



Angular Advanced

01 - Introduction



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Peter Kassenaar

- Trainer, author, developer – since 1996
- Specialty: *"Everything JavaScript"*
- JavaScript, ES6, Angular, NodeJS, TypeScript, jQuery, Vue.js, React

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About you...



Knowledge of Angular, (mobile/web-) apps?

How long have you worked with Angular yet?

Tell us a little bit about your projects.

What are your expectations of this course?

github.com/PeterKassenaar/snelstart

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `PeterKassenaar/snelstart`. The repository is in the `main` branch and has 1 branch and 0 tags. The repository is owned by `PeterKassenaar` and has 1 watch, 0 stars, and 0 forks. The repository is a public repository.

The repository contains the following files and folders:

File/Folder	Commit Message	Commit Time
slides	Added first slides	1 minute ago
.gitignore	Added first slides	1 minute ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	2 days ago
README.md	Added first slides	1 minute ago

The repository has a commit history showing 2 commits by `PeterKassenaar` 1 minute ago, with the commit hash `92ba5d3`.

The repository has a README file. The README content is as follows:

snelstart

Slides en voorbeeldcode voor de training Angular, Snelstart - december 2020

Links

- Repository met voorbeeldcode: <https://github.com/PeterKassenaar/voorbeeldenAngular2>

The repository also has a sidebar with links to the README, MIT License, and Releases.

Agenda

7-8-9 Dec. 2020 – Mo + Tu + Wed.

~9:00 start

~ 10:30 Break

~12:00 lunch

~ 14:30 Break

~16:15-16:30 closing

Wednesday – probably wrap-up a little bit early

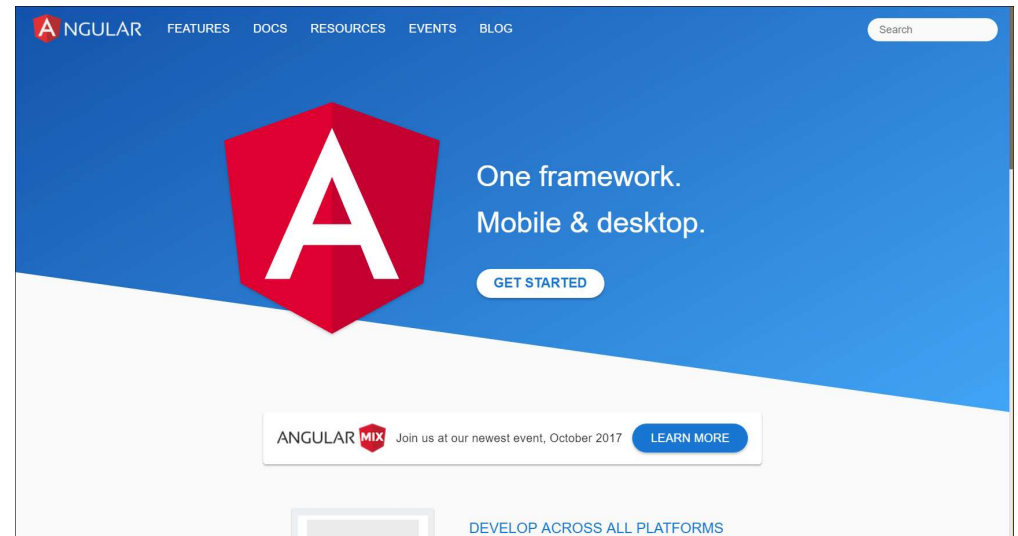
Material

Software (Angular + Editor + Browser + libraries)

Handouts (PDF, Github)

Workshops (in the presentations)

Websites (online)



angular.io/

Short recap

- Last week: **Fundamentals**
 - Concepten, context & architecture
 - Angular CLI
 - Components, Data binding
 - Services
 - Live API's
 - Component communication / event buses
 - Routing
 - Forms

Broadening?



or...

deepening?



Agenda - 3 days - Thematic



- Day 1: **Architecture**
 - Angular CLI
 - Composing Applications with multiple modules
 - Routing and lazy loading modules
 - Loading Strategies
 - Advanced components / composition
- Day 2: **Store & Observables**
 - Introduction - @ngrx/store
 - Concepts, State, Action, Reducer, Dispatcher, Effect
 - More on observables...

