Accelerating Biomolecular Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Assignment with A*

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Overview

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 - Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy
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 - Data Collection and Manual Assignment
- Automation Algorithm
 - Preprocessing
 - Assignment
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Motivation

Introduction

Motivation

- Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy
 - Gain knowledge about protein structure
 - Study how mutations lead to diseases
- Problems
 - Generates large amounts of data
 - Data analysis is slow and error prone
- Goal
 - Automate the assignment process
 - Decrease human error
 - Increase productivity

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

Introduction .0

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)

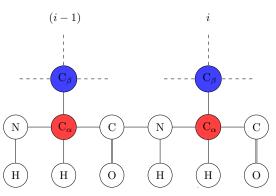
- Used to obtain structural information
 - Chemical shift values
- HNCACB experiment
 - Generates C_{α} and C_{β} residue i and i-1
- CBCA(CO) NH experiment
 - Generates C_{α} and C_{β} for residue i
 - Confirms residue data

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

Introduction 0

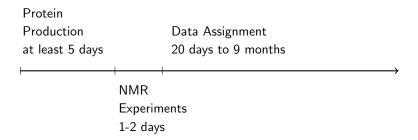
Chemical Shift Values

HNCACB



Data Collection and Manual Assignment

Timeline



Data Collection and Manual Assignment

Manual Methods

- Most time consuming part
- Prone to human error
- Missing and ambiguous data forces chunks to be skipped

Automation Algorithm

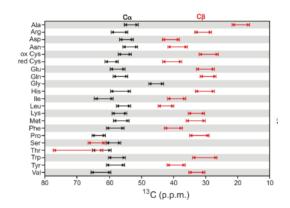
Initialization

- Expected amino acid sequence
 - Converted to expected chemical shift values
 - Stored as the reference protein chain
- NMR experiment's chemical shift data
 - C_{α} and C_{β} for residue i and i-1
 - Stored in a tile
- Missing data
 - Place holder tile generation
- Grouping

Automation Algorithm

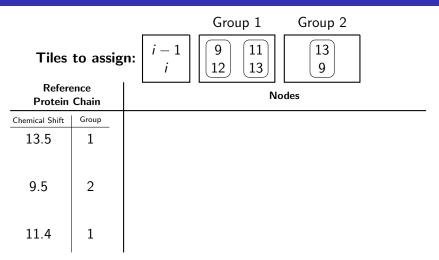
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Grouping



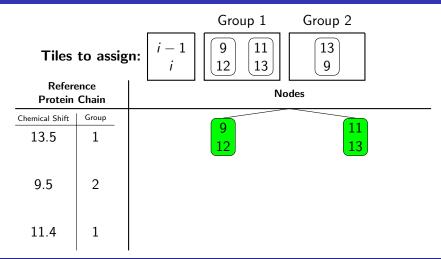
Assignment

Starting the assignment



Assignment

Starting the assignment



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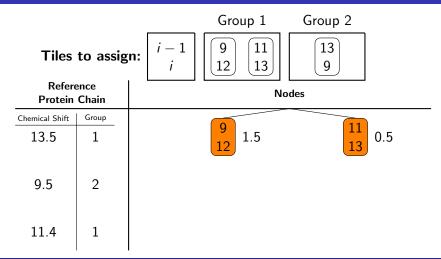
Assignment

Cost Calculation

- Accuracy matching the protein chain residue
- Accuracy matching the tile above current tile
- Cost of all tiles place before current tile

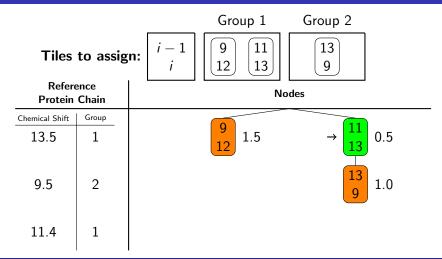
Assignment

Generating child nodes



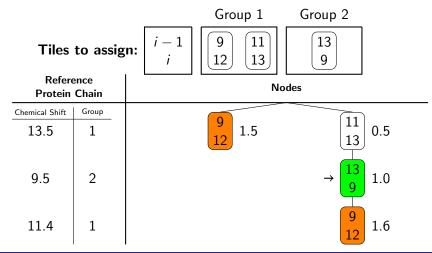
Assignment

Generating child nodes



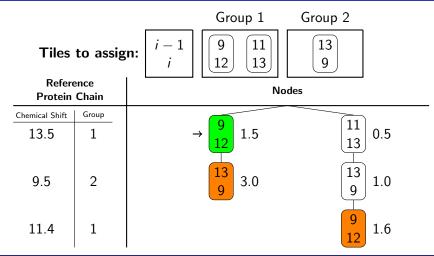
Goal State

Goal State



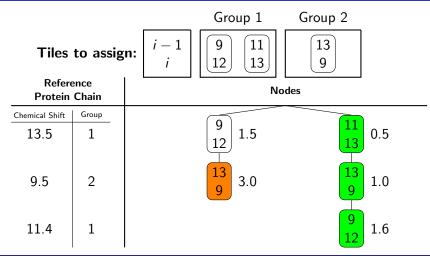
Goal State

Goal State



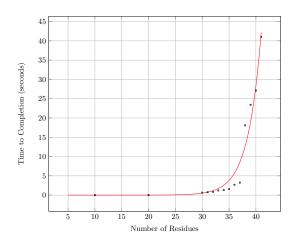
Goal State

Solution State



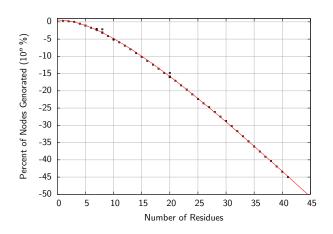
Results

Time of Assignment



Results

Child Nodes Genorated



Outlook

Future Goals

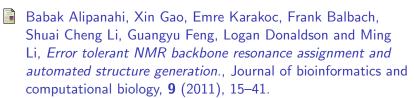
- Parallelization
 - Decrease assignment time
 - Allow for larger data sets
- Machine learning
 - Increase accuracy of assignment
 - Optimize cost calculation

Outlook

Acknowledgments

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- Leah Robison (research colleague)

Bibliography



Sean Cahill and Mark Girvin. Introduction to 3d triple resonance experiments. 2012

Outlook

Thank You

