Strictly Monotone Brouwer Trees for Well Founded Recursion Over Multiple Values

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Abstract

Ordinals can be used to prove the termination of dependently typed programs. Brouwer trees are a particular ordinal notation that make it very easy to assign sizes to higher order data structures. They extend unary natural numbers with a limit constructor, so a function's size can be the least upper bound of the sizes of values from its image. These can then be used to define well founded recursion: any recursive calls are allowed so long as they are on values whose sizes are strictly smaller than the current size.

Unfortunately, Brouwer trees are not algebraically well behaved. They can be characterized equationally as a join-semilattice, where the join takes the maximum of two trees. However, this join does not interact well with the successor constructor, so it does not interact properly with the strict ordering used in well founded recursion.

We present Strictly Monotone Brouwer trees (SMB-trees), a refinement of Brouwer trees that are algebraically well behaved. SMB-trees are built using functions with the same signatures as Brouwer tree constructors, and they satisfy all Brouwer tree inequalities. However, their join operator distributes over the successor, making them suited for well founded recursion or equational reasoning.

This paper teaches how, using dependent pairs and careful definitions, an ill behaved definition can be turned into a well behaved one. Our approach is axiomatically lightweight: it does not rely on Axiom K, univalence, quotient types, or Higher Inductive Types. We implement a recursively-defined maximum operator for Brouwer trees that matches on successors and handles them specifically. Then, we define SMB-trees as the subset of Brouwer trees for which the recursive maximum computes a least upper bound. Finally, we show that every Brouwer tree can be transformed into a corresponding SMB-tree by joining it with itself an infinite number of times. All definitions and theorems are implemented in Agda.

Keywords: dependent types, Brouwer trees, well founded recursion

1 Introduction

1.1 Recursion and Dependent Types

Dependently typed languages, such as Agda [?], Coq [Bertot and Castéran 2004], Idris [?] and Lean [?], bridge the gap between theorem proving and programming.

Functions defined in dependently typed languages are typically required to be *total*: they must provably halt in all inputs. Since the halting problem is undecidable, recursively-defined functions must be written in such a way that the type checker can mechanically deduce termination. Some functions only make recursive calls to structurally-smaller arguments, so their termination is apparent to the compiler. However, some functions cannot be easily expressed using structural recursion. For such functions, the programmer must instead use *well founded recursion*, showing that there is some ordering, with no infinitely-descending chains, for which each recursive call is strictly smaller according to this ordering. For example, the typical quicksort algorithm is not structurally recursive, but can use well founded recursion on the length of the lists being sorted.

1.2 Ordinals

While numeric orderings work for first-order data, they are ill suited to recursion over higher-order data structures, where some fields contain functions.

There are many formulations of ordinals in dependent type theory, each with their own advantages and disadvantages.

1.3 Contributions

This work defines *strictly monotone Brouwer Trees*, henceforth SMB-trees, a new presentation of ordinals that hit a sort of sweet-spot for defining functions by well founded recursion. Specifically, SMB-trees:

- are strictly ordered by a well founded relation;
- have a maximum operator which computes a leastupper bound;
- are *strictly-monotone* with respect to the maximum: if
 a < b and c < d, then max a c < max b d;
- can compute the limits of arbitrary sequences;
- are light in axiomatic requirements: they are defined without using axiom K, univalence, quotient types, or higher inductive types.

1.4 Uses for SMB-trees

1.4.1 Well Founded Recursion. Having a maximum operator for ordinals is particularly useful when traversing over multiple higher order data structures in parallel, where neither argument takes priority over the other. In such a case, a lexicographic ordering cannot be used.

As an example, consider a unification algorithm over some encoding of types, and suppose that α -renaming or some

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 other restriction prevents structural recursion from being used. To solve a unification problem $\Sigma(x:A)$. $B=\Sigma(x:C)$. D we must recursively solve A=C and $\forall x. B[x]=D[x]$. However, the type of x in the latter equation depends on the solution to the first equation, which is bounded by the size of the maximum of the sizes of both A and C. So for each recursive call to be on a smaller size, the size of a=c and b=d must both be strictly smaller than (a,b)=(c,d). In a lexicographic ordering where the size of the left-hand size dominates, we know that a is strictly smaller than (a,b), but we have no guarantees that TODO. Conversely, if we order unification problems by the size of the maximum of their two sides.

This style of well founded induction was used to prove termination in a syntactic model of gradual dependent types [?]. There, Brouwer trees were used to establish termination of recursive procedures for combining the type information in two imprecise types. The decreasing metric was the maximum size of the codes for the types being combined. Brouwer trees' arbitrary limits were used to assign sizes to dependent function and product types, and the strict monotonicity of the maximum operator was essential for proving that recursive calls were on strictly smaller arguments.

1.4.2 Syntactic Models and Sized Types. An alternate way view of our contribution is as a tool for modelling sized types [?]. The implementation of sized types in Agda has been shown to be unsound [?], due to the interaction between propositional equality and the top size ∞ satisfying $\infty < \infty$. [Chan 2022] defines a dependently typed language with sized types that does not have a top size, proving it consistent using a syntactic model based on Brouwer trees.

SMB-trees provide the capability to extend existing syntactic models to sized types with a maximum operator. This brings the capability of consistent sized types closder to feature parity with Agda, which has a maximum operator for its sizes [?], while still maintaining logical consistency.

1.4.3 Algebraic Reasoning. Another advantage of SMB-trees is that they allow Brouwer trees to be interpreted using algebraic tools. SMB-trees can be described as In algebraic terminology, SMB-trees satisfy the following algebraic laws, up to the equivalence relation defined by $s \approx t := s \le t \le s$

- Join-semlattice: the binary max is associative, commutative, and idempotent
- Bounded: there is a least tree Z such that $\max t Z \approx t$
- Inflationary endomorphism: there is a successor operator \uparrow such that max $(\uparrow t)$ $t \approx \uparrow t$ and $\uparrow (\max s \ t) = \max(\uparrow s) \ (\uparrow t)$

Bezem and Coquand [2022] describe a polynomial time algorithm for solving equations in such an algebra, and describe its usefulness for solving constraints involving universe levels in dependent type checking. While equations involving limits of infinite sequences are undecidable, the inflationary laws could be used to automatically discharge some equations involving sizes. This algebraic presentation is particularly amenable to solving equations using free extensions of algebras [Allais et al. 2023; Corbyn 2021].

1.5 Implementation

We have implemented SMB-trees in Agda 2.6.4. Our library specifically avoids Agda-specific features such as cubcal type theory or Axiom K, so we expect that the library can be easily ported to other proof assistants.

This paper is written as a literate Agda document, and the definitions given in the paper are valid Agda code. Several definitions are presented with their body omitted due to space restrictions. The full implementation can be found in the supplementary materials section of this submission.

2 Brouwer Trees: An Introduction

Brouwer trees are a simple but elegant tool for proving termination of higher-order procedures. Traditionally, they are defined as follows:

```
data SmallTree : Set where
Z : SmallTree
↑ : SmallTree → SmallTree
Lim : (N → SmallTree) → SmallTree
```

Under this definition, a Brouwer tree is either zero, the successor of another Brouwer tree, or the limit of a countable sequence of Brouwer trees. However, these are quite weak, in that they can only take the limit of countable sequences. To represent the limits of uncountable sequences, we can paramterize our definition over some Universe à la Tarski:

```
module RawTree \{\ell\}

(C : \text{Set } \ell)

(El : C \rightarrow \text{Set } \ell)

(CN : C) (CNIso : \text{Iso } (El CN) \text{ IN }) where
```

Our module is paramterized over a universe level, a type $\mathbb C$ of codes, and an "elements-of" interpretation function El, which computes the type represented by each code. We require that there be a code whose interpretation is isomorphic to the natural numbers, as this is essential to our construction in $\ref{eq:construction}$. Increasingly larger trees can be obtained by setting $\mathbb C := \operatorname{Set} \ell$ and El := id for increasing ℓ . However, by defining an inductive-recursive universe, one can still capture limits over some non-countable types, since Tree is in Set whenever $\mathbb C$ is.

