

DATA VISUALIZATION



UNIT - V (PART-I)



1 Scatterplots

2 Stacked Bars

3 Regression and Trend Lines



• It's great to hear that you appreciate scatterplots! They are indeed a powerful tool for visualizing and analyzing data, providing a quick and intuitive way to identify patterns, trends, and outliers.

• They create a two-dimensional plane in which a whole host of comparisons can be made in an instant.

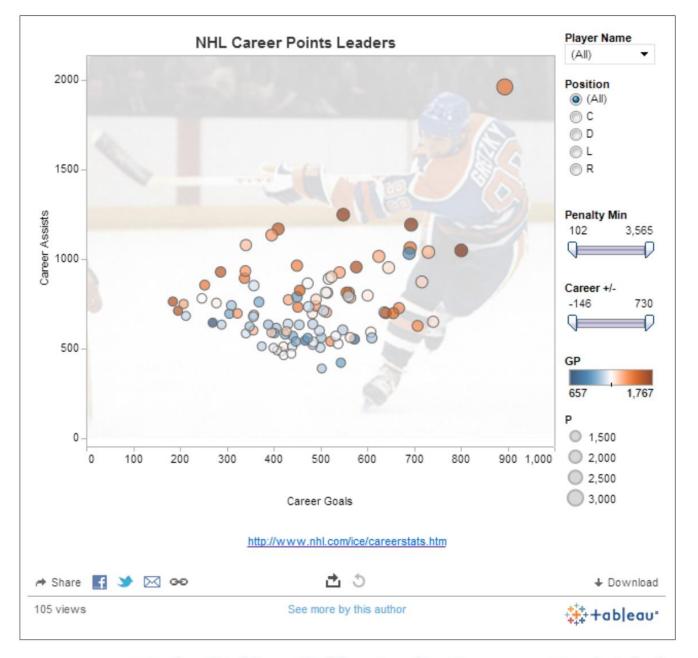


Figure 8-1. My first Tableau Public visualization: a scatterplot dashboard of career stats (photo by B. Bennett/Getty Images)



- Let's explore how to create this scatterplot.
- First, we'll connect to the spreadsheet that contains the top 100 players, which you can find online here.

• Once we've connected to the spreadsheet, it's a simple matter of Ctrl-selecting Player, G (for goals), and A (for assists), and then clicking on scatterplots in the Show Me panel, as shown in Figure 8-2