Agenda - 3 days- Thematic

- Day 3: **Miscellaneous**
 - Unit Testing
 - Angular monorepo's / micro frontends?
 - Publishing Angular libraries to NPM
 - More on Angular Schematics
 - Your turn : Q & A, specific issues
 - ...
- Overall : Best practices on coding & architecture



Labs and example code

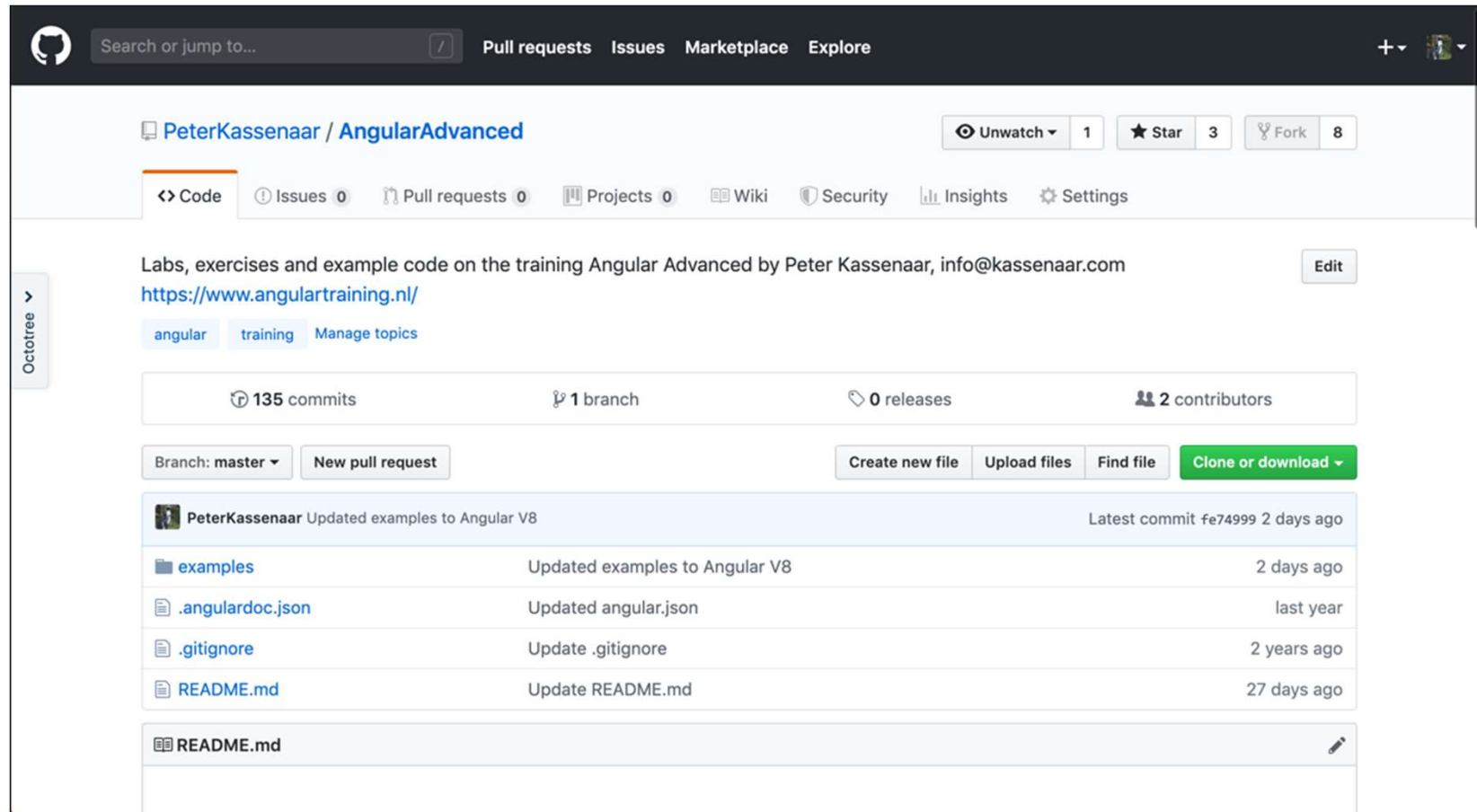
1. Labs/Exercises

- In the PDF's in the Github-repo. But: feel free to deviate. Adapt to suit your own needs! (hobby, work, current projects)

2. Example code

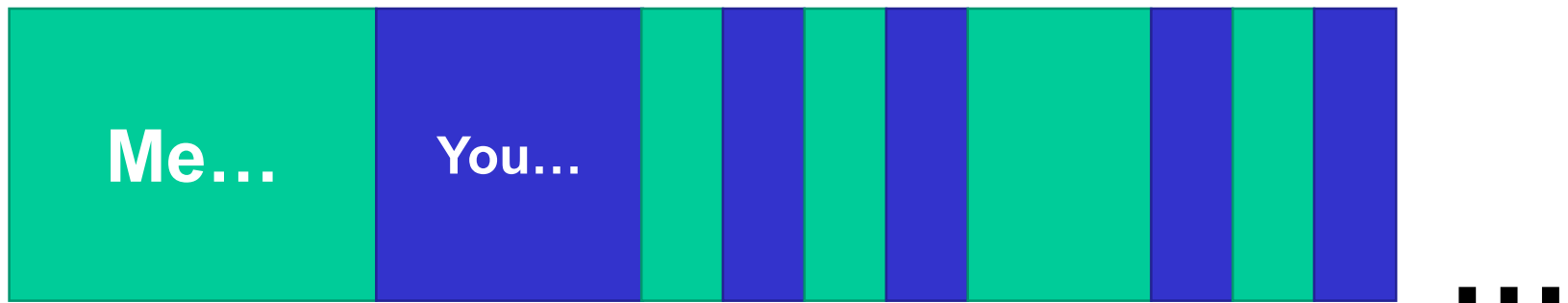
- Executions of the exercises, small projects (`npm install, npm start`)
- Work in progress – let me know of additions/errors!
- github.com/PeterKassenaar/AngularAdvanced

Generic 'Advanced' Github repo



<https://github.com/PeterKassenaar/AngularAdvanced>

Overall process



Slide 24

PK1

Peter Kassenaar; 31-3-2020

Questions?

