEHOLD

This information will allow us to group your answers with those of others who are like you. Your answers will be anonymous.

Including yourself, is there anyone in your household in each of these age groups?

Click if you wish to check what we mean by a household

× For this survey, consider your "household" to be your own family (or some other set of people to which you belong), where these people share the same permanent address, and where the members *share their financial resources and make important spending decisions jointly*. For example, if someone claims you as a dependent on their income tax return, you are part of that family. (One financially independent person can also count as a household, even if they have roommates.)

Check all that apply.

0 to 1	l year
--------	--------

2 to 5 years

6 to 12 years

13 to 17 years

18 to 64 years

✓ 65 years or more

Q127. Timing

First Click: 7.023 Last Click: 7.816

Page Submit: 11.217 Click Count: 2 Q179. What is your marital status? Married (or equivalent) Single Prefer not to say Q214. Timing First Click: 2.255 Last Click: 2.255 Page Submit: 3.615 Click Count: 1 Q128. Do you have a family member or a close friend who lives in any of the following? An assisted-living complex • A long-term care facility or nursing home A detention or correctional facility · Any similar institution where social distancing is difficult and they cannot easily move elsewhere Yes No Don't know / Not sure Q215. Timing First Click: 1.945 Last Click: 1.945 Page Submit: 3.163 Click Count: 1 Q129. Did any members of your household rely on public transit to get to work before the pandemic started? For example, did they ride a bus, train, streetcar or other shared transportation? Yes Only sometimes No

Q216. Timing

First Click: 2.601 Last Click: 2.601

Click Count: 1
Q130. For about how many years, so far, have you lived in Solano County?
<ul><li>2 years or less</li></ul>
<ul><li>3 to 5 years</li></ul>
○ 6 to 10 years
More than 10 years
Q217. Timing
First Click: 2.784 Last Click: 2.784 Page Submit: 5.96 Click Count: 1
Q131. For about how many <b>more</b> years do you expect to continue to live in Solano County?
<ul><li>2 years or less</li></ul>
3 to 5 years
○ 6 to 10 years
More than 10 years
On't know / Not sure / It depends
Q218. Timing
First Click: 3.187 Last Click: 3.187 Page Submit: 4.565 Click Count: 1
Q132.  Do you, personally, have any of the following health conditions? At least some research suggests they may affect your pandemic risks. Check any group that applies. Remember that nobody will be able to connectyour answers to you as an individual.
✓ Still NOT had a COVID-19 vaccine
✓ High blood pressure, heart disease, history of stroke(s)
☐ Diabetes, obesity
Respiratory problems (asthma, emphysema, COPD), recent or current smoker
Cancers, chronic kidney disease, immune disorder

Page Submit: 4.573

Advanced age

Previous or current COVID-19 infection (suspected or confirmed)
Other (please specify)
■ None of the above
Q133. Timing
First Click: 6.841 Last Click: 27.73 Page Submit: 28.707 Click Count: 6
Q134. Does anyone close to you, whom you care about, have any of these same conditions? Check any group that applies.
✓ Still NOT had a COVID vaccine
☐ High blood pressure, heart disease, history of stroke(s)
☐ Diabetes, obesity
Respiratory problems (asthma, emphysema, COPD), recent or current smoker
Cancers, chronic kidney disease, immune disorder
Advanced age
☐ Current pregnancy
Previous or current COVID-19 (suspected or confirmed)
Other (please specify)
■ None of the above
☐ Don't know / Not sure
Q135. Timing
First Click: 8.809 Last Click: 12.206 Page Submit: 14.503 Click Count: 3
Q138. If one person catches COVID-19, about how many other people will they infect, on average? Scrol to see all the options. Check a range of boxes if you can't narrow your answer to just one option (or choose Don't know / Not sure)
□ 0 to 1
☐ 1 to 2
□ 2 to 3
☐ 3 to 5
□ 5 to 7

Current pregnancy

Last Page	t Click: 13.262 Click: 16.266 e Submit: 17.245 k Count: 3
	O.  Dose someone catches COVID-19. Are they more likely than average to be hospitalized or to die belong to any of these groups? Select all that apply (where the list is in no particular order)
	Children
	Teens and young adults
•	Seniors
	Women
	Men
•	Non-white racial groups
	Non-native English speakers
	People with low incomes
	People who live in rural areas
	People with not much scientific training or knowledge
•	Essential workers, if they catch COVID-19
	Other (please specify) People who already have weakened immune systems - especially those caused by previous, underlying conditions
	None of the above
Q141	1. Timing
Last Page	t Click: 6.272 Click: 41.837 e Submit: 82.595 k Count: 8

People are more likely to die from COVID-19 if they cannot get good medical care. Good care may be hard to

Suppose the pandemic gets a lot worse in your area. How would you rate your chances of getting good

medical care in Solano County, compared to other counties in California?

if

7 to 10

Q139. Timing

Q142.

find if too many other people are sick.

