PC: Feature Transform

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Polynomial Feature Transform

• Given i, b and d, The i-th dimension of polynomial feature transform f(x) has the form $f^{(i)}(x) = (x^{(m)})^n$. Express m and n using i, b and d.

•
$$m = \left[\frac{i-1}{b+1}\right] + 1, n = (i-1)\%(b+1)$$

• $\left[\frac{a}{b}\right]$, a%b are quotient and remainder.

Computational Complexity

• Computational complexity of the LS solution of $\widehat{\beta}$ using $f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^m$?

$$\widehat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} = \underbrace{\left(f(X)^{\top}f(X)\right)^{-1}}_{A} f(X)^{\top} y$$

- $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{X})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{X}) : O(m \times n \times m)$
- $(A)^{-1}$: $O(m^3)$
- $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{X})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{y} : O(m \times n \times 1)$
- $AB: O(m \times m \times 1)$
- Fixing n, comp. complexity is $O(m^3)$.

Expected Error

- Rewrite $\mathbb{E}_{\epsilon}[(y-\hat{y}_i)^2|x_i]$ using integral.
 - Conditional Expectation:
 - $\mathbb{E}[g(y)] = \int p(y|x)g(y)dy$.

•
$$\mathbb{E}_{\epsilon}[(y-\hat{y})^{2}|\mathbf{x}_{i}] = \int p(y|\mathbf{x}_{i}) (y-\hat{y})^{2} dy$$

= $\int p(y|\mathbf{x}_{i}) (y-\langle \hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}, \boldsymbol{f}(\mathbf{x}_{i}) \rangle)^{2} dy$
= $\int p(y|\mathbf{x}_{i}) (y-\langle (\boldsymbol{F}^{T}\boldsymbol{F})^{-1}\boldsymbol{F}^{T}\boldsymbol{y}, \boldsymbol{f}(\mathbf{x}_{i}) \rangle)^{2} dy$

• Note the difference between y and y.

Expanding Variance Term



• Show var $[\hat{y}|x_i]$ is $< h(x_i), h(x_i) > \sigma^2$

•
$$h(x_i) \coloneqq f(x_i) (f(X)^{\mathsf{T}} f(X))^{-1} f(X)^{\mathsf{T}}$$

• Hint:

- $y = f(x_i) + \epsilon$
- Shorten f(x) as f, f(X) as F, $\epsilon = [\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2 ... \epsilon_n]$.
- $\mathbb{E}_{x}[xAx^{\top}] = \text{tr}[A\Sigma]$, Σ is the covar. of x.

Live demonstration

Induced Kernel

• Write down induced f(x) by polynomial kernels b=2.

$$\bullet k(x_i, x_j) = (\langle x_i, x_j \rangle + 1)^b$$

• Hint:

Express k using inner product of two vec.

$$k(\mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{x}_j) = \left[f^{(1)}(\mathbf{x}) \dots f^{(m)}(\mathbf{x}) \right] \cdot \left[f^{(1)}(\mathbf{x}) \dots f^{(m)}(\mathbf{x}) \right]$$

•
$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1, x^{(1)} \cdots x^{(d)}, (x^{(1)})^2 \cdots (x^{(d)})^2, \forall_{u \neq v} x^{(u)} x^{(v)} \end{bmatrix}$$