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# Exercises from Sec.8.3

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##: 20141510, ##: ###

## 1.1

```
clc
clear
syms fEuler1 fEuler2 dfdt1 dfdt2

tI = 0;
tF = 3;
dt = 3/5;
fInitialValue = 1;
times = tI:dt:tF;

fEuler1(1) = fInitialValue; % first-order Euler method
fEuler2(1) = fInitialValue; % second-order Euler method

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) + fEuler1(i);
    fEuler1(i+1) = fEuler1(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt;
end

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) + fEuler2(i);
    dfdt2(i) = 1 + dfdt1(i);
    fEuler2(i+1) = fEuler2(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt + (1/2)*dfdt2(i)*(dt^2);
end

double(fEuler1(length(times))) % first order approximation of f(3)
double(fEuler2(length(times))) % second order approximation of f(3)
g = dsolve('Df=t+f', 'f(0)=1'); % solve the diff-equ using dsolve
f = inline(g);
f(3)

plot(times, fEuler1)
hold on
plot(times, fEuler2)
ezplot(f, times)
hold off
```

*ans* =

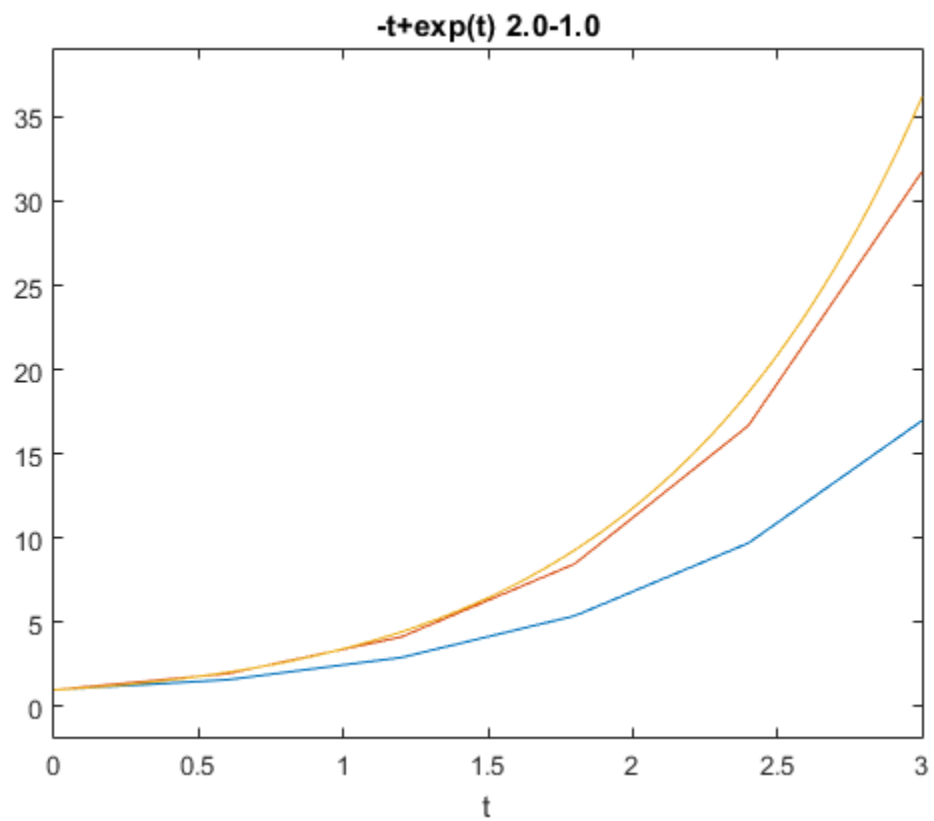
16.9715

*ans* =

31.7380

*ans* =

36.1711



## 1.2

```
clc
clear
syms fEuler1 fEuler2 dfdt1 dfdt2

tI = 0;
tF = 3;
dt = 3/5;
fInitialValue = 1;
times = tI:dt:tF;
```

```
fEuler1(1) = fInitialValue; % first-order Euler method
fEuler2(1) = fInitialValue; % second-order Euler method

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) - fEuler1(i);
    fEuler1(i+1) = fEuler1(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt;
end

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) - fEuler2(i);
    dfdt2(i) = 1 - dfdt1(i);
