

Opening a Jupyter Notebook in Google Colab

James E. Stine
School of Electrical and Computer Engineering
Oklahoma State University
`jstine@okstate.edu`

August 19, 2025

Overview

This short guide explains how to open and run an existing Jupyter Notebook file (`.ipynb`) using Google Colab. No local installation of Python or Jupyter is required.

Background on Google Colab

Google Colaboratory (Colab) is a cloud-based platform provided by Google that allows users to create, share, and run Jupyter notebooks directly in a web browser. It removes the need for local installation of Python, Jupyter, or scientific libraries, making it an accessible option for beginners, students, and researchers. Since notebooks are stored and managed through Google Drive, they can be easily shared and collaboratively edited, similar to Google Docs.

Colab is built on top of the Jupyter Notebook environment, meaning it supports the same structure of Markdown cells (for text, equations, and documentation) and code cells (for Python execution). This integration makes Colab an ideal tool for teaching, reproducible research, and rapid prototyping.

One of Colab's most notable features is free access to cloud-based hardware accelerators such as GPUs (Graphics Processing Units) and TPUs (Tensor Processing Units). These resources allow users to run computationally intensive tasks—such as machine learning, deep learning, and large-scale data analysis—without requiring specialized local hardware. Users can select the runtime type and scale up to hardware that would otherwise be costly or unavailable on personal machines.

Colab also integrates seamlessly with the Python ecosystem, supporting popular libraries such as NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, TensorFlow, and PyTorch. Additional packages can be installed directly in a notebook cell using `pip` commands. This flexibility makes it useful across a wide range of applications: education, data science, computational research, and rapid software development.

In summary, Colab extends the capabilities of Jupyter notebooks by:

- Removing barriers to entry (no installation required)
- Enabling real-time collaboration via Google Drive.
- Providing free or low-cost access to powerful computing resources.
- Maintaining compatibility with standard Jupyter notebook workflows.

Upload to Google Colab

Step 1: Open Colab: Navigate to colab.research.google.com.

Step 2: Sign in: Use your Google account if you're not already signed in.

Step 3: Upload the notebook: In the welcome dialog, select the Upload tab (alongside *Recent*, *Google Drive*, *GitHub*). Click Choose file, select your `.ipynb` file (e.g., `sample_notebook.ipynb`), and press Open.

Step 4: Run cells: Once the notebook opens, click the ➤ button to the left of any code cell to execute it. Execution happens on Google's servers.

(Optional) Save to Google Drive

To keep a persistent copy, choose File → Save a copy in Drive. This stores a working copy in your Google Drive for future use without re-uploading.

(Optional) Local Use Instead of Colab

If you prefer to run the notebook locally:

- a) Install Jupyter (via Anaconda or `pip`). For `pip`, run:

```
pip install notebook jupyterlab
```

- b) Launch Jupyter:

```
jupyter lab  
# or  
jupyter notebook
```

- c) Use your web browser interface to open or upload the `.ipynb` file.

Notes

- Colab supports CPU by default; for hardware acceleration, visit Runtime → Change runtime type to select GPU/TPU (availability may vary).
- If your notebook uses extra Python libraries, Colab lets you install them in a cell, e.g.:

```
!pip install numpy matplotlib
```

- We will cover more on how to add libraries later in the course.

Tip: Share notebooks by saving to Google Drive and using standard Drive sharing, or by hosting them in a GitHub repository and opening via Colab's *GitHub* tab.

Related Resources on Jupyter and Colab

There are several excellent books and resources available to help users get started with Jupyter notebooks and Google Colab, ranging from introductory guides to advanced data science applications.

For those new to the field, *Python for Data Science For Dummies (2nd Edition)* provides a very approachable introduction, including a dedicated chapter on working with Google Colab [1]. This is a great starting point for learners who want to experiment in the cloud without setting up local environments.

A more focused introduction to Jupyter itself can be found in *Jupyter Notebook 101* [2], which offers a clear and concise walkthrough of notebook creation and execution. For a deeper dive, *Learning Jupyter* [3] expands on advanced functionality, such as multiple language kernels, interactive widgets, and integrations with data pipelines.

For users who prefer the modern JupyterLab interface, *JupyterLab 101* [4] provides practical instruction on features such as workspace layouts, terminal integration, and debugging support.

From a data science perspective, the widely respected *Python Data Science Handbook* [5] is available as an open-source Jupyter notebook collection, covering core scientific libraries such as NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, and Scikit-Learn. This makes it ideal for use within both Jupyter and Google Colab environments.

Machine learning practitioners will benefit from *Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch* [6], which is written entirely as executable notebooks designed to be run in Colab or similar platforms. Similarly, the open-source textbook *Dive into Deep Learning* [7] integrates theory and hands-on code, offering a comprehensive and interactive treatment of deep learning concepts.

Together, these resources provide a broad spectrum of learning materials, from beginner-level introductions to advanced data science and deep learning applications, all leveraging the flexibility of Jupyter notebooks and the accessibility of Google Colab.

References

- [1] J. P. Mueller and L. Massaron, *Python for Data Science For Dummies*, 2nd ed. Wiley, 2019. [Online]. Available: <https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/python-for-data/9781119547624/>
- [2] M. Driscoll, *Jupyter Notebook 101*. Mouse Vs Python Press, 2018. [Online]. Available: <https://www.amazon.com/Jupyter-Notebook-101-Michael-Driscoll/dp/0996062882>
- [3] D. Toomey, *Learning Jupyter*. Packt Publishing, 2016. [Online]. Available: <https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/learning-jupyter/9781785884870/>
- [4] M. Driscoll, *JupyterLab 101*. Leanpub, 2020. [Online]. Available: <https://leanpub.com/jupyterlab101>
- [5] J. VanderPlas, *Python Data Science Handbook*. O'Reilly Media, 2016. [Online]. Available: <https://github.com/jakevdp/PythonDataScienceHandbook>
- [6] J. Howard and S. Gugger, *Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch: AI Applications Without a PhD*. O'Reilly Media, 2020. [Online]. Available: <https://course.fast.ai/Resources/book.html>
- [7] A. Zhang, Z. C. Lipton, M. Li, and A. J. Smola, *Dive into Deep Learning*. MIT Press, 2021, open-source textbook with Jupyter notebooks. [Online]. Available: <https://d2l.ai>