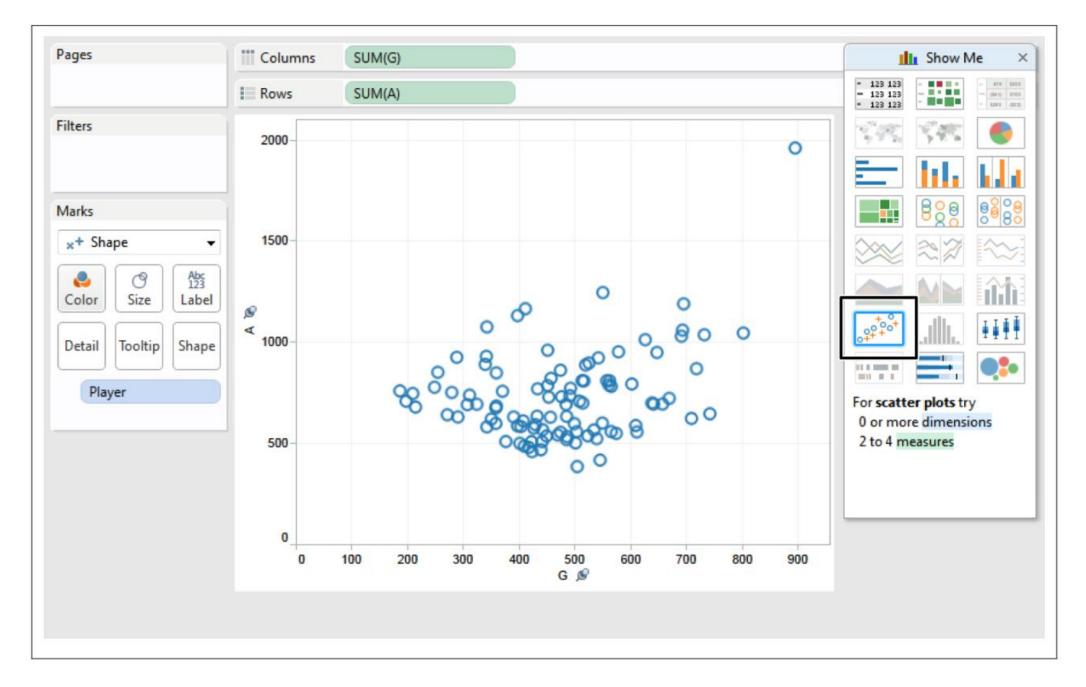


Figure 8-2. Creating a scatterplot using Show Me

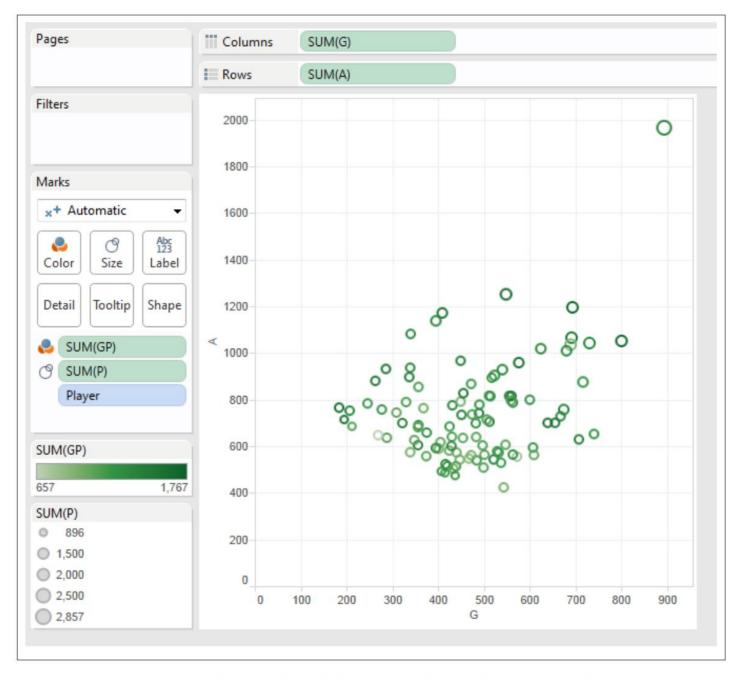


Figure 8-3. Scatterplot with added encodings for size and color



Figure 8-4. Additional formatting to the scatterplot



Who Is Who?

- There are three ways to communicate who is who: labels, tooltips, and annotations.
- Let's consider them one at a time

Labels:

- If we take Player from the Dimensions panel and drag it onto the Label shelf, Tableau attempts to add as many labels as it can without creating a messy view.
- The result is shown in Figure 8-5



Figure 8-5. Adding labels to scatterplots



Who Is Who?

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Tooltips:

- What about the other points without labels? How can we see who they are?
- Tableau has a great feature called Tooltips, which appear when a person interacting with the chart hovers the mouse cursor over an individual mark (or circle, in this case).

