21.0 10-BIT ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER (A/D) MODULE

The Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converter module has 10 inputs for the 28-pin devices and 13 for the 40/44-pin devices. This module allows conversion of an analog input signal to a corresponding 10-bit digital number.

The module has five registers:

- A/D Result High Register (ADRESH)
- A/D Result Low Register (ADRESL)
- A/D Control Register 0 (ADCON0)
- A/D Control Register 1 (ADCON1)
- · A/D Control Register 2 (ADCON2)

The ADCON0 register, shown in Register 21-1, controls the operation of the A/D module. The ADCON1 register, shown in Register 21-2, configures the functions of the port pins. The ADCON2 register, shown in Register 21-3, configures the A/D clock source, programmed acquisition time and justification.

REGISTER 21-1: ADCON0: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	CHS3	CHS2	CHS1	CHS0	GO/DONE	ADON
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-2 CHS3:CHS0: Analog Channel Select bits

0000 = Channel 0 (AN0)

0001 = Channel 1 (AN1)

0010 = Channel 2 (AN2)

0011 = Channel 3 (AN3)

0100 = Channel 4 (AN4)

0101 = Channel 5 (AN5)(1,2)

0110 = Channel 6 (AN6)(1,2)

0111 = Channel 7 (AN7)(1,2)

1000 = Channel 8 (AN8)

1001 = Channel 9 (AN9)

1010 = Channel 10 (AN10)

1011 = Channel 11 (AN11)

1100 = Channel 12 (AN12)

1101 = Unimplemented⁽²⁾

1110 = Unimplemented⁽²⁾

1111 = Unimplemented⁽²⁾ **GO/DONE:** A/D Conversion Status bit

When ADON = 1:

1 = A/D conversion in progress

0 = A/D Idle

bit 0 ADON: A/D On bit

bit 1

1 = A/D converter module is enabled

0 = A/D converter module is disabled

Note 1: These channels are not implemented on 28-pin devices.

2: Performing a conversion on unimplemented channels will return a floating input measurement.

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REGISTER 21-2: ADCON1: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0 ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾	R/W ⁽¹⁾
_			VCFG0	PCFG3	PCFG2	PCFG1	PCFG0
bit 7				-			bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **VCFG1:** Voltage Reference Configuration bit (VREF- source)

1 = VREF- (AN2)

0 **= V**ss

bit 4 **VCFG0:** Voltage Reference Configuration bit (VREF+ source)

1 = VREF+ (AN3)

0 = VDD

bit 3-0 **PCFG3:PCFG0:** A/D Port Configuration Control bits:

PCFG3: PCFG0	AN12	AN11	AN10	6NA	AN8	AN7 ⁽²⁾	AN6 ⁽²⁾	AN5 ⁽²⁾	AN4	AN3	AN2	AN1	AN0
0000(1)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0001	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0010	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0011	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0100	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0101	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0110	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
0111(1)	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
1000	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
1001	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
1010	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
1011	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α
1100	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α
1101	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α
1110	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α
1111	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D

A = Analog input

D = Digital I/O

Note 1: The POR value of the PCFG bits depends on the value of the PBADEN Configuration bit. When PBADEN = 1, PCFG<3:0> = 0000; when PBADEN = 0, PCFG<3:0> = 0111.

2: AN5 through AN7 are available only on 40/44-pin devices.

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REGISTER 21-3: ADCON2: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADFM	_	ACQT2	ACQT1	ACQT0	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 7 ADFM: A/D Result Format Select bit

1 = Right justified

0 = Left justified

bit 6 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5-3 ACQT2:ACQT0: A/D Acquisition Time Select bits

111 **= 20 T**AD

110 **= 16 T**AD

101 **= 12 T**AD

100 **= 8 T**AD

011 **= 6** TAD

010 **= 4 TAD**

001 = 2 TAD

000 = 0 TAD⁽¹⁾

bit 2-0 ADCS2:ADCS0: A/D Conversion Clock Select bits

111 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)⁽¹⁾

110 = Fosc/64

101 = Fosc/16

100 = Fosc/4

011 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)⁽¹⁾

010 = Fosc/32

001 = Fosc/8

000 = Fosc/2

Note 1: If the A/D FRC clock source is selected, a delay of one Tcy (instruction cycle) is added before the A/D clock starts. This allows the SLEEP instruction to be executed before starting a conversion.