

# blockDAGs

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August 30, 2021

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```

theory Utils
  imports Main
begin

```

The following functions transform a list L to a relation containing a tuple (a, b) iff a = b or a precedes b in the list L

```

fun list-to-rel:: 'a list ⇒ 'a rel
  where list-to-rel [] = {}
  | list-to-rel (x#xs) = {x} × (set (x#xs)) ∪ list-to-rel xs

```

```

lemma list-to-rel-in : (a,b) ∈ (list-to-rel L) ⟶ a ∈ set L ∧ b ∈ set L
proof(induct L, auto) qed

```

Show soundness of list-to-rel

```

lemma list-to-rel-equal:
  (a,b) ∈ list-to-rel L ⟷ (∃ k::nat. hd (drop k L) = a ∧ b ∈ set (drop k L))
proof(safe)
  assume (a, b) ∈ list-to-rel L
  then show ∃ k. hd (drop k L) = a ∧ b ∈ set (drop k L)
proof(induct L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto

```

```

next
  case (Cons a2 L)
  then consider (a, b) ∈ {a2} × set (a2 # L) | (a,b) ∈ list-to-rel L by auto
  then show ?case unfolding list-to-rel.simps(2)
  proof(cases)
    case 1
    then have a = hd (a2 # L) by auto
    moreover have b ∈ set (a2 # L) using 1 by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis using drop0
      by metis
  next
  case 2
  then obtain k where k-in : hd (drop k (L)) = a ∧ b ∈ set (drop k (L))
    using Cons(1) by auto
  show ?thesis proof
    let ?k = Suc k
    show hd (drop ?k (a2 # L)) = a ∧ b ∈ set (drop ?k (a2 # L))
      unfolding drop-Suc using k-in by auto
  qed
qed
qed
next
fix k
assume b ∈ set (drop k L)
  and a = hd (drop k L)
then show (hd (drop k L), b) ∈ list-to-rel L
proof(induct L arbitrary: k)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
case (Cons a L)
consider (zero) k = 0 | (more) k > 0 by auto
then show ?case
proof(cases)
  case zero
  then show ?thesis using Cons drop-0 by auto
next
case more
then obtain k2 where k2-in: k = Suc k2
  using gr0-implies-Suc by auto
  show ?thesis using Cons unfolding k2-in drop-Suc list-to-rel.simps(2) by
auto
qed
qed
qed

lemma list-to-rel-append:
  assumes a ∈ set L
  shows (a,b) ∈ list-to-rel (L @ [b])

```

```

using assms
proof(induct L, simp, auto) qed

```

For every distinct L, list-to-rel L return a linear order on set L

```

lemma list-order-linear:
  assumes distinct L
  shows linear-order-on (set L) (list-to-rel L)
  unfolding linear-order-on-def total-on-def partial-order-on-def preorder-on-def
refl-on-def
trans-def antisym-def
proof(safe)
  fix a b
  assume  $(a, b) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  then show  $a \in \text{set } L$ 
  proof(induct L, auto) qed
next
  fix a b
  assume  $(a, b) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  then show  $b \in \text{set } L$ 
  proof(induct L, auto) qed
next
  fix x
  assume  $x \in \text{set } L$ 
  then show  $(x, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  proof(induct L, auto) qed
next
  fix x y z
  assume as1:  $(x, y) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  and as2:  $(y, z) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  then show  $(x, z) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  using assms
proof(induct L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons a L)
  then consider (nor)  $(x, y) \in \{a\} \times \text{set } (a \# L) \wedge (y, z) \in \{a\} \times \text{set } (a \# L)$ 
    |  $(xy) (x, y) \in \text{list-to-rel } L \wedge (y, z) \in \{a\} \times \text{set } (a \# L)$ 
    |  $(yz) (y, z) \in \text{list-to-rel } L \wedge (x, y) \in \{a\} \times \text{set } (a \# L)$ 
    | (both)  $(y, z) \in \text{list-to-rel } L \wedge (x, y) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$  by auto
  then show ?case proof(cases)
    case nor
    then show ?thesis by auto
next
  case xy
  then have  $y \in \text{set } L$  using list-to-rel-in by metis
  also have  $y = a$  using xy by auto
  ultimately have  $\neg \text{distinct } (a \# L)$ 
  by simp

```

```

    then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
  next
    case yz
    then show ?thesis using list-to-rel.simps(2)
      by (metis Cons.prem(2) SigmaD1 SigmaI UnI1 list-to-rel-in)
  next
    case both
    then show ?thesis unfolding list-to-rel.simps(2) using Cons by auto
  qed
qed
next
  fix x y
  assume (x, y) ∈ list-to-rel L
  and (y, x) ∈ list-to-rel L
  then show x = y
    using assms
  proof(induct L, simp)
    case (Cons a L)
    then consider (nor) (x, y) ∈ {a} × set (a # L) ∧ (y, x) ∈ {a} × set (a # L)
      | (xy) (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel L ∧ (y, x) ∈ {a} × set (a # L)
      | (yz) (y,x) ∈ list-to-rel L ∧ (x, y) ∈ {a} × set (a # L)
      | (both) (y,x) ∈ list-to-rel L ∧ (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel L by auto
    then show ?case unfolding list-to-rel.simps
  proof(cases)
    case nor
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
    case xy
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Cons.prem(3) SigmaD1 distinct.simps(2) list-to-rel-in singletonD)
  next
    case yz
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Cons.prem(3) SigmaD1 distinct.simps(2) list-to-rel-in singletonD)
  next
    case both
    then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
  qed
qed
next
  fix x y
  assume x ∈ set L
  and y ∈ set L
  and x ≠ y
  and (y, x) ∉ list-to-rel L
  then show (x, y) ∈ list-to-rel L
  proof(induct L, auto) qed

```

qed

```
lemma list-to-rel-mono:
  assumes  $(a,b) \in \text{list-to-rel } (L)$ 
  shows  $(a,b) \in \text{list-to-rel } (L @ L2)$ 
  using assms
proof(induct L2 arbitrary: L, simp)
  case (Cons a L2)
  then show ?case
  proof(induct L, auto)
    qed
  qed
qed
```

```
lemma list-to-rel-mono2:
  assumes  $(a,b) \in \text{list-to-rel } (L2)$ 
  shows  $(a,b) \in \text{list-to-rel } (L @ L2)$ 
  using assms
proof(induct L2 arbitrary: L, simp)
  case (Cons a L2)
  then show ?case
  proof(induct L, auto)
    qed
  qed
qed
```

```
lemma map-snd-map:  $\bigwedge L. (\text{map snd } (\text{map } (\lambda i. (P\ i, i))\ L)) = L$ 
proof -
  fix L
  show  $\text{map snd } (\text{map } (\lambda i. (P\ i, i))\ L) = L$ 
  proof(induct L)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons a L)
    then show ?case by auto
  qed
qed
end
```

```
theory DigraphUtils
  imports Main Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory
begin
```

# 1 Digraph Utilities

**lemma** *graph-equality*:

**assumes** *digraph*  $G \wedge \text{digraph } C$   
**assumes**  $\text{verts } G = \text{verts } C \wedge \text{arcs } G = \text{arcs } C \wedge \text{head } G = \text{head } C \wedge \text{tail } G = \text{tail } C$   
**shows**  $G = C$   
**by** (*simp add: assms(2)*)

**lemma** (*in digraph*) *del-vert-not-in-graph*:

**assumes**  $b \notin \text{verts } G$   
**shows**  $(\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } G \ b) = G$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $v: \text{verts } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } G \ b) = \text{verts } G$   
**using** *assms(1)*  
**by** (*simp add: pre-digraph.verts-del-vert*)  
**have**  $\forall e \in \text{arcs } G. \text{tail } G \ e \neq b \wedge \text{head } G \ e \neq b$  **using** *digraph-axioms*  
*assms digraph.axioms(2) loopfree-digraph.axioms(1)*  
**by** *auto*  
**then have**  $\text{arcs } G \subseteq \text{arcs } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } G \ b)$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*simp add: pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert subsetI*)  
**then have**  $e: \text{arcs } G = \text{arcs } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } G \ b)$   
**by** (*simp add: pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert subset-antisym*)  
**then show** *?thesis* **using**  $v$  **by** (*simp add: pre-digraph.del-vert-simps*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *del-arc-subgraph*:

**assumes** *subgraph*  $H \ G$   
**assumes** *digraph*  $G \wedge \text{digraph } H$   
**shows** *subgraph*  $(\text{pre-digraph.del-arc } H \ e2) (\text{pre-digraph.del-arc } G \ e2)$   
**using** *subgraph-def pre-digraph.del-arc-simps Diff-iff*  
**proof** –  
**have**  $f1: \forall p \text{ pa}. \text{subgraph } p \text{ pa} = ((\text{verts } p::'a \text{ set}) \subseteq \text{verts } \text{pa} \wedge (\text{arcs } p::'b \text{ set}) \subseteq \text{arcs } \text{pa} \wedge$   
 $\text{wf-digraph } \text{pa} \wedge \text{wf-digraph } p \wedge \text{compatible } \text{pa } p)$   
**using** *subgraph-def* **by** *blast*  
**have**  $\text{arcs } H - \{e2\} \subseteq \text{arcs } G - \{e2\}$  **using** *assms(1)*  
**by** *auto*  
**then show** *?thesis*  
**unfolding** *subgraph-def*  
**using**  $f1$  *assms(1)* **by** (*simp add: compatible-def pre-digraph.del-arc-simps wf-digraph.wf-digraph-del-arc*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *graph-nat-induct*[*consumes 0, case-names base step*]:

**assumes**

```

cases:  $\bigwedge V. (\text{digraph } V \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } V) = 0 \implies P \ V)$ 
 $\bigwedge W \ c. (\bigwedge V. (\text{digraph } V \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } V) = c \implies P \ V))$ 
 $\implies (\text{digraph } W \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } W) = (\text{Suc } c) \implies P \ W)$ 
shows  $\bigwedge Z. \text{digraph } Z \implies P \ Z$ 
proof -
  fix Z:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph
  assume major: digraph Z
  then show P Z
  proof (induction card (verts Z) arbitrary: Z)
    case 0
    then show ?case
    by (simp add: local.cases(1) major)
  next
    case su: (Suc x)
    assume  $(\bigwedge Z. x = \text{card } (\text{verts } Z) \implies \text{digraph } Z \implies P \ Z)$ 
    show ?case
    by (metis local.cases(2) su.hyps(1) su.hyps(2) su.premis)
  qed
qed
end

```

```

theory DAGs
  imports Main Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory
begin

```

## 2 DAG

```

locale DAG = digraph +
  assumes cycle-free:  $\neg(v \rightarrow^+_G v)$ 

sublocale DAG  $\subseteq$  wf-digraph using DAG-def digraph-def nomulti-digraph-def
DAG-axioms by auto

```

### 2.1 Functions and Definitions

```

fun direct-past:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where direct-past G a = {b  $\in$  verts G. (a,b)  $\in$  arcs-ends G}

fun future-nodes:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where future-nodes G a = {b  $\in$  verts G. b  $\rightarrow^+_G$  a}

fun past-nodes:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where past-nodes G a = {b  $\in$  verts G. a  $\rightarrow^+_G$  b}

fun past-nodes-refl:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where past-nodes-refl G a = {b  $\in$  verts G. a  $\rightarrow^*_G$  b}

```



```

fun anticone:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where anticone G a = {b  $\in$  verts G.  $\neg$ (a  $\rightarrow^+_G$  b  $\vee$  b  $\rightarrow^+_G$  a  $\vee$  a = b)}

fun reduce-past:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  ('a,'b) pre-digraph
  where
    reduce-past G a = induce-subgraph G (past-nodes G a)

fun reduce-past-refl:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  ('a,'b) pre-digraph
  where
    reduce-past-refl G a = induce-subgraph G (past-nodes-refl G a)

fun is-tip:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where is-tip G a = ((a  $\in$  verts G)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  x  $\in$  verts G.  $\neg$  x  $\rightarrow^+_G$  a))

definition tips:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  where tips G = {v  $\in$  verts G. is-tip G v}

fun kCluster:: ('a,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where kCluster G k C = (if (C  $\subseteq$  (verts G))
    then ( $\forall$  a  $\in$  C. card ((anticone G a)  $\cap$  C)  $\leq$  k) else False)

```

## 2.2 Lemmas

```

lemma (in DAG) unidirectional:
  u  $\rightarrow^+_G$  v  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$ ( v  $\rightarrow^*_G$  u)
  using cycle-free reachable1-reachable-trans by auto

```

### 2.2.1 Tips

```

lemma (in wf-digraph) tips-not-referenced:
  assumes is-tip G t
  shows  $\forall$  x.  $\neg$  x  $\rightarrow^+_G$  t
  using is-tip.simps assms reachable1-in-verts(1)
  by metis

```

```

lemma (in DAG) del-tips-dag:
  assumes is-tip G t
  shows DAG (del-vert t)
  unfolding DAG-def DAG-axioms-def
proof safe
  show digraph (del-vert t) using del-vert-simps DAG-axioms
    digraph-def
  using digraph-subgraph subgraph-del-vert
  by auto
next
  fix v
  assume v  $\rightarrow^+_G$  del-vert t v
  then have v  $\rightarrow^+_G$  v using subgraph-del-vert
  by (meson arcs-ends-mono trancl-mono)

```

```

    then show False
      by (simp add: cycle-free)
qed

```

```

lemma (in digraph) tips-finite:
  shows finite (tips G)
  using tips-def fin-digraph.finite-verts digraph.axioms(1) digraph.axioms Collect-mono
is-tip.simps
  by (simp add: tips-def)

```

```

lemma (in digraph) tips-in-verts:
  shows tips G  $\subseteq$  verts G unfolding tips-def
  using Collect-subset by auto

```

```

lemma tips-tips:
  assumes  $x \in \textit{tips } G$ 
  shows is-tip G x using tips-def CollectD assms(1) by metis

```

```

lemma tip-in-verts:
  assumes  $x \in \textit{tips } G$ 
  shows  $x \in \textit{verts } G$  using tips-def CollectD assms(1) by metis

```

### 2.2.2 Anticone

```

lemma (in DAG) tips-anticone:
  assumes  $a \in \textit{tips } G$ 
  and  $b \in \textit{tips } G$ 
  and  $a \neq b$ 
  shows  $a \in \textit{anticone } G \ b$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume  $a \notin \textit{anticone } G \ b$ 
  then have  $k: (a \rightarrow^+ b \vee b \rightarrow^+ a \vee a = b)$  using anticone.simps assms tips-def
  by fastforce
  then have  $\neg (\forall x \in \textit{verts } G. \ x \rightarrow^+ a) \vee \neg (\forall x \in \textit{verts } G. \ x \rightarrow^+ b)$  using
reachable1-in-verts
  assms(3) cycle-free
  by (metis)
  then have  $\neg \textit{is-tip } G \ a \vee \neg \textit{is-tip } G \ b$  using assms(3) is-tip.simps k
  by (metis)
  then have  $\neg a \in \textit{tips } G \vee \neg b \in \textit{tips } G$  using tips-def CollectD by metis
  then show False using assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in DAG) anticone-in-verts:
  shows anticone G a  $\subseteq$  verts G using anticone.simps by auto

```

```

lemma (in DAG) anticon-finite:
  shows finite (anticone G a) using anticone-in-verts by auto

```

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *anticon-not-refl*:  
 shows  $a \notin (\text{anticone } G \ a)$  **by** *auto*

### 2.2.3 Future Nodes

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *future-nodes-not-refl*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows  $a \notin \text{future-nodes } G \ a$   
 using *cycle-free future-nodes.simps reachable-def* **by** *auto*

### 2.2.4 Past Nodes

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *past-nodes-not-refl*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows  $a \notin \text{past-nodes } G \ a$   
 using *cycle-free past-nodes.simps reachable-def* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *past-nodes-verts*:  
 shows  $\text{past-nodes } G \ a \subseteq \text{verts } G$   
 using *past-nodes.simps reachable1-in-verts* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *past-nodes-refl-ex*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows  $a \in \text{past-nodes-refl } G \ a$   
 using *past-nodes-refl.simps reachable-refl assms*  
**by** *simp*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *past-nodes-refl-verts*:  
 shows  $\text{past-nodes-refl } G \ a \subseteq \text{verts } G$   
 using *past-nodes.simps reachable-in-verts* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *finite-past: finite* ( $\text{past-nodes } G \ a$ )  
**by** (*metis finite-verts rev-finite-subset past-nodes-verts*)

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *future-nodes-verts*:  
 shows  $\text{future-nodes } G \ a \subseteq \text{verts } G$   
 using *future-nodes.simps reachable1-in-verts* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *finite-future: finite* ( $\text{future-nodes } G \ a$ )  
**by** (*metis finite-verts rev-finite-subset future-nodes-verts*)

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *past-future-dis[*simp*]*:  $\text{past-nodes } G \ a \cap \text{future-nodes } G \ a = \{\}$   
**proof** (*rule ccontr*)  
 assume  $\neg \text{past-nodes } G \ a \cap \text{future-nodes } G \ a = \{\}$   
 then show *False*  
 using *past-nodes.simps future-nodes.simps unidirectional reachable1-reachable*  
**by** *auto*  
**qed**

### 2.2.5 Reduce Past

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-arcs*:  
**shows** *arcs* (*reduce-past* *G a*)  $\subseteq$  *arcs* *G*  
**using** *induce-subgraph-arcs past-nodes.simps* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-arcs2*:  
 $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \implies e \in \text{arcs } G$   
**using** *reduce-past-arcs* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-induced-subgraph*:  
**shows** *induced-subgraph* (*reduce-past* *G a*) *G*  
**using** *induced-induce past-nodes-verts* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-path*:  
**assumes**  $u \rightarrow^+_{\text{reduce-past } G \ a} v$   
**shows**  $u \rightarrow^+_G v$   
**using** *assms*

**proof** *induct*

**case** *base* **then show** *?case*

**using** *dominates-induce-subgraphD r-into-trancl' reduce-past.simps*  
**by** *metis*

**next case** (*step* *u v*) **show** *?case*

**using** *dominates-induce-subgraphD reachable1-reachable-trans reachable-adjI*  
*reduce-past.simps step.hyps(2) step.hyps(3)* **by** *metis*

**qed**

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-path2*:

**assumes**  $u \rightarrow^+_G v$   
**and**  $u \in \text{past-nodes } G \ a$   
**and**  $v \in \text{past-nodes } G \ a$   
**shows**  $u \rightarrow^+_{\text{reduce-past } G \ a} v$   
**using** *assms*

**proof**(*induct* *u v*)

**case** (*r-into-trancl* *u v*)

**then obtain** *e* **where** *e-in*:  $\text{arc } e \ (u, v)$  **using** *arc-def DAG-axioms wf-digraph-def*  
**by** *auto*

**then have** *e-in2*:  $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$  **unfolding** *reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-arcs*

**using** *arcE r-into-trancl.prem(1) r-into-trancl.prem(2)* **by** *blast*

**then have** *arc-to-ends* (*reduce-past* *G a*)  $e = (u, v)$  **unfolding** *reduce-past.simps*

**using** *e-in*

*arcE arc-to-ends-def induce-subgraph-head induce-subgraph-tail*

**by** *metis*

**then have**  $u \rightarrow_{\text{reduce-past } G \ a} v$  **using** *e-in2 wf-digraph.dominatesI DAG-axioms*

**by** (*metis reduce-past.simps wellformed-induce-subgraph*)

**then show** *?case* **by** *auto*

```

next
case (tranc1-into-tranc1 a2 b c)
then have b-in:  $b \in \text{past-nodes } G \ a$  unfolding past-nodes.simps
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) adj-in-verts(1) mem-Collect-eq
    reachable1-reachable reachable1-reachable-trans)
then have a2-re-b:  $a2 \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ b$  using tranc1-into-tranc1 by auto
then obtain e where e-in:  $\text{arc } e \ (b,c)$  using tranc1-into-tranc1
  arc-def DAG-axioms wf-digraph-def by auto
then have e-in2:  $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$  unfolding reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-arcs
  using arcE tranc1-into-tranc1
  b-in by blast
then have arc-to-ends  $(\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \ e = (b,c)$  unfolding reduce-past.simps
using e-in
  arcE arc-to-ends-def induce-subgraph-head induce-subgraph-tail
  by metis
then have  $b \rightarrow \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ c$  using e-in2 wf-digraph.dominatesI DAG-axioms
  by (metis reduce-past.simps wellformed-induce-subgraph)
then show ?case using a2-re-b
  by (metis tranc1.tranc1-into-tranc1)
qed

```

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-pathr*:  
 assumes  $u \rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ v$   
 shows  $u \rightarrow^* G \ v$   
**by** (meson *assms induced-subgraph-altdef reachable-mono reduce-past-induced-subgraph*)

### 2.2.6 Reduce Past Reflexiv

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph*:  
 shows *induced-subgraph*  $(\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ G$   
**using** *induced-induce past-nodes-refl-verts* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-refl-arcs2*:  
 $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \implies e \in \text{arcs } G$   
**using** *reduce-past-arcs* **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reduce-past-refl-digraph*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows *digraph*  $(\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a)$   
**using** *digraphI-induced reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph reachable-mono* **by** *simp*

### 2.2.7 Reachability cases

**lemma** (in *DAG*) *reachable1-cases*:  
 obtains  $(nR) \neg a \rightarrow^+ b \wedge \neg b \rightarrow^+ a \wedge a \neq b$   
 | (one)  $a \rightarrow^+ b$   
 | (two)  $b \rightarrow^+ a$

```

| (eq) a = b
using reachable-neq-reachable1 DAG-axioms
by metis

lemma (in DAG) verts-comp:
  assumes x ∈ tips G
  shows verts G = {x} ∪ (anticone G x) ∪ (verts (reduce-past G x))
proof
  show verts G ⊆ {x} ∪ anticone G x ∪ verts (reduce-past G x)
  proof(rule subsetI)
    fix xa
    assume in-V: xa ∈ verts G
    then show xa ∈ {x} ∪ anticone G x ∪ verts (reduce-past G x)
    proof(cases x xa rule: reachable1-cases)
      case nR
      then show ?thesis using anticone.simps in-V by auto
    next
      case one
      then show ?thesis using reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-verts past-nodes.simps
in-V
      by auto
    next
      case two
      have is-tip G x using tips-tips assms(1) by simp
      then have False using tips-not-referenced two by auto
      then show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case eq
      then show ?thesis by auto
    qed
  qed
next
  show {x} ∪ anticone G x ∪ verts (reduce-past G x) ⊆ verts G using di-
graph.tips-in-verts
  digraph-axioms anticone-in-verts reduce-past-induced-subgraph induced-subgraph-def
  subgraph-def assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in DAG) verts-comp2:
  assumes x ∈ tips G
  and a ∈ verts G
  obtains a = x
  | a ∈ anticone G x
  | a ∈ past-nodes G x
  using assms
proof(cases a x rule:reachable1-cases)
  case one
  then show ?thesis

```

```

    by (metis assms(1) tips-not-referenced tips-tips)
next
  case two
  then show ?thesis using past-nodes.simps wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(2) wf-digraph-axioms
    mem-Collect-eq that(3)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
next
  case nR
  then show ?thesis using that(2) anticone.simps assms by auto
qed

lemma (in DAG) verts-comp-dis:
  shows  $\{x\} \cap (\text{anticone } G \ x) = \{\}$ 
    and  $\{x\} \cap (\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x)) = \{\}$ 
    and  $\text{anticone } G \ x \cap (\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x)) = \{\}$ 
proof(simp-all, simp add: cycle-free, safe) qed

lemma (in DAG) verts-size-comp:
  assumes  $x \in \text{tips } G$ 
  shows  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) = 1 + \text{card } (\text{anticone } G \ x) + \text{card } (\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x))$ 
proof -
  have f1: finite (verts G) using finite-verts by simp
  have f2: finite {x} by auto
  have f3: finite (anticone G x) using anticone.simps by auto
  have f4: finite (verts (reduce-past G x)) by auto
  have c1:  $\text{card } \{x\} + \text{card } (\text{anticone } G \ x) = \text{card } (\{x\} \cup (\text{anticone } G \ x))$  using
card-Un-disjoint
    verts-comp-dis by auto
  have  $(\{x\} \cup (\text{anticone } G \ x)) \cap \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x) = \{\}$  using verts-comp-dis
by auto
  then have  $\text{card } (\{x\} \cup (\text{anticone } G \ x) \cup \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x))$ 
    =  $\text{card } \{x\} + \text{card } (\text{anticone } G \ x) + \text{card } (\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x))$ 
    using card-Un-disjoint
  by (metis c1 f2 f3 f4 finite-UnI)
  moreover have  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) = \text{card } (\{x\} \cup (\text{anticone } G \ x) \cup \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ x))$ 
    using assms verts-comp by auto
  moreover have  $\text{card } \{x\} = 1$  by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms verts-comp
    by presburger
qed

end
theory TopSort
  imports DAGs Utils
begin

```

Function to sort a list  $L$  under a graph  $G$  such if  $a$  references  $b$ ,  $b$  precedes

$a$  in the list