We then generalize limits to any function whose domain is the interpretation of some code.

```
data Tree : Set \ell where
Z : \mathsf{Tree}
\uparrow : \mathsf{Tree} \longrightarrow \mathsf{Tree}
\mathsf{Lim} : \forall \ (c : C) \longrightarrow (f : El \ c \longrightarrow \mathsf{Tree}) \longrightarrow \mathsf{Tree}
```

The small limit constructor can be recovered from the natural-number code

```
NLim: (\mathbb{N} \to \mathsf{Tree}) \to \mathsf{Tree}
NLim f = \mathsf{Lim} \ C\mathbb{N} \ (\lambda \ cn \to f \ (\mathsf{Iso.fun} \ C\mathbb{N} \mathsf{Iso} \ cn))
```

Brouwer trees are a the quintessential example of a higherorder inductive type. 1: Each tree is built using smaller trees or functions producing smaller trees, which is essentially a way of storing a possibly infinite number of smaller trees.

2.1 Ordering Trees

Our ultimate goal is to have a well-founded ordering², so we define a relation to order Brouwer trees.

```
data \_ \le \_ : Tree \longrightarrow Tree \longrightarrow Set \ell where \le -Z : \forall \{t\} \longrightarrow Z \le t \le -\text{sucMono} : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 \le t_2 \longrightarrow \uparrow t_1 \le \uparrow t_2 \le -\text{cocone} : \forall \{t\} \{c : \mathcal{C}\} \ (f : El \ c \longrightarrow \text{Tree}) \ (k : El \ c) \longrightarrow t \le f \ k \longrightarrow t \le \text{Lim} \ c \ f \le -\text{limiting} : \forall \{t\} \{c : \mathcal{C}\} \longrightarrow (f : El \ c \longrightarrow \text{Tree}) \longrightarrow (\forall k \longrightarrow f \ k \le t) \longrightarrow \text{Lim} \ c \ f \le t
```

This relation is reflexive:

```
\leq-refl : \forall t \rightarrow t \leq t

\leq-refl (\uparrow t) = \leq-sucMono (\leq-refl (t)

\leq-refl (Lim c f)

= \leq-limiting f (\lambda k \rightarrow \leq-cocone f k (\leq-refl (f k)))
```

Crucially, it is also transitive, making the relation a preorder. We modify our the order relation from that of Kraus et al. [2023] so that transitivity can be proven constructively, rather than adding it as a constructor for the relation. This allows us to prove well-foundedness of the relation without needing quotient types or other advanced features.

```
\leq-trans: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t3\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_2 \rightarrow t_2 \leq t3 \rightarrow t_1 \leq t3

\leq-trans \leq-Z p23 = \leq-Z

\leq-trans (\leq-sucMono p12) (\leq-sucMono p23)

= \leq-sucMono (\leq-trans p12 \ p23)

\leq-trans p12 (\leq-cocone f \ k \ p23)

= \leq-cocone f \ k \ (\leq-trans p12 \ p23)

\leq-trans (\leq-limiting f \ x) \ p23
```

```
= \le -\liminf f \ (\lambda \ k \to \le -\operatorname{trans} (x \ k) \ p23) 
\le -\operatorname{trans} (\le -\operatorname{cocone} f \ k \ p12) \ (\le -\liminf g \ f \ x) 
= \le -\operatorname{trans} p12 \ (x \ k) 
278
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```

We create an infix version of transitivity for more readable construction of proofs:

```
\_ \le \S_- : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t3\} \longrightarrow t_1 \le t_2 \longrightarrow t_2 \le t3 \longrightarrow t_1 \le t3
 lt1 \ \S_\le \ lt2 = \le -trans \ lt1 \ lt2
```

2.1.1 Strict Ordering. We can define a strictly-less-than relation in terms of our less-than relation and the successor constructor:

```
_< : Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Set \ell

t_1 < t_2 = \uparrow t_1 \le t_2
```

That is, a t_1 is strictly smaller than t_2 if the tree one-size larger than t_1 is as small as t_2 . This relation has the properties one expects of a strictly-less-than relation: it is a transitive sub-relation of the less-than relation, every tree is strictly less than its successor, and no tree is strictly smaller than zero. $\text{JE} \triangleright \text{TODO more?} \blacktriangleleft$

2.2 Well Founded Induction

Recall the definition of a constructive well founded relation:

```
data Acc \{A : Set \ a\} (\_<\_ : A \rightarrow A \rightarrow Set \ \ell) \ (x : A) : Set \ (a \boxtimes \ell) \ where acc : (rs : \forall \ y \rightarrow y < x \rightarrow Acc \ \_<\_ y) \rightarrow Acc \ \_<\_ x

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WellFounded : (A \rightarrow A \rightarrow Set \ \ell) \rightarrow Set \ \_

WellFounded \_<\_ = \forall \ x \rightarrow Acc \ \_<\_ x

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WellFounded \_<\_ = \forall \ x \rightarrow Acc \ \_<\_ x
```

That is, an element of a type is accessible for a relation if all strictly smaller elements of it are also accessible. A relation is well founded if all values are accessible with respect to that relation. This can then be used to define induction with arbitrary recursive calls on smaller values:

¹Not to be confused with Higher Inductive Types (HITs) from Homotopy Type Theory [Univalent Foundations Program 2013]

²Technically, this is a well-founded quasi-ordering because there are pairs of trees which are related by both \leq and \geq , but which are not propositionally equal.

```
wfRec: (P: A \rightarrow \mathsf{Set} \ \ell)

\rightarrow (\forall \ x \rightarrow ((y: A) \rightarrow y < x \rightarrow P \ y) \rightarrow P \ x)

\rightarrow \forall \ x \rightarrow P \ x
```

Following the construction of Kraus et al. [2023], we can show that the strict ordering on Brouwer trees is well founded. First, we prove a helper lemma: if a value is accessible, then all (not necessarily strictly) smaller terms are are also accessible.

```
smaller-accessible : (x : Tree)

\rightarrow Acc _< x \rightarrow \forall y \rightarrow y \le x \rightarrow Acc _< y

smaller-accessible x (acc r) y x < y

= acc (\lambda y' y' < y \rightarrow r y' (< \le -in < y' < y x < y))
```

Then we use structural reduction to show that all terms are accesible. The key observations are that zero is trivially accessible, since no trees are strictly smaller than it, and that the only way to derive $\uparrow t \leq (\text{Lim } c f)$ is with \leq -cocone, yielding a concrete index k for which $\uparrow t \leq f k$, on which we can recur

```
ordWF: WellFounded \_<\_
ordWF Z = acc \land \_()
ordWF (\uparrow x)
= acc (\land \{ y (\le -sucMono y \le x) \rightarrow smaller-accessible x (ordWF x) y y \le x \})
ordWF (Lim cf) = acc helper
where
helper: (y: Tree) \rightarrow (y < Lim cf)
\rightarrow Acc \_<\_y
helper y (\le -cocone .f k y < fk)
= smaller-accessible (f k)
(ordWF (f k)) y (< -in - \le y < fk)
```

3 First Attempts at a Join

In this section, we present two faulty implmentations of a join operator for trees. The first uses limits to define the join, but does not satisfy strict monotonicity. The second is defined inductively. Its satisfies strict monotonicity, but fails to be the least of all upper bounds, and requires us to assume that limits are only taken over non-empty types. In ??, we define SMB-trees a refinement of Brouwer trees that combines the benefits of both versions of the maximum.

3.1 Limit-based Maximum

Since the limit constructor finds the least upper bound of the image of a function, it should be possible to define the maximum of two trees as a special case of general limits. Indeed, we can compute the maximum of t_1 and t_2 as the limit of the function that produces t_1 when given 0 and t_2 otherwise.

```
limMax : Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Tree
limMax t_1 t_2 = NLim \lambda n \rightarrow if0 n t_1 t_2
```

This version of the maximum has several of the properties we want from a maximum function: it is monotone, idempotent, commutative, and is a true least-upper-bound of its inputs.