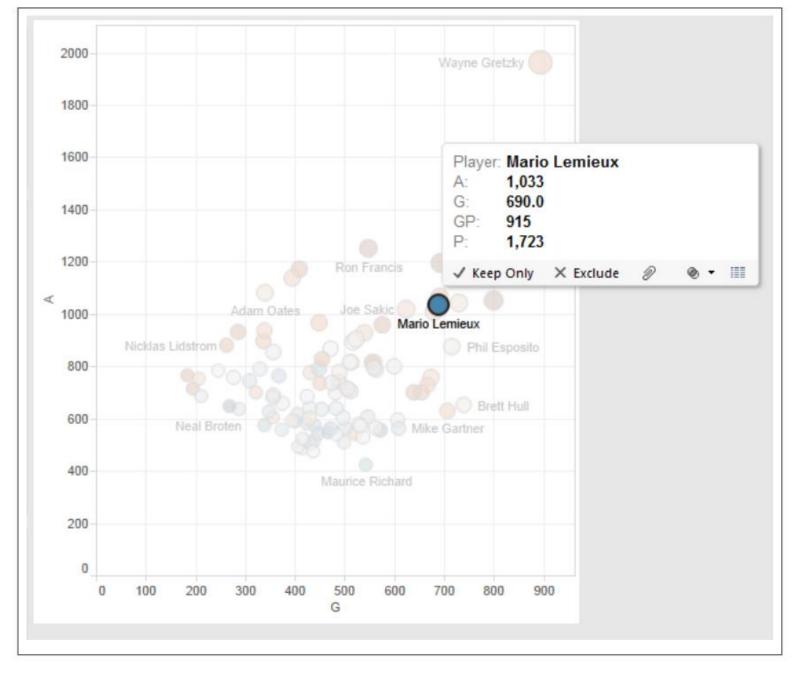


Figure 8-6. Hovering and clicking reveals tooltips

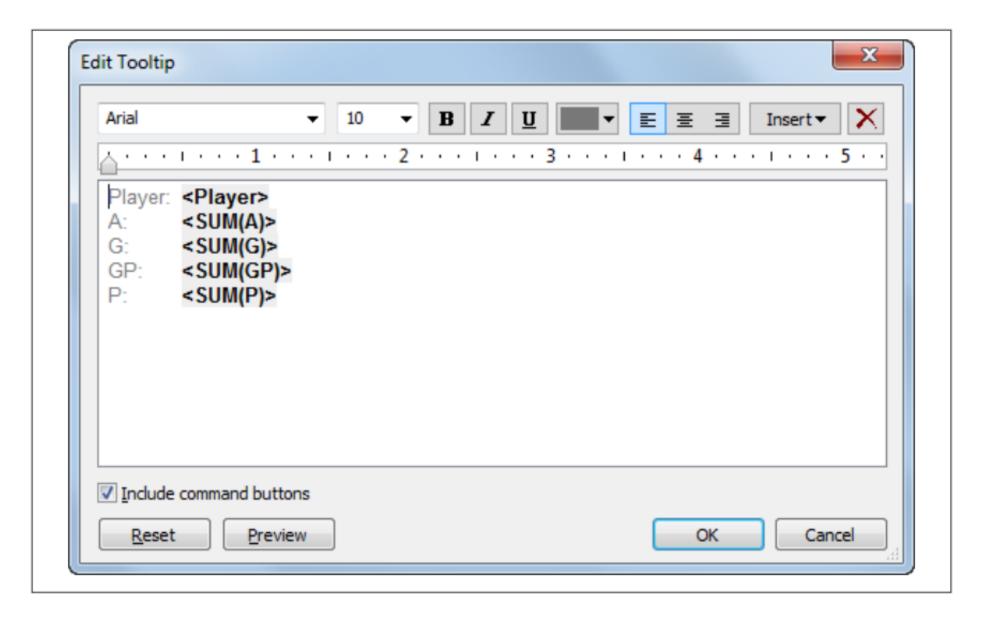


Figure 8-7. Editing tooltips



Who Is Who?

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Annotations:

- Remove Player Labels
- Annotate Specific Data Points
- Repeat for Mario Lemieux:

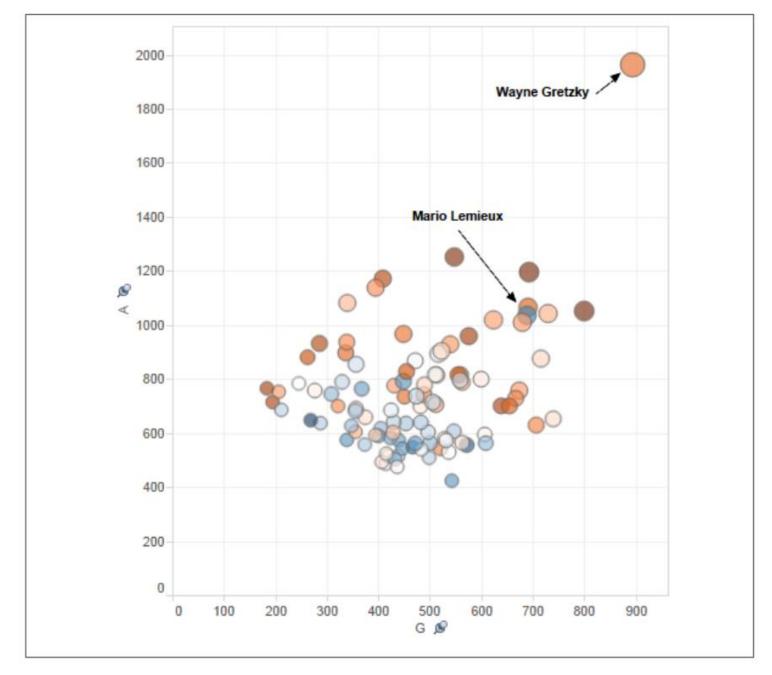


Figure 8-8. Adding annotations to scatterplots



Making it Exploratory

To add the three Quick Filters to the view, right-click on the three fields (Pos, +/-, and PIM) one at a time, and select Show Quick Filter for each one.

