

# Complexity In $\begin{cases} \text{Linear Regression} \\ \text{Logistic Regression} \end{cases}$

## ① Linear Regression

$$\text{Model: } y = w^T x + b = \theta^T x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Loss function: } F(w, b) &= F(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \theta^T x_i)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n F_i(\theta) \end{aligned}$$

$$F_i(\theta) = (y_i - \theta^T x_i)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla_{\theta} F_i(\theta) &= \nabla_{\theta} z \quad \nabla_z F_i(z) \\ &= x_i \cdot 2(y_i - \theta^T x_i) \\ &= -x_i \cdot 2(y_i - \theta^T x_i) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla_{\theta}^2 F_i(\theta) &= \nabla_{\theta} [ -2(y_i - \theta^T x_i) \cdot x_i ] \\ &= \nabla_{\theta} [ 2(\theta^T x_i - y_i) \cdot x_i ] \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2x_i \cdot x_i^T \geq 0 \Rightarrow F_i(\theta) \text{ convex on } \underline{\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum F_i(\theta) = F(\theta) \text{ convex on } \underline{\theta}$$

## ② Logistic Regression

$$P(y=1 | x) = \sigma(\theta^T x)$$

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-z)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x)}$$

$$1 - \sigma(\theta^T x) = \frac{\exp(-\theta^T x)}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x)}$$

Model (Cross-Entropy Loss)  $\longleftrightarrow$  MLE

$$\begin{aligned} F(\theta) &= - \left[ \sum_i y_i \log \sigma(\theta^T x_i) + (1 - y_i) \log (1 - \sigma(\theta^T x_i)) \right] \\ &= \sum_i y_i (-\log \sigma(\theta^T x_i)) + \sum_i (1 - y_i) (-\log (1 - \sigma(\theta^T x_i))) \end{aligned}$$

Aim:  $f(\cdot)$  &  $g(\cdot)$  are convex

$$\rightarrow f(\theta) = -\log \sigma(\theta^T x_i)$$

$$g(\theta) = -\log (1 - \sigma(\theta^T x_i))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad f(\theta) &= -\log \left( \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i)} \right) \\ &= \log(1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla f(\theta) = \nabla_{\theta} z \quad \nabla_z \log(1 + \exp(z))$$

$$= -x_i \frac{\exp(z)}{1 + \exp(z)} \quad z = -\theta^T x_i$$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{f(\theta) \text{ convex}}$

$$= -x_i \frac{\exp(-\theta^T x_i)}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i)}$$

$$= x_i (\sigma(\theta^T x_i) - 1)$$

$$\nabla^2 f(\theta) = \nabla_{\theta} [(\sigma(\theta^T x_i) - 1) \cdot x_i]$$

$$= \sigma(\theta^T x_i) \cdot (1 - \sigma(\theta^T x_i)) \cdot x_i \cdot x_i^T \geq 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad g(\theta) = -\log \left( 1 - \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i)} \right)$$

$$= -\log \left( \frac{\exp(-\theta^T x_i)}{1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i)} \right)$$

$$= \theta^T x_i + \log(1 + \exp(-\theta^T x_i))$$

convex + affine  
 = convex

$$\Rightarrow F(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i f_i(\theta) + \sum_{i=1}^n (1 - y_i) g_i(\theta) \leadsto \boxed{\text{convex}}$$