```
\lim Max \le L : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 \le \lim Max \ t_1 \ t_2
\lim Max \leq L \{t_1\} \{t_2\}
   = \le-cocone (Iso.inv CNIso 0)
      (subst
         (\lambda x \rightarrow t_1 \leq if0 \ x \ t_1 \ t_2)
         (sym (Iso.rightInv CNIso 0))
         (\leq -refl t_1)
\lim Max \le R : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_2 \le \lim Max \ t_1 \ t_2
\lim_{M \to \infty} R \{t_1\} \{t_2\}
   = ≤-cocone _ (Iso.inv CNIso 1)
      (subst
         (\lambda x \longrightarrow t_2 \le if0 \ x \ t_1 \ t_2)
         (sym (Iso.rightInv CNIso 1))
         (\leq -refl t_2)
limMaxIdem : \forall \{t\} \rightarrow limMax \ t \ t \le t
\limMaxIdem \{t\} = \le-limiting _ helper
      helper: \forall k \rightarrow \text{if0} (\text{Iso.fun } CNIso k) \ t \ t \leq t
      helper k with Iso.fun CNIso k
      ... | zero = ≤-refl t
      ... | suc n = \leq -refl t
limMaxMono : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\}
      \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_1' \rightarrow t_2 \leq t_2'
      \rightarrow \lim_{t \to \infty} \lim_{t \to t} t_1 t_2 \leq \lim_{t \to \infty} \lim_{t \to \infty} t_1' t_2'
where
      helper : \forall k \rightarrow
         if0 (Iso.fun CNIso k) t_1 t_2
            \leq if0 (Iso.fun CNIso k) t'_1 t'_2
      helper k with Iso.fun CNIso k
      ... | zero = lt1
      \dots | suc n = lt2
\mathsf{limMaxLUB}: \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t\} \longrightarrow t_1 \leq t \longrightarrow t_2 \leq t \longrightarrow \mathsf{limMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \leq t
limMaxLUB lt1 lt2 = limMaxMono lt1 lt2 \frac{1}{9} limMaxIdem
```

3.1.1 Limitation: Strict Monotonicity. The one crucial property that this formulation lacks is that it is not strictly monotone: we cannot deduce $\max t_1 \ t_1 < \max t_1' \ t_2'$ from $t_1 < t_1'$ and $t_2 < t_2'$. This is because the only way to construct a proof that $\uparrow t \leq \lim c f$ is using the \leq -cocone constructor. So we would need to prove that $\uparrow (\max t_1 \ t_2) \leq t_1'$ or that $\uparrow (\max t_1 \ t_2) \leq t_2'$, which cannot be deduced from the premises alone. What we want is to have $\uparrow \max (t_1) \ t_2 \leq \max(\uparrow t_1) \ (\uparrow t_2)$, so that strict monotonicity is a direct consequence of ordinary monotonicity of the maximum. This is not possible when defining the constructor as a limit.

3.2 Recursive Maximum

In our next attempt at defining a maximum operator, we obtain strict monotonicity by making $\operatorname{indMax}(\uparrow t_1)(\uparrow t_2) = \uparrow(\operatorname{indMax} t_1 t_2)$ hold definitionally. Then, provided indMax is monotone, it will also be strictly monotone.

To do this, we compute the maximum of two trees recursively, pattern matching on the operands. We use a *view* [?] datatype to identify the cases we are matching on: we are matching on two arguments, which each have three possible constructors, but several cases overlap. Using a view type lets us avoid enumerating all nine possibilities when defining the maximum and proving its properties.

To begin, we parameterize our definition over a function yielding some element for any code's type.

```
module IndMax {ℓ}
  (\mathcal{C}: \mathsf{Set}\ \ell)
  (El: \mathbb{C} \longrightarrow \operatorname{Set} \ell)
   (CN : C) (CNIso : Iso (El CN) N)
   (default : (c : \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow El \ c) where
   We then define our view type:
private
   data IndMaxView : Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Set \ell where
      IndMaxZ-L : \forall \{t\} \rightarrow IndMaxView Z t
      IndMaxZ-R : \forall \{t\} \rightarrow IndMaxView \ t \ Z
      IndMaxLim-L : \forall \{t\} \{c : C\} \{f : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\}
         \rightarrow IndMaxView (Lim c f) t
      IndMaxLim-R : \forall \{t\} \{c : C\} \{f : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\}
         \rightarrow (\forall \{c' : C\} \{f' : El \ c' \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\} \rightarrow \neg (t \equiv \mathsf{Lim} \ c' \ f'))
         \rightarrow IndMaxView t (Lim c f)
      IndMaxLim-Suc : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow \text{IndMaxView} (\uparrow t_1) (\uparrow t_2)
opaque
  indMaxView : \forall t_1 t_2 \rightarrow IndMaxView t_1 t_2
```

Our view type has five cases. The first two handle when either input is zero, and the second two handle when either input is a limit. The final case is when both inputs are successors. *indMaxView* computes the view for any pair of trees.

The maximum is then defined by pattern matching on the view for its arguments:

```
indMax : Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Tree
                                                                                            496
indMax': \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow IndMaxView \ t_1 \ t_2 \rightarrow Tree
                                                                                            497
                                                                                            498
indMax t_1 t_2 = indMax' (indMaxView t_1 t_2)
                                                                                            499
indMax' \{.Z\} \{t_2\} IndMaxZ-L = t_2
                                                                                            500
indMax' \{t_1\} \{.Z\} IndMaxZ-R = t_1
                                                                                            501
indMax' \{(Lim \ c \ f)\} \{t_2\} IndMaxLim-L
                                                                                            502
   = Lim c \lambda x \rightarrow \operatorname{indMax}(f x) t_2
                                                                                            503
indMax' \{t_1\} \{(Lim \ c \ f)\} (IndMaxLim-R )
                                                                                            504
                                                                                            505
   = Lim c (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{indMax } t_1 (f x))
                                                                                            506
indMax' \{(\uparrow t_1)\} \{(\uparrow t_2)\} IndMaxLim-Suc = \uparrow (indMax t_1 t_2)
                                                                                            507
```

The maximum of zero and t is always t, and the maximum of t and the limit of f is the limit of the function computing the maximum between t and f x. Finally, the maximum of two successors is the successor of the two maxima, giving the definitional equality we need for strict monotonicity.

This definition only works when limits of all codes are inhabited. The \leq -limiting constructor means that $\lim c f \leq \mathbb{Z}$ whenever El c is uninhabited. So $\operatorname{indMax} \uparrow \mathbb{Z} \lim c f$ will not actually be an upper bound for $\uparrow \mathbb{Z}$ if c has no inhabitants. In \ref{limits} we show how to circumvent this restriction.

Under the assumption that all code are inhabited, we obtain several of our desired properties for a maximum: it is an upper bound, it is monotone and strictly monotonicity, and it is associative and commutative.

```
523
opaque
                                                                                            524
  unfolding indMax indMax'
                                                                                            525
  indMax-\leq L: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq indMax \ t_1 \ t_2
                                                                                            526
  indMax-\leqL {t_1} {t_2} with indMaxView t_1 t_2
                                                                                            527
  ... | IndMaxZ-L = \leq-Z
                                                                                            528
  ... | IndMaxZ-R = ≤-refl
  ... | IndMaxLim-L \{f = f\} = extLim f (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{indMax} (f x) t_2) (\lambda^3 k \rightarrow \text{indMax} (f x) t_3)
  ... | IndMaxLim-R \{f = f\} _ = underLim \lambda k \rightarrow indMax-\leqL \{t_2 = \frac{53t}{532}
  ... | IndMaxLim-Suc = ≤-sucMono indMax-≤L
                                                                                            533
                                                                                            534
  \operatorname{indMax-\leq R}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_2 \leq \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2
                                                                                            535
  indMax-\leq R \{t_1\} \{t_2\} with indMaxView t_1 t_2
                                                                                            536
  ... | IndMaxZ-R = \leq-Z
                                                                                            537
  ... | IndMaxZ-L = \leq -refl
  ... | IndMaxLim-R \{f = f\} _ = extLim f(\lambda x \rightarrow \text{indMax } t_1(f x))_{5} 
  ... | IndMaxLim-L \{f = f\} = underLim \lambda k \rightarrow \text{indMax-} \leq R
  ... | IndMaxLim-Suc \{t_1\} \{t_2\} = \leq-sucMono (indMax-\leqR \{t_1 = t_1\} \{t_2 = t_2\})
```

 $\operatorname{indMax-monoR}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \longrightarrow t_2 \le t_2' \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} t_1 \ t_2 \le \operatorname{indMa} t_1 \ t_2' \le \operatorname{indMax} t_1 \$

 $\mathsf{indMax\text{-}monoR'} : \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2 \ \overset{\longleftarrow}{t_2'}\} \longrightarrow t_2 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 < \mathsf{indM} \\ \underbrace{\mathtt{5t}^5}_{}(\uparrow t_1)$

indMax-monoR $\{t_1\}$ $\{t_2\}$ $\{t_2'\}$ lt with indMaxView t_1 t_2 in eq1 | ind/MaxVi

... | IndMaxZ-R | $v2 = \le$ -trans indMax- \le L (\le -reflEq (cong indMax' eq2)

... | IndMaxZ-L | $v2 = \le$ -trans $lt (\le$ -reflEq (cong indMax' eq2)) 548

