7.1

D

7.2

B,D

7.3

$$P(G, S, R, C) = P(G|S, R)P(S|C)P(R|C)P(C)$$

$$P(S = 1|G = 1) = \frac{P(S = 1, G = 1)}{P(G = 1)} = \frac{\sum_{R,C \in 1,0} P(G = 1, S = 1, R, C)}{\sum_{S,R,C \in 1,0} P(G = 1, S, R, C)} = 0.4298$$

$$P(R = 1|G = 1) = \frac{P(S = 1, G = 1)}{P(G = 1)} = \frac{\sum_{S,C \in 1,0} P(G = 1, S, R = 1, C)}{\sum_{S,R,C \in 1,0} P(G = 1, S, R, C)} = 0.7079$$

## 7.4

- (1)选择参数的初值 $\theta^{(0)}$ ,开始迭代。
- (2)E步:记 $heta^{(i)}$ 为第i次迭代参数heta的估计值,在第i+1次迭代的E步,计算

$$Q( heta, heta^{(i)}) = \sum_{z} log P(Y, Z | heta) P(Z | Y, heta^{(i)})$$

(3)M步:求使 $Q(\theta, \theta^{(i)})$ 极大化的 $\theta$ ,确定第i+1次迭代的参数的估计值 $\theta^{(i+1)}$ 

$$heta^{(i+1)} = \mathop{argmax}_{ heta} Q( heta, heta^{(i)})$$

(4)重复第(2)步和第(3)步,直到收敛。

7.5

D

7.6

C