

Computational Finance Intro

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Outline

- Purpose of course.
- Structure of course.
- C++ and Excel.
- Let's get practical.

Material

- Andreassen, J (2011): “Finite Difference Methods for Financial Problems.”
PhD Course Copenhagen University.
- Andreassen, J, B Høge and F Kryger-Baggesen (2022):
<https://github.com/brnohu>.

Purpose of Course

- Practical introduction to the fascinating world of computational finance.
- I.e. how do we get math into computers.
- Aim to produce something quite close to production quality.
- Focus on model evergreens rather than the latest fashion.
- Focus more on code structure and code hygiene.
- The latter is typically not something you see at universities.
- But it is super important in practice.

- And there are some super useful and cheap tricks.
- Aim to have something that you can take offset in for use in your later life.
- ... as a graduate student or when working in a financial institution.

Structure of Course

- We will spend very little time on lecturing.
- We will attempt to get jiggy with code and numbers as soon as possible.
- Plan is
 - XLL, C++, Black-Scholes as an example.
 - kFd1d finite difference solver.
 - Application of the above to do something relevant: Black-Scholes PDE, Vasicek PDE, American options, Barrier options, convergence, etc.
- You write a report in groups of up to 3 – oral defense individually

- We might make and change plans as we go.
- Course material will be on GitHub.
- Teachers are Frederik and Brian
- We will take turns on who is lecturing and TA'ing.

C++ and Excel

- The industry standard is to use Excel as an interface on top of a C++ add-in.
- That is Excel is essentially a GUI and all significant calculations are taking place in the C++ coded XLL.
- When used correctly, i.e. sparsely and without buttons and macros, Excel is excellent.
- And C++ is one of the most versatile and efficient computer language in existence.
- It is also one of the most actively researched languages and has been so for 30-40 years.

- Don't expect this standard to change.
- Though Python, Linux etc is seeing increased usage.

Let's Get Practical

- Install latest Visual Studio C++ 2022 community version on your laptop. Include the module 'Desktop development with C++'.
- Download/Clone the git repository 'CompFin' from GitHub:
<https://github.com/brnohu/CompFin>
- Open Week1/xladdin/CompFin.sln and follow Week1/slnSetup.pdf
- Run the spreadsheet bachelier.xls through the debugger.
- Check the function xBachelierCall () against handmade calculations in a spreadsheet.
- Test the function xBachelierImplied().

- Write a new class `kBlack` that has the same methods as `kBachelier`.
- Make xll functions `xBlackCall()` and `xBlackImplied()` that expose `kBlack::call()` and `kBlack::implied()` respectively.
- Test the functions `xBlackCall()` and `xBlackImplied()`.

Notes

Bachelier formula:

$$c = (s - k)\Phi(x) + v\sqrt{T}\phi(x) \quad , x = \frac{s - k}{v\sqrt{T}}$$

Black formula:

$$C = S\Phi(x_+) - K\Phi(x_-) \quad , x_{\pm} = \frac{\ln(S/K)}{v\sqrt{T}} \pm \frac{1}{2}v\sqrt{T}$$