```
... | IndMaxLim-L \{f = f_1\} | IndMaxLim-L = extLim _ \lambda \lambda \lambda inidMaxLaxnZr(\lambdaRr\{t \in f\}) \lambda \lambda \lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda \lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda \lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda \lambda \lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda \lambda inidMaxLim (\lambda inidMaxLim (
  551
                                                                                            552
  553
  554
                                                                                              indMax-monoR \{t_1\} {.(Lim _ _)} \{t_2'\} (\leq-limiting f(x_1)) | IndMaxLim-R x
  555
                                                                                                                    \leq-trans (\leq-limiting (\lambda x_2 \rightarrow \text{indMax } t_1 (f x_2)) \lambda k \rightarrow \text{indMax-indMax} t_2 = t_1 = t_2 = t_1 = t_2 = t_2 = t_2 = t_3 = t_2 = t_3 = 
  556
                                                                                              indMax-monoR \{(\uparrow t_1)\}\{(\uparrow \_)\}\{(\uparrow \_)\} (\leq-sucMono lt) | IndMaxLindMex-\leqZIAdMexElm-Suc = \leq-sucMono (indMax-monoR \{t_1 = t_1^{11}\} lt)
  557
                                                                                              \mathsf{indMax-monoR}\ \{(\uparrow t_1)\}\ \{(\vdash t_2)\}\ \{(\mathsf{Lim}\ \_f)\}\ (\leq \mathsf{-cocone}\ f\ k\ lt)\ |\ \mathsf{Ind}\ \mathsf{Max-sa}\ (\uparrow |t)\ \mathsf{math}\ \mathsf{Max-sa}\ (\uparrow |t)\ \mathsf{math}\ \mathsf{Max-sa}\ (\downarrow t)\ \mathsf{math}\ \mathsf{math
  558
                                                                                                                  = \leq -\text{trans (indMax-monoR' }\{t_1 = t_1\} \{t_2 = t_2\} \{t_2' = f \ k\} \ lt) (\leq -\text{coend-Max} \{\text{Ax}_{x_1} \text{$\mathbb{Z}$} \text{$\mathbb{L}$ ind Misk $(\text{px}_1)_{l}(\text{pn}_{x_1})$). k/(k-\text{reflin})$| Maxnd Max-monoR' $(t_1 = t_1) \text{$\mathbb{Z}$} \text{$\mathbb{Z}$} \} \}
  559
                                                                                             \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{indMax-monoR'}\left\{t_{1}\right\}\left\{t_{2}\right\}\left\{t_{2}'\right\}\left(\leq \operatorname{-sucMono}\left(t\right)\right\} = \leq \operatorname{-sucMono}\left(\operatorname{(indMax-monoR}\left\{t_{1}=t_{1}\right\}lt\right)\right) \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoR'}\left\{t_{1}\right\}\left\{t_{2}\right\}\left\{\left(\operatorname{Lim}\left\{t\right)\right\}\right\}\left(\leq \operatorname{-cocone}\left\{t\right\}lt\right) \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\ c\ f\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\ c\ f\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\ c\ f\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\ c\ f\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{indMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{indMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{IndMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{IndMax}\ t\ \left(\operatorname{Lim}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{IndMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\ t\to\operatorname{IndMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\right\} \\ \operatorname{IndMax-limR}: \forall \left\{c:C\right\}\left(f:El\ c\to\operatorname{Tree}\right)\right\}
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  561
                                                                                              indMax-monoR' \{t_1\} \{t_2\} \{.(Lim _ f)\} (\leq -cocone f k lt)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        indMax-limR f Z = \leq -refl
                                                                                                                  = \le-cocone \underline{k} (indMax-monoR' \{t_1 = t_1\} lt)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \operatorname{indMax-limR} f(\uparrow t) = \operatorname{extLim} \_ \lambda k \rightarrow \leq \operatorname{-refl} \_
  563
                                                                                            \mathsf{indMax\text{-}monoL}: \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 \leq t_1' \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \leq \mathsf{indMax} \ \mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{indMax\text{-}limR} \ f \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{trans} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{Limiting} \ \_\lambda \ k \longrightarrow \leq \mathsf{-} \mathsf{Limiting} \ \bot \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f_i) = \mathsf{Limiting} \ \bot \ \mathsf{Limiting} \ \mathsf{Limiting} \ \bot \ \mathsf{Limiting} \ \bot \ \mathsf{Limiting} \ \mathsf
  565
                                                                                             \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{indMax-monoL'}: \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 < t_1' \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 < \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1' \ (\uparrow \ t_2) \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \le \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_1 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_1 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_1 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_1 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_1 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2 \\ \operatorname{indMax-monoL}: \forall \ t_2 \ t_2 \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} 
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              621
                                                                                          ... | IndMaxZ-L | v2 = s-trans (indMax-sR \{t_1 = t_1'\}) (s-reflEq (cong indMax eq2)) ... | IndMaxZ-R | v2 = s-trans (indMax-sL \{t_1 = t_1'\}) (s-reflEq (cong indMax-sL \{t_1 = t_1'\})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              622
  567
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              623
  568
                                                                                            569
  570
                                                                                                                    = \leq-cocone (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{indMax}(f x) t_2) k (indMax-monoL lt)
  571
                                                                                            \mathsf{indMax-monoL} \ \{.(\mathsf{Lim}\_\_)\} \ \{t_1'\} \ \{t_2\} \ (\le -\mathsf{limiting} \ f \ lt) \ | \ \mathsf{IndMaxLim-L}| \
  572
                                                                                                                    = \leq-limiting (\lambda x_1 \rightarrow \text{indMax}(f x_1) t_2) \lambda k \rightarrow \leq-trans (indMax-mono
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              628
  573

\operatorname{IndMaxZ-L}_{=} = \operatorname{extLim}_{-} - \lambda k \to \operatorname{IndMax-Z}_{k} (f k)