More than 10

Don't know / Not sure

	Excellent
	Good
•	Average
	Poor
	Terrible
	Don't know / Not sure
Q143	2. Timing
Last Page	Click: 4.516 Click: 13.611 Submit: 14.858 Count: 3
akes	e.  Iong the COVID-19 pandemic lasts will depend on how people behave. It will also depend on how long it until enough people can be vaccinated, which may take many months yet. The way things are going, long do you think this pandemic will go on?
•	It is more or less over already
$\bigcirc$	Another month
$\bigcirc$	Another 2 to 6 months
$\bigcirc$	Another 6 to 12 months
$\bigcirc$	Another 12 to 24 months
$\bigcirc$	More than 2 years
$\bigcirc$	Don't know / Not sure
Q145	5. Timing
Last Page	Click: 5.905 Click: 8.005 Submit: 9.317 Count: 2
Q178	2. Politically, do you consider yourself to be:
	Strongly conservative
	Somewhat conservative
	Moderate
•	Somewhat liberal
	Strongly liberal
	Prefer not to say

# Q184. Timing

First Click: 5.306 Last Click: 5.306 Page Submit: 6.66 Click Count: 1

# Q185. What is your ethnicity?

- Hispanic
- Non-hispanic
- Prefer not to say

# Q186. Timing

First Click: 1.606 Last Click: 1.606 Page Submit: 3.568 Click Count: 1

## Q182. Which best describes your current employment status?

- Self-employed or small business owner
- Employee, working full-time
- Employee, working part-time
- Not employed, looking for work
- Not employed, NOT looking for work
- Retired
- Disabled, not able to work
- Full-time student
- Student with part-time work
- Other
- Prefer not to say

# Q183. Timing

First Click: 1.392 Last Click: 4.581 Page Submit: 6.569 Click Count: 2

Homeowner with no mortgage
Homeowner with mortgage payments
Renter
Staying with friends or another household
Unhoused
Prefer not to say
Q181. Timing
First Click: 3.341 Last Click: 3.341 Page Submit: 4.694 Click Count: 1
Q148. After any unemployment benefits, has your household's <b>monthly income</b> been <b>reduced</b> by California's pandemic rules?
○ Yes
No
On't know / Not sure
Q149. Timing  First Click: 8.624 Last Click: 8.624 Page Submit: 10.081 Click Count: 1
Q150. Household incomes can fall because of job losses, from greater-than-usual difficulty in finding a job, or from a loss of business income.
Think about your household's <b>worst month</b> during the pandemic. <b>About how much </b> <i>lower</i> was your household's <b>monthly</b> income, compared to its typical level?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q151. Timing
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q152. During the current pandemic, have any workers in your household been <b>laid off</b> ? Or, have they had their <b>working hours substantially reduced</b> ?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

Q153. Timing
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q154.  How many workers in your household have been laid off or had their working hours reduced?
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q155. Timing
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q156. How many of these workers expect to <b>return to their jobs</b> (or have returned already)?  This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q157. Timing
This question was not displayed to the respondent.
Q210. What is your highest level of education?
○ Less than high school
High school graduate
○ Some college
Bachelor's degree
Master's degree
O Doctoral degree
<ul><li>Trade or technical school</li><li>Prefer not to say</li></ul>
Q219. Timing
First Click: 2.046 Last Click: 3.569 Page Submit: 4.562 Click Count: 2
Q161. Since the start of the pandemic, how would you rate the Federal Government's response to COVID 19?

Great
○ Good
○ Bad
Terrible
On't know / Not sure
Q220. Timing
First Click: 5.285 Last Click: 5.285 Page Submit: 6.55 Click Count: 1
Q224. Under the new Administration, in your opinion, will the Federal Government's response to COVID-19 be:
Much improved
<ul> <li>Somewhat improved</li> </ul>
About the same
<ul> <li>Somewhat worse</li> </ul>
Much worse
Q225. Timing
First Click: 6.592 Last Click: 6.592 Page Submit: 11.913 Click Count: 1
Q162. One final question: Think about the wording in this survey. Did it seem like the people who wrote this survey wanted you to vote one way or the other on pandemic Policies A through F?
They definitely wanted me to vote FOR these policies
They probably wanted me to vote FOR these policies
It was hard to tell whether they wanted me to vote FOR or AGAINST these policies
They probably wanted me to vote AGAINST these policies
They definitely wanted me to vote AGAINST these policies
Q221. Timing

First Click: 12.351 Last Click: 12.351 Page Submit: 13.543 Click Count: 1

#### Q163.

One final question: Think about the wording in this survey. Did it seem like the people who wrote this survey wanted you to vote one way or the other on pandemic Policies A through F?