Slide 25

PK2

Peter Kassenaar; 31-3-2020



Angular CLI

Scaffold new projects, modules, components via command line...

```
> npm install -g @angular/cli  
> ng new my-dream-app  
> cd my-dream-app  
> ng serve
```

Angular CLI

A command line interface for Angular

GET STARTED

ng new

The Angular CLI makes it easy to create an application that already works, right out of the box. It already follows our best practices!

ng generate

Generate components, routes, services and pipes with a simple command. The CLI will also create

We'll be using Angular-CLI this course

- It *is* possible to configure your Angular app by hand
- Using the CLI it's much simpler.
- CLI-options:
 - Scaffolding
 - Generating
 - Testing
 - Building
 - AOT-Compiling
 - ...

<https://cli.angular.io>

>

README.md

Angular CLI

chat on [gitter](#)

build [passing](#) dependencies [up to date](#) devDependencies [up to date](#) npm [v1.2.0](#)

CLI for Angular applications based on the [ember-cli](#) project.

Note

The CLI is now in 1.0. If you are updating from a beta or RC version, check out our [1.0 Update Guide](#).

If you wish to collaborate, check out [our issue list](#).

Before submitting new issues, have a look at [issues marked with the type: `faq` label](#).

Prerequisites

Both the CLI and generated project have dependencies that require Node 6.9.0 or higher, together with NPM 3 or higher.

Table of Contents

- [Installation](#)
- [Usage](#)
- [Generating a New Project](#)
- [Generating Components, Directives, Pipes and Services](#)
- [Updating Angular CLI](#)

```
npm install -g @angular/cli
```



The video player displays a presentation slide with a dark background. The slide has a title 'CLI can...' in white text. Below the title is a white rectangular box with a red, yellow, and green window control bar. Inside this box, the command `> ng generate component my-comp` is shown in white text. To the right of the slide, a small inset video shows a man in a green t-shirt standing on a stage with a circuit board background. Below the slide, there is a logo for 'NG CONF' consisting of a white hexagon with 'NG' inside and 'CONF' below it. The video player's control bar at the bottom shows a progress bar at 4:50 / 23:39, along with play, pause, and volume icons. Below the video player, the video title 'Learn Clingon - Mike Brocchi' is displayed in a white box.

CLI can...

```
> ng generate component my-comp
```

NG
CONF

Learn Clingon - Mike Brocchi

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wHZe6gGI5RY>

Main commands

ng new – create basic app

```
ng new PROJECT_NAME  
cd PROJECT_NAME  
ng serve
```

Project is served on `http://localhost:4200`

Default application

The image displays the Angular CLI welcome screen on the left and a file explorer showing the default application structure on the right.

Angular CLI Welcome Screen:

- Header: Welcome
- Status: multiple-modules app is running!
- Resources: Learn Angular, CLI Documentation, Angular B
- Next Steps: What do you want to do next with your app?
 - New Component
 - Angular Material
 - Add Dependency
 - Build for Production
- Terminal: `ng generate component xyz`
- Footer: Love Angular? Give our repo a star. ★ Star

File Explorer (customProject):

- Project Files
 - customProject (C:\Users\Peter Kassenaar\Desktop\custo)
 - e2e
 - node_modules (library root)
 - src
 - app
 - app.component.css
 - app.component.html
 - app.component.spec.ts
 - app.component.ts
 - app.module.ts
 - assets
 - .gitkeep
 - environments
 - environment.prod.ts
 - environment.ts
 - favicon.ico
 - index.html
 - main.ts
 - polyfills.ts
 - styles.css
 - test.ts
 - tsconfig.app.json
 - tsconfig.spec.json
 - typings.d.ts
 - .angular-cli.json
 - .editorconfig
 - .gitignore
 - karma.conf.js
 - package.json
 - protractor.conf.js
 - README.md
 - tsconfig.json
 - tslint.json
 - yarn.lock
 - External Libraries

(228 MB)