    fEuler2(i+1) = fEuler2(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt + (1/2)*dfdt2(i)*(dt^2);
end

double(fEuler1(length(times))) % first order approximation of f(3)
double(fEuler2(length(times))) % second order approximation of f(3)
g = dsolve('Df=t-f','f(0)=1'); % solve the diff-equ using dsolve
f = inline(g);
f(3)

plot(times,fEuler1)
hold on
plot(times,fEuler2)
ezplot(f,times)
hold off

ans =

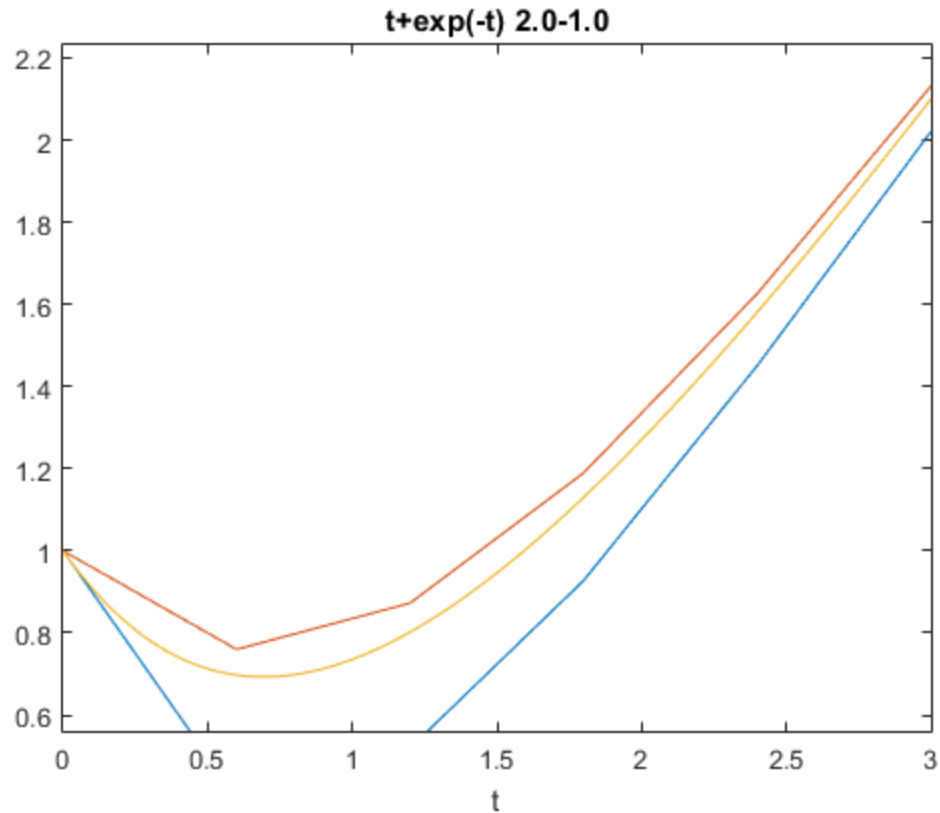
    2.0205

ans =

    2.1313

ans =

    2.0996
```



## 1.3

```

clc
clear
syms fEuler1 fEuler2 dfdt1 dfdt2

tI = 0;
tF = 3;
dt = 3/5;
fInitialValue = 1;
times = tI:dt:tF;

fEuler1(1) = fInitialValue; % first-order Euler method
fEuler2(1) = fInitialValue; % second-order Euler method

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) / fEuler1(i);
    fEuler1(i+1) = fEuler1(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt;
end

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = times(i) / fEuler2(i);
    dfdt2(i) = (fEuler2(i)-times(i)*dfdt1(i))/(fEuler2(i)^2);
    fEuler2(i+1) = fEuler2(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt + (1/2)*dfdt2(i)*(dt^2);
end

```

```
double(fEuler1(length(times))) % first order approximation of f(3)
double(fEuler2(length(times))) % second order approximation of f(3)
g = dsolve('Df=t/f','f(0)=1'); % solve the diff-equ using dsolve
f = inline(g);
f(3)
```

```
plot(times,fEuler1)
hold on
plot(times,fEuler2)
ezplot(f,times)
hold off
```

```
ans =
```

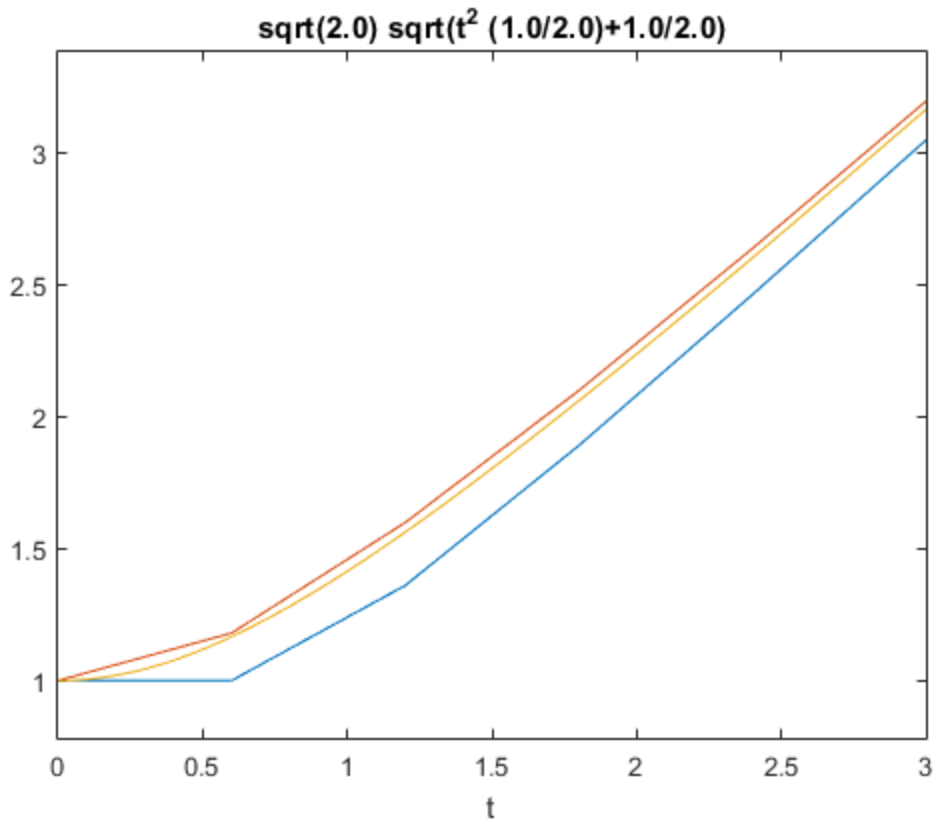
```
3.0461
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1934
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.1623
```