```
fun top-insert:: ('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
  where top-insert G [] a = [a]
    | top-insert G (b # L) a = (if (b  $\rightarrow^+$  G a) then (a # (b # L)) else (b #
top-insert G L a))
```

```
fun top-sort:: ('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
  where top-sort G [] = []
    | top-sort G (a # L) = top-insert G (top-sort G L) a
```

### 2.2.8 Soundness of the topological sort algorithm

**lemma** top-insert-set: set (top-insert G L a) = set L  $\cup$  {a}

**proof**(induct L, simp-all, auto) **qed**

**lemma** top-sort-con: set (top-sort G L) = set L

**proof**(induct L)

case Nil

then show ?case by auto

next

case (Cons a L)

then show ?case using top-sort.simps(2) top-insert-set insert-is-Un list.simps(15)  
sup-commute

by (metis)

**qed**

**lemma** top-insert-len: length (top-insert G L a) = Suc (length L)

**proof**(induct L)

case Nil

then show ?case by auto

next

case (Cons a L)

then show ?case using top-insert.simps(2) by auto

**qed**

**lemma** top-sort-len: length (top-sort G L) = length L

**proof**(induct L, simp)

case (Cons a L)

then have length (a # L) = Suc (length L) by auto

then show ?case using

top-insert-len top-sort.simps(2) Cons

by (simp add: top-insert-len)

**qed**

**lemma** top-insert-mono:

assumes  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } ls$

shows  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{top-insert } G \text{ } ls \text{ } l)$

using assms



```

proof(induct ls, simp)
  case (Cons a ls)
  consider (rec)  $a \rightarrow^+_G l \mid (nrec) \neg a \rightarrow^+_G l$  by auto
  then show ?case
  proof(cases)
    case rec
    then have sinse: (top-insert G (a # ls) l) = l # a # ls
      unfolding top-insert.simps by simp
    show ?thesis unfolding sinse list-to-rel.simps using Cons
      by auto
    next
    case nrec
    then have sinse: (top-insert G (a # ls) l) = a # top-insert G ls l
      unfolding top-insert.simps by simp
    consider (ya)  $y = a \mid (yan) (y, x) \in list-to-rel\ ls$  using Cons by auto
    then show ?thesis proof(cases)
      case ya
      then show ?thesis unfolding sinse list-to-rel.simps
        by (metis Cons.premis SigmaI UnI1 top-insert-set insertCI list-to-rel-in sinse)
      case yan
      then show ?thesis using Cons unfolding sinse list-to-rel.simps by auto
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma top-sort-mono:
  assumes  $(y, x) \in list-to-rel (top-sort\ G\ ls)$ 
  shows  $(y, x) \in list-to-rel (top-sort\ G\ (l \# ls))$ 
  using assms
  by (simp add: top-insert-mono)

fun (in DAG) top-sorted :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  top-sorted [] = True |
  top-sorted ( $x \# ys$ ) = ( $(\forall y \in set\ ys. \neg x \rightarrow^+_G y) \wedge top-sorted\ ys$ )

lemma (in DAG) top-sorted-sub:
  assumes  $S = drop\ k\ L$ 
  and top-sorted L
  shows top-sorted S
  using assms
proof(induct k arbitrary: L S)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc k)

```

```

    then show ?case unfolding drop-Suc using top-sorted.simps
    by (metis Suc.premis(1) drop-Nil list.sel(3) top-sorted.elims(2))
qed

```

```

lemma top-insert-part-ord:
  assumes DAG G
  and DAG.top-sorted G L
  shows DAG.top-sorted G (top-insert G L a)
  using assms
proof(induct L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: DAG.top-sorted.simps)
next
  case (Cons b list)
  consider (re)  $b \rightarrow^+_G a \mid (nre) \neg b \rightarrow^+_G a$  by auto
  then show ?case proof(cases)
    case re
    have  $(\forall y \in \text{set } (b \# \text{list}). \neg a \rightarrow^+_G y)$ 
    proof(rule ccontr)
      assume  $\neg (\forall y \in \text{set } (b \# \text{list}). \neg a \rightarrow^+_G y)$ 
      then obtain wit where wit-in:  $wit \in \text{set } (b \# \text{list}) \wedge a \rightarrow^+_G wit$  by auto
      then have  $b \rightarrow^+_G wit$  using re
      by auto
      then have  $\neg \text{DAG.top-sorted } G \ (b \# \text{list})$ 
      using wit-in using DAG.top-sorted.simps(2) Cons(2)
      by (metis DAG.cycle-free set-ConsD)
      then show False using Cons by auto
    qed
    then show ?thesis using assms(1) DAG.top-sorted.simps Cons
    by (simp add: DAG.top-sorted.simps(2) re)
  next
    case nre
    have DAG.top-sorted G list using Cons(2,3)
    by (metis DAG.top-sorted.simps(2))
    then have DAG.top-sorted G (top-insert G list a)
    using Cons(1,2) by auto
    moreover have  $(\forall y \in \text{set } (\text{top-insert } G \text{ list } a). \neg b \rightarrow^+_G y)$  using top-insert-set
    Cons DAG.top-sorted.simps(2) nre
    by (metis Un-iff empty-iff empty-set list.simps(15) set-ConsD)
    ultimately show ?thesis using Cons(2)
    by (simp add: DAG.top-sorted.simps(2) nre)
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma top-sort-sorted:

```

```

    assumes DAG G
    shows DAG.top-sorted G (top-sort G L)
    using assms
  proof(induct L)
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: DAG.top-sorted.simps(1))
    case (Cons a L)
    then show ?case unfolding top-sort.simps using top-insert-part-ord by auto
  qed

lemma top-sorted-rel:
  assumes DAG G
  and  $y \rightarrow^+_G x$ 
  and  $x \in \text{set } L$ 
  and  $y \in \text{set } L$ 
  and DAG.top-sorted G L
  shows  $(x,y) \in \text{list-to-rel } L$ 
  using assms
  proof(induct L, simp)
    have une:  $x \neq y$  using assms
    by (metis DAG.cycle-free)
    case (Cons a L)
    then consider  $x = a \wedge y \in \text{set } (a \# L) \mid y = a \wedge x \in \text{set } L \mid x \in \text{set } L \wedge y \in$ 
    set L
    using une by auto
    then show ?case proof(cases)
      case 1
      then show ?thesis unfolding list-to-rel.simps by auto
    next
      case 2
      then have  $\neg \text{DAG.top-sorted } G (a \# L)$ 
      using assms DAG.top-sorted.simps(2)
      by fastforce
      then show ?thesis using Cons by auto
    next
      case 3
      then show ?thesis unfolding list-to-rel.simps using Cons DAG.top-sorted.simps(2)
    Un-iff
    by metis
  qed
qed

lemma top-sort-rel:
  assumes DAG G
  and  $y \rightarrow^+_G x$ 
  and  $x \in \text{set } L$ 
  and  $y \in \text{set } L$ 
  shows  $(x,y) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{top-sort } G L)$ 

```

```

    using assms top-sort-sorted top-sorted-rel top-sort-con
    by metis

```

```

end

```

```

theory blockDAG
  imports DAGs DigraphUtils
begin

```

### 3 blockDAGs

```

locale blockDAG = DAG +
  assumes genesis:  $\exists p \in \text{verts } G. \forall r. r \in \text{verts } G \longrightarrow (r \rightarrow^+_G p \vee r = p)$ 
  and only-new:  $\forall e. (u \rightarrow^+_{(\text{del-arc } e)} v) \longrightarrow \neg \text{arc } e (u, v)$ 
begin

```

```

lemma bD: blockDAG G using blockDAG-axioms by simp

```

```

end

```

#### 3.1 Functions and Definitions

```

fun (in blockDAG) is-genesis-node :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  is-genesis-node v =  $((v \in \text{verts } G) \wedge (\text{ALL } x. (x \in \text{verts } G) \longrightarrow x \rightarrow^*_G v))$ 

```

```

definition (in blockDAG) genesis-node:: 'a
  where genesis-node =  $(\text{THE } x. \text{is-genesis-node } x)$ 

```

#### 3.2 Lemmas

```

lemma subs:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows DAG G  $\wedge$  digraph G  $\wedge$  fin-digraph G  $\wedge$  wf-digraph G
  using assms blockDAG-def DAG-def digraph-def fin-digraph-def by blast

```

##### 3.2.1 Genesis

```

lemma (in blockDAG) genesisAlt :
   $(\text{is-genesis-node } a) \longleftrightarrow ((a \in \text{verts } G) \wedge (\forall r. (r \in \text{verts } G) \longrightarrow r \rightarrow^*_G a))$ 
  by simp

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) genesis-existAlt:
   $\exists a. \text{is-genesis-node } a$ 
  using genesis genesisAlt
  by (metis reachable1-reachable reachable-refl)

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) unique-genesis: is-genesis-node a  $\wedge$  is-genesis-node b  $\longrightarrow a = b$ 

```

```

using genesisAlt reachable-trans cycle-free
    reachable-refl reachable-reachable1-trans reachable-neq-reachable1
by (metis (full-types))

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) genesis-unique-exists:
   $\exists! a. \text{is-genesis-node } a$ 
using genesis-existAlt unique-genesis by auto

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) genesis-in-verts:
  genesis-node  $\in$  verts  $G$ 
using is-genesis-node.simps genesis-node-def genesis-existAlt the1I2 genesis-unique-exists
by metis

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) genesis-reaches-nothing:
  assumes  $a \rightarrow^+ b$ 
  shows  $\neg \text{is-genesis-node } a$ 
using is-genesis-node.simps genesis-node-def genesis-existAlt cycle-free
    reachable1-reachable-trans assms reachable1-in-verts(2)
by (metis)

```

### 3.2.2 Tips

```

lemma (in blockDAG) tips-exist:
   $\exists x. \text{is-tip } G \ x$ 
  unfolding is-tip.simps
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\nexists x. x \in \text{verts } G \wedge (\forall xa \in \text{verts } G. (xa, x) \notin (\text{arcs-ends } G)^+)$ 
  then have contr:  $\forall x. x \in \text{verts } G \longrightarrow (\exists y. y \rightarrow^+ x)$ 
    by auto
  have  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subseteq \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
    using Collect-mono transcl-trans
    by metis
  then have sub:  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subset \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
    using cycle-free by auto
  have part:  $\forall x. \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subseteq \text{verts } G$ 
    using reachable1-in-verts by auto
  then have fin:  $\forall x. \text{finite } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
    using finite-verts finite-subset
    by metis
  then have trans:  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} < \text{card } \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
    using sub psubset-card-mono by metis
  then have inf:  $\forall y \in \text{verts } G. \exists x. \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} > \text{card } \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
    using fin contr genesis
    reachable1-in-verts(1)
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  have all:  $\forall k. \exists x \in \text{verts } G. \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} > k$ 
proof
  fix  $k$ 
  show  $\exists x \in \text{verts } G. k < \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 

```

```

proof(induct k)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    using inf neq0-conv
    by (metis contr genesis-in-verts local.trans reachable1-in-verts(1))
  next
  case (Suc k)
  then show ?case
    using Suc-lessI inf
    by (metis contr local.trans reachable1-in-verts(1))
  qed
qed
then have less:  $\exists x \in \text{verts } G. \text{card } (\text{verts } G) < \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\}$  by simp
also
have  $\forall x. \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \leq \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$ 
  using fin part finite-verts not-le
  by (simp add: card-mono)
then show False
  using less not-le by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) tips-not-empty:
  shows tips G  $\neq \{\}$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume as1:  $\neg \text{tips } G \neq \{\}$ 
  obtain t where t-in: is-tip G t using tips-exist by auto
  then have t-inV:  $t \in \text{verts } G$  by auto
  then have  $t \in \text{tips } G$  using tips-def CollectI t-in by metis
  then show False using as1 by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) reached-by:
  assumes  $v \notin \text{tips } G$ 
  and  $v \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $\exists t \in \text{tips } G. t \rightarrow^+ v$ 
  using assms
  unfolding tips-def is-tip.simps
  by auto

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) reached-by-tip:
  assumes  $v \notin \text{tips } G$ 
  and  $v \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $\exists t \in \text{tips } G. t \rightarrow^+ v$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume as1:  $\neg (\exists t \in \text{tips } G. t \rightarrow^+ v)$ 
  then have  $\forall w. w \rightarrow^+ v \longrightarrow \neg \text{is-tip } G w$ 
  unfolding tips-def using reachable1-in-verts(1) CollectI
  by blast

```

```

then have contr:  $\forall w. w \rightarrow^+ v \longrightarrow (\exists y. y \rightarrow^+ w \wedge y \rightarrow^+ v)$ 
  using as1 reachable1-in-verts(1) reached-by trancl-trans
  by metis
have  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subseteq \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
  using Collect-mono trancl-trans
  by metis
then have sub:  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subset \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
  using cycle-free by auto
have part:  $\forall x. \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \subseteq \text{verts } G$ 
  using reachable1-in-verts by auto
then have fin:  $\forall x. \text{finite } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
  using finite-verts finite-subset
  by metis
then have trans:  $\forall x y. y \rightarrow^+ x \longrightarrow \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} < \text{card } \{z. y \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
  using sub psubset-card-mono by metis
then have inf:  $\forall w. w \rightarrow^+ v \longrightarrow (\exists x. x \rightarrow^+ v \wedge \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} > \text{card } \{z. w \rightarrow^+ z\})$ 
  using fin contr genesis
  reachable1-in-verts(1)
  by metis
have all:  $\forall k. \exists w \in \text{verts } G. w \rightarrow^+ v \wedge \text{card } \{z. w \rightarrow^+ z\} > k$ 
proof
  fix k
  show  $\exists w \in \text{verts } G. w \rightarrow^+ v \wedge \text{card } \{z. w \rightarrow^+ z\} > k$ 
  proof(induct k )
    case 0
    then show ?case
      using inf neq0-conv assms(1) assms(2) local.trans reached-by contr
      by (metis less-nat-zero-code)
    next
    case (Suc k)
    then show ?case
      using Suc-lessI inf reachable1-in-verts(1)
      by (metis)
    qed
  qed
then have less:  $\exists x \in \text{verts } G. \text{card } (\text{verts } G) < \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\}$ 
  by blast
also
have  $\forall x. \text{card } \{z. x \rightarrow^+ z\} \leq \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$ 
  using fin part finite-verts not-le
  by (simp add: card-mono)
then show False
  using less not-le by auto
qed

lemma (in blockDAG) tips-unequal-gen:
  assumes card( verts G) > 1
  and is-tip G p

```

```

shows  $\neg$  is-genesis-node p
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume as:  $\neg \neg$  is-genesis-node p
  have b1:  $1 < \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$  using assms by linarith
  then have  $0 < \text{card } ((\text{verts } G) - \{p\})$  using card-Suc-Diff1 as finite-verts b1
by auto
  then have  $((\text{verts } G) - \{p\}) \neq \{\}$  using card-gt-0-iff by blast
  then obtain y where y-def:  $y \in (\text{verts } G) - \{p\}$  by auto
  then have uneq:  $y \neq p$  by auto
  then have reachable1 G y p using is-genesis-node.simps as
    reachable-neq-reachable1 Diff-iff y-def
  by metis
  then have  $\neg$  is-tip G p
    by (meson is-tip.elims(2) reachable1-in-verts(1))
  then show False using assms by simp
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) tips-unequal-gen-exist:
  assumes card(verts G) > 1
  shows  $\exists p. p \in \text{verts } G \wedge \text{is-tip } G p \wedge \neg \text{is-genesis-node } p$ 
proof -
  have b1:  $1 < \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$  using assms by linarith
  obtain x where x-in:  $x \in (\text{verts } G) \wedge \text{is-genesis-node } x$ 
    using genesis genesisAlt genesis-node-def by blast
  then have  $0 < \text{card } ((\text{verts } G) - \{x\})$  using card-Suc-Diff1 x-in finite-verts b1
by auto
  then have  $((\text{verts } G) - \{x\}) \neq \{\}$  using card-gt-0-iff by blast
  then obtain y where y-def:  $y \in (\text{verts } G) - \{x\}$  by auto
  then have uneq:  $y \neq x$  by auto
  have y-in:  $y \in (\text{verts } G)$  using y-def by simp
  then have reachable1 G y x using is-genesis-node.simps x-in
    reachable-neq-reachable1 uneq by simp
  then have  $\neg$  is-tip G x
    by (meson is-tip.elims(2) y-in)
  then obtain z where z-def:  $z \in (\text{verts } G) - \{x\} \wedge \text{is-tip } G z$  using tips-exist
    is-tip.simps by auto
  then have uneq:  $z \neq x$  by auto
  have z-in:  $z \in \text{verts } G$  using z-def by simp
  have  $\neg$  is-genesis-node z
  proof (rule ccontr, safe)
    assume is-genesis-node z
    then have  $x = z$  using unique-genesis x-in by auto
    then show False using uneq by simp
  qed
  then show ?thesis using z-def by auto
qed

```



```

lemma (in blockDAG) del-tips-bDAG:
  assumes is-tip G t
    and ¬is-genesis-node t
  shows blockDAG (del-vert t)
  unfolding blockDAG-def blockDAG-axioms-def
proof safe
  show DAG(del-vert t)
    using del-tips-dag assms by simp
next
  fix u v e
  assume wf-digraph.arc (del-vert t) e (u, v)
  then have arc: arc e (u,v) using del-vert-simps wf-digraph.arc-def arc-def
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) mem-Collect-eq wf-digraph-del-vert)
  assume u →+ pre-digraph.del-arc (del-vert t) e v
  then have path: u →+ del-arc e v
    using del-arc-subgraph subgraph-del-vert digraph-axioms
      digraph-subgraph
    by (metis arcs-ends-mono trancl-mono)
  show False using arc path only-new by simp
next
  obtain g where gen: is-genesis-node g using genesisAlt genesis by auto
  then have genp: g ∈ verts (del-vert t)
    using assms(2) genesis del-vert-simps by auto
  have (∀ r. r ∈ verts (del-vert t) ⟶ r →* del-vert t g)
proof safe
  fix r
  assume in-del: r ∈ verts (del-vert t)
  then obtain p where path: awalk r p g
    using reachable-awalk is-genesis-node.simps del-vert-simps gen by auto
  have no-head: t ∉ (set (map (λs. (head G s)) p))
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ t ∉ (set (map (λs. (head G s)) p))
  then have as: t ∈ (set (map (λs. (head G s)) p))
    by auto
  then obtain e where tl: t = (head G e) ∧ e ∈ arcs G
    using wf-digraph-def awalk-def path by auto
  then obtain u where hd: u = (tail G e) ∧ u ∈ verts G
    using wf-digraph-def tl by auto
  have t ∈ verts G
    using assms(1) is-tip.simps by auto
  then have arc-to-ends G e = (u, t) using tl
    by (simp add: arc-to-ends-def hd)
  then have reachable1 G u t
    using dominatesI tl by blast
  then show False
    using is-tip.simps assms(1)
      hd by auto
qed
  have neither: r ≠ t ∧ g ≠ t

```

```

    using del-vert-def assms(2) gen in-del by auto
  have no-tail:  $t \notin \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{tail } G) p)$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume as2:  $\neg t \notin \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{tail } G) p)$ 
  then have tl2:  $t \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{tail } G) p)$  by auto
  then have  $t \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{head } G) p)$ 
  proof (induct rule: cas.induct)
    case (1 u v)
    then have  $v \notin \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{tail } G) [])$  by auto
    then show  $v \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{tail } G) []) \implies v \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{head } G) [])$ 
      by auto
  next
    case (2 u e es v)
    then show ?case
      using set-awalk-verts-not-Nil-cas neither awalk-def cas.simps(2) path
      by (metis UnCI tl2 awalk-verts-conv'
        cas-simp list.simps(8) no-head set-ConsD)
  qed
  then show False using no-head by auto
qed
have pre-digraph.awalk (del-vert t) r p g
  unfolding pre-digraph.awalk-def
proof safe
  show  $r \in \text{verts } (\text{del-vert } t)$  using in-del by simp
next
  fix x
  assume as3:  $x \in \text{set } p$ 
  then have ht:  $\text{head } G \ x \neq t \wedge \text{tail } G \ x \neq t$ 
    using no-head no-tail by auto
  have  $x \in \text{arcs } G$ 
    using awalk-def path subsetD as3 by auto
  then show  $x \in \text{arcs } (\text{del-vert } t)$  using del-vert-simps(2) ht by auto
next
  have pre-digraph.cas G r p g using path by auto
  then show pre-digraph.cas (del-vert t) r p g
  proof(induct p arbitrary:r)
    case Nil
    then have  $r = g$  using awalk-def cas.simps by auto
    then show ?case using pre-digraph.cas.simps(1)
      by (metis)
  next
    case (Cons a p)
    assume pre:  $\bigwedge r. (\text{cas } r \ p \ g \implies \text{pre-digraph.cas } (\text{del-vert } t) \ r \ p \ g)$ 
      and one:  $\text{cas } r \ (a \ \# \ p) \ g$ 
    then have two:  $\text{cas } (\text{head } G \ a) \ p \ g$ 
      using awalk-def by auto
    then have t:  $\text{tail } (\text{del-vert } t) \ a = r$ 
      using one cas.simps awalk-def del-vert-simps(3) by auto
    then show ?case

```

```

    unfolding pre-digraph.cas.simps(2) t
    using pre two del-vert-simps(4) by auto
  qed
  then show  $r \rightarrow^*_{\text{del-vert } t} g$  by (meson wf-digraph.reachable-awalkI
    del-tips-dag assms(1) DAG-def digraph-def fin-digraph-def)
  qed
  then show  $\exists p \in \text{verts } (\text{del-vert } t) .$ 
    ( $\forall r. r \in \text{verts } (\text{del-vert } t) \longrightarrow (r \rightarrow^+_{\text{del-vert } t} p \vee r = p)$ )
    using gen genp
    by (metis reachable-rtrancI rtrancID)
  qed

```

lemma (in blockDAG) tips-cases [consumes 2, case-names ma past nma]:

```

  assumes  $p \in \text{tips } G$ 
  and  $x \in \text{verts } G$ 
  obtains (ma)  $x = p$ 
  | (past)  $x \in \text{past-nodes } G p$ 
  | (nma)  $x \in \text{anticone } G p$ 
  proof -
    consider (eq)  $x = p$  | (neg)  $\neg x = p$  by auto
    then show ?thesis
    proof (cases)
      case eq
      then show thesis using eq ma by simp
    next
      case neg
      consider (in-p)  $x \in \text{past-nodes } G p$  | (nin-p)  $x \notin \text{past-nodes } G p$  by auto
      then show ?thesis
      proof (cases)
        case in-p
        then show thesis using past by auto
      next
        case nin-p
        then have nn:  $\neg p \rightarrow^+_{\text{del-vert } t} x$  using nin-p past-nodes.simps assms(2) by auto
        have  $\neg x \rightarrow^+_{\text{del-vert } t} p$  using is-tip.simps assms tips-def CollectD by metis
        then have  $x \in \text{anticone } G p$  using anticone.simps neg nn assms(2) by auto
        then show thesis using nma by auto
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