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

## Q222. Timing

This question was not displayed to the respondent.

# **Embedded Data** ExternalDataReference: 2539 ch1\_alt1\_attr1: 2 ch1\_alt1\_attr2: 3 ch1\_alt1\_attr3: 2 ch1\_alt1\_attr4: 0 ch1\_alt1\_attr5: 1 ch1\_alt1\_attr6: 3 ch1\_alt1\_attr7: 1 ch1\_alt1\_attr8: 2 ch1\_alt1\_attr9: 2 ch1\_alt1\_attr10: 2 ch1\_alt2\_attr1: 1 **ch1\_alt2\_attr2**: 2 ch1\_alt2\_attr3: 1 ch1\_alt2\_attr4: 3 ch1\_alt2\_attr5: 2 ch1\_alt2\_attr6: 1 ch1\_alt2\_attr7: 0 ch1\_alt2\_attr8: 1 ch1\_alt2\_attr9: 1 ch1\_alt2\_attr10: 0 ch2\_alt1\_attr1: 0 ch2\_alt1\_attr2: 0 ch2\_alt1\_attr3: 1 ch2\_alt1\_attr4: 0 ch2\_alt1\_attr5: 0 ch2\_alt1\_attr6: 3

**ch2\_alt1\_attr7**: 2 ch2\_alt1\_attr8: 1 ch2\_alt1\_attr9: 3 ch2\_alt1\_attr10: 1 **ch2\_alt2\_attr1**: 2 ch2\_alt2\_attr2: 3  $\textbf{ch2\_alt2\_attr3} \colon 3$ ch2\_alt2\_attr4: 3  $\textbf{ch2\_alt2\_attr5} \colon 3$ ch2\_alt2\_attr6: 3 ch2\_alt2\_attr7: 3 ch2\_alt2\_attr8: 3  $\textbf{ch2\_alt2\_attr9:}\ 3$ **ch2\_alt2\_attr10:** 3 ch3\_alt1\_attr1: 0 ch3\_alt1\_attr2: 2 ch3\_alt1\_attr3: 2 ch3\_alt1\_attr4: 1 ch3\_alt1\_attr5: 2 ch3\_alt1\_attr6: 2 ch3\_alt1\_attr7: 1 ch3\_alt1\_attr8: 2 ch3\_alt1\_attr9: 0 ch3\_alt1\_attr10: 1 ch3\_alt2\_attr1: 1 ch3\_alt2\_attr2: 1 ch3\_alt2\_attr3: 0 ch3\_alt2\_attr4: 3 ch3\_alt2\_attr5: 3 ch3\_alt2\_attr6: 3 **ch3\_alt2\_attr7**: 2 ch3\_alt2\_attr8: 1 ch3\_alt2\_attr9: 3 ch3\_alt2\_attr10: 2 Xch1\_alt1\_attr1: Xch1\_alt1\_attr2: Xch1\_alt1\_attr3:

Xch1\_alt1\_attr4:

Xch1_alt1_attr5:	
Xch1_alt1_attr6:	Ш
Xch1_alt1_attr7:	
Xch1_alt1_attr8:	
Xch1_alt1_attr9:	
Xch1_alt1_attr10:	
Xch1_alt2_attr1:	
Xch1_alt2_attr2:	
Xch1_alt2_attr3:	
Xch1_alt2_attr4:	
Xch1_alt2_attr5:	
Xch1_alt2_attr6:	
Xch1_alt2_attr7:	
Valid alt0 att=0.	
Xch1_alt2_attr8:	
Xch1_alt2_attr8:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9: Xch1_alt2_attr10:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9: Xch1_alt2_attr10: Xch2_alt1_attr1:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:  Xch2_alt1_attr3:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:  Xch2_alt1_attr3:  Xch2_alt1_attr4:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:  Xch2_alt1_attr3:  Xch2_alt1_attr4:  Xch2_alt1_attr4:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9: Xch1_alt2_attr10: Xch2_alt1_attr1: Xch2_alt1_attr2: Xch2_alt1_attr3: Xch2_alt1_attr4: Xch2_alt1_attr5: Xch2_alt1_attr5:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:  Xch2_alt1_attr3:  Xch2_alt1_attr4:  Xch2_alt1_attr5:  Xch2_alt1_attr5:  Xch2_alt1_attr6:  Xch2_alt1_attr6:	
Xch1_alt2_attr9:  Xch1_alt2_attr10:  Xch2_alt1_attr1:  Xch2_alt1_attr2:  Xch2_alt1_attr3:  Xch2_alt1_attr4:  Xch2_alt1_attr5:  Xch2_alt1_attr5:  Xch2_alt1_attr6:  Xch2_alt1_attr6:  Xch2_alt1_attr7:	