  574
                                                                                              indMax-monoL \{.Z\} \{.Z\} \{.(Lim \_ \_)\} \le -Z \mid IndMaxLim-R neq \mid IndMax \mid A
                                                                                             \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{indMax-monol} \left\{ .(\operatorname{Lim}_{f}) \right\} \left\{ .Z \right\} \left\{ .(\operatorname{Lim}_{g}) \right\} \left( \le -\operatorname{limiting} f \ x \right) \mid \operatorname{IndMaxLim-R} \ \underset{neq}{\operatorname{re}} \mid \operatorname{IndMaxLim-R} \ \underset{neq}{\operatorname{re}} \mid \operatorname{IndMaxLim-R} \ \underset{neq}{\operatorname{lindMaxLim-L}} \left\{ ... \mid \operatorname{IndMaxLim-L} \left\{ c = c_2 \right\} \left\{ f = f_2 \right\} = \\ \end{array} 
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  576
                                                                                                                  with () \leftarrow neg refl
                                                                                            \mathsf{indMax-monoL}\ \{t_1\}\ \{.(\mathsf{Lim}\ \_)\}\ \{.(\mathsf{Lim}\ \_)\}\ (\le -\mathsf{cocone}\ \_\ k\ lt)\ |\ \mathsf{Ind}\ \mathsf{MaxLim-R}\ \{f_n=f_n\}\ \mathsf{ne}\ q\ |\ \mathsf{Ind}\ \mathsf{MaxLim-L}\ \{f_n=f_n\}\ \mathsf{ne}\ \mathsf{ne}\
  577
                                                                                                                = \leq -\text{limiting } (\lambda \ x \to \text{indMax} \ t_1 \ (f \ x)) \ (\lambda \ y \to \leq -\text{cocone} \ (\lambda \ x \to \text{indMax}) \ (f \ x) \ (f
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  579
  580
                                                                                            ... | IndMaxLim-R neq | IndMaxLim-R f = f neq' = \text{extLim} (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{indMax} t_1 (f^x)) 
  581
                                                                                            \mathsf{indMax-monoL}\left\{.(\uparrow\_)\right\}\left\{.(\uparrow\_)\right\}\left\{.(\uparrow\_)\right\}\left(\le -\mathsf{sucMono}\ lt\right) \mid \mathsf{IndMaxLim-Suc}\ \mid \mathsf{IndMaxLim-Suc}\ \mid \mathsf{IndMaxLim-Suc}\ \mid \mathsf{IndMaxLim-Suc}\ \mid \mathsf{IndMax}\ t_1\ (\mathsf{indMax}\ t_2\ t3) \le \mathsf{indMax}\ 
  582
                                                                                            = \leq -\text{sucMono (IndMax-monol } tt) \\ \text{indMax-assocl } t_1 t_2 t_3 \text{ with indMaxView } t_2 t_3 \text{ in } eq23 \\ \text{indMax-monol } \{.(\uparrow \_)\} \{.(\text{Lim }\_f)\} \{.(\uparrow \_)\} (\leq -\text{cocone } f \ k \ lt) \mid \text{IndMaxLim-Suc } | \text{IndMaxLim-L} \\ = \leq -\text{cocone } (\lambda \ x \rightarrow \text{indMax} (f \ x) \ (\uparrow \_)) \ k \ (\text{indMax-monol' } lt) \\ \dots \mid \text{IndMaxZ-R} = \text{indMax-socl} \\ \text{IndMa
                                                                                                                    = \le -sucMono (indMax-monoL lt)
  584
  585
  586
                                                                                              indMax-monoL' \{t_1\} \{t_2\} lt with indMaxView t_1 t_2 in eq1 | indMaxWieth t h d_2MaxView t_1 t_2
  587
                                                                                              indMax-monoL' \{t_1\} \{.(\uparrow \_)\} \{t_2\} (\leq-sucMono lt) | v1 | v2 = \leq-sucMonolog(MaxAs)(4evefleqs(vonega2d)Maxe(symeq1))) (indMax-monoL <math>lt))
  588
                                                                                              indMax-monoL' \{t_1\} {.(Lim f)} \{t_2\} (\leq-cocone f k l t) | v1 | v2 \dots | IndMaxZ-R rewrite sym eq23 = \leq-refl f
                                                                                                                  = \leq-cocone k \leq-trans (\leq-sucMono (\leq-reflEq (cong indMax'.(sy IndMax-II)) (indMax-II) sym eq23 = \leq-trans (indMax-III) Robert R
  590
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      indMax-assocL.(\uparrow \_).(\uparrow \_).Z \mid IndMaxZ-R \mid IndMaxLim-Suc = \leq_{\text{trefl}} I
  591
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \operatorname{IndMax-assocL} t_1 t_2 .(\operatorname{Lim} \_) | \operatorname{IndMaxLim-R} \{f = f\} x | \operatorname{IndMaxd4im-Suc} 
  592
                                                                       \mathsf{indMax}\text{-}\mathsf{mono}: \forall \left\{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\right\} \longrightarrow t_1 \leq t_1' \longrightarrow t_2 \leq t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \ \mathsf{finityMax} \ \mathsf{ssb}' \ \mathsf{sb}' \ \mathsf{L} \ (\uparrow t_1) \ (\uparrow t_2) \ (\uparrow t_3) \ | \ \mathsf{IndMaxLim-Suc} \ | \ \mathsf{
  593
                                                                       594
  595
                                                                       indMax-strictMono: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\} \rightarrow t_1 < t_1' \rightarrow t_2 < t_2' \rightarrow \text{indMax } t_1 \ t_2 < \text{indMax } t_1' \ t_2'
  596
                                                                       indMax-strictMono lt1 lt2 = indMax-mono lt1 lt2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        indMax-assocR : \forall t_1 \ t_2 \ t_3 \rightarrow indMax \ (indMax \ t_1 \ t_2) \ t_3 \leq indMax \ t_4 \ (indMax \ t_3) \ t_4 = indMax \ t_4 \ t_5 = indMax \ t_5 = indMax \ t_5 = indMax \ t_6 = indMax \ t_7 = indMax \ t_8 = indMax
  597
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        indMax-assocR t_1 t_2 t_3 = \leq-trans (indMax-commut (indMax t_1 t_2) (\leq-
  598
                                                                       indMax-sucMono: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\} \rightarrow indMax \ t_1 \ t_2 \leq indMax \ t_1' \ t_2' \rightarrow indMax \ t_1' \ t_2' \rightarrow
  599
                                                                       indMax-sucMono lt = ≤-sucMono lt
  600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      indMax-swap4 : \forall \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \rightarrow indMax (indMax \ t_1 \ t_1') (indMax \ t_2') \le i
  601
                                                                       indMax-Z : \forall t \rightarrow indMax t Z \leq t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        indMax-swap4 \{t_1\}\{t'_1\}\{t_2\}\{t'_2\} =
  602
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  indMax-assocL (indMax t_1 t_1') t_2 t_2'
                                                                       indMax-Z Z = \leq -Z
603
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              658
                                                                       indMax-Z (\uparrow t) = \le -refl (indMax (\uparrow t) Z)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           \stackrel{\circ}{9} \leq \text{indMax-monoL} \{t_1 = \text{indMax} (\text{indMax} t_1 t_1') t_2\} \{t_2 = t_2'\}
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```

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(indMax-assocR\ t_1\ t_1'\ t_2\ _{9\leq}^{\alpha}\ indMax-monoR\ \{t_1=t_1\}\ (indMax-con Weint w_2) in with Maching the first inone for the maximum of the maximum
661
                                                    \stackrel{\circ}{}_{\leq} indMax-assocR (indMax t_1 t_2) t_1' t_2'
662
663
                                    \mathsf{indMax}\text{-}\mathsf{swap6}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t3 \ t_1' \ t_2' \ t3'\} \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_1') \ (\mathsf{indMax} \ \mathsf{ta}, \mathsf{t
664
                                    indMax-swap6 \{t_1\} \{t_2\} \{t_3\} \{t_1'\} \{t_2'\} \{t_3'\} =
665
                                                indMax-monoR \{t_1 = \text{indMax } t_1 \ t_1'\} (indMax-swap4 \{t_1 = t_2\} \{t_1'\}
666
                                                    \frac{1}{9}< indMax-swap4 \{t_1 = t_1\} \{t_1' = t_1'\}
667
668
                                   indMax-lim2L:
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 of semilattice◀
670
                                                \{c_1: \mathbb{C}\}
671
                                                (f_1: El\ c_1 \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree})
672
                                                \{c_2:\mathbb{C}\}
673
                                                (f_2: El\ c_2 \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree})
674
                                                \rightarrow Lim c_1 (\lambda k_1 \rightarrow Lim c_2 (\lambda k_2 \rightarrow indMax (f_1 k_1) (f_2 k_2))) \leq indMax (Lim c_1 f_1) (Lim c_2 f_2)
675
                                   indMax-lim2L f_1 f_2 = \le-limiting (\lambda k_1 \rightarrow \le-limiting \lambda k_2 \rightarrow \text{ind}_{Aaxia} mono (\le-cocone f_1 k_1 (\le-refl ()) (\le-cocone f_2 k_2 (\le-refl ())
676
677
                                   indMax-lim2R:
678
679
                                                \{c_1 : \mathbb{C}\}
680
                                                (f_1: El\ c_1 \longrightarrow \mathsf{Tree})
681
                                                 \{c_2:\mathbb{C}\}
682
                                                (f_2: El\ c_2 \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree})
683
684
                                                 \rightarrow indMax (Lim c_1 f_1) (Lim c_2 f_2)
685
                                                            \leq Lim c_1 (\lambda k_1 \rightarrow Lim c_2 (\lambda k_2 \rightarrow indMax (f_1 k_1) (f_2 k_2)))
686
                                   indMax-lim2R f_1 f_2 = extLim _ (\lambda k_1 \rightarrow \text{indMax-limR} (f_1 k_1))
687
688
689
                                   3.2.1 Limitation: Idempotence. The problem with an in-
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                                   ductive definition of the maximum is that we cannot prove
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                                   that it is idempotent. Since indMax is associative and com-
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                                   mutative, proving idempotence is equivalent to proving that
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```

it computes a true least-upper-bound.