### 3.3 Future Nodes

lemma (in blockDAG) future-nodes-ex:

```

  assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $a \notin \text{future-nodes } G a$ 
  using cycle-free future-nodes.simps reachable-def by auto

```

### 3.3.1 Reduce Past

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-not-empty*:

assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 and  $\neg \text{is-genesis-node } a$   
 shows  $(\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)) \neq \{\}$   
**proof** –  
 obtain  $g$   
 where  $\text{gen: is-genesis-node } g$  **using** *genesis-existAlt* **by** *auto*  
 have  $ex: g \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$  **using** *reduce-past.simps past-nodes.simps*  
*genesisAlt reachable-neq-reachable1 reachable-reachable1-trans gen assms(1)*  
*assms(2)* **by** *auto*  
 then show  $(\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)) \neq \{\}$  **using**  $ex$  **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-less*:

assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows  $\text{card } (\text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)) < \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$   
**proof** –  
 have  $\text{past-nodes } G \ a \subset \text{verts } G$   
**using** *assms(1) past-nodes-not-refl past-nodes-verts* **by** *blast*  
 then show *?thesis*  
**by** (*simp add: psubset-card-mono*)  
**qed**

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-dagbased*:

assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 and  $\neg \text{is-genesis-node } a$   
 shows *blockDAG*  $(\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$   
 unfolding *blockDAG-def DAG-def blockDAG-def*  
**proof** *safe*  
 show *digraph*  $(\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$   
**using** *digraphI-induced reduce-past-induced-subgraph* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
 show *DAG-axioms*  $(\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$   
 unfolding *DAG-axioms-def*  
**using** *cycle-free reduce-past-path* **by** *metis*  
**next**  
 show *blockDAG-axioms*  $(\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$   
 unfolding *blockDAG-axioms-def*  
**proof** *safe*  
 fix  $u \ v \ e$   
 assume  $\text{arc: wf-digraph.arc } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \ e \ (u, v)$   
 then show  $u \rightarrow^+ \text{pre-digraph.del-arc } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \ e \ v \implies \text{False}$

```

proof –
  assume  $e$ -in: (wf-digraph.arc (reduce-past G a) e (u, v))
  then have (wf-digraph.arc G e (u, v))
    using assms reduce-past-arcs2 induced-subgraph-def arc-def
  proof –
    have wf-digraph (reduce-past G a)
  using reduce-past.simps subgraph-def subgraph-refl wf-digraph.wellformed-induce-subgraph
    by metis
  then have  $e \in \text{arcs (reduce-past G a)} \wedge \text{tail (reduce-past G a) } e = u$ 
     $\wedge \text{head (reduce-past G a) } e = v$ 
    using arc wf-digraph.arcE
    by metis
  then show ?thesis
    using arc-def reduce-past.simps by auto
qed
then have  $\neg u \rightarrow^+ \text{del-arc } e \ v$ 
  using only-new by auto
then show  $u \rightarrow^+ \text{pre-digraph.del-arc (reduce-past G a) } e \ v \implies \text{False}$ 
  using DAG.past-nodes-verts reduce-past.simps blockDAG-axioms subs
    del-arc-subgraph digraph.digraph-subgraph digraph-axioms
    subgraph-induce-subgraphI
  by (metis arcs-ends-mono trancl-mono)
qed
next
  obtain  $p$  where gen: is-genesis-node p using genesis-existAlt by auto
  have  $pe: p \in \text{verts (reduce-past G a)} \wedge (\forall r. r \in \text{verts (reduce-past G a)} \longrightarrow r$ 
 $\rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past G a } p)$ 
  proof
    show  $p \in \text{verts (reduce-past G a)}$  using genesisAlt induce-reachable-preserves-paths
    reduce-past.simps past-nodes.simps reachable1-reachable induce-subgraph-verts
    assms(1)
    assms(2) gen mem-Collect-eq reachable-neq-reachable1
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
  next
  show  $\forall r. r \in \text{verts (reduce-past G a)} \longrightarrow r \rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past G a } p$ 
  proof safe
    fix  $r \ a$ 
    assume in-past: r ∈ verts (reduce-past G a)
    then have con: r →* p using gen genesisAlt past-nodes-verts by auto
    then show  $r \rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past G a } p$ 
    proof –
      have  $f1: r \in \text{verts } G \wedge a \rightarrow^+ r$ 
      using in-past past-nodes-verts by force
      obtain  $aaa :: 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a$  where
         $f2: \forall x0 \ x1. (\exists v2. v2 \in x1 \wedge v2 \notin x0) = (aaa \ x0 \ x1 \in x1 \wedge aaa \ x0 \ x1 \notin$ 
 $x0)$ 
      by moura
      have  $r \rightarrow^* aaa \ (\text{past-nodes } G \ a) \ (\text{Collect (reachable } G \ r))$ 

```

```

       $\longrightarrow a \rightarrow^+ \text{aaa } (\text{past-nodes } G \ a) \ (\text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G \ r))$ 
    using f1 by (meson reachable1-reachable-trans)
    then have  $\text{aaa } (\text{past-nodes } G \ a) \ (\text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G \ r)) \notin \text{Collect}$ 
       $(\text{reachable } G \ r)$ 
       $\vee \text{aaa } (\text{past-nodes } G \ a) \ (\text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G \ r)) \in \text{past-nodes}$ 
    G a
    by (simp add: reachable-in-verts(2))
    then have  $\text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G \ r) \subseteq \text{past-nodes } G \ a$ 
    using f2 by (metis subsetI)
    then show ?thesis
    using con induce-reachable-preserves-paths reachable-induce-ss re-
duce-past.simps
    by (metis (no-types))
  qed
qed
qed
show
   $\exists p \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a). (\forall r. r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$ 
     $\longrightarrow (r \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ p \vee r = p))$ 
  using pe
  by (metis reachable-rtranclI rtranclD)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) reduce-past-gen:
  assumes  $\neg \text{is-genesis-node } a$ 
  and  $a \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $\text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } G \ b \implies \text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } (\text{reduce-past}$ 
     $G \ a) \ b$ 
  proof -
    assume gen:  $\text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } G \ b$ 
    have une:  $b \neq a$  using gen assms(1) genesis-unique-exists by auto
    have  $a \rightarrow^* b$  using gen assms(2) by simp
    then have  $a \rightarrow^+ b$ 
      using reachable-neq-reachable1 is-genesis-node.simps assms(2) une by auto
    then have  $b \in (\text{past-nodes } G \ a)$  using past-nodes.simps gen by auto
    then have inv:  $b \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$  using reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-verts

    by auto
  have  $\forall r. r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \longrightarrow r \rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ b$ 
  proof safe
    fix r a
    assume in-past:  $r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a)$ 
    then have con:  $r \rightarrow^* b$  using gen genesisAlt past-nodes-verts by auto
    then show  $r \rightarrow^* \text{reduce-past } G \ a \ b$ 
    proof -
      have f1:  $r \in \text{verts } G \wedge a \rightarrow^+ r$ 

```

```

    using in-past past-nodes-verts by force
  obtain aaa :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
    f2:  $\forall x0\ x1. (\exists v2. v2 \in x1 \wedge v2 \notin x0) = (aaa\ x0\ x1 \in x1 \wedge aaa\ x0\ x1 \notin x0)$ 
    by moura
  have  $r \rightarrow^* aaa\ (past-nodes\ G\ a)\ (Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r))$ 
     $\rightarrow a \rightarrow^+ aaa\ (past-nodes\ G\ a)\ (Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r))$ 
    using f1 by (meson reachable1-reachable-trans)
  then have  $aaa\ (past-nodes\ G\ a)\ (Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r)) \notin Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r)$ 
     $\vee aaa\ (past-nodes\ G\ a)\ (Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r)) \in past-nodes\ G\ a$ 
    by (simp add: reachable-in-verts(2))
  then have  $Collect\ (reachable\ G\ r) \subseteq past-nodes\ G\ a$ 
    using f2 by (meson subsetI)
  then show ?thesis
    using con induce-reachable-preserves-paths reachable-induce-ss reduce-past.simps
    by (metis (no-types))
qed
qed
then show  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ b$  using inv is-genesis-node.simps
  by (metis assms(1) assms(2) blockDAG.is-genesis-node.elims(3)
    reduce-past-dagbased)
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) reduce-past-gen-rev:
  assumes  $\neg is-genesis-node\ a$ 
  and  $a \in verts\ G$ 
  shows  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ b \implies blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ G\ b$ 
proof -
  assume as1:  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ b$ 
  have bD:  $blockDAG\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)$  using assms reduce-past-dagbased blockDAG-axioms
  by simp
  obtain gen where is-gen:  $is-genesis-node\ gen$  using genesis-unique-exists by
  auto
  then have  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ gen$  using reduce-past-gen
  assms by auto
  then have  $gen = b$  using as1 blockDAG.unique-genesis bD by metis
  then show  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ b \implies blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ G\ b$ 
    using is-gen by auto
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) reduce-past-gen-eq:
  assumes  $\neg is-genesis-node\ a$ 
  and  $a \in verts\ G$ 
  shows  $blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ (reduce-past\ G\ a)\ b = blockDAG.is-genesis-node\ G\ b$ 

```

using *reduce-past-gen reduce-past-gen-rev assms assms* by *metis*

### 3.3.2 Reduce Past Reflexiv

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph*:  
 shows *induced-subgraph* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*) *G*  
 using *induced-induce past-nodes-refl-verts* by *auto*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-refl-arcs2*:  
 $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \implies e \in \text{arcs } G$   
 using *reduce-past-arcs* by *auto*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-refl-digraph*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows *digraph* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)  
 using *digraphI-induced reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph reachable-mono* by *simp*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *reduce-past-refl-dagbased*:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
 shows *blockDAG* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)  
 unfolding *blockDAG-def DAG-def*

**proof** *safe*  
 show *digraph* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)  
 using *reduce-past-refl-digraph assms(1)* by *simp*

**next**  
 show *DAG-axioms* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)  
 unfolding *DAG-axioms-def*  
 using *cycle-free reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph reachable-mono*  
 by (*meson arcs-ends-mono induced-subgraph-altdef trancl-mono*)

**next**  
 show *blockDAG-axioms* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)  
 unfolding *blockDAG-axioms*

**proof**

fix *u v*

show  $\forall e. u \rightarrow^+ \text{pre-digraph.del-arc } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e \ v$   
 $\longrightarrow \neg \text{wf-digraph.arc } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e \ (u, v)$

**proof** *safe*

fix *e*

assume *a*:  $\text{wf-digraph.arc } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e \ (u, v)$   
 and *b*:  $u \rightarrow^+ \text{pre-digraph.del-arc } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e \ v$

have *edge*:  $\text{wf-digraph.arc } G \ e \ (u, v)$

using *assms reduce-past-arcs2 induced-subgraph-def arc-def*

**proof** –

have *wf-digraph* (*reduce-past-refl* *G a*)

using *reduce-past-refl-digraph digraph-def* by *auto*

then have  $e \in \text{arcs } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \wedge \text{tail } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e = u$   
 $\wedge \text{head } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a) \ e = v$

using *wf-digraph.arcE arc-def a*

by (*metis* (*no-types*))



```

    then show  $\text{arc } e (u, v)$ 
      using  $\text{arc-def reduce-past-refl.simps}$  by auto
  qed
  have  $u \rightarrow^+ \text{pre-digraph.del-arc } G e v$ 
    using  $a b \text{ reduce-past-refl-digraph del-arc-subgraph digraph-axioms}$ 
       $\text{digraphI-induced past-nodes-refl-verts reduce-past-refl.simps}$ 
       $\text{reduce-past-refl-induced-subgraph subgraph-induce-subgraphI arcs-ends-mono}$ 
    trans-mono
    by metis
  then show False
    using  $\text{edge only-new}$  by simp
  qed
next
  obtain  $p$  where  $\text{gen: is-genesis-node } p$  using  $\text{genesis-existAlt}$  by auto
  have  $\text{pe: } p \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G a)$ 
    using  $\text{genesisAlt induce-reachable-preserves-paths}$ 
       $\text{reduce-past.simps past-nodes.simps reachable1-reachable induce-subgraph-verts}$ 
       $\text{gen mem-Collect-eq reachable-neq-reachable1}$ 
    assms by force
  have  $\text{reaches: } (\forall r. r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G a) \longrightarrow$ 
     $(r \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past-refl } G a p \vee r = p))$ 
  proof safe
    fix  $r$ 
    assume  $\text{in-past: } r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G a)$ 
    assume  $\text{une: } r \neq p$ 
    then have  $\text{con: } r \rightarrow^* p$  using  $\text{gen genesisAlt reachable-in-verts}$ 
       $\text{reachable1-reachable}$ 
    by ( $\text{metis in-past induce-subgraph-verts}$ 
       $\text{past-nodes-refl-verts reduce-past-refl.simps subsetD}$ )
    have  $a \rightarrow^* r$  using  $\text{in-past}$  by auto
    then have  $\text{reach: } r \rightarrow^* G \upharpoonright \{w. a \rightarrow^* w\} p$ 
  proof(induction)
    case base
    then show ?case
      using  $\text{con induce-reachable-preserves-paths}$ 
      by ( $\text{metis}$ )
  next
    case ( $\text{step } x y$ )
    then show ?case
  proof –
    have  $\text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G y) \subseteq \text{Collect } (\text{reachable } G x)$ 
      using  $\text{adj-reachable-trans step.hyps(1)}$  by force
    then show ?thesis
      using  $\text{reachable-induce-ss step.IH reachable-neq-reachable1}$ 
      by metis
  qed
  qed
  then show  $r \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past-refl } G a p$  unfolding  $\text{reduce-past-refl.simps}$ 
     $\text{past-nodes-refl.simps}$  using  $\text{reachable-in-verts une wf-digraph.reachable-neq-reachable1}$ 

```

```

    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong wellformed-induce-subgraph)
  qed
  then show  $\exists p \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a).$  ( $\forall r. r \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a)$ 
 $\longrightarrow (r \rightarrow^+_{\text{reduce-past-refl } G \ a} p \vee r = p)$ ) unfolding blockDAG-axioms-def
    using pe reaches by auto
  qed
qed

```

### 3.3.3 Genesis Graph

**definition** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-graph::('a,'b) pre-digraph where*  
*gen-graph = induce-subgraph G {blockDAG.genesis-node G}*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-gen :verts (gen-graph) = {genesis-node}*  
**unfolding** *genesis-node-def gen-graph-def* **by** *simp*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-graph-one: card (verts gen-graph) = 1* **using** *gen-gen*  
**by** *simp*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-graph-digraph:*  
*digraph gen-graph*  
**using** *digraphI-induced induced-induce gen-graph-def*  
*genesis-in-verts* **by** *simp*

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-graph-empty-arcs:*  
*arcs gen-graph = {}*  
**proof**(*rule ccontr*)  
**assume**  $\neg \text{arcs gen-graph} = \{\}$   
**then have** *ex:  $\exists a. a \in (\text{arcs gen-graph})$*   
**by** *blast*  
**also have**  $\forall a. a \in (\text{arcs gen-graph}) \longrightarrow \text{tail } G \ a = \text{head } G \ a$   
**proof** *safe*  
**fix** *a*  
**assume**  $a \in \text{arcs gen-graph}$   
**then show**  $\text{tail } G \ a = \text{head } G \ a$   
**using** *digraph-def induced-subgraph-def induce-subgraph-verts*  
*induced-induce gen-graph-def* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**then show** *False*  
**using** *digraph-def ex gen-graph-def gen-graph-digraph induce-subgraph-head induce-subgraph-tail*  
*loopfree-digraph.no-loops*  
**by** *metis*  
**qed**

**lemma** (in *blockDAG*) *gen-graph-sound:*  
*blockDAG (gen-graph)*

```

  unfolding blockDAG-def DAG-def blockDAG-axioms-def
proof safe
  show digraph gen-graph using gen-graph-digraph by simp
next
  have (arcs-ends gen-graph)+ = {}
    using trancl-empty gen-graph-empty-arcs by (simp add: arcs-ends-def)
  then show DAG-axioms gen-graph
    by (simp add: DAG-axioms.intro)
next
  fix u v e
  have wf-digraph.arc gen-graph e (u, v)  $\equiv$  False
    using wf-digraph.arc-def gen-graph-empty-arcs
    by (simp add: wf-digraph.arc-def wf-digraph-def)
  then show wf-digraph.arc gen-graph e (u, v)  $\implies$ 
    u  $\rightarrow^+$  pre-digraph.del-arc gen-graph e v  $\implies$  False
    by simp
next
  have refl: genesis-node  $\rightarrow^*$  gen-graph genesis-node
    using gen-gen rtrancl-on-refl
    by (simp add: reachable-def)
  have  $\forall r. r \in \text{verts } \text{gen-graph} \longrightarrow r \rightarrow^* \text{gen-graph } \text{genesis-node}$ 
proof safe
  fix r
  assume r  $\in \text{verts } \text{gen-graph}$ 
  then have r = genesis-node
    using gen-gen by auto
  then show r  $\rightarrow^* \text{gen-graph } \text{genesis-node}$ 
    by (simp add: local.refl)
qed
then show  $\exists p \in \text{verts } \text{gen-graph}.$ 
  ( $\forall r. r \in \text{verts } \text{gen-graph} \longrightarrow r \rightarrow^+ \text{gen-graph } p \vee r = p$ )
  by (simp add: gen-gen)
qed

lemma (in blockDAG) no-empty-blockDAG:
  shows card (verts G) > 0
proof -
  have  $\exists p. p \in \text{verts } G$ 
    using genesis-in-verts by auto
  then show card (verts G) > 0
    using card-gt-0-iff finite-verts by blast
qed

lemma (in blockDAG) gen-graph-all-one:
  card (verts (G)) = 1  $\longleftrightarrow$  G = gen-graph
  using card-1-singletonE gen-graph-def genesis-in-verts
  induce-eq-iff-induced induced-subgraph-refl singletonD gen-graph-def genesis-node-def
  by (metis gen-gen genesis-existAlt is-genesis-node.simps less-one linorder-neqE-nat
    neq0-conv no-empty-blockDAG tips-unequal-gen-exist)

```

**lemma** *blockDAG-nat-induct*[consumes 1, case-names base step]:

```

assumes
  bD: blockDAG Z
and
  cases:  $\bigwedge V. (blockDAG\ V \implies card\ (verts\ V) = 1 \implies P\ V)$ 
 $\bigwedge W\ c. (\bigwedge V. (blockDAG\ V \implies card\ (verts\ V) = c \implies P\ V))$ 
 $\implies (blockDAG\ W \implies card\ (verts\ W) = Suc\ c \implies P\ W)$ 
shows  $P\ Z$ 
proof -
  have bG:  $card\ (verts\ Z) > 0$  using bD blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG by auto
  show ?thesis
    using bG bD
  proof (induction card (verts Z) arbitrary: Z rule: Nat.nat-induct-non-zero)
    case 1
    then show ?case using cases(1) by auto
  next
    case su: (Suc n)
    show ?case
      by (metis local.cases(2) su.hyps(2) su.hyps(3) su.premis)
  qed
qed

```

**lemma** *blockDAG-nat-less-induct*[consumes 1, case-names base step]:

```

assumes
  bD: blockDAG Z
and
  cases:  $\bigwedge V. (blockDAG\ V \implies card\ (verts\ V) = 1 \implies P\ V)$ 
 $\bigwedge W\ c. (\bigwedge V. (blockDAG\ V \implies card\ (verts\ V) < c \implies P\ V))$ 
 $\implies (blockDAG\ W \implies card\ (verts\ W) = c \implies P\ W)$ 
shows  $P\ Z$ 
proof -
  have bG:  $card\ (verts\ Z) > 0$  using blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG assms(1) by
  auto
  show  $P\ Z$ 
    using bD bG
  proof (induction card (verts Z) arbitrary: Z rule: less-induct)
    fix Z::('a, 'b) pre-digraph
    assume a:
       $(\bigwedge Za. card\ (verts\ Za) < card\ (verts\ Z) \implies blockDAG\ Za \implies 0 < card\ (verts\ Za) \implies P\ Za)$ 
    assume blockDAG Z
    then show  $P\ Z$  using a cases
      by (metis blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG)
  qed
qed

```

**lemma** (in blockDAG) *blockDAG-size-cases*:

```

obtains (one) card (verts  $G$ ) = 1
| (more) card (verts  $G$ ) > 1
using no-empty-blockDAG
by linarith

lemma (in blockDAG) blockDAG-cases-one:
  shows card (verts  $G$ ) = 1  $\longrightarrow$  ( $G$  = gen-graph)
proof (safe)
  assume one: card (verts  $G$ ) = 1
  then have blockDAG.genesis-node  $G \in$  verts  $G$ 
    by (simp add: genesis-in-verts)
  then have only: verts  $G$  = {blockDAG.genesis-node  $G$ }
    by (metis one card-1-singletonE insert-absorb singleton-insert-inj-eq')
  then have verts-equal: verts  $G$  = verts (blockDAG.gen-graph  $G$ )
    using blockDAG-axioms one blockDAG.gen-graph-def induce-subgraph-def
      induced-induce blockDAG.genesis-in-verts
    by (simp add: blockDAG.gen-graph-def)
  have arcs  $G$  = {}
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume not-empty: arcs  $G \neq \{\}$ 
  then obtain  $z$  where part-of:  $z \in$  arcs  $G$ 
    by auto
  then have tail: tail  $G$   $z \in$  verts  $G$ 
    using wf-digraph-def blockDAG-def DAG-def
      digraph-def blockDAG-axioms nomulti-digraph.axioms(1)
    by metis
  also have head: head  $G$   $z \in$  verts  $G$ 
    by (metis (no-types) DAG-def blockDAG-axioms blockDAG-def digraph-def
      nomulti-digraph.axioms(1) part-of wf-digraph-def)
  then have tail  $G$   $z$  = head  $G$   $z$ 
    using tail only by simp
  then have  $\neg$  loopfree-digraph-axioms  $G$ 
    unfolding loopfree-digraph-axioms-def
    using part-of only DAG-def digraph-def
    by auto
  then show False
    using DAG-def digraph-def blockDAG-axioms blockDAG-def
      loopfree-digraph-def by metis
qed
then have arcs  $G$  = arcs (blockDAG.gen-graph  $G$ )
  by (simp add: blockDAG-axioms blockDAG.gen-graph-empty-arcs)
then show  $G$  = gen-graph
  unfolding blockDAG.gen-graph-def
  using verts-equal blockDAG-axioms induce-subgraph-def
    blockDAG.gen-graph-def by fastforce
qed

lemma (in blockDAG) blockDAG-cases-more:
  shows card (verts  $G$ ) > 1  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists b$   $H$ . (blockDAG  $H \wedge b \in$  verts  $G \wedge$  del-vert  $b$ )

