Node.js Express Authentication with React: Class Note

Learning Objectives

- Understand user authentication (register, login, profile, protected routes).
- Set up a Node.js Express server with MongoDB, Mongoose, and React as the view engine.
- Implement secure password hashing with bcrypt.
- Generate and verify JSON Web Tokens (JWT) for authentication.
- Use environment variables with .env for configuration.
- Organize backend code with separate controllers and routes.
- Create a React frontend with pages for Home, Login, Signup, and Profile.
- Handle asynchronous errors using express-async-handler.

Prerequisites

- Basic knowledge of JavaScript, Node.js, Express, and React.
- MongoDB installed locally or a MongoDB Atlas account.
- Node.js and npm installed.
- Code editor (e.g., VS Code).

Step 1: Project Setup

1. Initialize a Node.js Project:

Create a project folder and initialize:

2. Install Dependencies:

Install backend and frontend dependencies:

```
npm install express mongoose bcryptjs jsonwebtoken dotenv express-
async-handler express-react-views react react-dom axios # Installs
core dependencies
npm install --save-dev nodemon @babel/core @babel/preset-env
@babel/preset-react # Installs dev dependencies for auto-restart and
React JSX
```

3. Set Up Project Structure:

Create the following folder structure:

```
auth-app/
                # Backend controllers
 — controllers/
   userController.js # User-related controller functions
  - routes/ # Backend routes

└─ userRoutes.js # User-related routes
  - models/
                     # Mongoose models
 authMiddleware.js # Authentication middleware
              # Configuration files
# Database connection logic
  - config/
   └─ db.js
 - views/
                     # React components
   ├── Home.jsx # Home page component
   - public/
                     # Static assets
   styles.css # CSS for frontend
.env # Environment variables
  - .env
              # Babel configuration
# Main server file
 .babelrc
  - server.js
  – package.json
                     # Project configuration
```

4. Configure package.json:

Add scripts to package.json:

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "node server.js", // Runs the server in production
    "dev": "nodemon server.js" // Runs the server with nodemon for
    development
}
```

5. Configure Babel:

o Create .babelrc in the root:

```
{
    "presets": ["@babel/preset-env", "@babel/preset-react"] // Enables
ES modules and React JSX
}
```

Step 2: Environment Variables Setup

1. Create .env File:

o In the root, create a .env file:

```
PORT=5000 # Port number for the server
MONGO_URI=mongodb://localhost:27017/authdb # MongoDB connection string
JWT_SECRET=your_jwt_secret_key # Secret key for JWT (use a strong,
random string)
```

- Replace MONGO_URI with your MongoDB connection string.
- Generate JWT_SECRET (e.g., node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(64).toString('hex'))").

2. Load Environment Variables:

• Loaded in server.js (shown in Step 8).

Step 3: Connect to MongoDB

1. Create Database Connection:

o In config/db.js:

```
const mongoose = require('mongoose'); // Imports Mongoose for MongoDB
const connectDB = async () => { // Defines async function to connect to
MongoDB
  try { // Starts try block for error handling
    const conn = await mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGO_URI, { //
Connects to MongoDB
      useNewUrlParser: true, // Uses new URL parser
      useUnifiedTopology: true, // Uses new topology engine
    });
    console.log(`MongoDB Connected: ${conn.connection.host}`); // Logs
successful connection
  } catch (error) { // Catches connection errors
    console.error(`Error: ${error.message}`); // Logs error message
    process.exit(1); // Exits process with failure
  }
};
module.exports = connectDB; // Exports connectDB function
```

Step 4: Create User Model

1. Define User Schema:

In models/userModel.js:

```
const mongoose = require('mongoose'); // Imports Mongoose
const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs'); // Imports bcrypt for hashing
const userSchema = mongoose.Schema( // Defines user schema
```

```
name: { // Name field
      type: String, // String type
      required: [true, 'Please add a name'], // Required with error
    },
    email: { // Email field
      type: String, // String type
      required: [true, 'Please add an email'], // Required
      unique: true, // Ensures unique email
      match: [/.+\@.+\..+/, 'Please add a valid email'], // Validates
email format
    },
    password: { // Password field
      type: String, // String type
      required: [true, 'Please add a password'], // Required
      minlength: 6, // Minimum length
    },
  },
  { timestamps: true } // Adds timestamps
);
userSchema.pre('save', async function (next) { // Pre-save hook for
password hashing
  if (!this.isModified('password')) { // Skips if password not modified
    next(); // Proceeds to next middleware
  const salt = await bcrypt.genSalt(10); // Generates salt
  this.password = await bcrypt.hash(this.password, salt); // Hashes
password
  next(); // Proceeds
});
userSchema.methods.matchPassword = async function (enteredPassword) {
// Method to compare passwords
  return await bcrypt.compare(enteredPassword, this.password); //
Compares passwords
};
module.exports = mongoose.model('User', userSchema); // Exports User
model
```

Step 5: Create Controllers

1. Create User Controller:

o In controllers/userController.js:

```
const asyncHandler = require('express-async-handler'); // Imports
asyncHandler
const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken'); // Imports JWT
```

```
const User = require('../models/userModel'); // Imports User model
const registerUser = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => { // Handles user
registration
  const { name, email, password } = req.body; // Destructures request
body
  if (!name | !email | !password) { // Validates input
    res.status(400); // Sets 400 status
    throw new Error('Please include all fields'); // Throws error
  }
  const userExists = await User.findOne({ email }); // Checks for
existing user
  if (userExists) { // If user exists
    res.status(400); // Sets 400 status
    throw new Error('User already exists'); // Throws error
  const user = await User.create({ name, email, password }); // Creates
user
  if (user) { // If creation successful
    const token = generateToken(user._id); // Generates token
    res.status(201).json({ _id: user._id, name, email, token }); //
Sends response
  } else { // If creation failed
    res.status(400); // Sets 400 status
    throw new Error('Invalid user data'); // Throws error
  }
});
const loginUser = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => { // Handles user
  const { email, password } = req.body; // Destructures request body
  const user = await User.findOne({ email }); // Finds user by email
  if (user && (await user.matchPassword(password))) { // Validates
credentials
    const token = generateToken(user._id); // Generates token
    res.json({ _id: user._id, name: user.name, email, token }); //
Sends response
  } else { // If invalid
    res.status(401); // Sets 401 status
    throw new Error('Invalid email or password'); // Throws error
  }
});
const getMe = asyncHandler(async (req, res) => { // Gets current user
  res.status(200).json(req.user); // Sends user data
});
const generateToken = (id) => { // Generates JWT
  return jwt.sign({ id }, process.env.JWT_SECRET, { // Signs token
    expiresIn: '30d', // Sets expiration
  });
};
```

```
module.exports = { registerUser, loginUser, getMe }; // Exports
functions
```

Step 6: Create Authentication Middleware

1. Protect Routes:

• In middleware/authMiddleware.js:

```
const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken'); // Imports JWT
const asyncHandler = require('express-async-handler'); // Imports
asyncHandler
const User = require('../models/userModel'); // Imports User model
const protect = asyncHandler(async (req, res, next) => { // Protects
routes
 let token; // Declares token variable
  if (req.headers.authorization &&
req.headers.authorization.startsWith('Bearer')) { // Checks for Bearer
   try { // Starts try block
     token = req.headers.authorization.split(' ')[1]; // Extracts
      const decoded = jwt.verify(token, process.env.JWT_SECRET); //
Verifies token
      req.user = await User.findById(decoded.id).select('-password');
// Finds user
      if (!req.user) { // If user not found
        res.status(401); // Sets 401 status
        throw new Error('Not authorized, user not found'); // Throws
error
      next(); // Proceeds
    } catch (error) { // Catches errors
      res.status(401); // Sets 401 status
      throw new Error('Not authorized, token failed'); // Throws error
  } else { // If no token
   res.status(401); // Sets 401 status
    throw new Error('Not authorized, no token'); // Throws error
});
module.exports = { protect }; // Exports middleware
```

Step 7: Create Routes

1. Define User Routes:

o In routes/userRoutes.js:

```
const express = require('express'); // Imports Express
const router = express.Router(); // Creates router
const { registerUser, loginUser, getMe } =
    require('../controllers/userController'); // Imports controllers
const { protect } = require('../middleware/authMiddleware'); // Imports
    middleware

router.post('/register', registerUser); // Registration route
    router.post('/login', loginUser); // Login route
    router.get('/me', protect, getMe); // Protected user data route

module.exports = router; // Exports router
```

Step 8: Set Up Express Server with React Views

1. Create Server File:

• In server.js:

```
const express = require('express'); // Imports Express
const dotenv = require('dotenv').config(); // Loads .env
const connectDB = require('./config/db'); // Imports DB connection
const path = require('path'); // Imports path for file handling
const erv = require('express-react-views'); // Imports express-react-
views
connectDB(); // Connects to MongoDB
const app = express(); // Creates Express app
app.set('views', path.join( dirname, 'views')); // Sets views
directory
app.set('view engine', 'jsx'); // Sets JSX as view engine
app.engine('jsx', erv.createEngine()); // Configures express-react-
views
app.use(express.json()); // Parses JSON
app.use(express.urlencoded({ extended: false })); // Parses URL-encoded
app.use(express.static(path.join(__dirname, 'public'))); // Serves
static files
app.use('/api/users', require('./routes/userRoutes')); // Mounts API
routes
app.get('/', (req, res) => res.render('Home')); // Renders Home page
app.get('/login', (req, res) => res.render('Login')); // Renders Login
app.get('/signup', (req, res) => res.render('Signup')); // Renders
Signup page
```

```
app.get('/profile', (req, res) => res.render('Profile')); // Renders
Profile page

const PORT = process.env.PORT || 5000; // Sets port
app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`Server running on port ${PORT}`));
// Starts server
```

Step 9: Create React Components

1. Home Page:

○ In views/Home.jsx:

2. Login Page:

o In views/Login.jsx:

```
import React, { useState } from 'react'; // Imports React and useState
import axios from 'axios'; // Imports axios for API calls
const Login = () => { // Defines Login component
 const [email, setEmail] = useState(''); // State for email
 const [password, setPassword] = useState(''); // State for password
 const [error, setError] = useState(''); // State for error message
  const handleSubmit = async (e) => { // Handles form submission
   e.preventDefault(); // Prevents default form behavior
   try { // Starts try block
     const res = await axios.post('/api/users/login', { email,
password }); // Sends login request
     localStorage.setItem('token', res.data.token); // Stores token
     window.location.href = '/profile'; // Redirects to profile
   } catch (err) { // Catches errors
      setError(err.response?.data?.message | 'Login failed'); // Sets
error message
```

```
};
  return ( // Returns JSX
    <div className="container">
      <h2>Login</h2> {/* Page title */}
      {error && {error}} {/* Displays error
*/}
     <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}> {/* Form with submit handler */}
        <div>
          <label>Email:</label> {/* Email label */}
          <input</pre>
           type="email"
           value={email}
           onChange={(e) => setEmail(e.target.value)} // Updates email
state
            required
         />
        </div>
        <div>
          <label>Password:</label> {/* Password label */}
         <input</pre>
           type="password"
           value={password}
           onChange={(e) => setPassword(e.target.value)} // Updates
password state
            required
         />
        </div>
        <button type="submit">Login</button> {/* Submit button */}
      Non't have an account? <a href="/signup">Signup</a> {/*
Signup link */}
    </div>
  );
};
export default Login; // Exports component
```

3. Signup Page:

o In views/Signup.jsx:

```
import React, { useState } from 'react'; // Imports React and useState
import axios from 'axios'; // Imports axios

const Signup = () => { // Defines Signup component
  const [name, setName] = useState(''); // State for name
  const [email, setEmail] = useState(''); // State for email
  const [password, setPassword] = useState(''); // State for password
  const [error, setError] = useState(''); // State for error

const handleSubmit = async (e) => { // Handles form submission
```

```
e.preventDefault(); // Prevents default behavior
   try { // Starts try block
     const res = await axios.post('/api/users/register', { name,
email, password }); // Sends signup request
     localStorage.setItem('token', res.data.token); // Stores token
     window.location.href = '/profile'; // Redirects to profile
   } catch (err) { // Catches errors
      setError(err.response?.data?.message || 'Signup failed'); // Sets
error
   }
 };
 return ( // Returns JSX
    <div className="container">
      <h2>Signup</h2> {/* Page title */}
      {error && {error}} {/* Displays error
*/}
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}> {/* Form with submit handler */}
          <label>Name:</label> {/* Name label */}
         <input</pre>
           type="text"
            value={name}
           onChange={(e) => setName(e.target.value)} // Updates name
state
           required
         />
        </div>
        <div>
         <label>Email:</label> {/* Email label */}
         <input</pre>
           type="email"
            value={email}
            onChange={(e) => setEmail(e.target.value)} // Updates email
state
           required
         />
        </div>
        <div>
          <label>Password:</label> {/* Password label */}
          <input</pre>
            type="password"
           value={password}
           onChange={(e) => setPassword(e.target.value)} // Updates
password state
            required
         />
        </div>
        <button type="submit">Signup</button> {/* Submit button */}
      </form>
      Already have an account? <a href="/login">Login</a> {/*
Login link */}
    </div>
  );
```

