IN THIS STEP WE DETERMINE THE DOMRIN AND RANGE

- THE DOMAIN OF A FUNCTION F(X) IS THE SET OF ALL INPUT VALUES (X-VALUES) FOR THE FUNCTION.

- THE RANGE OF A FUNCTION F(X) IS THE SET OF ALL OUTPUT VALUES ($extit{y}$ -VALUES) FOR THE FUNCTION.

$$X(x-5)^{\frac{2}{3}} = y$$
 $X \in \mathbb{R}$ since no X sustriction

 $y \in \mathbb{R}$