```

```

= H))
proof safe
  assume card (verts G) > 1
  then have b1: 1 < card (verts G) using no-empty-blockDAG by linarith
  obtain x where x-in: x ∈ (verts G) ∧ is-genesis-node x
    using genesis genesisAlt genesis-node-def by blast
  then have 0 < card ((verts G) - {x}) using card-Suc-Diff1 x-in finite-verts b1
by auto
  then have ((verts G) - {x}) ≠ {} using card-gt-0-iff by blast
  then obtain y where y-def: y ∈ (verts G) - {x} by auto
  then have uneq: y ≠ x by auto
  have y-in: y ∈ (verts G) using y-def by simp
  then have reachable1 G y x using is-genesis-node.simps x-in
    reachable-neq-reachable1 uneq by simp
  then have ¬ is-tip G x
    using y-in by force
  then obtain z where z-def: z ∈ (verts G) - {x} ∧ is-tip G z using tips-exist
    is-tip.simps by auto
  then have uneq: z ≠ x by auto
  have z-in: z ∈ verts G using z-def by simp
  have ¬ is-genesis-node z
  proof (rule ccontr, safe)
    assume is-genesis-node z
    then have x = z using unique-genesis x-in by auto
    then show False using uneq by simp
  qed
  then have blockDAG (del-vert z) using del-tips-bDAG z-def by simp
  then show (∃ b H. blockDAG H ∧ b ∈ verts G ∧ del-vert b = H) using z-def
by auto
next
  fix b and H::('a,'b) pre-digraph
  assume bD: blockDAG (del-vert b)
  assume b-in: b ∈ verts G
  show card (verts G) > 1
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ 1 < card (verts G)
    then have 1 = card (verts G) using no-empty-blockDAG by linarith
    then have card (verts (del-vert b)) = 0 using b-in del-vert-def by auto
    then have ¬ blockDAG (del-vert b) using bD blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG
      by (metis less-nat-zero-code)
    then show False using bD by simp
  qed
qed

lemma (in blockDAG) blockDAG-cases:
  obtains (base) (G = gen-graph)
  | (more) (∃ b H. (blockDAG H ∧ b ∈ verts G ∧ del-vert b = H))
  using blockDAG-cases-one blockDAG-cases-more
    blockDAG-size-cases by auto

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) blockDAG-cases-more2:
  assumes card (verts G) > 1
  shows ( $\exists b H. (blockDAG\ H \wedge b \in \text{verts } G \wedge \text{del-vert } b = H \wedge (\forall c \in \text{verts } G. \neg c \rightarrow^+_G b))$ )
proof -
  obtain tip where tip-tip: is-tip G tip using tips-exist by auto
  then have tip-neq-gen:  $\neg \text{is-genesis-node tip}$ 
    using assms tips-unequal-gen by auto
  have tip-in: tip  $\in \text{verts } G$  using tip-tip is-tip.simps by metis
  have nre: ( $\forall c. \neg c \rightarrow^+_G \text{tip}$ ) using tips-not-referenced tip-tip by auto
  let ?H = del-vert tip
  have blockDAG ?H using del-tips-bDAG tip-tip tip-neq-gen by auto
  then show ?thesis using nre tip-in
    by blast
qed

```

```

lemma (in blockDAG) blockDAG-cases2:
  obtains (base) (G = gen-graph)
  | (more) ( $\exists b H. (blockDAG\ H \wedge b \in \text{verts } G \wedge \text{del-vert } b = H \wedge (\forall c \in \text{verts } G. \neg c \rightarrow^+_G b))$ )
  using blockDAG-cases-one blockDAG-cases-more2
  blockDAG-size-cases by auto

```

```

lemma blockDAG-induct[consumes 1, case-names base step]:
  assumes fund: blockDAG G
  assumes cases:  $\bigwedge V::('a, 'b) \text{ pre-digraph. } blockDAG\ V \implies P (blockDAG.\text{gen-graph } V)$ 
   $\bigwedge H::('a, 'b) \text{ pre-digraph.}$ 
  ( $\bigwedge b::'a. blockDAG (pre-digraph.\text{del-vert } H\ b) \implies b \in \text{verts } H \implies P(pre-digraph.\text{del-vert } H\ b)$ )
   $\implies (blockDAG\ H \implies P\ H)$ 
  shows P G
proof(induct-tac G rule:blockDAG-nat-induct)
  show blockDAG G using assms(1) by simp
next
  fix V::('a, 'b) pre-digraph
  assume bD: blockDAG V
  and card (verts V) = 1
  then have V = blockDAG.gen-graph V
    using blockDAG.blockDAG-cases-one equal-refl by auto
  then show P V using bD cases(1)
    by metis
next
  fix c and W::('a, 'b) pre-digraph
  show ( $\bigwedge V. blockDAG\ V \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } V) = c \implies P\ V$ )  $\implies$ 
    blockDAG W  $\implies \text{card } (\text{verts } W) = \text{Suc } c \implies P\ W$ 
proof -

```

```

assume ind:  $\bigwedge V. (\text{blockDAG } V \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } V) = c \implies P \ V)$ 
and bD: blockDAG W
and size:  $\text{card } (\text{verts } W) = \text{Suc } c$ 
have assm2:  $\bigwedge b. \text{blockDAG } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } W \ b)$ 
 $\implies b \in \text{verts } W \implies P(\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } W \ b)$ 
proof –
  fix b
  assume bD2: blockDAG (pre-digraph.del-vert W b)
  assume in-verts:  $b \in \text{verts } W$ 
  have  $\text{verts } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } W \ b) = \text{verts } W - \{b\}$ 
    by (simp add: pre-digraph.verts-del-vert)
  then have  $\text{card } (\text{verts } (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } W \ b)) = c$ 
    using in-verts fin-digraph.finite-verts bD subs fin-digraph.fin-digraph-del-vert

    size
    by (simp add: fin-digraph.finite-verts subs
      DAG.axioms assms(1) digraph.axioms)
  then show  $P (\text{pre-digraph.del-vert } W \ b)$  using ind bD2 by auto
qed
show ?thesis using cases(2)
  by (metis assm2 bD)
qed
qed

function genesis-nodeAlt:: ('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  where genesis-nodeAlt G = (if ( $\neg \text{blockDAG } G$ ) then undefined else
    if ( $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) = 1$ ) then (hd (sorted-list-of-set (verts G)))
    else genesis-nodeAlt (reduce-past G ((hd (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))))))
  by auto

termination proof
  let ?R = measure ( $\lambda G. (\text{card } (\text{verts } G))$ )
  show wf ?R by auto
next
  fix G :: ('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph
  assume  $\neg \neg \text{blockDAG } G$ 
  then have bD: blockDAG G by simp
  assume  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) \neq 1$ 
  then have bG:  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) > 1$  using bD blockDAG.blockDAG-size-cases by
auto
  have  $\text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G)) = \text{tips } G$ 
    by (simp add: bD subs tips-def fin-digraph.finite-verts)
  then have  $\text{hd } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G)) \in \text{tips } G$ 
    using hd-in-set bD tips-def bG blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen-exist
    empty-iff empty-set mem-Collect-eq
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then show (reduce-past G (hd (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))), G)  $\in \text{measure } (\lambda G. \text{card } (\text{verts } G))$ 
    using blockDAG.reduce-less bD
    using tips-def by fastforce

```



qed

**lemma** *genesis-nodeAlt-one-sound*:

**assumes** *bD*: *blockDAG* *G*

**and** *one*: *card* (*verts* *G*) = 1

**shows** *blockDAG.is-genesis-node* *G* (*genesis-nodeAlt* *G*)

**proof** –

**interpret** *B*: *blockDAG* *G* **using** *assms*(1) **by** *simp*

**have** *exone*:  $\exists! x. x \in (\text{verts } G)$

**using** *one* *B.genesis-in-verts* *B.genesis-unique-exists* *B.reduce-less*

*B.reduce-past-dagbased less-nat-zero-code less-one* *B.gen-gen* *B.gen-graph-all-one*

*singleton-iff*

**by** (*metis*)

**then have** *sorted-list-of-set* (*verts* *G*)  $\neq \square$

**by** (*metis card.infinite card-0-eq finite.emptyI one*

*sorted-list-of-set-empty sorted-list-of-set-inject zero-neq-one*)

**then have** *genesis-nodeAlt* *G*  $\in$  *verts* *G* **using** *hd-in-set* *genesis-nodeAlt.simps*

*bD exone*

**by** (*metis one set-sorted-list-of-set sorted-list-of-set.infinite*)

**then show** *one-sound*: *B.is-genesis-node* (*genesis-nodeAlt* *G*)

**using** *one* *B.blockDAG-size-cases* *B.reduce-less*

*B.reduce-past-dagbased less-one* *B.genesis-unique-exists* *B.is-genesis-node.elims*(2)

*exone*

**by** (*metis*)

qed

**lemma** *genesis-nodeAlt-sound* :

**assumes** *blockDAG* *G*

**shows** *blockDAG.is-genesis-node* *G* (*genesis-nodeAlt* *G*)

**proof**(*induct-tac* *G* *rule:blockDAG-nat-less-induct*)

**show** *blockDAG* *G* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

**next**

**fix** *V*::('a,'b) *pre-digraph*

**assume** *bD*: *blockDAG* *V*

**assume** *one*: *card* (*verts* *V*) = 1

**then show** *blockDAG.is-genesis-node* *V* (*genesis-nodeAlt* *V*)

**using** *genesis-nodeAlt-one-sound* *bD*

**by** *blast*

**next**

**fix** *W*::('a,'b) *pre-digraph*

**fix** *c*::nat

**assume** *basis*:

( $\bigwedge V::('a,'b) \text{ pre-digraph. } \text{blockDAG } V \implies \text{card } (\text{verts } V) < c \implies$

*blockDAG.is-genesis-node* *V* (*genesis-nodeAlt* *V*))

**assume** *bD*: *blockDAG* *W*

**interpret** *B*: *blockDAG* *W* **using** *bD* **by** *simp*

**assume** *cd*: *card* (*verts* *W*) = *c*

**consider** (*one*) *card* (*verts* *W*) = 1 | (*more*) *card* (*verts* *W*) > 1

**using** *bD* *blockDAG.blockDAG-size-cases* **by** *blast*

```

then show blockDAG.is-genesis-node W (genesis-nodeAlt W)
proof(cases)
  case one
    then show ?thesis using genesis-nodeAlt-one-sound bD
    by blast
  next
    case more
      then have not-one: 1 ≠ card (verts W) by auto
      have se: set (sorted-list-of-set (tips W)) = tips W
      by (simp add: tips-def)
      obtain a where a-def: a = hd (sorted-list-of-set (tips W))
      by simp
      have tip: a ∈ tips W
      using se a-def hd-in-set bD tips-def more blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen-exist
      empty-iff empty-set mem-Collect-eq
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
      then have ver: a ∈ verts W
      by (simp add: tips-def a-def)
      then have card (verts (reduce-past W a)) < card (verts W)
      using more cd blockDAG.reduce-less bD
      by metis
      then have cd2: card (verts (reduce-past W a)) < c
      using cd by simp
      have is-tip W a using tip CollectD unfolding tips-def by simp
      then have n-gen: ¬ B.is-genesis-node a
      using B.tips-unequal-gen more by simp
      then have bD2: blockDAG (reduce-past W a)
      using B.reduce-past-dagbased ver bD by auto
      have ff: blockDAG.is-genesis-node (reduce-past W a)
      (genesis-nodeAlt (reduce-past W a)) using cd2 basis bD2 more
      by blast
      have rec:
        genesis-nodeAlt W = genesis-nodeAlt (reduce-past W (hd (sorted-list-of-set
        (tips W))))
        using genesis-nodeAlt.simps not-one bD
        by metis
      show ?thesis using rec ff bD n-gen ver blockDAG.reduce-past-gen-eq a-def by
      metis
    qed
  qed

end

```

```

theory Spectre
  imports Main Graph-Theory.Graph-Theory blockDAG
begin

```

Based on the SPECTRE paper by Sompolinsky, Lewenberg and Zohar 2016

## 4 Spectre

### 4.1 Definitions

Function to check and break occuring ties

```
fun tie-break-int :: 'a::linorder  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  int
  where tie-break-int a b i =
    (if i=0 then (if (b < a) then -1 else 1) else i)
```

Sign function with 0

```
fun signum :: int  $\Rightarrow$  int
  where signum a = (if a > 0 then 1 else if a < 0 then -1 else 0)
```

Spectre core algorithm,  $vote - SpectreVabc$  returns 1 if a votes in favour of b (or  $b = c$ ), -1 if a votes in favour of c, 0 otherwise

```
function vote-Spectre :: ('a::linorder, 'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  int
  where
    vote-Spectre V a b c = (
      if ( $\neg$  blockDAG V  $\vee$  a  $\notin$  verts V  $\vee$  b  $\notin$  verts V  $\vee$  c  $\notin$  verts V) then 0 else
      if (b=c) then 1 else
      if (((a  $\rightarrow^+$  V b)  $\vee$  a = b)  $\wedge$   $\neg$ (a  $\rightarrow^+$  V c)) then 1 else
      if (((a  $\rightarrow^+$  V c)  $\vee$  a = c)  $\wedge$   $\neg$ (a  $\rightarrow^+$  V b)) then -1 else
      if ((a  $\rightarrow^+$  V b)  $\wedge$  (a  $\rightarrow^+$  V c)) then
        (tie-break-int b c (signum (sum-list (map ( $\lambda$ i.
          (vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes V a))))))
      else
        signum (sum-list (map ( $\lambda$ i.
          (vote-Spectre V i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes V a))))))
    by auto
```

**termination**

**proof**

```
let ?R = measures [( $\lambda$ (V, a, b, c). (card (verts V))), ( $\lambda$ (V, a, b, c). card {e.
e  $\rightarrow^*$  V a})]
```

**show** wf ?R

**by** simp

**next**

```
fix V::('a::linorder, 'b) pre-digraph
```

```
fix x a b c
```

```
assume bD:  $\neg$  ( $\neg$  blockDAG V  $\vee$  a  $\notin$  verts V  $\vee$  b  $\notin$  verts V  $\vee$  c  $\notin$  verts V)
```

```
then have a  $\in$  verts V by simp
```

```
then have card (verts (reduce-past V a)) < card (verts V)
```

```
using bD blockDAG.reduce-less
```

**by** metis

```
then show ((reduce-past V a, x, b, c), V, a, b, c)
```

$\in$  measures

```
[ $\lambda$ (V, a, b, c). card (verts V),
 $\lambda$ (V, a, b, c). card {e. e  $\rightarrow^*$  V a}]
```

**by** simp

**next**

```

fix V::('a::linorder, 'b) pre-digraph
fix x a b c
assume bD:  $\neg (\neg \text{blockDAG } V \vee a \notin \text{verts } V \vee b \notin \text{verts } V \vee c \notin \text{verts } V)$ 
then have a-in:  $a \in \text{verts } V$  using bD by simp
assume x  $\in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V \ a))$ 
then have x  $\in \text{future-nodes } V \ a$  using DAG.finite-future
      set-sorted-list-of-set bD subs
by metis
then have rr:  $x \rightarrow^+ V \ a$  using future-nodes.simps bD mem-Collect-eq
by simp
then have a-not:  $\neg a \rightarrow^* V \ x$  using bD DAG.unidirectional subs by metis
have bD2: blockDAG V using bD by simp
have  $\forall x. \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ x\} \subseteq \text{verts } V$  using subs bD2 subsetI
      wf-digraph.reachable-in-verts(1) mem-Collect-eq
by metis
then have fin:  $\forall x. \text{finite } \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ x\}$  using subs bD2 fin-digraph.finite-verts
      finite-subset
by metis
have  $x \rightarrow^* V \ a$  using rr wf-digraph.reachable1-reachable subs bD2 by metis
then have  $\{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ x\} \subseteq \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ a\}$  using rr
      wf-digraph.reachable-trans Collect-mono subs bD2 by metis
then have  $\{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ x\} \subset \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ a\}$  using a-not
      subs bD2 a-in mem-Collect-eq psubsetI wf-digraph.reachable-refl
by metis
then have  $\text{card } \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ x\} < \text{card } \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ a\}$  using fin
by (simp add: psubset-card-mono)
then show  $((V, x, b, c), V, a, b, c)$ 
       $\in \text{measures}$ 
       $[\lambda(V, a, b, c). \text{card } (\text{verts } V), \lambda(V, a, b, c). \text{card } \{e. e \rightarrow^* V \ a\}]$ 
by simp
qed

```

Given vote-Spectre calculate if  $a < b$  for arbitrary nodes

```

definition Spectre-Order :: ('a::linorder, 'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
  where Spectre-Order G a b = ( tie-break-int a b (signum ( sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
    (vote-Spectre G i a b)) (sorted-list-of-set (verts G)))))) = 1)

```

Given Spectre-Order calculate the corresponding relation over the nodes of G

```

definition SPECTRE :: ('a::linorder, 'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow ('a \times 'a) \text{ set}$ 
  where SPECTRE G  $\equiv \{(a, b) \in (\text{verts } G \times \text{verts } G). \text{Spectre-Order } G \ a \ b\}$ 

```

## 4.2 Lemmas

```

lemma sumlist-one-mono:
  assumes  $\forall x \in \text{set } L. x \geq 0$ 
  and  $\exists x \in \text{set } L. x > 0$ 
  shows  $\text{signum } (\text{sum-list } L) = 1$ 
  using assms

```

```

proof(induct L, simp)
  case (Cons a2 L)
  consider (bg)  $a2 > 0 \mid a2 = 0$  using Cons
    by (metis le-less list.set-intros(1))
  then show ?case
  proof(cases)
    case bg
    then have sum-list L  $\geq 0$  using Cons
      by (simp add: sum-list-nonneg)
    then have sum-list (a2 # L)  $> 0$  using bg sum-list-def
      by auto
    then show ?thesis using tie-break-int.simps
      by auto
  next
  case 2
  then have be:  $\exists a \in \text{set } L. 0 < a$  using Cons
    by (metis less-int-code(1) set-ConsD)
  then have  $L \neq []$  by auto
  then show ?thesis using sum-list-def 2
    using Cons.hyps Cons.prem(1) be by auto
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *domain-signum*: *signum i*  $\in \{-1, 0, 1\}$  **by** *simp*

**lemma** *signum-mono*:  
**assumes**  $i \leq j$   
**shows** *signum i*  $\leq$  *signum j* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *tie-break-mono*:  
**assumes**  $i \leq j$   
**shows** *tie-break-int b c i*  $\leq$  *tie-break-int b c j* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *domain-tie-break*:  
**shows** *tie-break-int a b (signum i)*  $\in \{-1, 1\}$   
**using** *tie-break-int.simps*  
**by** *auto*

**lemma** *Spectre-casesAlt*:  
**fixes**  $V :: ('a::\text{linorder}, 'b) \text{ pre-digraph}$   
**and**  $a :: 'a::\text{linorder}$  **and**  $b :: 'a::\text{linorder}$  **and**  $c :: 'a::\text{linorder}$   
**obtains** (*no-bD*)  $(\neg \text{blockDAG } V \vee a \notin \text{verts } V \vee b \notin \text{verts } V \vee c \notin \text{verts } V)$   
 $\mid$  (*equal*)  $(\text{blockDAG } V \wedge a \in \text{verts } V \wedge b \in \text{verts } V \wedge c \in \text{verts } V) \wedge b = c$   
 $\mid$  (*one*)  $(\text{blockDAG } V \wedge a \in \text{verts } V \wedge b \in \text{verts } V \wedge c \in \text{verts } V) \wedge$   
 $b \neq c \wedge (((a \rightarrow^+_V b) \vee a = b) \wedge \neg(a \rightarrow^+_V c))$   
 $\mid$  (*two*)  $(\text{blockDAG } V \wedge a \in \text{verts } V \wedge b \in \text{verts } V \wedge c \in \text{verts } V) \wedge b \neq c$   
 $\wedge \neg(((a \rightarrow^+_V b) \vee a = b) \wedge \neg(a \rightarrow^+_V c)) \wedge$

```

((a →+V c) ∨ a = c) ∧ ¬(a →+V b)
| (three) (blockDAG V ∧ a ∈ verts V ∧ b ∈ verts V ∧ c ∈ verts V) ∧ b ≠ c
  ∧ ¬(((a →+V b) ∨ a = b) ∧ ¬(a →+V c)) ∧
  ¬(((a →+V c) ∨ a = c) ∧ ¬(a →+V b)) ∧
  ((a →+V b) ∧ (a →+V c))
| (four) (blockDAG V ∧ a ∈ verts V ∧ b ∈ verts V ∧ c ∈ verts V) ∧ b ≠ c ∧
  ¬(((a →+V b) ∨ a = b) ∧ ¬(a →+V c)) ∧
  ¬(((a →+V c) ∨ a = c) ∧ ¬(a →+V b)) ∧
  ¬((a →+V b) ∧ (a →+V c))
by auto

```

**lemma** *domain-Spectre*:

**shows** *vote-Spectre* V a b c ∈ {-1, 0, 1}

**proof**(rule *vote-Spectre.cases*, *auto*) **qed**

**lemma** *antisymmetric-tie-break*:

**shows**  $b \neq c \implies \text{tie-break-int } b \ c \ i = - \text{tie-break-int } c \ b \ (-i)$

**unfolding** *tie-break-int.simps* **using** *less-not-sym* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *antisymmetric-sumlist*:

**shows**  $\text{sum-list } (l :: \text{int list}) = - \text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda x. -x) \ l)$

**proof**(*induct* l, *auto*) **qed**

**lemma** *antisymmetric-signum*:

**shows**  $\text{signum } i = - (\text{signum } (-i))$

**by** *auto*

**lemma** *append-diff-sorted-set*:

**assumes**  $a \in A$

**and** *finite* A

**shows**  $\text{sum-list } ((\text{map } (P :: ('a :: \text{linorder} \Rightarrow \text{int})))$

$(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (A - \{a\})))$

$= \text{sum-list } ((\text{map } P)(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (A))) - (P \ a)$

**proof** –

**let** ?L1 =  $(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (A))$

**have** d-1: *distinct* ?L1 **using** *sum-list-distinct-conv-sum-set sorted-list-of-set(2)*

**by** *auto*

**then have** s-1:  $\text{sum-list } ((\text{map } P) \ ?L1)$

$= \text{sum } P \ (\text{set } ?L1)$  **using** *sum-list-distinct-conv-sum-set* **by** *metis*

**let** ?L2 =  $(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (A - \{a\}))$

**have** d-2: *distinct* ?L2 **using** *sum-list-distinct-conv-sum-set sorted-list-of-set(2)*

**by** *auto*

```

then have s-2: sum-list ((map P) ?L2)
= sum P (set ?L2) using sum-list-distinct-conv-sum-set by metis
have s-3: sum P (set ?L2) = sum P (set ?L1) - (P a)
using assms sorted-list-of-set(1)
by (simp add: sum-diff1)
show ?thesis
unfolding s-1 s-2 s-3 by simp
qed

lemma vote-Spectre-one-exists:
assumes blockDAG V
and a ∈ verts V
and b ∈ verts V
shows  $\exists i \in \text{verts } V. \text{vote-Spectre } V \ i \ a \ b \neq 0$ 
proof
show a ∈ verts V using assms(2) by simp
show vote-Spectre V a a b  $\neq 0$ 
using assms
proof(cases a b a V rule: Spectre-casesAlt, simp, simp, simp, simp)
case three
then show ?thesis
by (meson DAG.cycle-free blockDAG.axioms(1))
next
case four
then show ?thesis
by blast
qed
qed

end

theory Ghostdag
imports blockDAG Utils TopSort
begin

```

## 5 GHOSTDAG

Based on the GHOSTDAG blockDAG consensus algorithmus by Sompolinsky and Zohar 2018

### 5.1 Funcitions and Definitions

Function to compare the size of set and break ties. Used for the GHOSTDAG maximum blue cluster selection