Tableau adds a Multiple Values
 (combo box) list for Pos and
 Range of Values sliders for +/ and PIM, as shown in Figure 8~9.

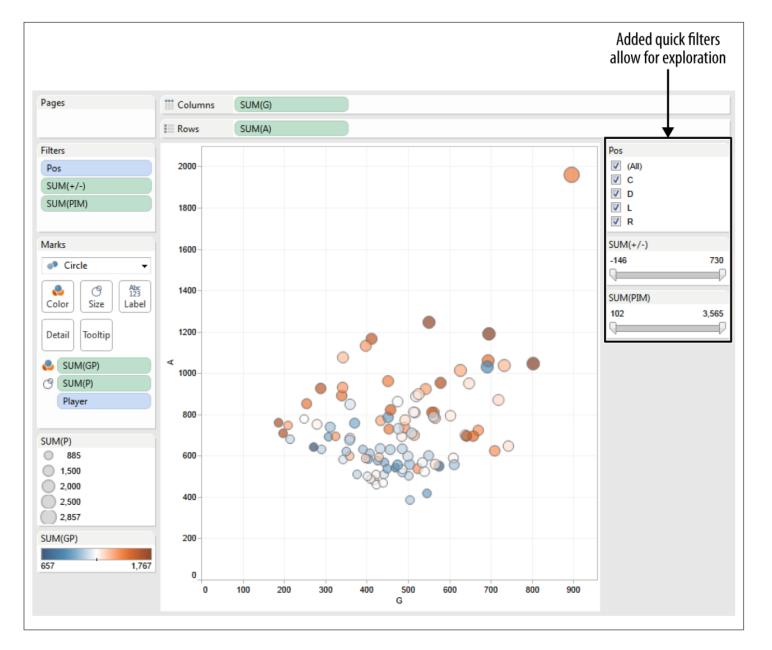


Figure 8-9. Quick Filters turn a scatterplot into an exploratory interactive



Adding Background Images

To add the three Quick Filters to the view, right~click on the three fields
 (Pos, +/-, and PIM) one at a time,
 and select Show Quick Filter for each one.

Tableau adds a Multiple Values
 (combo box) list for Pos and
 Range of Values sliders for +/ and PIM, as shown in Figure 8~9.

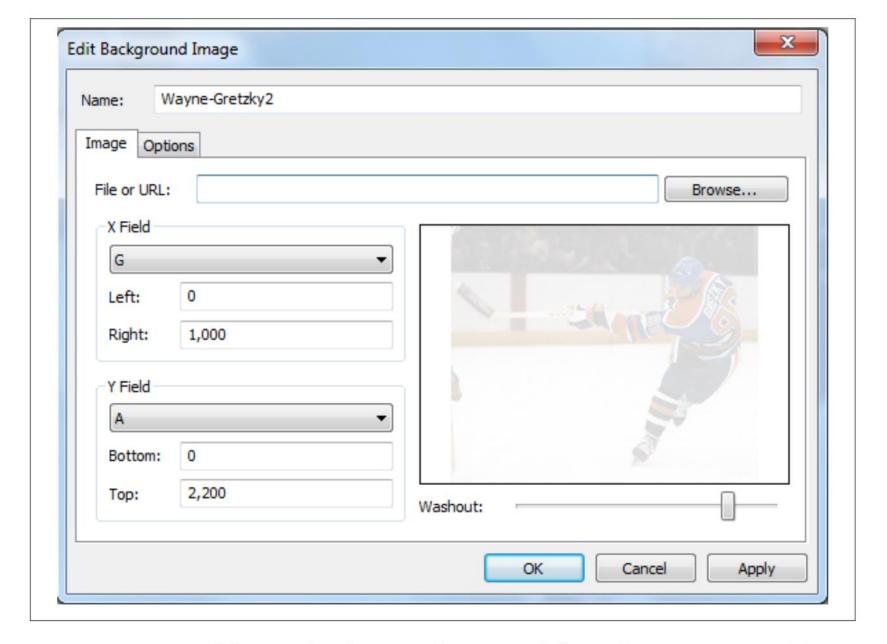


Figure 8-11. Adding a background image (photo by B. Bennett/Getty Images)



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Stacked Bars

• Scatterplots aren't the only way to show multiple quantities in the same view. Another visualization type we can use is the stacked bar chart.