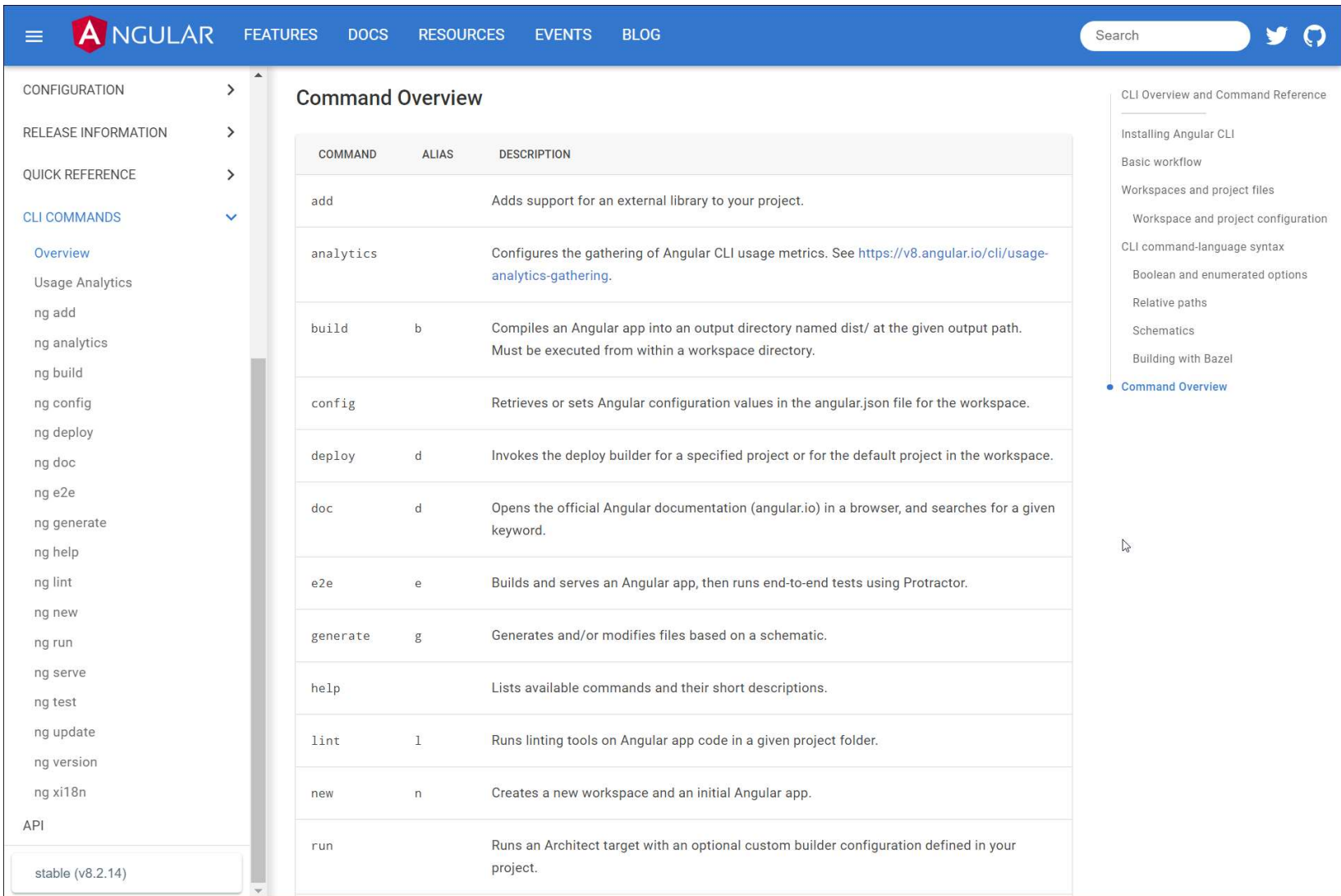
Some CLI tips & tricks

- `ng serve --open` Directly open the compiled project in the browser
- `ng serve --port 4300` Serve project on different port
- `ng serve --ssl` Serve using `https://`
- `ng serve --live-reload false` Do not use live reload
- `ng serve --help` Overview of all other options

More ng tooling

- `ng generate <blueprint> --dry-run` Do not write output files
- `ng generate <blueprint> --spec false` Do not write spec file
- `ng generate module <name> --routing` add routing to new module