## 1.4

```

clc
clear
syms fEuler1 fEuler2 dfdt1 dfdt2

tI = 0;
tF = 3;
dt = 3/5;
fInitialValue = 1;
times = tI:dt:tF;

fEuler1(1) = fInitialValue; % first-order Euler method
fEuler2(1) = fInitialValue; % second-order Euler method

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = fEuler1(i)^(1/2);
    fEuler1(i+1) = fEuler1(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt;
end

for i = 1:1:(length(times)-1)
    dfdt1(i) = fEuler2(i)^(1/2);
    dfdt2(i) = (1/2) * fEuler2(i)^(-1/2) * dfdt1(i);
    fEuler2(i+1) = fEuler2(i) + dfdt1(i) * dt + (1/2)*dfdt2(i)*(dt^2);
end

```

```
double(fEuler1(length(times))) % first order approximation of f(3)
double(fEuler2(length(times))) % second order approximation of f(3)
g = dsolve('Df=f^(1/2)', 'f(0)=1'); % solve the diff-equ using dsolve
f = inline(g(1));
f(3)
```

```
plot(times,fEuler1)
hold on
plot(times,fEuler2)
ezplot(f,times)
hold off
```

```
ans =
```

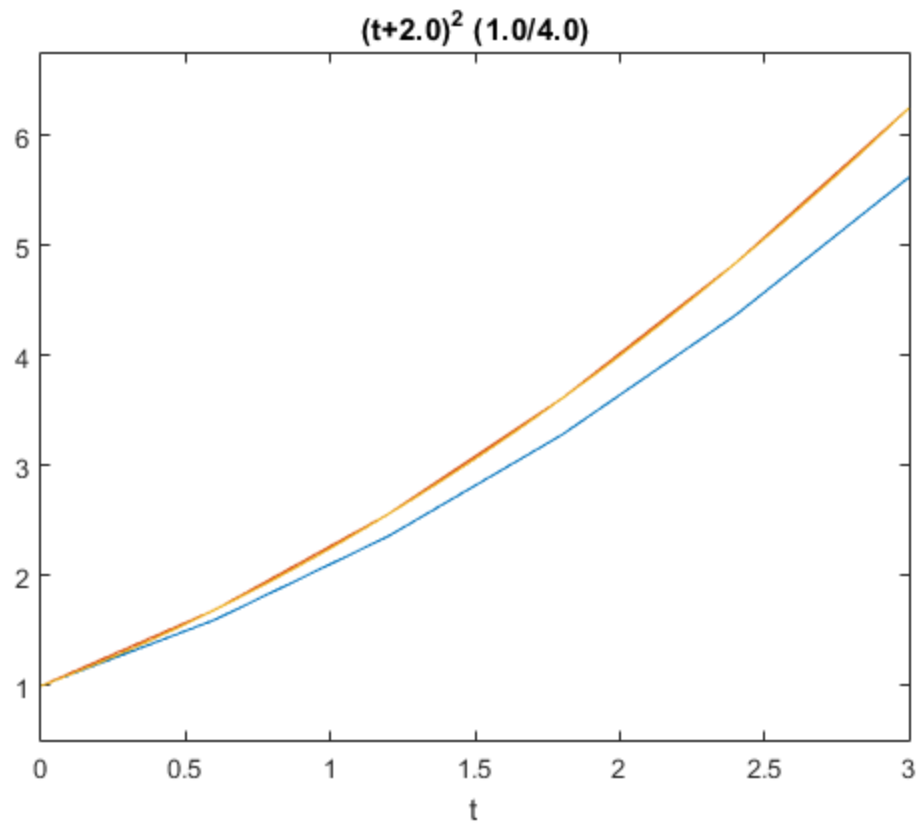
```
5.6211
```

```
ans =
```

```
6.2500
```

```
ans =
```

```
6.2500
```



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