• Let's create a stacked bar chart as we explore a different angle of the data: per game rates

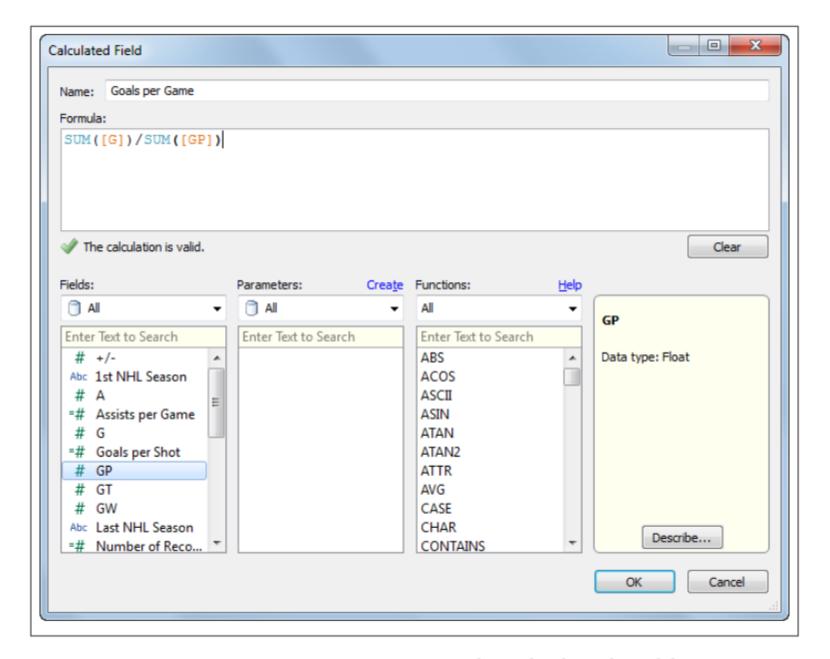


Figure 8-12. Creating per game rates with Calculated Fields

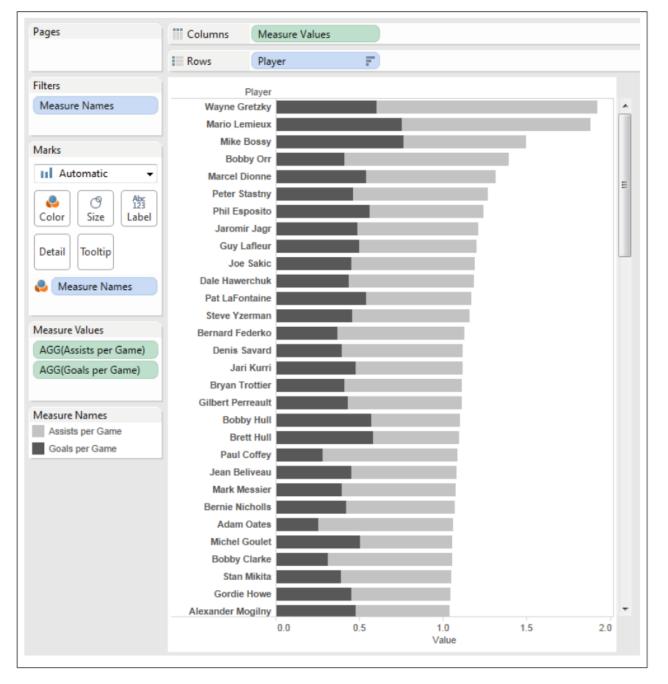


Figure 8-13. Creating a stacked bar from multiple Measures



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Regression and Trend Lines

• Regression analysis can be visualized by adding a trend line to a scatterplot, and the indication of how well the points fit the trend line is known as the coefficient of determination.