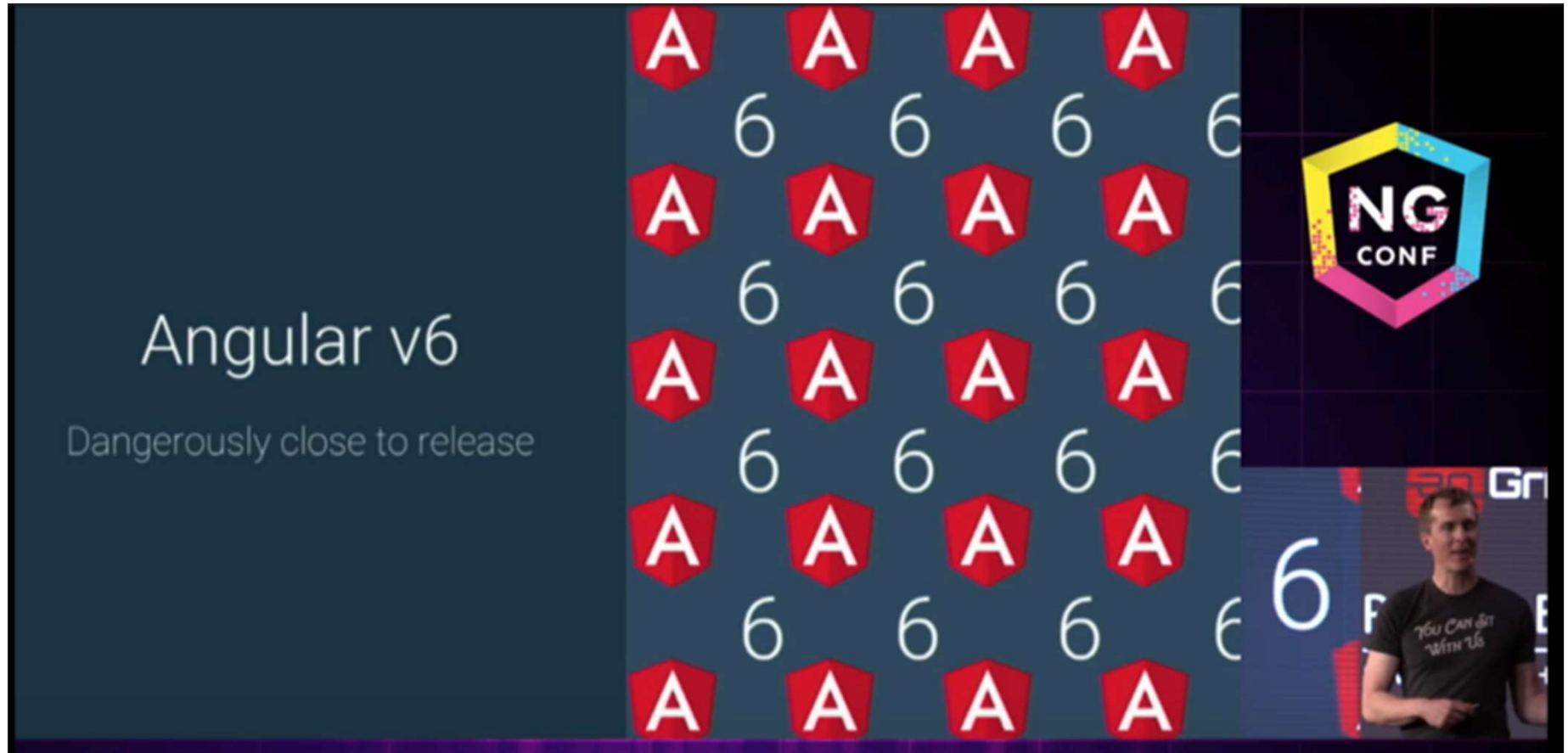
Lots (!) of options



The screenshot displays the Angular CLI Command Overview page. The header features the Angular logo and navigation links: FEATURES, DOCS, RESOURCES, EVENTS, and BLOG. A search bar and social media icons are also present. The left sidebar lists various sections: CONFIGURATION, RELEASE INFORMATION, QUICK REFERENCE, CLI COMMANDS (expanded), and API. Under CLI COMMANDS, there is an Overview link and a list of commands including ng add, ng analytics, ng build, ng config, ng deploy, ng doc, ng e2e, ng generate, ng help, ng lint, ng new, ng run, ng serve, ng test, ng update, ng version, and ng xi18n. The main content area, titled "Command Overview", contains a table with columns for COMMAND, ALIAS, and DESCRIPTION. The table lists 14 commands. The right sidebar shows a list of CLI Overview and Command Reference topics, with "Command Overview" selected.

COMMAND	ALIAS	DESCRIPTION
add		Adds support for an external library to your project.
analytics		Configures the gathering of Angular CLI usage metrics. See https://v8.angular.io/cli/usage-analytics-gathering .
build	b	Compiles an Angular app into an output directory named dist/ at the given output path. Must be executed from within a workspace directory.
config		Retrieves or sets Angular configuration values in the angular.json file for the workspace.
deploy	d	Invokes the deploy builder for a specified project or for the default project in the workspace.
doc	d	Opens the official Angular documentation (angular.io) in a browser, and searches for a given keyword.
e2e	e	Builds and serves an Angular app, then runs end-to-end tests using Protractor.
generate	g	Generates and/or modifies files based on a schematic.
help		Lists available commands and their short descriptions.
lint	l	Runs linting tools on Angular app code in a given project folder.
new	n	Creates a new workspace and an initial Angular app.
run		Runs an Architect target with an optional custom builder configuration defined in your project.

Angular CLI 6.0 - As of May 2018



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dlxknqPOWms>

About version numbering

Aligning Library Releases

	Today	With v6
Angular	5.2.10	6.0
Material	5.2.4	6.0
CLI	1.7	6.0

New CLI Options

Extending the CLI with Schematics



new



generate

component
directive
pipe
service

...