```

fun larger-blue-tuple ::
  (('a::linorder set × 'a list) × 'a) ⇒ (('a set × 'a list) × 'a) ⇒ (('a set × 'a list)
  × 'a)

```

**where** *larger-blue-tuple*  $A\ B =$   
 $(\text{if } (\text{card } (\text{fst } (\text{fst } A))) > (\text{card } (\text{fst } (\text{fst } B)))) \vee$   
 $(\text{card } (\text{fst } (\text{fst } A)) \geq \text{card } (\text{fst } (\text{fst } B)) \wedge \text{snd } A \leq \text{snd } B) \text{ then } A \text{ else } B)$

Function to add node  $a$  to a tuple of a set  $S$  and List  $L$

**fun** *add-set-list-tuple* ::  $((\text{'a}::\text{linorder set} \times \text{'a list}) \times \text{'a}) \Rightarrow (\text{'a}::\text{linorder set} \times \text{'a list})$   
**where** *add-set-list-tuple*  $((S,L),a) = (S \cup \{a\}, L @ [a])$

Function that adds a node  $a$  to a kCluster  $S$ , if  $S + a$  remains a kCluster.  
Also adds  $a$  to the end of list  $L$

**fun** *app-if-blue-else-add-end* ::  
 $(\text{'a}::\text{linorder}, \text{'b}) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{'a} \Rightarrow (\text{'a}::\text{linorder set} \times \text{'a list})$   
 $\Rightarrow (\text{'a}::\text{linorder set} \times \text{'a list})$   
**where** *app-if-blue-else-add-end*  $G\ k\ a\ (S,L) = (\text{if } (\text{kCluster } G\ k\ (S \cup \{a\})))$   
*then add-set-list-tuple*  $((S,L),a) \text{ else } (S,L @ [a])$

Function to select the largest  $((S,L),a)$  according to *larger – blue – tuple*

**fun** *choose-max-blue-set* ::  $((\text{'a}::\text{linorder set} \times \text{'a list}) \times \text{'a}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow ((\text{'a set} \times \text{'a list}) \times \text{'a})$   
**where** *choose-max-blue-set*  $L = \text{fold } (\text{larger-blue-tuple})\ L\ (\text{hd } L)$

GHOSTDAG ordering algorithm

**function** *OrderDAG* ::  $(\text{'a}::\text{linorder}, \text{'b}) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow (\text{'a set} \times \text{'a list})$   
**where**  
*OrderDAG*  $G\ k =$   
 $(\text{if } (\neg \text{blockDAG } G) \text{ then } (\{\}, []) \text{ else}$   
 $\text{if } (\text{card } (\text{verts } G) = 1) \text{ then } (\{\text{genesis-nodeAlt } G\}, [\text{genesis-nodeAlt } G]) \text{ else}$   
 $\text{let } M = \text{choose-max-blue-set}$   
 $((\text{map } (\lambda i. (((\text{OrderDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G\ i)\ k)), i)) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G))))$   
 $\text{in fold } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k) (\text{top-sort } G (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{anticone } G$   
 $(\text{snd } M))))$   
 $(\text{add-set-list-tuple } M))$

**by** *auto*

**termination proof**

**let**  $?R = \text{measure } (\lambda(G, k). (\text{card } (\text{verts } G)))$   
**show** *wf*  $?R$  **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**fix**  $G::(\text{'a}::\text{linorder}, \text{'b}) \text{ pre-digraph}$   
**fix**  $k::\text{nat}$   
**fix**  $x$   
**assume**  $bD: \neg \neg \text{blockDAG } G$   
**assume**  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) \neq 1$   
**then have**  $\text{card } (\text{verts } G) > 1$  **using**  $bD$  *blockDAG.blockDAG-size-cases* **by** *auto*  
  
**then have**  $nT: \forall x \in \text{tips } G. \neg \text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } G\ x$   
**using** *blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen*  $bD$  *tips-def mem-Collect-eq*



```

    by metis
  assume  $x \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G))$ 
  then have  $\text{in-}t: x \in \text{tips } G$  using bD
  by (metis card-gt-0-iff length-pos-if-in-set length-sorted-list-of-set set-sorted-list-of-set)

  then show  $((\text{reduce-past } G \ x \ k), G, k) \in \text{measure } (\lambda(G, k). \text{card } (\text{verts } G))$ 
    using blockDAG.reduce-less bD tips-def is-tip.simps
    by fastforce
qed

```

Creating a relation on  $\text{verts } G$  based on the GHOSTDAG OrderDAG algorithm

```

fun GHOSTDAG :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'a rel
  where GHOSTDAG k G = list-to-rel (snd (OrderDAG G k))

```

## 5.2 Soundness

```

lemma OrderDAG-casesAlt:
  obtains (ntB)  $\neg \text{blockDAG } G$ 
  | (one)  $\text{blockDAG } G \wedge \text{card } (\text{verts } G) = 1$ 
  | (more)  $\text{blockDAG } G \wedge \text{card } (\text{verts } G) > 1$ 
  using blockDAG.blockDAG-size-cases by auto

```

### 5.2.1 Soundness of the $\text{add} - \text{set} - \text{list}$ function

```

lemma add-set-list-tuple-mono:
  shows  $\text{set } L \subseteq \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple } ((S,L),a)))$ 
  using add-set-list-tuple.simps by auto

```

```

lemma add-set-list-tuple-mono2:
  shows  $\text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple } ((S,L),a))) \subseteq \text{set } L \cup \{a\}$ 
  using add-set-list-tuple.simps by auto

```

```

lemma add-set-list-tuple-length:
  shows  $\text{length } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple } ((S,L),a))) = \text{Suc } (\text{length } L)$ 
proof(induct L, auto) qed

```

### 5.2.2 Soundness of the $\text{add} - \text{if} - \text{blue}$ function

```

lemma app-if-blue-mono:
  assumes finite S
  shows  $(\text{fst } (S,L)) \subseteq (\text{fst } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L)))$ 
  unfolding app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps
  by (simp add: asms card-mono subset-insertI)

```

```

lemma app-if-blue-mono2:
  shows  $\text{set } (\text{snd } (S,L)) \subseteq \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L)))$ 
  unfolding app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps
  by (simp add: subsetI)

```

**lemma** *app-if-blue-append*:  
**shows**  $a \in \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L)))$   
**unfolding** *app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps*  
**by** *simp*

**lemma** *app-if-blue-mono3*:  
**shows**  $\text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L))) \subseteq \text{set } L \cup \{a\}$   
**unfolding** *app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps*  
**by** (*simp add: subsetI*)

**lemma** *app-if-blue-mono4*:  
**assumes**  $\text{set } L1 \subseteq \text{set } L2$   
**shows**  $\text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L1)))$   
 $\subseteq \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S2,L2)))$   
**unfolding** *app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps*  
**using** *assms* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *app-if-blue-card-mono*:  
**assumes** *finite S*  
**shows**  $\text{card } (\text{fst } (S,L)) \leq \text{card } (\text{fst } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L)))$   
**unfolding** *app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps add-set-list-tuple.simps*  
**by** (*simp add: assms card-mono subset-insertI*)

**lemma** *app-if-blue-else-add-end-length*:  
**shows**  $\text{length } (\text{snd } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ (S,L))) = \text{Suc } (\text{length } L)$   
**proof**(*induction L, auto*) **qed**

### 5.2.3 Soundness of the *larger – blue – tuple* comparison

**lemma** *larger-blue-tuple-mono*:  
**assumes** *finite (fst V)*  
**shows**  $\text{larger-blue-tuple } ((\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ V),b) \ (V,b)$   
 $= ((\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G \ k \ a \ V),b)$   
**using** *assms app-if-blue-card-mono larger-blue-tuple.simps eq-refl*  
**by** (*metis fst-conv prod.collapse snd-conv*)

**lemma** *larger-blue-tuple-subst*:  
**shows**  $\text{larger-blue-tuple } A \ B \in \{A,B\}$  **by** *auto*

### 5.2.4 Soundness of the *choose<sub>max</sub>blue<sub>set</sub>* function

**lemma** *choose-max-blue-avoid-empty*:  
**assumes**  $L \neq []$   
**shows**  $\text{choose-max-blue-set } L \in \text{set } L$

```

  unfolding choose-max-blue-set.simps
proof (rule fold-invariant)
  show  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } L \implies x \in \text{set } L$  using assms by auto
next
  show  $hd\ L \in \text{set } L$  using assms by auto
next
  fix  $x\ s$ 
  assume  $x \in \text{set } L$ 
  and  $s \in \text{set } L$ 
  then show  $\text{larger-blue-tuple } x\ s \in \text{set } L$  using larger-blue-tuple.simps by auto
qed

```

### 5.2.5 Auxiliary lemmas for OrderDAG

```

lemma fold-app-length:
  shows  $\text{length } (snd\ (fold\ (app\text{-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k)\ L1\ PL2)) = \text{length } L1 + \text{length } (snd\ PL2)$ 
proof(induct  $L1$  arbitrary:  $PL2$ )
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons  $a\ L1$ )
  then show ?case unfolding fold-Cons comp-apply using app-if-blue-else-add-end-length
  by (metis add-Suc add-Suc-right length-Cons old.prod.exhaust snd-conv)
qed

```

```

lemma fold-app-mono:
  shows  $snd\ (fold\ (app\text{-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k)\ L2\ (S, L1)) = L1 @ L2$ 
proof(induct  $L2$  arbitrary:  $S\ L1$ , simp)
  case (Cons  $a\ L2$ )
  then show ?case unfolding fold-simps(2) using app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps
  by simp
qed

```

```

lemma fold-app-mono1:
  assumes  $x \in \text{set } (snd\ (S, L1))$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{set } (snd\ (fold\ (app\text{-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k)\ L2\ (S2, L1)))$ 
  using fold-app-mono
  by (metis Cons-eq-appendI append.assoc assms in-set-conv-decomp sndI)

```

```

lemma fold-app-mono2:
  assumes  $x \in \text{set } L2$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{set } (snd\ (fold\ (app\text{-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k)\ L2\ (S, L1)))$ 
  using assms unfolding fold-app-mono by auto

```

```

lemma fold-app-mono3:
  assumes  $\text{set } L1 \subseteq \text{set } L2$ 
  shows  $\text{set } (snd\ (fold\ (app\text{-if-blue-else-add-end } G\ k)\ L\ (S1, L1)))$ 

```

```

    ⊆ set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) L (S2, L2)))
using assms unfolding fold-app-mono
by auto

lemma fold-app-mono-ex:
  shows set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) L2 (S,L1))) = (set L2 ∪ set
L1)
  unfolding fold-app-mono by auto

lemma fold-app-mono-rel:
  assumes (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel L1
  shows (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) L2 (S,L1)))
  using assms
proof(induct L2 arbitrary: S L1, simp)
  case (Cons a L2)
  then show ?case
    unfolding fold.simps(2) comp-apply
    using list-to-rel-mono app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps
    by (metis add-set-list-tuple.simps prod.collapse snd-conv)
qed

lemma fold-app-mono-rel2:
  assumes (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel L2
  shows (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) L2 (S,L1)))
  using assms
  by (simp add: fold-app-mono list-to-rel-mono2)

lemma fold-app-app-rel:
  assumes x ∈ set L1
  and y ∈ set L2
  shows (x,y) ∈ list-to-rel (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) L2 (S,L1)))
  using assms
proof(induct L2 arbitrary: S L1, simp)
  case (Cons a L2)
  then show ?case
    unfolding fold.simps(2) comp-apply
    using list-to-rel-append app-if-blue-else-add-end.simps
    by (metis Un-iff add-set-list-tuple.simps fold-app-mono-rel set-ConsD set-append)
qed

lemma chosen-max-tip:
  assumes blockDAG G
  assumes x = snd ( choose-max-blue-set (map (λi. ( OrderDAG (reduce-past G i)
k, i))
    (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))))
  shows x ∈ set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G)) and x ∈ tips G

```

```

proof –
  obtain pp where pp-in: pp = (map (λi. (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i))
    (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))) using blockDAG.tips-exist by auto
  have mm: choose-max-blue-set pp ∈ set pp using pp-in choose-max-blue-avoid-empty
    digraph.tips-finite subs assms(1)
    list.map-disc-iff sorted-list-of-set-eq-Nil-iff blockDAG.tips-not-empty
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then have kk: snd (choose-max-blue-set pp) ∈ set (map snd pp)
    by auto
  have mm2: ∧L. (map snd (map (λi. ((OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k) , i)) L))
= L
  proof –
    fix L
    show map snd (map (λi. (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i)) L) = L
    proof(induct L)
      case Nil
      then show ?case by auto
    next
      case (Cons a L)
      then show ?case by auto
    qed
  qed
  have set (map snd pp) = set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))
    using mm2 pp-in by auto
  then show x ∈ set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G)) using pp-in assms(2) kk by blast

  then show x ∈ tips G
    using digraph.tips-finite sorted-list-of-set(1) kk subs assms pp-in by auto
qed

lemma chosen-map-simps1:
  assumes x ∈ set (map (λi. (P i, i)) L)
  shows fst x = P (snd x)
  using assms
proof(induct L, auto) qed

lemma chosen-map-simps:
  assumes blockDAG G
  assumes x = map (λi. (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i))
    (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))
  shows snd (choose-max-blue-set x) ∈ set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))
    and snd (choose-max-blue-set x) ∈ tips G
    and set (map snd x) = set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))
    and choose-max-blue-set x ∈ set x
    and ¬ blockDAG.is-genesis-node G (snd (choose-max-blue-set x)) ⇒
    blockDAG (reduce-past G (snd (choose-max-blue-set x)))
    and OrderDAG (reduce-past G (snd (choose-max-blue-set x))) k = fst (choose-max-blue-set
x)

```

**proof** –

**obtain** *pp* **where** *pp-in*: *pp* = (map (λ*i*. (OrderDAG (reduce-past *G* *i*) *k*, *i*)) (sorted-list-of-set (tips *G*))) **using** *blockDAG.tips-exist* **by** *auto*

**have** *mm*: choose-max-blue-set *pp* ∈ set *pp* **using** *pp-in* choose-max-blue-avoid-empty *digraph.tips-finite* *subs* *assms*(1) *list.map-disc-iff* sorted-list-of-set-eq-Nil-iff *blockDAG.tips-not-empty* **by** (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*))

**then have** *kk*: snd (choose-max-blue-set *pp*) ∈ set (map snd *pp*) **by** *auto*

**have** *seteq*: set (map snd *pp*) = set (sorted-list-of-set (tips *G*)) **using** *map-snd-map* *pp-in* **by** *auto*

**then show** snd (choose-max-blue-set *x*) ∈ set (sorted-list-of-set (tips *G*)) **using** *pp-in* *assms*(2) *kk* **by** *blast*

**then show** *tip*: snd (choose-max-blue-set *x*) ∈ tips *G* **using** *digraph.tips-finite* sorted-list-of-set(1) *kk* *subs* *assms* *pp-in* **by** *auto*

**show** set (map snd *x*) = set (sorted-list-of-set (tips *G*)) **using** *map-snd-map* *assms*(2) **by** *simp*

**then show** choose-max-blue-set *x* ∈ set *x* **using** *seteq* *pp-in* *assms*(2) *mm* **by** *blast*

**show** OrderDAG (reduce-past *G* (snd (choose-max-blue-set *x*))) *k* = fst (choose-max-blue-set *x*) **by** (*metis* (*no-types*) *assms*(2) *chosen-map-simps1* *mm* *pp-in*)

**assume** ¬ *blockDAG.is-genesis-node* *G* (snd (choose-max-blue-set *x*))

**then show** *blockDAG* (reduce-past *G* (snd (choose-max-blue-set *x*))) **using** *tip* *blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased* *assms*(1) *digraph.tips-in-verts* *subs* *subsetD* **by** *metis*

**qed**

### 5.2.6 OrderDAG soundness

**lemma** *Verts-in-OrderDAG*:

**assumes** *blockDAG* *G*

**and** *x* ∈ *verts* *G*

**shows** *x* ∈ set (snd (OrderDAG *G* *k*))

**using** *assms*

**proof**(*induct* *G* *k* *arbitrary*: *x* *rule*: OrderDAG.induct)

**case** (1 *G* *k* *x*)

**then have** *bD*: *blockDAG* *G* **by** *auto*

**assume** *x-in*: *x* ∈ *verts* *G*

**then consider** (*cD1*) *card* (*verts* *G*) = 1 | (*cDm*) *card* (*verts* *G*) ≠ 1 **by** *auto*

**then show** *x* ∈ set (snd (OrderDAG *G* *k*))

**proof**(*cases*)

**case** (*cD1*)

**then have** set (snd (OrderDAG *G* *k*)) = {*genesis-nodeAlt* *G*}

**using** 1 OrderDAG.simps **by** *auto*

**then show** ?*thesis* **using** *x-in* *bD* *cD1*

*genesis-nodeAlt-sound* *blockDAG.is-genesis-node.simps*

```

    using 1
    by (metis card-1-singletonE singletonD)
next
case (cDm)
then show ?thesis
proof -
  obtain pp where pp-in: pp = (map (λi. (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i))
    (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))) using blockDAG.tips-exist by auto
  then have tt2: snd (choose-max-blue-set pp) ∈ tips G
    using chosen-map-simps bD
    by blast
  show ?thesis
proof(rule blockDAG.tips-cases)
  show blockDAG G using bD by auto
  show snd (choose-max-blue-set pp) ∈ tips G using tt2 by auto
  show x ∈ verts G using x-in by auto
next
  assume as1: x = snd (choose-max-blue-set pp)
  obtain fCur where fcur-in: fCur = add-set-list-tuple (choose-max-blue-set
pp)
    by auto
  have x ∈ set (snd(fCur))
    unfolding as1 using add-set-list-tuple.simps fcur-in
    add-set-list-tuple.cases snd-conv insertI1 snd-conv
    by (metis (mono-tags, hide-lams) Un-insert-right fst-conv list.simps(15)
set-append)
  then have x ∈ set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
    (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G (snd (choose-max-blue-set
pp)))))) (fCur)))
    using fold-app-mono1 surj-pair
    by (metis)
  then show ?thesis unfolding pp-in fcur-in using 1 OrderDAG.simps cDm
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
next
  assume anti: x ∈ anticone G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))
  obtain ttt where ttt-in: ttt = add-set-list-tuple (choose-max-blue-set pp) by
auto
  have x ∈ set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
    (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G (snd (choose-max-blue-set
pp))))))
    ttt))
    using pp-in sorted-list-of-set(1) anti bD subs
    DAG.anticone-finite fold-app-mono2 surj-pair top-sort-con by metis
  then show x ∈ set (snd (OrderDAG G k)) using OrderDAG.simps pp-in
bD cDm ttt-in 1
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-eq-conv)
next
  assume as2: x ∈ past-nodes G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))
  then have pas: x ∈ verts (reduce-past G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp)))

```

```

      using reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-verts by auto
      have cd1: card (verts G) > 1 using cDm bD
      using blockDAG.blockDAG-size-cases by blast
      have (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp)) ∈ set (sorted-list-of-set (tips G)) using
tt2
      digraph.tips-finite bD subs sorted-list-of-set(1) by auto
      moreover
      have blockDAG (reduce-past G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))) using
      blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased bD tt2 blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen
      cd1 tips-def CollectD by metis
      ultimately have bass:
      x ∈ set ((snd (OrderDAG (reduce-past G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp)))
k)))
      using pp-in 1 cDm tt2 pas by metis
      then have in-F: x ∈ set (snd (fst ((choose-max-blue-set pp))))
      using x-in chosen-map-simps(6) pp-in
      using bD by fastforce
      then have x ∈ set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
      (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticones G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))))))
      (fst((choose-max-blue-set pp)))))
      by (metis fold-app-mono1 in-F prod.collapse)
      moreover have OrderDAG G k = (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
      (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticones G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))))))
      (add-set-list-tuple (choose-max-blue-set pp))) using cDm 1 OrderDAG.simps
pp-in
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-eq-conv)
      then show x ∈ set (snd (OrderDAG G k))
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-set-list-tuple-mono fold-app-mono1
      in-F prod.collapse subset-code(1))
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma OrderDAG-in-verts:
  assumes x ∈ set (snd (OrderDAG G k))
  shows x ∈ verts G
  using assms
proof(induction G k arbitrary: x rule: OrderDAG.induct)
  case (1 G k x)
  consider (inval) ¬ blockDAG G | (one) blockDAG G ∧
  card (verts G) = 1 | (val) blockDAG G ∧
  card (verts G) ≠ 1 by auto
  then show ?case
  proof(cases)
    case inval
    then show ?thesis using 1 by auto
  next

```



```

    case one
  then show ?thesis using OrderDAG.simps 1 genesis-nodeAlt-one-sound blockDAG.is-genesis-node.simps
    using empty-set list.simps(15) singleton-iff sndI by fastforce
next
  case val
  then show ?thesis
  proof
    have bD: blockDAG G using val by auto
    obtain M where M-in:M = choose-max-blue-set (map (λi. (OrderDAG
(reduce-past G i) k, i))
(sorted-list-of-set (tips G))) by auto
    obtain pp where pp-in: pp = (map (λi. (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i))
(sorted-list-of-set (tips G))) using blockDAG.tips-exist by auto
    have set (snd (OrderDAG G k)) =
      set (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k) (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set
(anticone G (snd M)))))
(add-set-list-tuple M))) unfolding M-in val using OrderDAG.simps val
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
    then have set (snd (OrderDAG G k))
      = set (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G (snd M)))) ∪ set (snd (add-set-list-tuple
M))
      using fold-app-mono-ex
      by (metis eq-snd-iff)
    then consider (ac) x ∈ set (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G (snd
M))))
      | (co) x ∈ set (snd (add-set-list-tuple M))
      using 1 by auto
    then show x ∈ verts G proof(cases)
      case ac
      then show ?thesis using top-sort-con DAG.anticone-in-verts val
        sorted-list-of-set(1) subs
        by (metis DAG.anticon-finite subsetD)
    next
      case co
      then consider (ma) x = snd M | (nma) x ∈ set (snd( fst(M)))
        using add-set-list-tuple.simps
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) Un-insert-right append-Nil2 insertE
list.simps(15) prod.collapse set-append sndI)
      then show ?thesis proof(cases)
        case ma
        then show ?thesis unfolding M-in using bD
          chosen-map-simps(2) digraph.tips-in-verts subs
          by blast
      next
        have mm: choose-max-blue-set pp ∈ set pp unfolding pp-in using bD
chosen-map-simps(4)
        by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Nil-is-map-conv choose-max-blue-avoid-empty)

        case nma

```

```

    then have  $x \in \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{OrderDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G (\text{snd } M)) k))$ 
    unfolding  $M\text{-in choose-max-blue-avoid-empty blockDAG.tips-not-empty}$ 
  bD
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) ex-map-conv fst-conv mm pp-in snd-conv)
    then have  $x \in \text{verts } (\text{reduce-past } G (\text{snd } M))$  using 1 val chosen-map-simps
  M-in pp-in
    sorted-list-of-set(1) digraph.tips-finite subs bD
    by blast
    then show  $x \in \text{verts } G$  using reduce-past.simps induce-subgraph-verts
  past-nodes.simps
    by auto
    qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed

```

```

lemma OrderDAG-length:
  shows  $\text{blockDAG } G \implies \text{length } (\text{snd } (\text{OrderDAG } G k)) = \text{card } (\text{verts } G)$ 
proof(induct  $G k$  rule: OrderDAG.induct)
  case (1  $G k$ )
  then show ?case proof (cases  $G$  rule: OrderDAG-casesAlt)
    case ntB
    then show ?thesis using 1 by auto
  next
    case one
    then show ?thesis using OrderDAG.simps by auto
  next
    case more
    show ?thesis using 1
    proof -
      have bD:  $\text{blockDAG } G$  using 1 by auto
      obtain  $ma$  where  $pp\text{-in}: ma = (\text{choose-max-blue-set } (\text{map } (\lambda i. (\text{OrderDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G i) k, i))$ 
        ( $\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G)))$ )
        by (metis)
      then have backw:  $\text{OrderDAG } G k = \text{fold } (\text{app-if-blue-else-add-end } G k)$ 
        ( $\text{top-sort } G (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{anticonv } G (\text{snd } ma))))$ 
        ( $\text{add-set-list-tuple } ma$ ) using OrderDAG.simps pp-in more
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) less-numeral-extra(4))
      have tt:  $\text{snd } ma \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G))$  using pp-in chosen-max-tip
        more by auto
      have ttt:  $\text{snd } ma \in \text{tips } G$  using chosen-max-tip(2) pp-in
        more by auto
      then have bD2:  $\text{blockDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G (\text{snd } ma))$  using blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen
    bD more
      blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased bD tips-def
    end
  end
end

```

```

    by fastforce
  then have length (snd (OrderDAG (reduce-past G (snd ma)) k))
    = card (verts (reduce-past G (snd ma)))
    using 1 tt bD2 more by auto
  then have length (snd (fst ma))
    = card (verts (reduce-past G (snd ma)))
    using bD chosen-map-simps(6) pp-in
    by fastforce
  then have length (snd (add-set-list-tuple ma)) = 1 + card (verts (reduce-past
G (snd ma)))
    by (metis add-set-list-tuple-length plus-1-eq-Suc prod.collapse)
  then show ?thesis unfolding backw
    using subs DAG.verts-size-comp ttt
    add.assoc add.commute bD fold-app-length length-sorted-list-of-set top-sort-len
    by (metis (full-types))
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemma OrderDAG-total:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows set (snd (OrderDAG G k)) = verts G
  using Verts-in-OrderDAG OrderDAG-in-verts assms(1)
  by blast

```