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The difficulty lies in showing that indMax (Lim cf) (Lim cf) \leq ($\lim c f$). By our definition, indMax ($\lim c f$) ($\lim c f$) reduces to

```
(\operatorname{Lim} c \lambda x \to (\operatorname{Lim} c \lambda y \to \operatorname{indMax} (f x) (f y))) \le \operatorname{Lim} c f
```

We cannot use ≤-cocone to prove this, since the left hand side is not necessarily equal to f k for any k: El c. So the only possibility is to use ≤-limiting. Applying it twice, along with a use of commutatativity of indMax, we are left with the following goal:

```
(\forall x \to (\forall y \to \text{indMax} (f x) (f y))) \le \text{Lim } c f
```

There is no a priori way to prove this goal without already having a proof that indMax is a least upper bound. But proving that was the whole point of proving idempotence! An inductive hypothesis would give that $indMax(f x)(f x) \le f(x)$ $f x \leq Lim \ c \ f$, but it does not apply when the arguments to indMax are not equal. Because we are working with constructive ordinals, we have no trichotomy property [?], and hence no guarantee that indMax(f x)(f y) will be one of f x and f y.

```
716
mum: the limit version, which is not strictly monotone, and
                                                                                          717
the inductive version, which is not actually a least upper
                                                                                          718
for which indMax is idempotent, and hence does compute
                                                                                          720
a thruteup ter bound?) We then use that in ?? to create a ver-
                                                                                          721
sion of ordinals whose join has the best properties of both
                                                                                          722
limMax and indMax. JE ►TODO recall the algebraic definition
                                                                                          723
                                                                                          724
                                                                                          725
      Trees with a Striclty-Monotone
                                                                                          726
      Idempotent Join
                                                                                          727
                                                                                          728
4.1 Well-Behaved Trees
                                                                                          729
                                                                                          730
   unfolding indMax indMax'
                                                                                          733
   --Attempt to have an idempotent version of indMax
                                                                                          734
   nindMax : Tree \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \rightarrow Tree
                                                                                          735
   nindMax t N.zero = Z
                                                                                          736
   nindMax \ t \ (N.suc \ n) = indMax \ (nindMax \ t \ n) \ t
                                                                                          737
   nindMax-mono: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \ n \rightarrow t_1 \le t_2 \rightarrow nindMax \ t_1 \ n \le nindMax \ t_2 \ n
   nindMax-mono \mathbb{N}.zero lt = \leq -\mathbb{Z}
   nindMax-mono \{t_1 = t_1\} \{t_2\} (N.suc n) lt = indMax-mono \{t_1 = nindMax
                                                                                          743
   indMax\infty : Tree \rightarrow Tree
                                                                                          744
   \operatorname{indMax} \infty t = \mathbb{N} \operatorname{Lim} (\lambda n \rightarrow \operatorname{nindMax} t n)
                                                                                          745
                                                                                          746
   indMax-\infty lt1: \forall t \rightarrow indMax (indMax\infty t) t \leq indMax\infty t
                                                                                          747
   indMax-∞lt1 t = \le-limiting \lambda k \rightarrow helper (Iso.fun CNIso k)
                                                                                          748
      where
                                                                                          749
      helper: \forall n \rightarrow \text{indMax} (\text{nindMax } t n) t \leq \text{indMax} \infty t
      helper n = \le -\text{cocone} (Iso.inv CNIso (N.suc n)) (subst (\lambda \text{ sn } \to \text{nind} N)
   indMax-∞ltn: \forall n \ t \rightarrow \text{indMax} \ (\text{indMax} \infty \ t) \ (\text{nindMax} \ t \ n) \leq \text{indMax} 
   indMax-\infty Itn \ \mathbb{N}.zero \ t = indMax-\le Z \ (indMax \infty \ t)
                                                                                          754
   indMax-\infty ltn (N.suc n) t =
                                                                                          755
      \leq-trans (indMax-monoR \{t_1 = \text{indMax} \otimes t\} (indMax-commut \{t_1 \in t\})
     (\leq -trans (indMax-assocL (indMax \otimes t) t (nindMax t n))
      (\leq -trans (indMax-monoL \{t_1 = indMax (indMax \infty t) t\} \{t_2 = nigadMax \}
   \operatorname{indMax} \otimes \operatorname{-idem} : \forall \ t \to \operatorname{indMax} (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes t) (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes t) \leq \operatorname{indMax} \otimes t
   indMax∞-idem t = \le-limiting _ \lambda k \rightarrow \le-trans (indMax-commute (nind
   indMax \infty - self : \forall t \rightarrow t \le indMax \infty t
   indMax∞-self t = \le-cocone _ (Iso.inv CNIso 1) (subst (\lambda x \rightarrow t_{754} nind\lambda
   indMax \infty - idem \infty : \forall t \rightarrow indMax t t \le indMax \infty t
   indMax∞-idem∞ t = \le-trans (indMax-mono (indMax∞-self t)<sup>766</sup>(indMax
   \mathsf{indMax} {\otimes} \mathsf{-mono} : \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 \leq t_2 \longrightarrow (\mathsf{indMax} {\otimes} \ t_1) \leq (\mathsf{indMax} {\otimes} \ t_2)
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indMax ∞ -mono $lt = \text{extLim} _ \lambda k \rightarrow \text{nindMax-mono}$ (Iso.fu π ϵ CNIso

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A Strictly-Monotone, Idempotent Join
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                                                   nindMax - \le : \forall \{t\} \ n \longrightarrow indMax \ t \ t \le t \longrightarrow nindMax \ t \ n \le t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (\mathcal{C}: \mathbf{Set} \ \ell)
 774
                                                   nindMax \le N.zero lt = \le -Z
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (El: \mathbb{C} \longrightarrow \operatorname{Set} \ell)
 775
                                                  nindMax - \le \{t = t\} (N.suc n) lt = \le -trans (indMax-monoL \{t_1 = nindMax + t_n\} (nindMax) \{t_n \in t_n\} (nindMax) \{t_n
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                                                   \operatorname{indMax} \infty - \leq : \forall \{t\} \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} t \ t \leq t \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \infty \ t \leq t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             module Raw where
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                                                   779
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                                                   -- Convenient helper for turning < with indMax□ into < without
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                                                   \operatorname{indMax} < -\infty : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t\} \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} (\operatorname{indMax} \infty \ (t_1)) (\operatorname{indMax} \infty \ t_2) < t \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} t_1 \ t_2 < t 
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                                                   indMax < -\infty lt = \le < -in < (indMax-mono (indMax - self_) (indMax - self_)) let \ell where
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                                                   \operatorname{indMax}-\operatorname{Ls}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\} \rightarrow \operatorname{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 < \operatorname{indMax} \ (\uparrow (\operatorname{indMax} \ t_{f_1} t_2')) \ (\uparrow (\operatorname{indMax} \ t_2 \ t_2'))
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                                                  \mathsf{indMax} \otimes \mathsf{--Ls} : \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\} \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 < \mathsf{indMax} \ (\uparrow (\mathsf{indMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \otimes t_1) \ t_1')) \ (\uparrow (\mathsf{indMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \otimes t_2) \ t_2')) 
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                                                              (\leq-sucMono (indMax-monoL (indMax\otimes-self t_1)))
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                                                  \mathsf{indMax} \infty - \mathsf{absorbL} : \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t\} \longrightarrow t_2 \le t_1 \longrightarrow t_1 \le \mathsf{indMax} \infty \ t \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \mathsf{indMax} \infty \ t