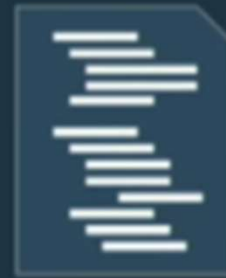
Extending the CLI with Schematics



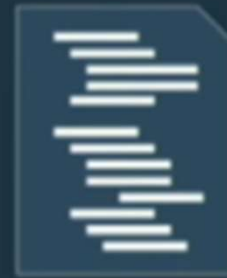
new



generate



update

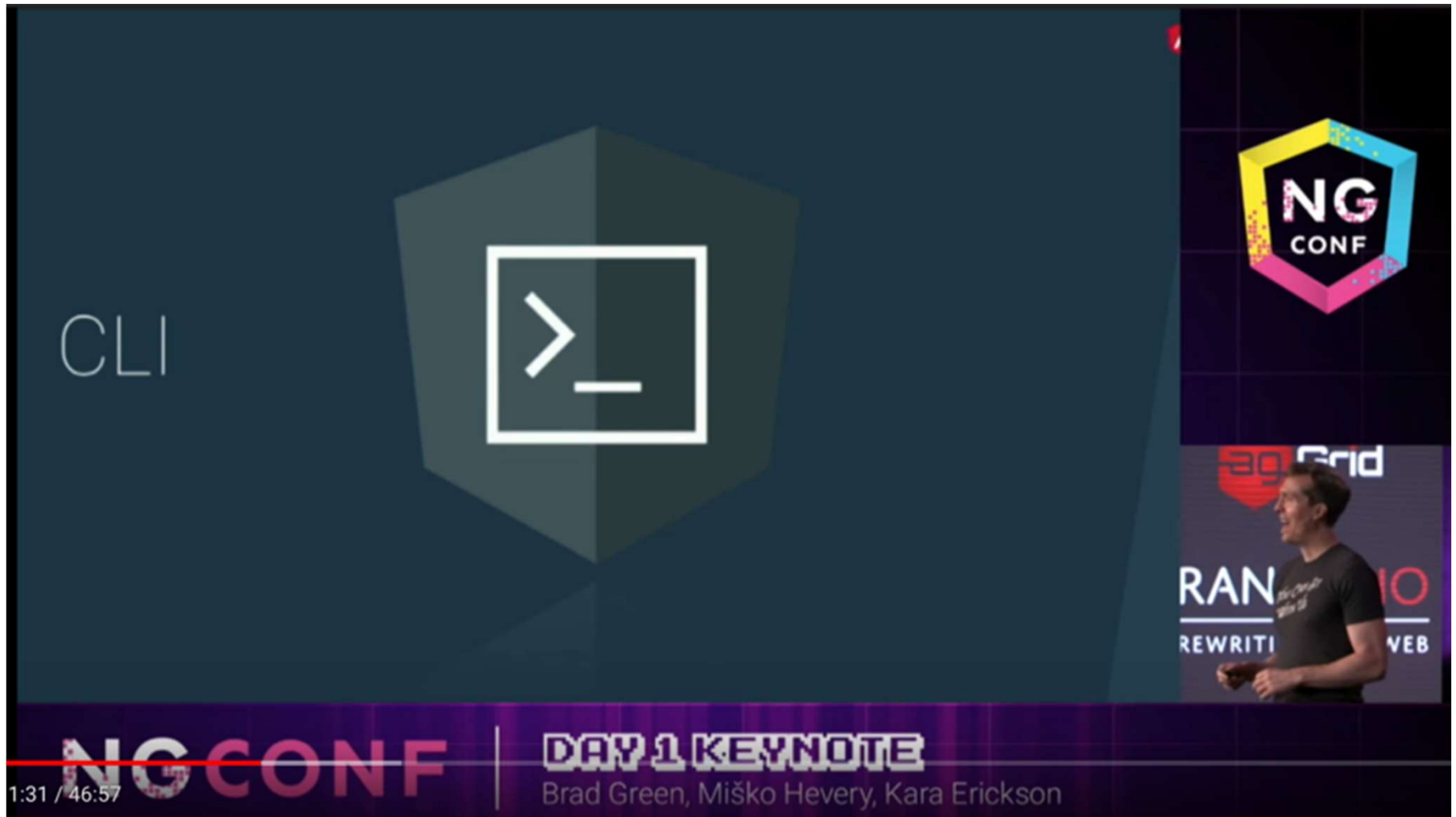


add

component
directive
pipe
service

...

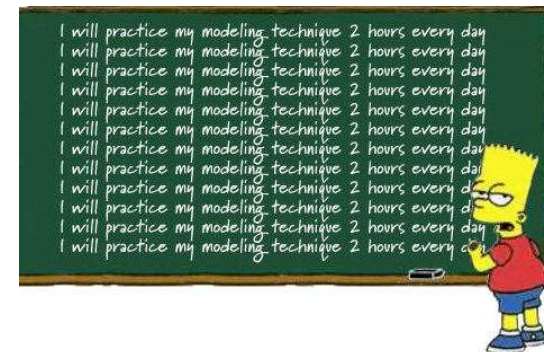
Info on the Angular 6.x keynote



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dlxknqPOWms>

Mini Workshop

- Generate a new, blank project with Angular CLI
- Generate a new component or a new service with it
- Add some new CLI extensions, see **ngadd.com**; for instance
 - @angular/material
 - @angular/elements
 - See how/where they are installed
 - What files are affected?