```

lemma OrderDAG-distinct:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows distinct (snd (OrderDAG G k))
  using OrderDAG-length OrderDAG-total
    card-distinct assms
  by metis

```

```

end
theory ExtendblockDAG
  imports blockDAG
begin

```

## 6 Extend blockDAGs

### 6.1 Definitions

```

locale Append-One = blockDAG +
  fixes G-A::('a,'b) pre-digraph (structure)
  and app::'a

```

**assumes**  $bD-A$ :  $blockDAG\ G-A$   
**and**  $app-in$ :  $app \in \text{verts } G-A$   
**and**  $app-notin$ :  $app \notin \text{verts } G$   
**and**  $GG-A$  :  $G = \text{pre-digraph.del-vert } G-A\ app$   
**and**  $new-node$ :  $\forall b \in \text{verts } G-A. \neg b \rightarrow_{G-A} app$

**locale**  $Honest-Append-One = Append-One +$   
**assumes**  $ref-tips$ :  $\forall t \in \text{tips } G. app \rightarrow_{G-A} t$

**locale**  $Append-One-Honest-Dishonest = Honest-Append-One +$   
**fixes**  $G-AB :: ('a, 'b) \text{pre-digraph (structure)}$   
**and**  $dis :: 'a$   
**assumes**  $app-two$ :  $Append-One\ G-A\ G-AB\ dis$   
**and**  $dis-n-app$ :  $\neg dis \rightarrow_{G-AB} app$

## 6.2 Append-One Lemmas

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $new-node-alt$ :  
 $(\forall b. \neg b \rightarrow_{G-A} app)$   
**proof**(*auto*)  
**fix**  $b$   
**assume**  $a2$ :  $b \rightarrow_{G-A} app$   
**then have**  $b \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using**  $wf-digraph.adj-in-verts(1)\ bD-A$  **subs by** *metis*  
**then show** *False* **using**  $new-node\ a2$  **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $append-subverts$ :  
 $\text{verts } G \subset \text{verts } G-A$   
**unfolding**  $GG-A$   $\text{pre-digraph.verts-del-vert}$  **using**  $app-in\ app-notin$  **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $append-verts$ :  
 $\text{verts } G-A = \text{verts } G \cup \{app\}$   
**unfolding**  $GG-A$   $\text{pre-digraph.verts-del-vert}$  **using**  $app-in\ app-notin$  **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $append-verts-in$ :  
**assumes**  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
**shows**  $a \in \text{verts } G-A$   
**unfolding**  $append-verts$   
**by** (*simp add: assms*)

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $append-verts-diff$ :  
**shows**  $\text{verts } G = \text{verts } G-A - \{app\}$   
**using**  $append-verts\ app-in\ app-notin$  **by** *auto*

**lemma** (in  $Append-One$ )  $append-verts-cases$ :  
**assumes**  $a \in \text{verts } G-A$   
**obtains**  $(a-in-G)\ a \in \text{verts } G \mid (a-eq-app)\ a = app$

```

using append-verts assms by auto

lemma (in Append-One) append-subarcs-leq:
  arcs  $G \subseteq$  arcs  $G-A$ 
  unfolding  $GG-A$  pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert using app-in app-notin
  using wf-digraph-def subs Append-One-axioms by blast

lemma (in Append-One) append-subarcs:
  arcs  $G \subset$  arcs  $G-A$ 
proof
  show arcs  $G \subseteq$  arcs  $G-A$  using append-subarcs-leq by simp
  obtain gen where gen-rec:  $app \rightarrow^+_{G-A} gen$  using bD-A blockDAG.genesis
  app-in
    app-notin append-subverts
    genesis-in-verts new-node psubsetD tranclE new-node-alt
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then obtain walk where walk-in: pre-digraph.awalk  $G-A$  app walk gen  $\wedge$  walk
   $\neq \square$ 
    using wf-digraph.reachable1-awalk bD-A subs
    by metis
  then obtain e where  $\exists es. walk = e \# es$ 
  by (metis list.exhaust)
  then have e-in:  $e \in$  arcs  $G-A \wedge$  tail  $G-A$   $e = app$ 
  using wf-digraph.awalk-simps(2)
  bD-A subs walk-in
  by metis
  then have  $e \notin$  arcs  $G$  using wf-digraph-def app-notin
  blockDAG-axioms subs  $GG-A$  pre-digraph.tail-del-vert
  by metis
  then show arcs  $G \neq$  arcs  $G-A$  using e-in by auto
qed

lemma (in Append-One) append-head:
  head  $G-A =$  head  $G$ 
  using  $GG-A$ 
  by (simp add: pre-digraph.head-del-vert)

lemma (in Append-One) append-tail:
  tail  $G-A =$  tail  $G$ 
  using  $GG-A$ 
  by (simp add: pre-digraph.tail-del-vert)

lemma (in Append-One) append-subgraph:
  subgraph  $G$   $G-A$ 
  using  $GG-A$  blockDAG-axioms subs bD-A
  by (simp add: subs wf-digraph.subgraph-del-vert)

lemma (in Append-One) append-induce-subgraph:

```

$G-A \upharpoonright (\text{verts } G) = G$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $aaa: \text{arcs } G = \{e \in \text{arcs } G-A. \text{tail } G-A \ e \in \text{verts } G \wedge \text{head } G-A \ e \in \text{verts } G\}$   
**unfolding**  $GG-A \text{ pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert pre-digraph.verts-del-vert}$   
**using**  $\text{append-verts } bD-A \ \text{subs wf-digraph-def}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types}, \text{lifting}) \text{Diff-insert-absorb } \text{Un-empty-right } \text{Un-insert-right } \text{app-notin } \text{insertE})$   
**show**  $G-A \upharpoonright \text{verts } G = G$   
**unfolding**  $\text{induce-subgraph-def}$   
**using**  $aaa \ \text{app-notin } \text{append-head } \text{append-tail}$   
 $\text{arcs-del-vert } \text{del-vert-def } \text{del-vert-not-in-graph } \text{verts-del-vert}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types}, \text{lifting}))$   
**qed**

**lemma** (in *Append-One*) *append-induced-subgraph*:  
 $\text{induced-subgraph } G \ G-A$   
**proof** –  
**interpret**  $W: \text{blockDAG } G-A \text{ using } bD-A \text{ by auto}$   
**show**  $?thesis$   
**using**  $W.\text{induced-induce } \text{append-induce-subgraph } \text{append-subverts } \text{psubsetE}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis})$   
**qed**

**lemma** (in *Append-One*) *append-not-reached*:  
 $\forall b \in \text{verts } G-A. \neg b \rightarrow^+_{G-A} \text{app}$   
**using**  $\text{tranclE } wf-digraph.\text{reachable1-in-verts}(2) \ bD-A \ \text{subs new-node}$   
**by**  $\text{metis}$

**lemma** (in *Append-One*) *append-not-reached-all*:  
 $\forall b. \neg b \rightarrow^+_{G-A} \text{app}$   
**using**  $\text{tranclE } bD-A \ \text{new-node-alt}$   
**by**  $\text{metis}$

**lemma** (in *Append-One*) *append-not-headed*:  
 $\forall b \in \text{arcs } G-A. \neg \text{head } G-A \ b = \text{app}$   
**proof**(*rule ccontr, safe*)  
**fix**  $b$   
**assume**  $b \in \text{arcs } G-A$   
**and**  $\text{app} = \text{head } G-A \ b$   
**then have**  $\text{tail } G-A \ b \rightarrow_{G-A} \text{app}$   
**unfolding**  $\text{arcs-ends-def } \text{arc-to-ends-def}$   
**by**  $\text{auto}$   
**then show**  $\text{False}$   
**by**  $(\text{simp add: new-node-alt})$   
**qed**

```

lemma (in Append-One) dominates-preserve:
  assumes  $b \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $b \rightarrow_{G-A} c \longleftrightarrow b \rightarrow_G c$ 
proof
  assume  $b \rightarrow_G c$ 
  then show  $b \rightarrow_{G-A} c$ 
    using append-subgraph pre-digraph.adj-mono
    by metis
next
  have  $b\text{-napp} : b \neq \text{app}$  using assms(1) append-verts-diff by auto
  assume  $bc : b \rightarrow_{G-A} c$ 
  then have  $c\text{-napp} : c \neq \text{app}$  using new-node-alt by auto
  show  $b \rightarrow_G c$  unfolding arcs-ends-def arc-to-ends-def
    using GG-A pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert bc b-napp c-napp
    using append-head append-tail by fastforce
qed

lemma (in Append-One) reachable1-preserve:
  assumes  $b \in \text{verts } G$ 
  shows  $(b \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c) \longleftrightarrow b \rightarrow^+ c$ 
proof(standard)
  assume  $b \rightarrow^+ c$ 
  then show  $b \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c$ 
    using trancl-mono append-subgraph arcs-ends-mono
    by (metis)
next
  interpret B2: blockDAG G-A using bD-A by simp
  assume  $c\text{-re} : b \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c$ 
  show  $b \rightarrow^+ c$ 
    using c-re
  proof(cases rule: trancl-induct)
    case (base y)
    then have  $b \rightarrow_G y$  using dominates-preserve assms(1) by auto
    then show  $b \rightarrow^+ y$  by auto
  next
    fix y z
    assume b-y:  $b \rightarrow^+ y$ 
    then have y-in:  $y \in \text{verts } G$  using reachable1-in-verts(2)
      by (metis)
    assume  $y \rightarrow_{G-A} z$ 
    then have  $y \rightarrow_G z$  using dominates-preserve y-in by auto
    then show  $b \rightarrow^+ z$  using b-y by auto
  qed
qed

```

lemma (in Append-One) append-past-nodes:  
 assumes  $a \in \text{verts } G$

**shows**  $\text{past-nodes } G \ a = \text{past-nodes } G\text{-}A \ a$   
**unfolding**  $\text{past-nodes.simps}$   $\text{append-verts}$  **using**  
 $\text{assms reachable1-preserve}$   $\text{append-not-reached-all}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma** (**in**  $\text{Append-One}$ )  $\text{append-is-tip}$ :  
 $\text{is-tip } G\text{-}A \ \text{app}$   
**unfolding**  $\text{is-tip.simps}$   
**using**  $\text{app-in new-node}$   $\text{append-not-reached}$   
**by**  $\text{metis}$

**lemma** (**in**  $\text{Append-One}$ )  $\text{append-in-tips}$ :  
 $\text{app} \in \text{tips } G\text{-}A$   
**unfolding**  $\text{tips-def}$   
**using**  $\text{app-in new-node}$   $\text{append-is-tip}$   $\text{CollectI}$   
**by**  $\text{metis}$

**lemma** (**in**  $\text{Append-One}$ )  $\text{append-greater-1}$ :  
 $\text{card } (\text{verts } G\text{-}A) > 1$   
**unfolding**  $\text{append-verts}$   
**using**  $\text{app-notin no-empty-blockDAG}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma** (**in**  $\text{Append-One}$ )  $\text{append-reduce-some}$ :  
**assumes**  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
**shows**  $\text{reduce-past } G\text{-}A \ a = \text{reduce-past } G \ a$   
**unfolding**  $\text{reduce-past.simps}$   $\text{past-nodes.simps}$   $\text{append-head}$   $\text{append-tail}$   
 $\text{induce-subgraph-def}$   $\text{append-verts}$   
**proof**( $\text{standard}, \text{simp}, \text{standard}$ )  
**have**  $a \neq \text{app}$  **using**  $\text{assms}(1)$   $\text{append-verts-diff}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$   
**then show**  $\text{vv: } \{b. (b = \text{app} \vee b \in \text{verts } G) \wedge a \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A} b\} = \{b \in \text{verts } G. a \rightarrow^+ b\}$   
**using**  $\text{reachable1-preserve}$   $\text{assms reachable1-in-verts}(2)$  **by**  $\text{blast}$   
**show**  $\{e \in \text{arcs } G\text{-}A.$   
 $(\text{tail } G \ e = \text{app} \vee \text{tail } G \ e \in \text{verts } G) \wedge$   
 $a \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A} \text{tail } G \ e \wedge (\text{head } G \ e = \text{app} \vee \text{head } G \ e \in \text{verts } G) \wedge a \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A}$   
 $\text{head } G \ e\} =$   
 $\{e \in \text{arcs } G. \text{tail } G \ e \in \text{verts } G \wedge a \rightarrow^+ \text{tail } G \ e \wedge \text{head } G \ e \in \text{verts } G \wedge a$   
 $\rightarrow^+ \text{head } G \ e\}$   
**unfolding**  $\text{vv } GG\text{-}A \ \text{pre-digraph.arcs-del-vert}$  **using**  $\text{append-not-reached-all}$   
**using**  $GG\text{-}A \ \text{append-head}$   $\text{append-tail}$   $\text{assms reachable1-preserve}$  **by**  $\text{fastforce}$   
**qed**

**lemma**  $\text{blockDAG-induct-append}[\text{consumes } 1, \text{case-names base step}]$ :  
**assumes**  $\text{fund: blockDAG } G$   
**assumes cases:**  $\bigwedge V::('a, 'b) \ \text{pre-digraph. blockDAG } V \implies P \ (\text{blockDAG.gen-graph } V)$   
 $\bigwedge G \ G\text{-}A::('a, 'b) \ \text{pre-digraph. } \bigwedge \text{app}::'a.$   
 $\text{Append-One } G \ G\text{-}A \ \text{app}$



```

 $\Rightarrow (P \ G)$ 
 $\Rightarrow P \ G\text{-}A$ 
shows  $P \ G$ 
using assms
proof(induct  $G$  rule: blockDAG-induct)
  case (base  $V$ )
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (step  $H$ )
  show ?case proof(cases  $H$  rule: blockDAG.blockDAG-cases2, simp add: step)
    case 2
    then have blockDAG (blockDAG.gen-graph  $H$ ) using step(2) blockDAG.gen-graph-sound
  by auto
    then show ?thesis using step(3) 2 by metis
  next
    case 3
    then obtain  $H_a$  and  $b$  where bD-Ha: blockDAG  $H_a$  and b-in:  $b \in \text{verts } H$ 
      and del-v:  $H_a = \text{pre-digraph.del-vert } H \ b$  and nre:  $(\forall c \in \text{verts } H. (c, b) \notin$ 
(arcs-ends  $H$ )+)
    by auto
    then have  $b \notin \text{verts } H_a$  unfolding del-v pre-digraph.verts-del-vert by auto
    then have Append-One  $H_a \ H \ b$  unfolding Append-One-def Append-One-axioms-def

      using bD-Ha b-in del-v nre step.hyps(2) by auto
    then show ?thesis using step
      using bD-Ha b-in del-v by auto
  qed
qed

```

### 6.3 Honest-Append-One Lemmas

lemma (in *Honest-Append-One*) *reaches-all*:

$\forall v \in \text{verts } G. \text{app} \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A} v$

proof

fix  $v$

assume *v-in*:  $v \in \text{verts } G$

consider *is-tip*  $G \ v \mid \neg \text{is-tip } G \ v$  by *auto*

then show  $\text{app} \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A} v$

proof(*cases*)

case 1

then show ?*thesis* using *ref-tips* *v-in* *is-tip.simps* *r-into-trancl'* *reached-by*  
by (*metis*)

next

case 2

then have  $v \notin \text{tips } G$  unfolding *tips-def* by *simp*

then obtain  $t$  where *t-in*:  $t \in \text{tips } G \wedge t \rightarrow^+_G v$

using *reached-by-tip* *v-in* by *auto*

then have  $t \rightarrow^+_{G\text{-}A} v$  using *v-in* *append-subgraph* *arcs-ends-mono* *trancl-mono*  
by (*metis*)

**moreover have**  $app \rightarrow^+_{G-A} t$   
**using** *ref-tips v-in r-into-trancl' t-in*  
**by** (*metis*)  
**ultimately show** *?thesis using trancl-trans by auto*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** (*in Honest-Append-One*) *append-past-all*:  
*past-nodes G-A app = verts G*  
**unfolding** *past-nodes.simps append-verts*  
**using** *reaches-all DAG.cycle-free bD-A subs*  
**by** *fastforce*

**lemma** (*in Honest-Append-One*) *append-future*:  
**assumes**  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
**shows** *future-nodes G a = future-nodes G-A a - {app}*  
**unfolding** *future-nodes.simps append-verts*  
**proof**(*auto simp: asms reaches-all reachable1-preserve app-notin*) **qed**

**lemma** (*in Honest-Append-One*) *append-future2*:  
**assumes**  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
**shows**  $app \in \text{future-nodes } G-A \ a$   
**unfolding** *future-nodes.simps append-verts*  
**using** *asms*  
**proof**(*auto simp: reaches-all reachable1-preserve*) **qed**

**lemma** (*in Honest-Append-One*) *append-is-only-tip*:  
*tips G-A = {app}*  
**proof** *safe*  
**show**  $app \in \text{tips } G-A$  **using** *append-in-tips by simp*  
**fix**  $x$   
**assume** *as1:  $x \in \text{tips } G-A$*   
**then have**  $x\text{-in: } x \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using** *digraph.tips-in-verts bD-A subs by auto*  
**show**  $x = app$   
**proof**(*rule ccontr*)  
**assume**  $x \neq app$   
**then have**  $x \in \text{verts } G$  **using** *append-verts x-in by auto*  
**then have**  $app \rightarrow^+_{G-A} x$  **using** *reaches-all by auto*  
**then have**  $\neg \text{is-tip } G-A \ x$  **unfolding** *is-tip.simps using app-in by auto*  
**then show** *False using as1 CollectD unfolding tips-def by auto*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** (*in Honest-Append-One*) *reduce-append*:  
*reduce-past G-A app = G*  
**unfolding** *reduce-past.simps past-nodes.simps*  
**proof** –  
**have**  $\{b \in \text{verts } G. app \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b\} = \text{verts } G$   
**using** *reaches-all by auto*

**moreover have**  $\{b \in \text{verts } G. \text{ app} \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b\} = \{b \in \text{verts } G-A. \text{ app} \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b\}$   
**unfolding** *append-verts* **using** *append-is-tip* **by** *fastforce*  
**ultimately have**  $\{b \in \text{verts } G-A. \text{ app} \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b\} = \text{verts } G$  **by** *simp*  
**then show**  $G-A \upharpoonright \{b \in \text{verts } G-A. \text{ app} \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b\} = G$   
**unfolding** *induce-subgraph-def*  
**using** *append-induced-subgraph induced-subgraph-def*  
*append-head append-tail*  
**by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong app-notin arcs-del-vert*  
*del-vert-def del-vert-not-in-graph verts-del-vert*)  
**qed**

**lemma** (in *Honest-Append-One*) *append-no-anticone*:

*anticone*  $G-A$  *app* =  $\{\}$   
**unfolding** *anticone.simps*  
**proof** *safe*  
**fix**  $x$   
**assume**  $x \in \text{verts } G-A$   
**and**  $\text{app} \neq x$   
**and as:**  $(\text{app}, x) \notin (\text{arcs-ends } G-A)^+$   
**then have**  $x \in \text{verts } G$   
**using** *append-verts* **by** *auto*  
**then have**  $\text{app} \rightarrow^+_{G-A} x$   
**using** *reaches-all* **by** *auto*  
**then show**  $x \rightarrow^+_{G-A} \text{app}$   
**using** *as* **by** *auto*  
**qed**

## 6.4 Honest-Dishonest-Append-One Lemmas

**lemma** (in *Append-One-Honest-Dishonest*) *app-dis-not-reached*:

**shows**  $\neg \text{dis} \rightarrow^+_{G-AB} \text{app}$   
**proof**(*rule ccontr, cases dis app (arcs-ends G-AB) rule: converse-trancl-induct, auto*)  
**fix**  $y$   
**assume**  $y-d: y \rightarrow_{G-AB} \text{app}$   
**interpret** *D1: Append-One G-A G-AB dis* **using** *app-two* **by** *simp*  
**interpret** *B3: blockDAG G-AB* **using** *D1.bD-A* **by** *auto*  
**have**  $y \in \text{verts } G-AB$  **using** *y-d B3.wellformed* **by** *auto*  
**then consider**  $y = \text{dis} \mid y \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using** *D1.append-verts* **by** *auto*  
**then show** *False*  
**proof**(*cases*)  
**case** *1*  
**then have**  $\text{dis} \rightarrow_{G-AB} \text{app}$  **using** *y-d* **by** *auto*  
**then show** *?thesis* **using** *dis-n-app* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *2*  
**then have**  $y \rightarrow^+_{G-A} \text{app}$  **using** *D1.reachable1-preserve y-d* **by** *blast*  
**then show** *?thesis* **using** *append-not-reached-all* **by** *auto*

qed  
qed

**lemma** (in *Append-One-Honest-Dishonest*) *append-is-only-tip*:

*tips G-AB = {app, dis}*

**proof** *safe*

**interpret** *A2: Append-One G-A G-AB dis* **using** *app-two* **by** *auto*

**show** *dis ∈ tips G-AB* **using** *A2.append-in-tips* **by** *simp*

**show** *app ∈ tips G-AB* **unfolding** *tips-def is-tip.simps A2.append-verts*

**using** *app-dis-not-reached reachable1-preserve append-not-reached*

*A2.reachable1-preserve app-in*

**by** *simp*

**fix** *x*

**assume** *as1: x ∈ tips G-AB*

**and** *app-x: x ≠ app*

**have** *x ∉ verts G*

**proof**

**assume** *x-vG: x ∈ verts G*

**then have** *x ∈ verts G-A* **using** *append-verts* **by** *auto*

**then have** *app →<sup>+</sup><sub>G-AB</sub> x* **using** *A2.reachable1-preserve reaches-all x-vG*

*app-in*

**by** *simp*

**then have** *x ∉ tips G-AB*

**by** (*metis A2.append-verts-in app-in is-tip.elims(2) tips-tips*)

**then show** *False* **using** *as1* **by** *simp*

qed

**then show** *x = dis* **unfolding**

*append-verts-diff A2.append-verts-diff* **using** *app-x as1 tip-in-verts* **by** *force*

qed

end

**theory** *Properties*

**imports** *blockDAG ExtendblockDAG Spectre Ghostdag*

**begin**

**definition** *Linear-Order:: ((*'a, 'b*) pre-digraph ⇒ *'a rel*) ⇒ bool*

**where** *Linear-Order A ≡ (∀ G. blockDAG G ⟶ linear-order-on (verts G) (A G))*

**definition** *Order-Preserving:: ((*'a, 'b*) pre-digraph ⇒ *'a rel*) ⇒ bool*

**where** *Order-Preserving A ≡ (∀ G a b. blockDAG G ⟶ a →<sup>+</sup><sub>G</sub> b ⟶ (b, a) ∈ (A G))*

**definition** *One-Appending-Monotone:: ((*'a, 'b*) pre-digraph ⇒ *'a rel*) ⇒ bool*

**where** *One-Appending-Monotone*  $A \equiv$   
 $(\forall G \ G-A \ a \ b \ c. \text{Honest-Append-One } G \ G-A \ a \longrightarrow ((b,c) \in (A \ G) \longrightarrow (b,c)$   
 $\in (A \ G-A)))$

**definition** *One-Appending-Robust*::  $((a,b) \text{ pre-digraph} \Rightarrow a \text{ rel}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   
**where** *One-Appending-Robust*  $A \equiv$   
 $(\forall G \ G' \ G'' \ a \ b \ c \ d. \text{Append-One-Honest-Dishonest } G \ G' \ a \ G'' \ b$   
 $\longrightarrow ((c,d) \in (A \ G) \longrightarrow (c,d) \in (A \ G'')))$

**end**  
**theory** *Spectre-Properties*  
**imports** *Spectre ExtendblockDAG Properties*  
**begin**

## 7 SPECTRE properties

### 7.1 SPECTRE Order Preserving

**lemma** *vote-Spectre-Preserving*:  
**assumes**  $c \rightarrow^+_G b$   
**shows**  $\text{vote-Spectre } G \ a \ b \ c \in \{0,1\}$   
**using** *assms*  
**proof**(*induction*  $G \ a \ b \ c$  *rule: vote-Spectre.induct*)  
**case**  $(1 \ V \ a \ b \ c)$   
**then show** *?case*  
**proof**(*cases*  $a \ b \ c \ V$  *rule: Spectre-casesAlt*)  
**case** *no-bD*  
**then show** *?thesis* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *equal*  
**then show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
**next**  
**case** *one*  
**then show** *?thesis* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *two*  
**then show** *?thesis*  
**by** (*metis* *local.1.premis* *trancl-trans*)  
**next**  
**case** *three*  
**then have** *a-not-gen*:  $\neg \text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } V \ a$   
**using** *blockDAG.genesis-reaches-nothing*  
**by** *metis*  
**then have** *bD*:  $\text{blockDAG} \ (\text{reduce-past } V \ a)$  **using** *blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased*