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 800
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                                                   \operatorname{indMax} \circ -\operatorname{distL} : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow \operatorname{indMax} (\operatorname{indMax} \circ t_1) (\operatorname{indMax} \circ t_2) \leq \operatorname{indMax} \circ (\operatorname{indMax} t_1 \ t_2)
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                                                              \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{lub} \left\{ t_1 = \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim t_1 \right\} \left\{ t_2 = \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim t_2 \right\} \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \text{on} \\ \sim t_1 \right\} \\ \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim t_2 \right) \left( \text{ind} \text{Max} \\ \sim -\text{mon} \\ \sim -\text{
 804
 805
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \leq \uparrow : \forall t \longrightarrow t \leq \uparrow t
                                                   \mathsf{indMax} \otimes \mathsf{-distR} : \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow \mathsf{indMax} \otimes (\mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2) \leq \mathsf{indMax} \otimes (\mathsf{indMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2) \leq \mathsf{indMax} \otimes (\mathsf{indMax} \ \mathsf{indMax} \otimes \mathsf{indMax}) \otimes (\mathsf{indMax} \otimes \mathsf{indMax} \otimes \mathsf{
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                                                   \operatorname{indMax} \otimes \operatorname{-distR} \{t_1\} \{t_2\} = \leq \operatorname{-limiting} \lambda k \rightarrow \operatorname{helper} \{n = \operatorname{Iso.fun} C \text{ N Iso } k\}
 808
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      <_: Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Set \ell
                                                              \mathsf{helper}: \forall \ \{t_1 \ t_2 \ n\} \longrightarrow \mathsf{nindMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2) \ n \leq \mathsf{indMax} \ (\mathsf{indMax} \ \mathsf{tndMax} \
810
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                                                              helper \{t_1\} \{t_2\} {N.zero} = ≤-Z
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                                                              helper \{t_1\} \{t_2\} \{\mathbb{N}. \text{suc } n\} =
 812
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                867
                                                                          indMax-monoL \{t_1 = \text{nindMax} (\text{indMax} \ t_1 \ t_2) \ n\} (helper \{t_1 = t_1\} \{t_2\} \{n\}) max: Tree \rightarrow Tree
 813
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                868
                                                                             \S \le \text{indMax-swap4} \{ \text{indMax} \le t_1 \} \{ \text{indMax} \le t_2 \} \{ t_1 \} \{ t_2 \}
                                                                            814
 815
                                                                          (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes -\operatorname{lub} \{t_1 = \operatorname{indMax} \otimes t_1\} (\leq -\operatorname{refl}_{-}) (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes -\operatorname{self}_{-})) \operatorname{Lim} : \forall (c: \mathbb{C}) \to (f: \operatorname{El} c \to \operatorname{Tree}) \to \operatorname{Tree}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                871
                                                                          (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes -\operatorname{lub} \{t_1 = \operatorname{indMax} \otimes t_2\} (\leq -\operatorname{refl}_{-}) (\operatorname{indMax} \otimes -\operatorname{self}_{-})) \operatorname{Lim} c f =
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 817
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 819
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (\text{indMax} \otimes (\text{Raw.Lim } c \text{ (maybe' } (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{sTree } (f x)) \text{ Raw.Z)))}^{874}
                                                   \operatorname{indMax} \otimes \operatorname{-cocone} : \forall \{c : \mathbb{C}\} (f : El \ c \to \mathsf{Tree}) \ k \to \mathsf{Tree} 
 820
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (indMax∞-idem _)
                                                              f \ k \leq \text{indMax} \infty \text{ (Lim } c \ f)
 821
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                                                   indMax∞-cocone f k = indMax∞-self _{\S_{\leq}} indMax∞-mono (≤-eo\(\text{colorege}\) \(\((\text{kolorege}\)\)\)\((\text{Lim c}\) \((\text{Lim}\)\) x \to sTree (f x)))) ( ind\(\text{Max}\)\(\text{Lim}\)
 822
823
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\leq -Z = mk \leq Raw. \leq -Z
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881
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882
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                                        \leq-sucMono : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_2 \rightarrow \uparrow t_1 \leq \uparrow t_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \max-LUB: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t\} \rightarrow t_1 \le t \rightarrow t_2 \le t \rightarrow \max t_1 \ t_2 \le t
883
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                                        \leq-sucMono (mk\leq lt) = mk\leq (Raw.\leq-sucMono lt)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-LUB lt1 lt2 = max-mono lt1 lt2 \frac{1}{9} max-idem
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       939
884
885
                                       infixr 10 ≤ $
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \max-commut: \forall t_1 t_2 \rightarrow \max t_1 t_2 \leq \max t_2 t_1
886
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-commut t_1 t_2 = mk \le (indMax-commut (sTree <math>t_1) (sTree t_2)^{41}
                                        \leq \frac{\circ}{9}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_3\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_2 \rightarrow t_2 \leq t_3 \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_3
887
                                        \leq \frac{9}{2} (mk\leq lt1) (mk\leq lt2) = mk\leq (Raw.\leq-trans lt1 lt2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \max-assocL : \forall t_1 t_2 t_3 \rightarrow \max t_1 (\max t_2 t_3) \leq \max (\max t_1 t_2) t_3
888
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-assocL t_1 t_2 t_3 = mk \le (indMax-assocL )
889
                                       \leq-refl : \forall \{t\} \rightarrow t \leq t
890
                                        \leq-refl = mk \leq (Raw. \leq-refl )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \max-assocR : \forall t_1 t_2 t_3 \rightarrow \max (\max t_1 t_2) t_3 \leq \max t_1 (\max t_2 t_3)
891
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-assocR t_1 t_2 t_3 = mk \le (indMax-assocR _ _ _ _)
                                        \leq-limUpperBound : \forall \{c : C\} \rightarrow \{f : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\}
892
                                                  \rightarrow \forall k \rightarrow f k \leq \text{Lim } c f
893
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \max-swap4: \forall \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \rightarrow \max(\max t_1 \ t_1') (\max t_2 \ t_2') \leq \max^{\text{than } t_1}
                                        \leq-limUpperBound \{c=c\} \{f=f\} k=mk\leq (Raw.\leq-cocone _ (just k) (Raw.\leq-paragraf = ). Rawred Max 1924 self (Raw.Lim c _))
894
895
                                         \leq-limLeast : \forall \{c : \mathbb{C}\} \rightarrow \{f : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \mathsf{max\text{-}strictMono} : \forall \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \longrightarrow t_1 < t_1' \longrightarrow t_2 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_1 \ t_{205} \ \mathsf{max} \ t_2' \longrightarrow t_3 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_4 \ t_{205} \ \mathsf{max} \ t_3 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_4 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_4 < t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_5 < t
                                                 \rightarrow \{t : \mathsf{Tree}\}\
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-strictMono lt1 lt2 = mk \le (indMax-strictMono (get \le lt1) (get \le lt2))
897
                                                 \rightarrow (\forall k \rightarrow f \ k \leq t) \rightarrow Lim c \ f \leq t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      max-sucMono: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_1' \ t_2'\} \rightarrow \max t_1 \ t_2 \leq \max t_1' \ t_2' \rightarrow \max t_1^{953} t_2 < \max t_1' \ t_2' = \min t_1' \ t_2' = \min
                                        \leq-limLeast \{f = f\} \{t = MkTree \ o \ idem\} \ lt
899
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       max-sucMono\ lt = mk \le (indMax-sucMono\ (get \le lt))
                                                 = mk≤ (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       955
901
                                                                    indMax∞-mono (Raw.≤-limiting _ (maybe (\lambda k \rightarrow \text{get} \le (lt k)) Raw.≤-Z))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       956
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \mathbb{N}Lim : (\mathbb{N} \to \mathsf{Tree}) \to \mathsf{Tree}
902
                                                                    Raw. \le \frac{\circ}{9} (indMax \infty - \le idem))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       957
