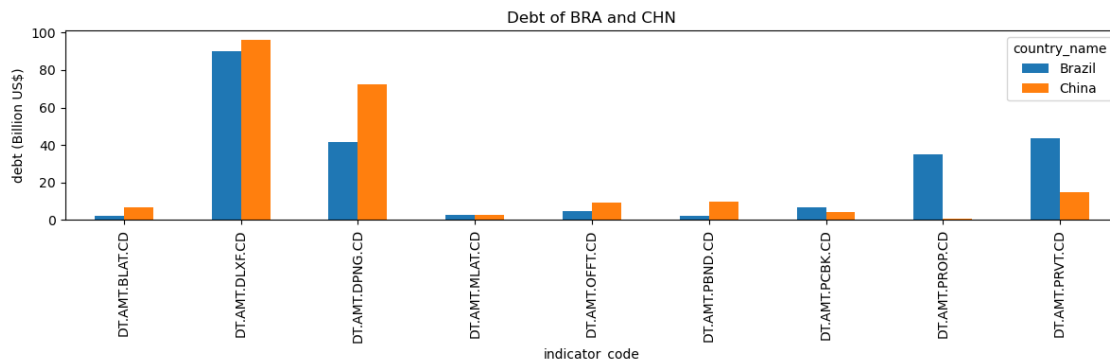


Question 1.8: Look at the result above. Do you notice any big difference in the amount of debt in some categories between Brazil and China?

To look into this I will start by plotting the amount of debt (indicator_code starting with DT.AMT) to get a view of the differences – see the full overview of the World Bank Metadata Glossary [here](#)

```
In [25]: BRA_CHN = res_q1_7.DataFrame()
BRA_CHN = BRA_CHN[BRA_CHN['indicator_code'].str.startswith('DT.AMT')]
BRA_CHN['debt'] = BRA_CHN['debt']/1000000000
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 4))
BRA_CHN.pivot(columns='country_name', index='indicator_code', values='debt').plot(kind='bar',
ax.set_ylabel('debt (Billion US$)')
ax.set_title('Debt of BRA and CHN')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



In the plot above I notice 3 categories specifically where the debt levels of the two countries differ drastically. Those are *Principal repayments on external debt, private nonguaranteed (PNG)*, *PPG, other private creditors*, and *PPG, private creditors*. For the first category, China's debt is more than US\$ 30 billion greater than that of Brazil while Brazil leads in the two other. For the two latter the debt of Brazil is around US\$ 30 billion greater than that of China.

```
In [26]: display(BRA_CHN[(BRA_CHN['indicator_code']=='DT.AMT.DPNG.CD') | (BRA_CHN['indicator_code']=='DT.AMT.PRVT.CD')])
```

	country_name	indicator_name \
4	Brazil	Principal repayments on external debt, private...
5	China	Principal repayments on external debt, private...
14	Brazil	PPG, other private creditors (AMT, current US\$)
15	China	PPG, other private creditors (AMT, current US\$)
16	Brazil	PPG, private creditors (AMT, current US\$)

17 China PPG, private creditors (AMT, current US\$)

	indicator_code	debt
4	DT.AMT.DPNG.CD	41.831444
5	DT.AMT.DPNG.CD	72.392986
14	DT.AMT.PROP.CD	35.119004
15	DT.AMT.PROP.CD	0.796544
16	DT.AMT.PRVT.CD	43.598697
17	DT.AMT.PRVT.CD	14.677464