Xch2_alt2_attr2:	
Xch2_alt2_attr3:	
Xch2_alt2_attr4:	
Xch2_alt2_attr5:	
Xch2_alt2_attr6:	
Xch2_alt2_attr7:	
Xch2_alt2_attr8:	
Xch2_alt2_attr9:	
Xch2_alt2_attr10:	
Xch3_alt1_attr1:	
Xch3_alt1_attr2:	
Xch3_alt1_attr3:	
Xch3_alt1_attr4:	
Xch3_alt1_attr5:	
Xch3_alt1_attr6:	
Xch3_alt1_attr7:	
Xch3_alt1_attr8:	
Xch3_alt1_attr9:	
Xch3_alt1_attr10:	
Xch3_alt2_attr1:	
Xch3_alt2_attr2:	
Xch3_alt2_attr3:	
Xch3_alt2_attr4:	
Xch3_alt2_attr5:	
Xch3_alt2_attr6:	
Xch3_alt2_attr7:	
Xch3_alt2_attr8:	

Xch3\_alt2\_attr9: Xch3\_alt2\_attr10: time: des\_080838\_30Jul20 **rownum**: 2539 noise\_lockdown: .9318127632141113 months1: 1 months1\_str: 1 month deathswo1: 17.89999961853027 caseswo1: 1240 deldeaths1\_1: 14.10000038146973 deldeaths1\_2: 3.400000095367432 delcases1\_1: 520 delcases1\_2: 628 cost\_ch1\_alt1: 270 cost\_ch1\_alt2: 230 cost\_ch1\_diff: 40 cost\_ch1\_tomindiff: -20 deldeaths\_ch1\_diff: 10.70000076293945 delcases\_ch1\_diff: -108 **months2**: 3 months2\_str: 3 months deathswo2: 30.89999961853027 caseswo2: 3194 deldeaths2\_1: 10 deldeaths2\_2: 22.5 delcases2\_1: 2037 delcases2\_2: 2962 cost\_ch2\_alt1: 250 cost\_ch2\_alt2: 450 cost\_ch2\_diff: -200 cost\_ch2\_tomindiff: -180 deldeaths\_ch2\_diff: -20.79999923706055 delcases\_ch2\_diff: -1156 months3: 2 months3\_str: 2 months deathswo3: 12.30000019073486 caseswo3: 1825

caseswo3: 1825
deldeaths3\_1: 7
deldeaths3\_2: 10
delcases3\_1: 1060

```
delcases3_2: 1272
cost_ch3_alt1: 250
cost_ch3_alt2: 300
cost_ch3_diff: -50
cost_ch3_tomindiff: -30
deldeaths_ch3_diff: -3
delcases_ch3_diff: -212
highestcost: 300
coinflp1: 1
coinflp2: 0
buildtime: 213106_6Dec20
opp: Qual2827-1023OregonGenPop
Q_TotalDuration: 3283
gc: 1
fourweekdate: January 30, 2021
countycases_str: 3,141
countydeaths_str: 3,083
cases90pct: 1186
deaths90pct: 35
countyname: Solano County
countypop_str: 438,530
countypop: 438530
cases90scaled_str: 10,402
deaths90scaled_str: 307
hhldinc: 77609
hhldinc_str: 77,609
hhldincmo_str: 6,467
unemps_lose_str: 4,670
caseswo1_str: 10,876
caseswo2_str: 28,013
caseswo3_num: 16006
caseswo3_str: 16,006
deathswo1_str: 157
deathswo2_str: 271
deathswo3_num: 108
deathswo3_str: 108
cases_ch1_alt1_str: 4,561
cases_ch1_alt2_str: 5,508
cases_ch2_alt1_str: 17,866
cases_ch2_alt2_str: 25,979
```