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              NLim f = \text{Lim } CN \ (\lambda \ cn \rightarrow f \ (\text{Iso.fun } CN \text{Iso.fun}))
903
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       958
                                        \leq-extLim : \forall \{c : C\} \rightarrow \{f_1 \ f_2 : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\}
904
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             max': Tree \rightarrow Tree \rightarrow Tree
                                                 \rightarrow (\forall k \rightarrow f_1 \ k \leq f_2 \ k)
905
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             max' t_1 t_2 = NLim (\lambda n \rightarrow if0 n t_1 t_2)
                                                  \rightarrow Lim c f_1 \leq Lim c f_2
906
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       961
                                       \leq-extLim lt = \leq-limLeast (\lambda k \rightarrow lt \ k \ _{9\leq}^{\circ} \leq-limUpperBound k) \max' - \leq L : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq \max' t_1 \ t_2\}
907
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       962
908
                                        \leq-extExists : \forall \{c_1 \ c_2 : \mathbb{C}\} \rightarrow \{f_1 : El \ c_1 \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\} \{f_2 : El \ c_2 \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\} ax'-\leq \mathsf{L} \{t_1\} \{t_2\}
909
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \rightarrow (\forall k_1 \rightarrow \Sigma [k_2 \in El c_2] f_1 k_1 \leq f_2 k_2)
910
                                                 \rightarrow \operatorname{Lim} c_1 f_1 \leq \operatorname{Lim} c_2 f_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ≤-limUpperBound (Iso.inv CNIso 0)
911
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       966
                                        \leq -\text{extExists} \left\{ f_1 = f_1 \right\} \left\{ f_2 \right\} \\ lt = \leq -\text{limLeast} \left( \lambda \ k_1 \rightarrow \text{proj}_2 \left( lt \ k_1 \right) \right. \\ \left. \circ \right\} \leq \underset{\text{max}}{\text{slimLipperBound}} \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_1 \right) \right) \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_1}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right\} \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}{\text{proj}} \left( lt \ k_2 \right) \right) \right] \\ \left. \left( \underset{t_2}
912
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913
                                        --□-limLeast (□ k1 → proj□ (lt k1) □ ; □-limUpperBoummax(park) {t} k1)))
914
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 = subst (\lambda x \rightarrow t_2 \le if0 \ x \ t_1 \ t_2) (sym (Iso.rightInv CNIso 1)) \le {}^{9}f_0^{8}f_1^{8} % =
                                        \neg Z < \uparrow : \forall \quad t \longrightarrow \neg ((\uparrow t) \leq Z)
915
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ≤-limUpperBound (Iso.inv CNIso 1)
                                        \neg Z < \uparrow t pf = Raw. \neg < Z (sTree t) (get \le pf)
916
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917
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                                        \max - \leq L : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow t_1 \leq \max t_1 \ t_2
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918
                                        max \le L = mk \le indMax \le L
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \max'-Idem \{t\} = \le-limLeast helper
919
                                        \max \le R : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_2 \le \max t_1 \ t_2
920
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                helper: \forall k \rightarrow \text{if0} (\text{Iso.fun } CNIso k) \ t \ t \leq t
                                        max \le R = mk \le indMax \le R
921
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                helper k with Iso.fun CNIso k
922
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                                        \mathsf{max}\text{-}\mathsf{mono}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \longrightarrow t_1 \le t_1' \longrightarrow t_2 \le t_2' \longrightarrow
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ... | zero = ≤-refl
923
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                                                 \max t_1 t_2 \leq \max t_1' t_2'
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924
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                                        max-mono lt1 lt2 = mk \le (indMax-mono (get \le lt1) (get \le lt2))
925
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926
                                        \mathsf{max}\text{-}\mathsf{monoR}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t_2'\} \longrightarrow t_2 \le t_2' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \mathsf{max} \ t_1 \ t_2'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       981
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \rightarrow t_1 \leq t_1' \rightarrow t_2 \leq t_2'
                                        \text{max-monoR } \{t_1\} \ \{t_2\} \ \{t_2'\} \ lt = \\ \text{max-mono} \ \{t_1 = t_1\} \ \{t_1' = t_1\} \ \{t_2 = t_2\} \ \{t_2' = \\ t_2'\} \\ \text{max} \ \text{ref[} \ \{t_2'\} \ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_2' = \\ \text{max'} \ t_1' \ t_1' \ t_2'
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \max'-Mono \{t_1\} \{t_2\} \{t_1'\} \{t_2'\} lt1 lt2 = ≤-extLim helper
                                       \mathsf{max}\text{-}\mathsf{monoL}: \forall \{t_1 \ t_1' \ t_2\} \longrightarrow t_1 \le t_1' \longrightarrow \mathsf{max} \ t_1 \ t_2 \le \mathsf{max} \ t_1' \ t_2
929
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                                        max-monoL \{t_1\} \{t_2\} \{t_3\}
930
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 helper: \forall k \rightarrow \text{if } 0 \text{ (Iso.fun } CNIso k) t_1 t_2 \leq \text{if } 0 \text{ (Iso.fun } CNIso k) t_1' t_2'
931
                                        \max-idem : \forall \{t\} \rightarrow \max t \ t \le t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                helper k with Iso.fun CNIso k
932
                                        max-idem \{t = MkTree \ o \ pf\} = mk \le pf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ... | zero = lt1
933
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                                        \max\text{-idem} \le : \forall \{t\} \longrightarrow t \le \max t \ t
934
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935
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991
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              valent Foundations of Mathematics. https://homotopytypetheory.org/
992
                        \max'-LUB: \forall \{t_1 \ t_2 \ t\} \rightarrow t_1 \le t \rightarrow t_2 \le t \rightarrow \max' t_1 \ t_2 \le t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             book, Institute for Advanced Study.
993
                        max'-LUB lt1 lt2 = max'-Mono lt1 lt2 💃 max'-Idem
994
996
                        \max \le \max' : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \longrightarrow \max t_1 \ t_2 \le \max' t_1 \ t_2
997
                        max \le max' = max-LUB max' - \le L max' - \le R
998
999
                        \max' \leq \max : \forall \{t_1 \ t_2\} \rightarrow \max' \ t_1 \ t_2 \leq \max \ t_1 \ t_2
1000
                        max' \le max = max' - LUB max - \le L max - \le R
1001
1002
                        \mathsf{limSwap} : \forall \left\{ c_1 \ c_2 \right\} \left\{ f : El \ c_1 \to El \ c_2 \to \mathsf{Tree} \right\} \to (\mathsf{Lim} \ c_1 \ \lambda \ x \to \mathsf{Lim} \ c_2 \ \lambda \ y \to f \ x \ y) \leq \mathsf{Lim} \ c_2 \ \lambda \ y \to \mathsf{Lim} \ c_1 \ \lambda \ x \to f \ x \ y
1003
                        \limsup = \le -\limsup (\lambda x \to \le -\limsup \lambda y \to \le -\limsup y \to -10
1004
1005
                         \max-swapL: \forall \{c\} \{f \ g : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\} \rightarrow \mathsf{Lim} \ c \ (\lambda \ k \rightarrow \mathsf{max} \ (f \ k) \ (g \ k)) \leq \mathsf{max} \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f) \ (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ g)
1006
                        \max-swapL \{c\} \{f\} \{g\} = \leq-extLim (\lambda k \rightarrow \max \leq \max) % \{c\} \{m\} \{m\}
1007
                               where
1008
                                       helper: (k: El CN) \rightarrow
1009
                                               \operatorname{Lim} c (\lambda x \rightarrow \operatorname{if0} (\operatorname{Iso.fun} CNIso k) (f x) (g x)) \leq
1010
                                               if0 (Iso.fun CNIso k) (Lim c f) (Lim c g)
1011
1012
                                       helper kn with Iso.fun CNIso kn
1013
                                       ... | zero = ≤-refl
1014
                                       ... | suc n = ≤-refl
1015
1016
                         \max-swapR: \forall \{c\} \{f \ g : El \ c \rightarrow \mathsf{Tree}\} \rightarrow \max(\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ f) (\mathsf{Lim} \ c \ g) \le \mathsf{Lim} \ c (\lambda \ k \rightarrow \max(f \ k) (g \ k))
1017
                        \max-swapR \{c\} \{f\} \{g\} = \maxsmax' \S \le -extLim helper \S \le \limSwap \S \le -extLim (\lambda k \to \max' \le \max)
1018
                               where
1019
                                       helper : (k : El CN) \rightarrow
1020
                                               if 0 (Iso.fun CNIso k) (Lim c f) (Lim c g) \leq
1021
                                               Lim c (\lambda z \rightarrow if0 (Iso.fun CNIso k) (f z) (g z))
1022
                                       helper kn with Iso.fun CNIso kn
1023
                                       ... | zero = ≤-refl
1024
                                       ... | suc n = \leq -refl
1026
1027
1028
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