```

    three by auto
  have b-in2:  $b \in \text{past-nodes } V a$  using three by auto
  also have c-in2:  $c \in \text{past-nodes } V a$  using three by auto
  ultimately have  $c \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past } V a b$  using  $\text{DAG.reduce-past-path2 three 1}$ 
    by (metis blockDAG.axioms(1))
  then have allsorted01:  $\forall x. x \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } V a)) \longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) x b c \in \{0, 1\}$  using 1 three by auto
  then have all01:  $\forall x. x \in (\text{past-nodes } V a) \longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) x b c \in \{0, 1\}$ 
    using subs three sorted-list-of-set(1) DAG.finite-past
    by metis
  obtain wit where wit-in:  $wit \in \text{past-nodes } V a$ 
    and wit-vote:  $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) wit b c \neq 0$ 
  using vote-Spectre-one-exists b-in2 c-in2 bD induce-subgraph-verts reduce-past.simps
    by metis
  then have wit-vote1:  $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) wit b c = 1$  using all01
    by blast
  obtain the-map where the-map-in:
    the-map =  $(\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) i b c)$ 
       $(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } V a)))$ 
    by auto
  have all01-1:  $\forall x \in \text{set the-map}. x \in \{0, 1\}$ 
    unfolding the-map-in set-map
    using allsorted01 by blast
  have  $\exists x \in \text{set the-map}. x = 1$ 
    unfolding the-map-in set-map
    using wit-in wit-vote1
      sorted-list-of-set(1) DAG.finite-past bD subs
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) image-iff three)
  then have  $\exists x \in \text{set the-map}. x > 0$ 
    using zero-less-one by blast
  moreover have  $\forall x \in \text{set the-map}. x \geq 0$  using all01-1
    by (metis empty-iff insert-iff less-int-code(1) not-le-imp-less zero-le-one)
  ultimately have  $\text{signum } (\text{sum-list the-map}) = 1$  using sumlist-one-mono by
simp
  then have tie-break-int  $b c (\text{signum } (\text{sum-list the-map})) = 1$  using tie-break-int.simps
    by simp
  then have  $\text{vote-Spectre } V a b c = 1$  unfolding the-map-in using three
vote-Spectre.simps
    by simp
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
case four
  then have all01:  $\forall a2. a2 \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V a)) \longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{vote-Spectre } V a2 b c \in \{0, 1\}$ 
    using 1
    by metis
  have  $\forall a2. a2 \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V a))$ 
     $\longrightarrow \text{vote-Spectre } V a2 b c \geq 0$ 

```

```

proof safe
  fix a2
  assume  $a2 \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V \ a))$ 
  then have  $\text{vote-Spectre } V \ a2 \ b \ c \in \{0, 1\}$  using all01 by auto
  then show  $\text{vote-Spectre } V \ a2 \ b \ c \geq 0$ 
    by fastforce
  qed
then have  $(\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{vote-Spectre } V \ i \ b \ c) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V \ a)))) \geq 0$  using sum-list-mono sum-list-0
  by metis
then have  $\text{signum } (\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{vote-Spectre } V \ i \ b \ c) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } V \ a)))) \in \{0, 1\}$  unfolding signum.simps
  by simp
then show ?thesis using four by simp
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *Spectre-Order-Preserving*:

```

assumes blockDAG G
  and  $b \rightarrow^+_G a$ 
shows Spectre-Order G a b
proof –
  interpret B: blockDAG G using assms(1) by auto
  have set-ordered:  $\text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G)) = \text{verts } G$ 
    using assms(1) subs fin-digraph.finite-verts
    sorted-list-of-set by auto
  have a-in:  $a \in \text{verts } G$  using B.reachable1-in-verts(2) assms(2)
    by metis
  have b-in:  $b \in \text{verts } G$  using B.reachable1-in-verts(1) assms(2)
    by metis
  obtain the-map where the-map-in:
     $\text{the-map} = (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{vote-Spectre } G \ i \ a \ b) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G)))$  by auto
  obtain wit where wit-in:  $\text{wit} \in \text{verts } G$  and wit-vote:  $\text{vote-Spectre } G \ \text{wit} \ a \ b \neq 0$ 
    using vote-Spectre-one-exists a-in b-in assms(1)
    by blast
  have  $(\text{vote-Spectre } G \ \text{wit} \ a \ b) \in \text{set } \text{the-map}$ 
    unfolding the-map-in set-map
    using B.blockDAG-axioms fin-digraph.finite-verts
    subs sorted-list-of-set(1) wit-in image-iff
    by metis
  then have exune:  $\exists x \in \text{set } \text{the-map}. x \neq 0$ 
    using wit-vote by blast
  have all01:  $\forall x \in \text{set } \text{the-map}. x \in \{0, 1\}$ 
    unfolding set-ordered the-map-in set-map using vote-Spectre-Preserving assms(2)
    image-iff
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))

```

```

then have  $\exists x \in \text{set the-map. } x = 1$  using exune
  by blast
then have  $\exists x \in \text{set the-map. } x > 0$ 
  using zero-less-one by blast
moreover have  $\forall x \in \text{set the-map. } x \geq 0$  using all01
  by (metis empty-iff insert-iff less-int-code(1) not-le-imp-less zero-le-one)
ultimately have signum (sum-list the-map) = 1 using sumlist-one-mono by
simp
then have tie-break-int a b (signum (sum-list the-map)) = 1 using tie-break-int.simps
  by simp
then show ?thesis unfolding the-map-in Spectre-Order-def by simp
qed

```

```

lemma SPECTRE-Preserving:
  assumes blockDAG G
    and  $b \rightarrow^+_G a$ 
  shows  $(a,b) \in (\text{SPECTRE } G)$ 
  unfolding SPECTRE-def
  using assms wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts subs
    Spectre-Order-Preserving
    SigmaI case-prodI mem-Collect-eq by fastforce

```

```

lemma Order-Preserving SPECTRE
  unfolding Order-Preserving-def
  using SPECTRE-Preserving by auto

```

```

lemma vote-Spectre-antisymmetric:
  shows  $b \neq c \implies \text{vote-Spectre } V a b c = - (\text{vote-Spectre } V a c b)$ 
proof(induction V a b c rule: vote-Spectre.induct)
  case  $(1 V a b c)$ 
  show  $\text{vote-Spectre } V a b c = - \text{vote-Spectre } V a c b$ 
  proof(cases a b c V rule:Spectre-casesAlt)
    case no-bD
    then show ?thesis by fastforce
  next
    case equal
    then show ?thesis using 1 by simp
  next
    case one
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
    case two
    then show ?thesis by fastforce
  next
    case three
    then have ff:  $\text{vote-Spectre } V a b c = \text{tie-break-int } b c (\text{signum } (\text{sum-list } (\text{map}$ 
      ( $\lambda i.$ 
         $(\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } V a) i b c)) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } V a))))))$ 

```



```

    using vote-Spectre.simps
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  have ff1: vote-Spectre V a c b = tie-break-int c b (signum (sum-list (map (λi.
    (vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i c b)) (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes V a)))))
    using vote-Spectre.simps three by fastforce
  then have ff2: vote-Spectre V a c b = tie-break-int c b (signum (sum-list (map
    (λi.
      (− vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes V a)))))
    using three 1 map-eq-conv ff
    by (smt (verit, best))
    have (map (λi. − vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i b c) (sorted-list-of-set
      (past-nodes V a)))
      = (map uminus (map (λi. vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i b c)
        (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes V a))))
    using map-map by auto
  then have vote-Spectre V a c b = − (tie-break-int b c (signum (sum-list (map
    (λi.
      (vote-Spectre (reduce-past V a) i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes V a)))))
    using antisymmetric-sumlist 1 ff2 antisymmetric-signum antisymmetric-tie-break
    by (metis verit-minus-simplify(4))
  then show ?thesis using ff
    by presburger
next
case four
  then have ff: vote-Spectre V a b c = signum (sum-list (map (λi.
    (vote-Spectre V i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes V a)))))
    using vote-Spectre.simps
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then have ff2: vote-Spectre V a c b = signum (sum-list (map (λi.
    (− vote-Spectre V i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes V a)))))
    using four 1 vote-Spectre.simps map-eq-conv
    by (smt (z3))
  have (map (λi. − vote-Spectre V i b c) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes V a)))
    = (map uminus (map (λi. vote-Spectre V i b c) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes
      V a))))
    using map-map by auto
  then have vote-Spectre V a c b = − ( signum (sum-list (map (λi.
    (vote-Spectre V i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes V a)))))
    using antisymmetric-sumlist 1 ff2 antisymmetric-signum
    by (metis verit-minus-simplify(4))
  then show ?thesis using ff
    by linarith
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *vote-Spectre-reflexive*:  
 assumes *blockDAG V*  
 and  $a \in \text{verts } V$

**shows**  $\forall b \in \text{verts } V. \text{ vote-Spectre } V b a a = 1$  **using** *vote-Spectre.simps* *assms*  
**by** *auto*

**lemma** *Spectre-Order-reflexive*:

**assumes** *blockDAG* *V*

**and**  $a \in \text{verts } V$

**shows** *Spectre-Order* *V* *a* *a*

**unfolding** *Spectre-Order-def*

**proof** –

**obtain** *l* **where** *l-def*:  $l = (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{ vote-Spectre } V i a a) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } V)))$

**by** *auto*

**have** *only-one*:  $l = (\text{map } (\lambda i. 1) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } V)))$

**using** *l-def* *vote-Spectre-reflexive* *assms* *sorted-list-of-set*(1)

**by** (*simp* *add*: *fin-digraph.finite-verts* *subs*)

**have** *ne*:  $l \neq []$

**using** *blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG* *length-map*

**by** (*metis* *assms*(1) *length-sorted-list-of-set* *less-numeral-extra*(3) *list.size*(3))

*l-def*)

**have** *sum-list*  $l = \text{card } (\text{verts } V)$  **using** *ne* *only-one* *sum-list-map-eq-sum-count*

**by** (*simp* *add*: *sum-list-triv*)

**then have** *sum-list*  $l > 0$  **using** *blockDAG.no-empty-blockDAG* *assms*(1) **by** *simp*

**then show** *tie-break-int* *a* *a*

(*signum* (*sum-list* ( $\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{ vote-Spectre } V i a a) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } V)))$ )))

$= 1$

**using** *l-def* *ne* *tie-break-int.simps*

*list.exhaust* *verit-comp-simplify*1(1) **by** *auto*

**qed**

**lemma** *Spectre-Order-antisym*:

**assumes** *blockDAG* *V*

**and**  $a \in \text{verts } V$

**and**  $b \in \text{verts } V$

**and**  $a \neq b$

**shows** *Spectre-Order* *V* *a* *b*  $= (\neg (\text{Spectre-Order } V b a))$

**proof** –

**obtain** *wit* **where** *wit-in*: *vote-Spectre* *V* *wit* *a* *b*  $\neq 0 \wedge \text{wit} \in \text{verts } V$

**using** *vote-Spectre-one-exists* *assms*

**by** *blast*

**obtain** *l* **where** *l-def*:  $l = (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{ vote-Spectre } V i a b) (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } V)))$

**by** *auto*

**have**  $\text{wit} \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } V))$

**using** *wit-in* *sorted-list-of-set*(1)

*fin-digraph.finite-verts* *subs*

**by** (*simp* *add*: *fin-digraph.finite-verts* *subs* *assms*(1))

**then have** *vote-Spectre* *V* *wit* *a* *b*  $\in \text{set } l$  **unfolding** *l-def*

**by** (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *image-eqI* *list.set-map*)

```

then have dm: tie-break-int a b (signum (sum-list l)) ∈ {-1,1}
  by auto
obtain l2 where l2-def: l2 = (map (λi. vote-Spectre V i b a) (sorted-list-of-set
(verts V)))
  by auto
have minus: l2 = map uminus l
  unfolding l-def l2-def map-map
  using vote-Spectre-antisymmetric assms(4)
  by (metis comp-apply)
have anti: tie-break-int a b (signum (sum-list l)) =
  - tie-break-int b a (signum (sum-list l2)) unfolding minus
  using antisymmetric-sumlist antisymmetric-tie-break antisymmetric-signum
assms(4) by metis
then show ?thesis unfolding Spectre-Order-def using anti l-def dm l2-def
  add.inverse-inverse empty-iff equal-neg-zero insert-iff zero-neg-one
  by (metis)
qed

```

```

lemma Spectre-Order-total:
  assumes blockDAG V
  and a ∈ verts V ∧ b ∈ verts V
  shows Spectre-Order V a b ∨ Spectre-Order V b a
proof safe
  assume notB: ¬ Spectre-Order V b a
  consider (eq) a = b | (neg) a ≠ b by auto
  then show Spectre-Order V a b
  proof (cases)
    case eq
    then show ?thesis using Spectre-Order-reflexive assms by metis
  next
    case neg
    then show ?thesis using Spectre-Order-antisym notB assms
    by blast
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma SPECTRE-total:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows total-on (verts G) (SPECTRE G)
  unfolding total-on-def SPECTRE-def
  using Spectre-Order-total assms
  by fastforce

```

```

lemma SPECTRE-reflexive:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows refl-on (verts G) (SPECTRE G)
  unfolding refl-on-def SPECTRE-def
  using Spectre-Order-reflexive assms by fastforce

```

```

lemma SPECTRE-antisym:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows antisym (SPECTRE G)
  unfolding antisym-def SPECTRE-def
  using Spectre-Order-antisym assms by fastforce

lemma Spectre-equals-vote-Spectre-honest:
  assumes Honest-Append-One G G-A a
  and  $b \in \text{verts } G$ 
  and  $c \in \text{verts } G$ 
shows Spectre-Order G b c  $\longleftrightarrow$  vote-Spectre G-A a b c = 1
proof –
  interpret H: Append-One G G-A a using assms(1) Honest-Append-One-def by
metis
  have b-in:  $b \in \text{verts } G-A$  using H.append-verts-in assms(2) by metis
  have c-in:  $c \in \text{verts } G-A$  using H.append-verts-in assms(3) by metis
  have re-all:  $\forall v \in \text{verts } G. a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} v$  using Honest-Append-One.reaches-all
assms(1) by metis
  then have r-ab:  $a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b$  using assms(2) by simp
  have r-ac:  $a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c$  using re-all assms(3) by simp
  consider  $(b-c\text{-eq}) \ b = c \mid (not\text{-}b-c\text{-eq}) \neg b = c$  by auto
  then show ?thesis
  proof(cases)
    case b-c-eq
    then have Spectre-Order G b c using Spectre-Order-reflexive Append-One-def
      H.Append-One-axioms assms
    by metis
    moreover have vote-Spectre G-A a b c = 1 using vote-Spectre-reflexive
      using H.bD-A H.app-in b-in b-c-eq by metis
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case not-b-c-eq
    then have vote-Spectre G-A a b c = (tie-break-int b c (signum (sum-list (map
      ( $\lambda i.$ 
        (vote-Spectre (reduce-past G-A a) i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (past-nodes G-A a)))))))
      using vote-Spectre.simps Append-One.bD-A Honest-Append-One-def assms
r-ab r-ac
      Append-One.app-in b-in c-in
      map-eq-conv by fastforce
    then have the-eq: vote-Spectre G-A a b c = (tie-break-int b c (signum (sum-list
      ( $\lambda i.$ 
        (vote-Spectre G i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (verts G)))))))
      using Honest-Append-One.reduce-append Honest-Append-One.append-past-all
      assms(1) by metis
    show ?thesis
    unfolding the-eq Spectre-Order-def by simp
  qed

```

qed

**lemma** *Spectre-Order-Appending-Mono*:  
**assumes** *Honest-Append-One*  $G$   $G-A$  *app*  
**and**  $a \in \text{verts } G$   
**and**  $b \in \text{verts } G$   
**and**  $c \in \text{verts } G$   
**and** *Spectre-Order*  $G$   $b$   $c$   
**shows**  $\text{vote-Spectre } G$   $a$   $b$   $c \leq \text{vote-Spectre } G-A$   $a$   $b$   $c$   
**using** *assms*  
**proof**(*induction*  $G$   $a$   $b$   $c$  *rule: vote-Spectre.induct*)  
**case** (1  $G$   $a$   $b$   $c$ )  
**interpret** *HB1: Honest-Append-One*  $G$  **using** 1(3)  
**by** *metis*  
**interpret** *B2: blockDAG*  $G-A$  **using** *HB1.bD-A*  
**by** *metis*  
**have** *a-in-G-A*:  $a \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using** 1(4) *HB1.append-verts-in* **by** *simp*  
**have** *b-in-G-A*:  $b \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using** 1(5) *HB1.append-verts-in* **by** *simp*  
**have** *c-in-G-A*:  $c \in \text{verts } G-A$  **using** 1(6) *HB1.append-verts-in* **by** *simp*  
**show**  $\text{vote-Spectre } G$   $a$   $b$   $c \leq \text{vote-Spectre } G-A$   $a$   $b$   $c$   
**proof**(*cases*  $a$   $b$   $c$   $G$  *rule:Spectre-casesAlt*)  
**case** *no-bD*  
**then show** ?thesis **using** *HB1.bD* 1(4,5,6) **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *equal*  
**then show**  $\text{vote-Spectre } G$   $a$   $b$   $c \leq \text{vote-Spectre } G-A$   $a$   $b$   $c$   
**using** *B2.blockDAG-axioms* *a-in-G-A* *b-in-G-A* *c-in-G-A* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *one*  
**then have**  $(a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \vee a = b) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c)$  **using** *HB1.reachable1-preserve*  
**by** *auto*  
**then show** ?thesis **using** *one* *B2.blockDAG-axioms* *a-in-G-A* *b-in-G-A* *c-in-G-A*  
**by** *auto*  
**next**  
**case** *two*  
**then have**  $\neg((a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \vee a = b) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c))$  **using** *HB1.reachable1-preserve*  
**by** *auto*  
**moreover have**  $(a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c \vee a = c) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b)$   
**using** *two* *HB1.reachable1-preserve* **by** *auto*  
**ultimately show** ?thesis **using** *two* **by** *auto*  
**next**  
**have** *ppp: past-nodes*  $G-A$   $a = \text{past-nodes } G$   $a$  **using** 1(4) *HB1.append-past-nodes*  
**by** *auto*  
**have** *rrp: reduce-past*  $G-A$   $a = \text{reduce-past } G$   $a$  **using** 1(4) *HB1.append-reduce-some*  
**by** *auto*  
**case** *three*  
**then have** *ins:*  $\text{vote-Spectre } G$   $a$   $b$   $c = (\text{tie-break-int } b$   $c$   $(\text{signum } (\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i.$   
 $(\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } G$   $a)$   $i$   $b$   $c)))$   $(\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } G$   $a))))))$

```

    by auto
    have  $\neg((a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \vee a = b) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c))$  using HB1.reachable1-preserve
  three by auto
    moreover have  $\neg((a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c \vee a = c) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b))$ 
      using three HB1.reachable1-preserve by auto
    moreover have  $a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \wedge a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c$  using three HB1.reachable1-preserve
  by auto
    ultimately have  $\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ a \ b \ c = (\text{tie-break-int } b \ c \ (\text{signum } (\text{sum-list}$ 
  ( $\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } G-A \ a) \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } G-A \ a))))$ 
      using three a-in-G-A b-in-G-A c-in-G-A B2.blockDAG-axioms by auto
    then have  $\text{ins-2: vote-Spectre } G-A \ a \ b \ c = (\text{tie-break-int } b \ c \ (\text{signum } (\text{sum-list}$ 
  ( $\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } (\text{reduce-past } G \ a) \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{past-nodes } G \ a))))$ 
      unfolding ppp rrp by auto
    show ?thesis unfolding ins ins-2 by simp
next
  case four
    then have  $\text{ins: vote-Spectre } G \ a \ b \ c = \text{signum } (\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } G \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G \ a))))$ 
      by auto
    have  $\neg((a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \vee a = b) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c))$  using HB1.reachable1-preserve
  four by auto
    moreover have  $\neg((a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c \vee a = c) \wedge (\neg a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b))$ 
      using four HB1.reachable1-preserve by auto
    moreover have  $\neg(a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} b \wedge a \rightarrow^+_{G-A} c)$  using four HB1.reachable1-preserve
  by auto
    ultimately have ins2:
 $\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ a \ b \ c = \text{signum } (\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G-A \ a))))$ 
      using B2.blockDAG-axioms a-in-G-A b-in-G-A c-in-G-A vote-Spectre.simps
  four by auto
    have  $\bigwedge x . x \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G \ a)) \implies x \in \text{verts } G$ 
 $\implies \text{vote-Spectre } G \ x \ b \ c \leq \text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ x \ b \ c$ 
      using 1(2,3) four
      1.premis(5) by blast

    then have fut:  $\forall x \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G \ a)).$ 
 $(\text{vote-Spectre } G \ x \ b \ c) \leq (\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ x \ b \ c)$ 
      using HB1.finite-past HB1.past-nodes-verts
      by simp
    have futN:  $\text{future-nodes } G \ a = \text{future-nodes } G-A \ a - \{\text{app}\}$  using HB1.append-future
  1(4) by auto
    have appfut:  $\text{app} \in \text{future-nodes } G-A \ a$  using HB1.append-future2 1(4) by auto
    have bbb:  $\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G \ a))))$ 
 $= \text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda i.$ 
  ( $\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c)) \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{future-nodes } G-A \ a))))$ 
 $- (\text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ \text{app} \ b \ c)$ 

```

```

unfolding futN
using append-diff-sorted-set B2.finite-future appfut
by blast
have vote-Spectre G-A app b c = 1
using 1.premis Spectre-equals-vote-Spectre-honest
by blast
then have sp1: sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
  (vote-Spectre G-A i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G-A a))) =
  sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
  (vote-Spectre G-A i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G a))) + 1
using bbb by auto
have sp2: sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ (vote-Spectre G i b c))
  (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G a)))
   $\leq$  sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
  (vote-Spectre G-A i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G a)))
by (metis fut sum-list-mono)
show ?thesis unfolding ins ins2
proof (rule signum-mono)
show ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G a). vote-Spectre G i b c}$ )
 $\leq$  ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set (future-nodes G-A a). vote-Spectre G-A i b c}$ )
unfolding sp1 using sp2
by linarith
qed
qed
qed

lemma One-Appending-Monotone SPECTRE
unfolding One-Appending-Monotone-def
proof safe
fix G G-A::('a::linorder,'b) pre-digraph and app b c::'a
assume Honest-Append-One G G-A app
and bcS: (b, c)  $\in$  SPECTRE G
then interpret H1: Honest-Append-One G G-A app by auto
interpret B1: blockDAG G-A using H1.bD-A by auto
have b-in: b  $\in$  verts G
and c-in: c  $\in$  verts G using bcS unfolding SPECTRE-def by auto
then have b-in2: b  $\in$  verts G-A
and c-in2: c  $\in$  verts G-A using H1.append-verts-in by auto
then show (b, c)  $\in$  SPECTRE G-A
unfolding SPECTRE-def
proof(simp)
have so: Spectre-Order G b c using bcS unfolding SPECTRE-def by auto
then have vv: vote-Spectre G-A app b c = 1
using Spectre-equals-vote-Spectre-honest b-in c-in H1.Honest-Append-One-axioms
by blast
have bbb: ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set (verts G). vote-Spectre G-A i b c}$ ) =
  ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set (verts G-A). vote-Spectre G-A i b c}$ ) - vote-Spectre
  G-A app b c
unfolding H1.append-verts-diff

```