cases\_ch3\_alt1\_str: 9,297

```
cases_ch3_alt2_str: 11,156
deaths_ch1_alt1_str: 124
deaths_ch1_alt2_str: 30
deaths_ch2_alt1_str: 88
deaths_ch2_alt2_str: 197
deaths_ch3_alt1_str: 61
deaths_ch3_alt2_str: 88
cost1_1: 380
cost1_2: 325
cost2_1: 355
cost2_2: 635
cost3_1: 355
cost3_2: 425
cost1_1_str: 380
cost1_2_str: 325
cost2_1_str: 255
cost2_2_str: 455
cost3_1_str: 220
cost3_2_str: 265
costint0: Less than $20 per month
costint1: $20 to $50 per month
costint2: $50 to $90 per month
costint3: $90 to $140 per month
costint4: $140 to $190 per month
costint5: $190 to $240 per month
costint6: $240 to $280 per month
costint7: $280 to $330 per month
costint8: $330 to $380 per month
costint9: $380 to $420 per month
costint10: $420 to $470 per month
costint11: More than $470 per month
for_first: 1
cred0: less than 1,601
cred10: 1,601 to 3,201
cred20: 3,201 to 4,802
cred30: 4,802 to 6,402
cred40: 6,402 to 8,003
cred50: 8,003 to 9,604
```

**cred60:** 9,604 to 11,204 **cred70:** 11,204 to 12,805 **cred80:** 12,805 to 14,405

```
cred90: 14,405 or more
dred0: less than 22
dred20: 22 to 43
dred40: 43 to 65
dred60: 65 to 86
dred80: 86 or more
brack0: By less than $ 80
brack5: By $80 to $170
brack10: By $170 to $250
brack15: By $250 to $330
brack20: By $330 to $420
brack25: By $420 to $500
brack30: By $500 to $580
brack35: By $580 to $670
brack40: By $670 to $830
brack50: By $830 to $1,000
brack60: By $1,000 to $1,170
brack70: By $1,170 or more
cases_lastfourweeks: 7959
deaths_lastfourweeks: 24
cases_lastfourweeks_str: 7,959
deaths_lastfourweeks_str: 24
stayhome: 1
stayhome1_str:
NOTE: Policy D includes a "Stay Home, Save Lives" order, that prohibits social and recreational
gatherings and discourages non-essential travel.
stayhome2_str:
Recall that Policy D includes a "Stay Home, Save Lives" order.
unemp1_1_dec: 12
unemp1_2_dec: 10.9
unemp2_1_dec: 11.5
unemp2_2_dec: 17.5
unemp3_1_dec: 11.5
unemp3_2_dec: 13
state: California
stateresidents: Californians
remcases_ch1_alt1_str: 6,315
remcases_ch1_alt2_str: 5,368
remcases_ch2_alt1_str: 10,147
remcases_ch2_alt2_str: 2,034
```

remcases\_ch3\_alt1\_str: 131,085

```
remcases_ch3_alt2_str: 129,226
remdeaths_ch1_alt1_str: 33
remdeaths_ch1_alt2_str: 127
remdeaths_ch2_alt1_str: 183
remdeaths_ch2_alt2_str: 74
remdeaths_ch3_alt1_str: 886
remdeaths_ch3_alt2_str: 859
unemp1_1: 8.1370449678801
unemp1_2: 6.9593147751606
unemp2_1: 7.6017130620985
unemp2_2: 13.597430406852
unemp3_1: 7.6017130620985
unemp3_2: 9.1006423982869
top300_2: . Suppose
top300_3: had been one of the 300 U.S. counties with the highest shares of their populations affected by
COVID-19. In that case,
top300_4: would have had:
top300_5:, instead of its actual
top300_6:, instead of its actual
top300_7: It may be hard to imagine pandemic conditions that bad in
top300_8:, but things have been that bad, or worse, in more than 300 U.S. counties.
Some of these counties have
ResponseID: R 2rAzQxL0aTE0KkA
UserAgent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 11_1_0) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/88.0.4324.96 Safari/537.36
fedui1: 0
fedui2: 300
fedui3: 400
medloss1: 4670
medloss2: 3340
medloss3: 2900
fedui2_trail: for those who are eligible
fedui3_trail: for those who are eligible
unemps_lose: 4670
unemps_lose100: 4230
unemps_lose200: 3780
unemps_lose300: 3340
unemps_lose400: 2900
unemps_lose500: 2460
```

unemps\_lose600: 2010

cost1\_1f: 380

cost1\_2f: 325
cost2\_1f: 255
cost2\_2f: 455
cost3\_1f: 220
cost3\_2f: 265
stateabbrev: CA
febunemp: 3.9
aprilunemp: 16.4

**LS**: 9357

# **Location Data**

**Location:** (38.240097045898, -122.03970336914)

Source: GeoIP Estimation