```
};
export default Signup; // Exports component
```

4. Profile Page:

• In views/Profile.jsx:

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react'; // Imports React,
useState, useEffect
import axios from 'axios'; // Imports axios
const Profile = () => { // Defines Profile component
  const [user, setUser] = useState(null); // State for user data
 const [error, setError] = useState(''); // State for error
 useEffect(() => { // Runs on component mount
    const fetchUser = async () => { // Fetches user data
     try { // Starts try block
       const token = localStorage.getItem('token'); // Gets token
       if (!token) throw new Error('No token found'); // Checks for
token
       const res = await axios.get('/api/users/me', { // Sends request
         headers: { Authorization: `Bearer ${token}` }, // Includes
token
       });
       setUser(res.data); // Sets user data
      } catch (err) { // Catches errors
       setError(err.response?.data?.message || 'Failed to load
profile'); // Sets error
     }
   fetchUser(); // Calls fetch function
  }, []); // Empty dependency array
 const handleLogout = () => { // Handles logout
   localStorage.removeItem('token'); // Removes token
   window.location.href = '/login'; // Redirects to login
  };
  if (error) return <div className="container">
{error}</div>; // Shows error
  if (!user) return <div className="container">Loading...</div>; //
Shows loading
  return ( // Returns JSX
    <div className="container">
      <h2>Profile</h2> {/* Page title */}
      Name: {user.name} {/* Displays name */}
      Email: {user.email} {/* Displays email */}
      <button onClick={handleLogout}>Logout</button> {/* Logout button
*/}
```

Step 10: Add Basic Styling

1. Create CSS File:

• In public/styles.css:

```
body { /* Styles body */
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif; /* Sets font */
  margin: 0; /* Removes default margin */
  padding: 0; /* Removes default padding */
}
.container { /* Styles container */
  max-width: 600px; /* Sets max width */
  margin: 50px auto; /* Centers container */
  padding: 20px; /* Adds padding */
}
h1, h2 { /* Styles headings */
  text-align: center; /* Centers text */
}
form { /* Styles form */
 display: flex; /* Uses flexbox */
  flex-direction: column; /* Stacks elements */
  gap: 15px; /* Adds spacing */
}
label { /* Styles labels */
  font-weight: bold; /* Makes text bold */
}
input { /* Styles inputs */
  padding: 8px; /* Adds padding */
  font-size: 16px; /* Sets font size */
}
button { /* Styles buttons */
  padding: 10px; /* Adds padding */
  background-color: #007bff; /* Sets background */
  color: white; /* Sets text color */
  border: none; /* Removes border */
  cursor: pointer; /* Adds pointer cursor */
}
button:hover { /* Styles button hover */
  background-color: #0056b3; /* Darkens background */
}
.error { /* Styles error messages */
  color: red; /* Sets color */
  text-align: center; /* Centers text */
}
```

```
a { /* Styles links */
  color: #007bff; /* Sets color */
  text-decoration: none; /* Removes underline */
}
a:hover { /* Styles link hover */
  text-decoration: underline; /* Adds underline */
}
```

Step 11: Test the Application

1. Start the Server:

• Run:

```
npm run dev # Starts server with nodemon
```

2. Access Pages:

- Home: http://localhost:5000/ # Displays welcome page
- Login: http://localhost:5000/login # Displays login form
- Signup: http://localhost:5000/signup # Displays signup form
- Profile: http://localhost:5000/profile # Displays user profile (requires login)

3. Test Functionality:

- Signup with a new user. # Creates user and redirects to profile
- Login with the same user. # Authenticates and redirects to profile
- View profile data. # Displays user info
- Logout and verify redirection to login. # Clears token
- Test error cases (e.g., invalid credentials). # Shows error messages

4. Verify:

- Ensure MongoDB is running. # Confirms database connection
- Check console for errors. # Validates server and client behavior

Best Practices Covered

- Environment Variables: Store secrets in .env. # Enhances security
- Error Handling: Use express-async-handler. # Simplifies async errors
- Password Security: Hash passwords with bcrypt. # Protects credentials
- JWT Authentication: Secure routes with JWT. # Ensures authorization
- Code Organization: Separate backend and frontend concerns. # Improves maintainability
- Input Validation: Basic validation in schema and controllers. # Prevents invalid data
- React Integration: Use express-react-views for server-side rendering. # Combines frontend and backend

Assignment

1. Add password confirmation in Signup. # Enhances security

- 2. Implement a forgot password feature. # Improves usability
- 3. Add client-side form validation. # Strengthens input checking
- 4. Allow profile updates (e.g., name, email). # Extends functionality

Additional Resources

- Express Documentation # Official guide
- Mongoose Documentation # Mongoose guide
- React Documentation # React guide
- JWT Documentation # JWT resource
- MongoDB Atlas # Cloud MongoDB