MA117 PROJECT 0: MANIPULATING FRACTIONS

Deadline: 12th February 2015

Administrative Details

- This assignment is **unassessed**. However, you **must** submit your solution code to both check that the automated marking system is working for you, and for practice with classes and objects.
- The automated submission system requires that you closely follow instructions about the format of certain files; failure of doing in the coming assessed assignments will result in the severe loss of points.
- You may work on the assignment during the lab session, provided you have completed the other tasks that have been set. You can use the work areas at all times when they are not booked for teaching, 7 days per week. If you are working on the assignment on your home system you are advised to make regular back-up copies (for example by transferring the files to the University systems). You should note that **no** allowance will be made for domestic disasters involving your own computer system. You should make sure well ahead of the deadline that you are able to transfer all necessary files to the University system and that it works there as well.
- The Tabula system will be open for the submission of this assignment starting from 1st February 2015. You will not be able to test your code for correctness using Tabula but you can resubmit your work several times, until the deadline, if you find a mistake after your submission. A later submission always replaces the older one, but you have to re-submit all files.
- Remember that all work you submit should be **your own work**. Do not be tempted to copy work; this assignment is not meant to be a team exercise. There are both human and automated techniques to detect pieces of the code which have been copied from others. If you are stuck then ask for assistance in the lab sessions. TAs will not complete the exercise for you but they will help if you do not understand the problem, are confused by an error message, need advice on how to debug the code, require further explanation of a feature of Java or similar matters.
- If you have more general or administrative problems e-mail me immediately. Always include the course number (MA117) in the subject of your e-mail.

1 Introduction

This small project is designed to get you started to the world of object-orientated programming in Java. You will work on development of this class probably for one or two lab sessions, but it is another typical introductory example of using objects/classes. You should really implement it yourself, although you will find it in almost any textbook on Java. It will help you to practice the type of thinking typical for Java and other object-oriented languages.

We want to develop a "fraction calculator" which can perform exact arithmetic operations with rational numbers. This means that the numbers are represented by fractions a/b where a and b are integers and they are not actually converted to the corresponding decimal representation.

You shall design a new class called Fraction, instances of which will represent mathematical fractions (e.g. 1/2 will be represented by two integers 1 and 2; **not** by 0.5). The class should also contain several methods which implement different operations and manipulations we usually do with fractions - e.g. addition, subtraction, etc; again without converting them to the decimal representation.

2 Instructions

Firstly, go to the project webpage:

http://go.warwick.ac.uk/ma117/projects/project0

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and download the file Fraction.java. This file is a **skeleton** file – essentially, just like the lecture notes, some parts of the class are blanked out. Each method is already "preprogrammed" so the interface (the functions, their parameters and what should be returned) is fixed and you should **not** change it. Every function has a description, which outlines:

- The purpose of the function, and intended use;
- The parameters it accepts (if any) indicated by @param;
- What it returns (if anything) indicated by @return.

Tabula – the automated marking system – will expect this interface to remain unchanged. So if at any point you redefine the name of a **public** method, the system will be unable to see this method and you would score 0 for that method.

Your task then, is to complete the missing functions by writing Java code which will perform the current functionality. Along this line, you should do the following:

- 1. Carefully read through the class definition and the instructions at the top of Fraction. java.
- 2. Define the methods that are not implemented. They are indicated by a comment reading "Fill in this method", but for reference, they are:
 - The Fraction(m,n) constructor.
 - Convertors: toDouble(), toString().
 - Operations with fractions: add(), divide() and multiply()
- 3. Then add two methods to the class, which are private and accept no parameters:
 - gcd(): computes and returns the greatest common divisor of the numerator and denominator for this fraction.
 - reduce(): uses gcd() to reduce the fraction to irreducible form. e.g. the fraction 10/20 would be simplified to 1/2.
- 4. Using these methods, you should then ensure that any fraction that is created will **always** be stored in irreducible form.

3 Submitting to Tabula

Once you've written the Fraction class, you'll need to submit it to Tabula, the automated marking system. The first time you do this can be a little confusing (hence why we have project 0 in the first place!) Instructions will appear on the course webpage soon. We will cover submission to Tabula in the lab sessions in week 14.