Figure 8-16. Scatterplot with multiple trend lines



Figure 8-17. Scatterplot with a single trend line

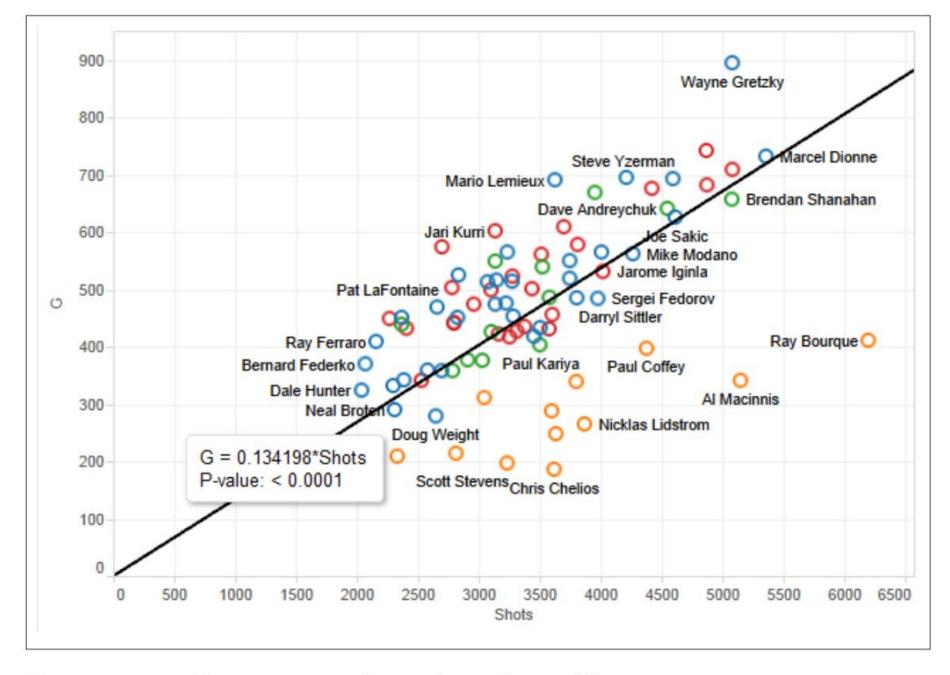


Figure 8-18. Equation and p-value of trend line



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Figure 8-21. The four quadrant scatterplot

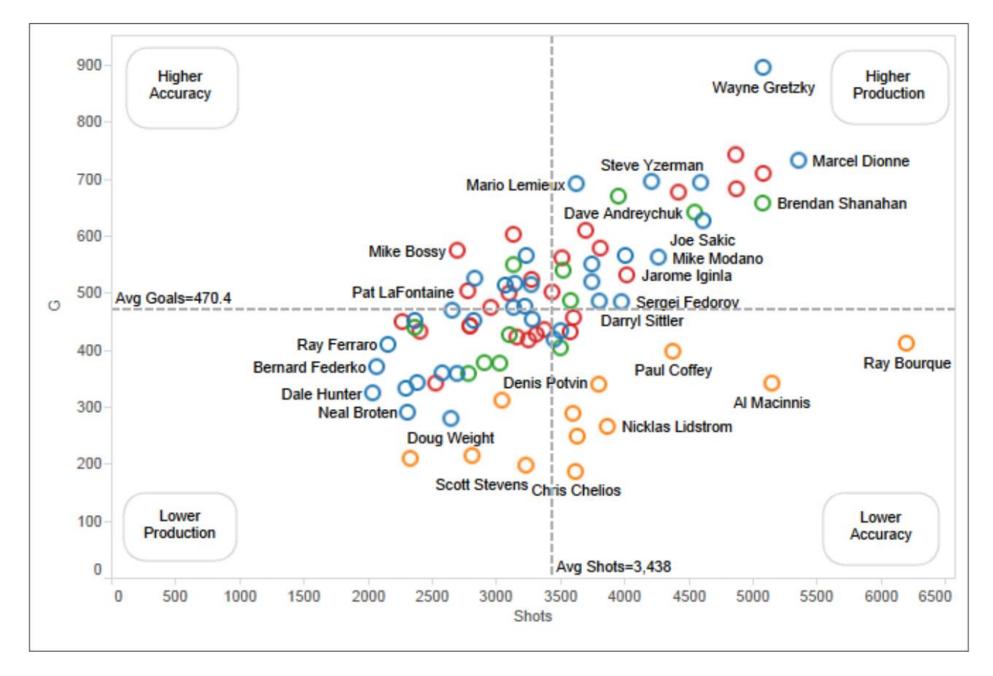


Figure 8-22. The completed quadrant scatterplot



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