Multiple modules

Splitting your application into separate, reusable modules

Default application – 1 module

The image displays the Angular CLI web interface on the left and a file explorer view of a project named 'customProject' on the right.

Angular CLI Interface:

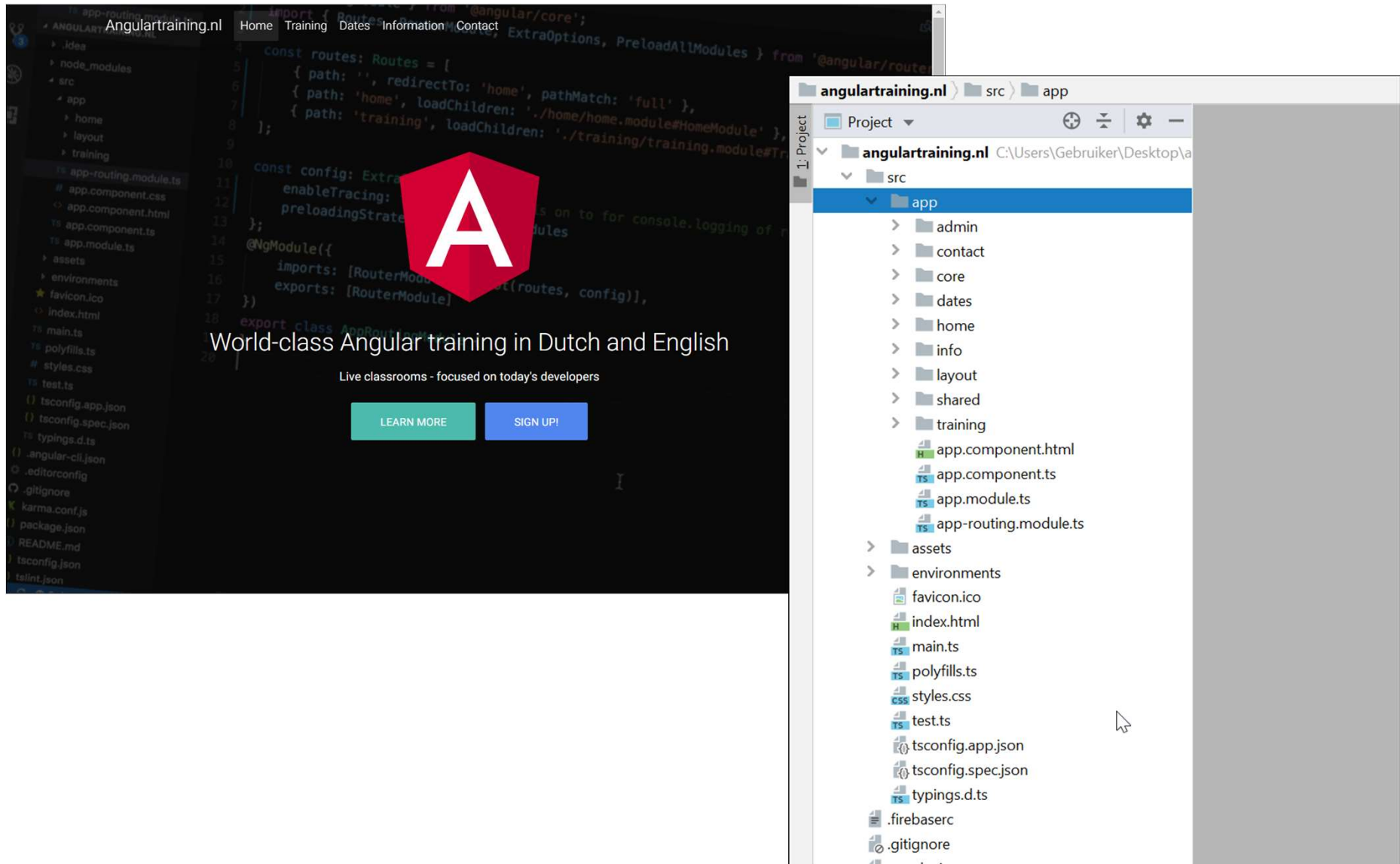
- Header: Welcome
- Notification: multiple-modules app is running!
- Resources: Learn Angular, CLI Documentation, Angular CLI
- Next Steps: New Component, Angular Material, Add Dependency, Build for Production
- Terminal: `ng generate component xyz`
- Footer: Love Angular? Give our repo a star. ★ Star

File Explorer (customProject):