```

using append-diff-sorted-set B1.finite-verts H1.app-in
by blast
have sp1: sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
(vote-Spectre G-A i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (verts G-A))) =
sum-list (map ( $\lambda i.$ 
(vote-Spectre G-A i b c)) (sorted-list-of-set (verts G))) + 1
unfolding bbb vv by auto
have lee: ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G). \text{vote-Spectre } G \ i \ b \ c$ )  $\leq$ 
( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G). \text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c$ )
proof(rule sum-list-mono)
  fix a
  assume  $a \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G))$ 
  then have  $a \in \text{verts } G$  using sorted-list-of-set(1) H1.finite-verts by auto
  then show vote-Spectre G a b c  $\leq$  vote-Spectre G-A a b c
    using Spectre-Order-Appending-Mono H1.Honest-Append-One-axioms b-in
c-in so by blast
qed
have ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G). \text{vote-Spectre } G \ i \ b \ c$ )  $\leq$ 
( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G-A). \text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c$ )
unfolding sp1 using lee by linarith
then have signum ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G).$ 
vote-Spectre G i b c)  $\leq$  signum ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G-A).$ 
vote-Spectre G-A i b c)
by(rule signum-mono)
then have tie-break-int b c (signum ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G).$ 
vote-Spectre G i b c))
 $\leq$  tie-break-int b c (signum ( $\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G-A).$ 
vote-Spectre G-A i b c))
by(rule tie-break-mono)
then have  $1 \leq \text{tie-break-int } b \ c \ (\text{signum } (\sum i \leftarrow \text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{verts } G-A). \text{vote-Spectre } G-A \ i \ b \ c))$ 
using so
unfolding Spectre-Order-def by simp
then show Spectre-Order G-A b c
unfolding Spectre-Order-def using domain-tie-break by auto
qed
qed
end

```

```

theory Codegen
  imports blockDAG Spectre Ghostdag ExtendblockDAG
begin

```

## 8 Code Generation

```

fun arcAlt:: ('a, 'b) pre-digraph  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\times$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool

```



**where**  $\text{arcAlt } G \ e \ uv = (e \in \text{arcs } G \wedge \text{tail } G \ e = \text{fst } uv \wedge \text{head } G \ e = \text{snd } uv)$

**fun**  $\text{iterate}:: ('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   
**where**  $\text{iterate } S \ P = \text{Finite-Set.fold } (\lambda r \ A. S \ r \wedge A) \ \text{False } P$

**lemma**  $(\text{in } \text{DAG}) \ \text{arcAlt-eq}$ :  
**shows**  $\text{arcAlt } G \ e \ uv = \text{wf-digraph.arc } G \ e \ uv$   
**unfolding**  $\text{arc-def arcAlt.simps}$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{blockDAG } G = (\text{DAG } G \wedge ((\exists p \in \text{verts } G. ((\forall r \in \text{verts } G. (r \rightarrow^+_G p \vee r = p)))) \wedge$   
 $(\forall e \in (\text{arcs } G). \forall u \in \text{verts } G. \forall v \in \text{verts } G.$   
 $(u \rightarrow^+(\text{pre-digraph.del-arc } G \ e) \ v) \longrightarrow \neg \text{arcAlt } G \ e \ (u,v))))$   
**using**  $\text{DAG.arcAlt-eq wf-digraph-def DAG.axioms(1)}$   
 $\text{digraph.axioms(1) fin-digraph.axioms(1) wf-digraph.arcE blockDAG-axioms-def}$   
 $\text{blockDAG-def}$   
**by**  $\text{metis}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{DAG } G = (\text{digraph } G \wedge (\forall v \in \text{verts } G. \neg(v \rightarrow^+_G v)))$   
**unfolding**  $\text{DAG-axioms-def DAG-def}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis digraph.axioms(1) fin-digraph.axioms(1) wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(1)})$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{digraph } G = (\text{fin-digraph } G \wedge \text{loopfree-digraph } G \wedge \text{nomulti-digraph } G)$   
**unfolding**  $\text{digraph-def}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{wf-digraph } G = ($   
 $(\forall e \in \text{arcs } G. \text{tail } G \ e \in \text{verts } G) \wedge$   
 $(\forall e \in \text{arcs } G. \text{head } G \ e \in \text{verts } G))$   
**using**  $\text{wf-digraph-def}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{nomulti-digraph } G = (\text{wf-digraph } G \wedge$   
 $(\forall e1 \in \text{arcs } G. \forall e2 \in \text{arcs } G.$   
 $\text{arc-to-ends } G \ e1 = \text{arc-to-ends } G \ e2 \longrightarrow e1 = e2))$   
**unfolding**  $\text{nomulti-digraph-def nomulti-digraph-axioms-def}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{loopfree-digraph } G = (\text{wf-digraph } G \wedge (\forall e \in \text{arcs } G. \text{tail } G \ e \neq$   
 $\text{head } G \ e))$   
**unfolding**  $\text{loopfree-digraph-def loopfree-digraph-axioms-def}$  **by**  $\text{auto}$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{pre-digraph.del-arc } G \ a =$   
 $(\text{verts} = \text{verts } G, \text{arcs} = \text{arcs } G - \{a\}, \text{tail} = \text{tail } G, \text{head} = \text{head } G)$   
**by**  $(\text{simp add: pre-digraph.del-arc-def})$

**lemma**  $[\text{code}]$ :  $\text{fin-digraph } G = (\text{wf-digraph } G \wedge (\text{card } (\text{verts } G) > 0 \vee \text{verts } G =$   
 $\{\}))$   
 $\wedge ((\text{card } (\text{arcs } G) > 0 \vee \text{arcs } G = \{\})))$

```

using card-ge-0-finite fin-digraph-def fin-digraph-axioms-def
by (metis card-gt-0-iff finite.emptyI)

fun vote-Spectre-Int:: (integer, integer×integer) pre-digraph ⇒
integer ⇒ integer ⇒ integer ⇒ integer
where vote-Spectre-Int V a b c = integer-of-int (vote-Spectre V a b c)

fun SpectreOrder-Int:: (integer, integer×integer) pre-digraph ⇒ integer ⇒ integer
⇒ bool
where SpectreOrder-Int G = Spectre-Order G

fun OrderDAG-Int:: (integer, integer×integer) pre-digraph ⇒
integer ⇒ (integer set × integer list)
where OrderDAG-Int V a = (OrderDAG V (nat-of-integer a))

export-code top-sort anticone set blockDAG pre-digraph-ext snd fst vote-Spectre-Int
SpectreOrder-Int OrderDAG-Int
in Haskell module-name DAGS file code/

notepad begin
let ?G = (verts = {1::int,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10}, arcs = {(2,1),(3,1),(4,1),
(5,2),(6,3),(7,4),(8,5),(8,3),(9,6),(9,4),(10,7),(10,2)}, tail = fst, head = snd)
let ?a = 2
let ?b = 3
let ?c = 4
value blockDAG ?G
value Spectre-Order ?G ?a ?b ∧ Spectre-Order ?G ?b ?c ∧ ¬ Spectre-Order ?G
?a ?c
end

8.1 Extend Graph

declare pre-digraph.del-vert-def [code]
declare Append-One-axioms-def [code]
declare Honest-Append-One-axioms-def [code]
declare Append-One-def [code]
declare Honest-Append-One-def [code]
declare Append-One-Honest-Dishonest-axioms-def [code]
declare Append-One-Honest-Dishonest-def [code]

end
theory Ghostdag-Properties
imports Ghostdag ExtendblockDAG Properties Codegen
begin

```

## 9 GHOSTDAG properties

### 9.1 GHOSTDAG Order Preserving

**lemma** *GhostDAG-preserving*:

```

  assumes blockDAG G
    and  $x \rightarrow^+_G y$ 
  shows  $(y, x) \in \text{GHOSTDAG } k \ G$ 
  unfolding GHOSTDAG.simps using assms
proof(induct G k arbitrary: x y rule: OrderDAG.induct )
  case (1 G k)
  then show ?case proof (cases G rule: OrderDAG-casesAlt)
    case ntB
    then show ?thesis using 1 by auto
  next
  case one
  then have  $\neg x \rightarrow^+_G y$ 
    using subs wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts 1
    by (metis DAG.cycle-free OrderDAG-casesAlt blockDAG.reduce-less
      blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased blockDAG.unique-genesis less-one not-one-less-zero)

  then show ?thesis using 1 by simp
next
case more
obtain pp where pp-in: pp = (map ( $\lambda i.$  (OrderDAG (reduce-past G i) k, i))
  (sorted-list-of-set (tips G))) using blockDAG.tips-exist by auto
have backw: list-to-rel (snd (OrderDAG G k)) =
  list-to-rel (snd (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
    (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticones G (snd (choose-max-blue-set
pp))))))
    (add-set-list-tuple (choose-max-blue-set pp))))
  using OrderDAG.simps less-irrefl-nat more pp-in
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
obtain S where s-in:
  (top-sort G (sorted-list-of-set (anticones G (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp))))))
= S by simp
obtain t where t-in : (add-set-list-tuple (choose-max-blue-set pp)) = t by simp
obtain ma where ma-def: ma = (snd (choose-max-blue-set pp)) by simp
have ma-vert: ma  $\in$  verts G unfolding ma-def using chosen-map-simps(2)
digraph.tips-in-verts
  more(1) subs subsetD pp-in by blast
have ma-tip: is-tip G ma unfolding ma-def
  using chosen-map-simps(2) more pp-in tips-tips
  by (metis (no-types))
then have no-gen:  $\neg \text{blockDAG.is-genesis-node } G \ ma$  unfolding ma-def using
pp-in
  blockDAG.tips-unequal-gen more
by metis
then have red-bd: blockDAG (reduce-past G ma)
  using blockDAG.reduce-past-dagbased more ma-vert unfolding ma-def

```

```

    by auto
  consider (ind)  $x \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma} \wedge y \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$ 
    | (x-in)  $x \notin \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma} \wedge y \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$ 
    | (y-in)  $x \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma} \wedge y \notin \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$ 
    | (both-nin)  $x \notin \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma} \wedge y \notin \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$  by auto
  then show ?thesis proof(cases)
  case ind
  then have  $x \rightarrow^+ \text{reduce-past } G \text{ ma } y$  using DAG.reduce-past-path2 more
    1 subs
  by (metis)
  moreover have ma-tips:  $\text{ma} \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{tips } G))$ 
    using chosen-map-simps(1) pp-in more(1)
  unfolding ma-def by auto
  ultimately have  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{snd } (\text{OrderDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G \text{ ma}) k))$ 
    unfolding ma-def
    using more 1 ind less-numeral-extra(4) ma-def red-bd
  by (metis)
  then have  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{snd } (\text{fst } (\text{choose-max-blue-set } pp)))$ 
    using chosen-map-simps(6) pp-in 1 unfolding ma-def by fastforce
  then have rel-base:  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple}(\text{choose-max-blue-set } pp)))$ 
    using add-set-list-tuple.simps list-to-rel-mono prod.collapse snd-conv
  by metis

  show ?thesis
  unfolding ma-def backw s-in
  using rel-base unfolding t-in
  using fold-app-mono-rel prod.collapse
  by metis
next
case x-in
then have  $y \in \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{OrderDAG } (\text{reduce-past } G \text{ ma}) k))$ 
unfolding reduce-past.simps using induce-subgraph-verts Verts-in-OrderDAG

  more red-bd reduce-past.elims
  by (metis)
then have y-in-base:  $y \in \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{fst } (\text{choose-max-blue-set } pp)))$ 
  unfolding ma-def using chosen-map-simps(6) more pp-in
  by fastforce
consider (x-t)  $x = \text{ma} \mid (x\text{-ant}) x \in \text{anticone } G \text{ ma}$  using DAG.verts-comp2
  subs 1 ma-tip ma-vert
  mem-Collect-eq tips-def wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(1) x-in
  by (metis (no-types, lifting))
then show ?thesis proof(cases)
case x-t
then have  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple } (\text{choose-max-blue-set } pp)))$ 
  unfolding x-t ma-def
  using y-in-base add-set-list-tuple.simps list-to-rel-append prod.collapse sndI

```

```

    by metis
  then show ?thesis unfolding ma-def backw s-in
    unfolding t-in
    using fold-app-mono-rel prod.collapse
    by metis
next
case x-ant
then have  $x \in \text{set } (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{anticone } G \text{ ma}))$ 
  using sorted-list-of-set(1) more subs
  by (metis DAG.anticon-finite)
moreover have  $y \in \text{set } (\text{snd } (\text{add-set-list-tuple } (\text{choose-max-blue-set } pp)))$ 
  using add-set-list-tuple-mono in-mono prod.collapse y-in-base
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding backw
  by (metis fold-app-app-rel ma-def prod.collapse top-sort-con)
qed
next
case y-in
then have  $y \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$  unfolding past-nodes.simps using 1(2,3)
  wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(2) subs mem-Collect-eq trancl-trans
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
then show ?thesis using y-in by simp
next
case both-nin
consider  $(x-t) \ x = \text{ma} \mid (x-ant) \ x \in \text{anticone } G \text{ ma}$  using DAG.verts-comp2
  subs 1 ma-tip ma-vert
  mem-Collect-eq tips-def wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(1) both-nin
  by (metis (no-types, lifting))
then show ?thesis proof(cases)
case x-t
have  $y \in \text{past-nodes } G \text{ ma}$  using 1(3) more
  past-nodes.simps unfolding x-t
  by (simp add: subs wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(2))
then show ?thesis using both-nin by simp
next
have y-ina:  $y \in \text{anticone } G \text{ ma}$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg y \in \text{anticone } G \text{ ma}$ 
  then have  $y = \text{ma}$ 
    unfolding anticone.simps using subs wf-digraph.reachable1-in-verts(2)
    1(2,3)
    ma-tip both-nin
    by fastforce
  then have  $x \rightarrow^+_G \text{ma}$  using 1(3) by auto
  then show False using subs 1(2)
    by (metis wf-digraph.tips-not-referenced ma-tip)
qed
case x-ant
then have  $(y, x) \in \text{list-to-rel } (\text{top-sort } G \ (\text{sorted-list-of-set } (\text{anticone } G \text{ ma})))$ 

```

```

    using y-ina DAG.anticon-finite subs 1(2,3) sorted-list-of-set(1) top-sort-rel
    by metis
  then show ?thesis unfolding backw ma-def using
    fold-app-mono list-to-rel-mono2
    by (metis old.prod.exhaust)
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemma  $\forall k.$  Order-Preserving (GHOSTDAG k)
  unfolding Order-Preserving-def
  using GhostDAG-preserving
  by blast

```

## 9.2 GHOSTDAG Linear Order

```

lemma GhostDAG-linear:
  assumes blockDAG G
  shows linear-order-on (verts G) (GHOSTDAG k G)
  unfolding GHOSTDAG.simps
  using list-order-linear OrderDAG-distinct OrderDAG-total assms by metis

```

```

lemma  $\forall k.$  Linear-Order (GHOSTDAG k)
  unfolding Linear-Order-def
  using GhostDAG-linear by blast

```

## 9.3 GHOSTDAG One Appending Monotone

```

lemma OrderDAG-append-one:
  assumes Honest-Append-One G G-A a
  shows snd (OrderDAG G-A k) = snd (OrderDAG G k) @ [a]
proof -
  have bD-A: blockDAG G-A using assms Append-One.bD-A Honest-Append-One-def
    by metis
  have g1: card (verts G-A)  $\neq$  1
    using assms Append-One.append-greater-1 Honest-Append-One-def less-not-refl
    by metis
  have (tips G-A) = {a} using Honest-Append-One.append-is-only-tip assms by
metis
  then have tips-app: (sorted-list-of-set (tips G-A)) = [a] by auto
  obtain the-map where the-map-in:
    the-map = ((map ( $\lambda i.$  ((OrderDAG (reduce-past G-A i) k)) , i)) (sorted-list-of-set
(tips G-A))))
    by auto
  then have m-l: the-map = [((OrderDAG (reduce-past G-A a) k), a)]
    unfolding the-map-in using tips-app by auto
  then have c-l: choose-max-blue-set the-map
    = ((OrderDAG (reduce-past G-A a) k), a)

```

```

    by (metis (no-types, lifting) choose-max-blue-avoid-empty list.discI list.set-cases
set-ConsD)
  then have bb: choose-max-blue-set the-map
    = ((OrderDAG G k), a) using Honest-Append-One.reduce-append assms
    by metis
  let ?M = choose-max-blue-set the-map
  have anticone G-A (snd ?M) = {}
    unfolding c-l
    using assms Honest-Append-One.append-no-anticone sndI
    by metis
  then have eml: (top-sort G-A (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G-A (snd ?M)))) = []
    by (metis sorted-list-of-set-empty top-sort.simps(1))
  then have (fold (app-if-blue-else-add-end G k)
    (top-sort G-A (sorted-list-of-set (anticone G-A (snd ?M))))
    (add-set-list-tuple ?M)) = (add-set-list-tuple ?M)
    using bb by simp
  moreover have snd (add-set-list-tuple ?M) = snd (OrderDAG G k) @ [a]
    unfolding bb
    using add-set-list-tuple.simps Pair-inject add-set-list-tuple.elims snd-conv
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  ultimately show ?thesis
    unfolding the-map-in
    using OrderDAG.simps bD-A g1 eml fold-simps(1) list.simps(8) list.simps(9)
    the-map-in tips-app
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
qed

lemma  $\forall k$ . One-Appending-Monotone (GHOSTDAG k)
  unfolding One-Appending-Monotone-def GHOSTDAG.simps
  using list-to-rel-mono OrderDAG-append-one
  by metis

```

## 9.4 GHOSTDAG One Appending Robust

```

datatype FV = V1 | V2 | V3 | V4 | V5 | V6 | V7 | V8 | V9 | V10

```

```

fun FV-Suc :: FV  $\Rightarrow$  FV set
  where
    FV-Suc V1 = { V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V2 = { V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V3 = { V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V4 = { V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V5 = { V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V6 = { V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V7 = { V7, V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V8 = { V8, V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V9 = { V9, V10 } |
    FV-Suc V10 = { V10 }
fun less-eq-FV :: FV  $\Rightarrow$  FV  $\Rightarrow$  bool

```

```

where less-eq-FV a b = (b ∈ FV-Suc a)

fun less-FV :: FV ⇒ FV ⇒ bool
  where less-FV a b = (a ≠ b ∧ less-eq-FV a b)

lemma FV-cases:
  fixes x::FV
  obtains x = V1 | x = V2 | x = V3 | x = V4 | x = V5 | x = V6 | x = V7 | x
= V8
  | x = V9 | x = V10
proof(cases x, auto) qed

instantiation FV :: linorder
begin
definition less-eq ≡ less-eq-FV
definition less ≡ less-FV

instance
proof(standard)
  fix x y z ::FV
  show x ≤ x unfolding less-eq-FV-def less-eq-FV.simps
  proof(cases x, auto) qed
  show x ≤ y ∨ y ≤ x
    unfolding less-eq-FV-def less-eq-FV.simps
    by(cases x rule: FV-cases) (cases y rule: FV-cases, auto)+
  show (x < y) = (x ≤ y ∧ ¬ y ≤ x)
  unfolding less-FV-def less-FV.simps less-eq-FV-def less-eq-FV.simps
  by(cases x rule: FV-cases) (cases y rule: FV-cases, auto)
  show x ≤ y ⇒ y ≤ x ⇒ x = y
  unfolding less-FV-def less-FV.simps less-eq-FV-def less-eq-FV.simps
  by (cases x rule: FV-cases)(cases y rule: FV-cases, auto)+
  show x ≤ y ⇒ y ≤ z ⇒ x ≤ z
  unfolding less-FV-def less-FV.simps less-eq-FV-def less-eq-FV.simps
  by (cases x rule: FV-cases)(cases y rule: FV-cases, auto)+
qed
end

instantiation FV :: enum
begin

definition enum-FV ≡ [V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10]

fun enum-all-FV:: (FV ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool
where enum-all-FV P = Ball { V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } P

fun enum-ex-FV:: (FV ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool
where enum-ex-FV P = Bex { V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 } P

instance

```



```

    apply(standard)
    apply(simp-all)
    unfolding enum-FV-def UNIV-def
  proof -
    show  $\{x. \text{True}\} = \text{set } [V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10]$ 
    proof safe
      fix  $x::FV$ 
      show  $x \in \text{set } [V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10]$ 
      using FV-cases by auto
    qed
    show distinct  $[V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10]$  by auto
    fix  $P$ 
    show  $A: (P\ V1 \wedge P\ V2 \wedge P\ V3 \wedge P\ V4 \wedge P\ V5 \wedge P\ V6 \wedge P\ V7 \wedge P\ V8 \wedge P\ V9 \wedge P\ V10) = \text{All } P$ 
    unfolding All-def
    proof(standard, auto, standard)
      fix  $x$ 
      show  $P\ V1 \implies$ 
         $P\ V2 \implies P\ V3 \implies P\ V4 \implies P\ V5 \implies P\ V6 \implies P\ V7 \implies$ 
         $P\ V8 \implies P\ V9 \implies P\ V10 \implies P\ x = \text{True}$ 
      proof(cases x rule: FV-cases, auto) qed
    qed
    show  $(P\ V1 \vee P\ V2 \vee P\ V3 \vee P\ V4 \vee P\ V5 \vee P\ V6 \vee P\ V7 \vee P\ V8 \vee P\ V9 \vee P\ V10) = \text{Ex } P$ 
    proof(safe, auto)
      fix  $x::FV$ 
      show  $P\ x \implies$ 
         $\neg P\ V1 \implies$ 
         $\neg P\ V2 \implies \neg P\ V3 \implies \neg P\ V4 \implies \neg P\ V5 \implies \neg P\ V6 \implies \neg P\ V7$ 
 $\implies \neg P\ V8 \implies$ 
         $\neg P\ V10 \implies P\ V9$ 
      proof(cases x rule: FV-cases, auto) qed
    qed
  qed
end

notepad
begin
  let  $?G = (\text{verts} = \{V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8\}, \text{arcs} = \{(V2, V1), (V3, V2), (V4, V2), (V5, V2), (V6, V1), (V7, V6), (V8, V7)\}, \text{tail} = \text{fst}, \text{head} = \text{snd})$ 
  value blockDAG  $?G$ 
  value OrderDAG  $?G\ 2$ 
  let  $?G2 = (\text{verts} = \{V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9\}, \text{arcs} = \{(V2, V1), (V3, V2), (V4, V2), (V5, V2), (V6, V1), (V7, V6), (V8, V7), (V9, V3), (V9, V4), (V9, V5), (V9, V8)\}, \text{tail} = \text{fst}, \text{head} = \text{snd})$ 
  value blockDAG  $?G2$ 
  value OrderDAG  $?G2\ 2$ 
  value Append-One  $?G\ ?G2\ V9$ 

```

```

value Honest-Append-One ?G ?G2 V9
let ?G3 = (verts = { V1, V2, V3, V4, V5, V6, V7, V8, V9, V10 }, arcs = { (V2, V1), (V3, V2), (V4, V2), (V5, V2),
(V6, V1), (V7, V6), (V8, V7), (V9, V3), (V9, V4), (V9, V5), (V9, V8), (V10, V3), (V10, V4), (V10, V5) },
  tail = fst, head = snd)
value Append-One ?G2 ?G3 V10
value Append-One-Honest-Dishonest ?G ?G2 V9 ?G3 V10
value OrderDAG ?G3 2
value (V6, V2) ∈ GHOSTDAG 2 ?G
value (V6, V2) ∉ GHOSTDAG 2 ?G3
end

end

```