- Project Files
 - customProject
 - e2e
 - node_modules library root
 - src
 - app
 - app.component.css
 - app.component.html
 - app.component.spec.ts
 - app.component.ts
 - app.module.ts
 - assets
 - .gitkeep
 - environments
 - environment.prod.ts
 - environment.ts
 - favicon.ico
 - index.html
 - main.ts
 - polyfills.ts
 - styles.css
 - test.ts
 - tsconfig.app.json
 - tsconfig.spec.json
 - typings.d.ts
 - .angular-cli.json
 - .editorconfig
 - .gitignore
 - karma.conf.js
 - package.json
 - protractor.conf.js
 - README.md
 - tsconfig.json
 - tslint.json
 - yarn.lock
 - External Libraries

(228 MB)

Bigger applications – multiple modules



The image displays a screenshot of an Angular application project structure and code. On the left, a file explorer shows the project layout, including folders like `src`, `app`, `home`, `layout`, and `training`. The `app` folder contains files such as `app-routing.module.ts`, `app.component.css`, `app.component.html`, `app.component.ts`, `app.module.ts`, `assets`, `environments`, `favicon.ico`, `index.html`, `main.ts`, `polyfills.ts`, `styles.css`, `test.ts`, `tsconfig.app.json`, `tsconfig.spec.json`, `typings.d.ts`, `.angular-cli.json`, `.editorconfig`, `.gitignore`, `karma.conf.js`, `package.json`, `README.md`, `tsconfig.json`, and `tslint.json`.

The main area shows the `app.module.ts` file with the following code:

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { RouterModule, Routes } from '@angular/router';
import { HomeComponent } from './home/home.component';
import { TrainingComponent } from './training/training.component';

const routes: Routes = [
  { path: '', redirectTo: 'home', pathMatch: 'full' },
  { path: 'home', loadChildren: './home/home.module#HomeModule' },
  { path: 'training', loadChildren: './training/training.module#TrainingModule' },
];

const config: ExtraOptions = {
  enableTracing: true,
  preloadingStrategy: PreloadAllModules,
};

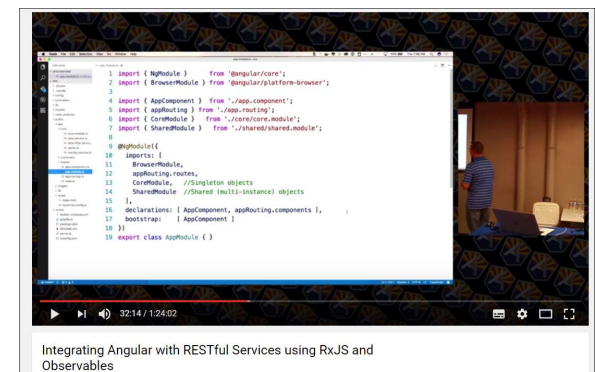
@NgModule({
  imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes, config)],
  exports: [RouterModule]
})
export class AppModule {}
```

Overlaid on the code is a red Angular logo with a white 'A'. Below the logo, the text reads: "World-class Angular training in Dutch and English". Below this text, it says "Live classrooms - focused on today's developers". At the bottom, there are two buttons: "LEARN MORE" and "SIGN UP!".

On the right, a project explorer shows the `angulartraining.nl` project structure, including folders like `admin`, `contact`, `core`, `dates`, `home`, `info`, `layout`, `shared`, and `training`. The `training` folder contains files like `app.component.html`, `app.component.ts`, `app.module.ts`, and `app-routing.module.ts`.

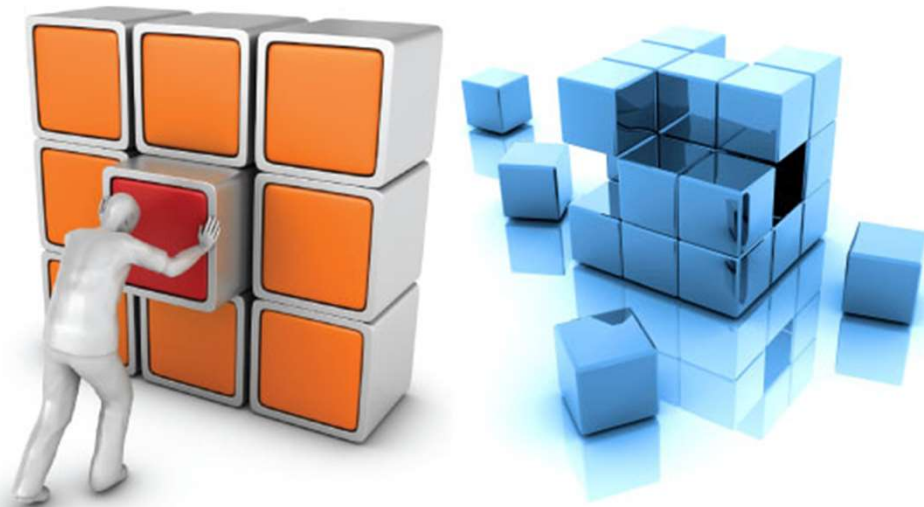
Angular Modules

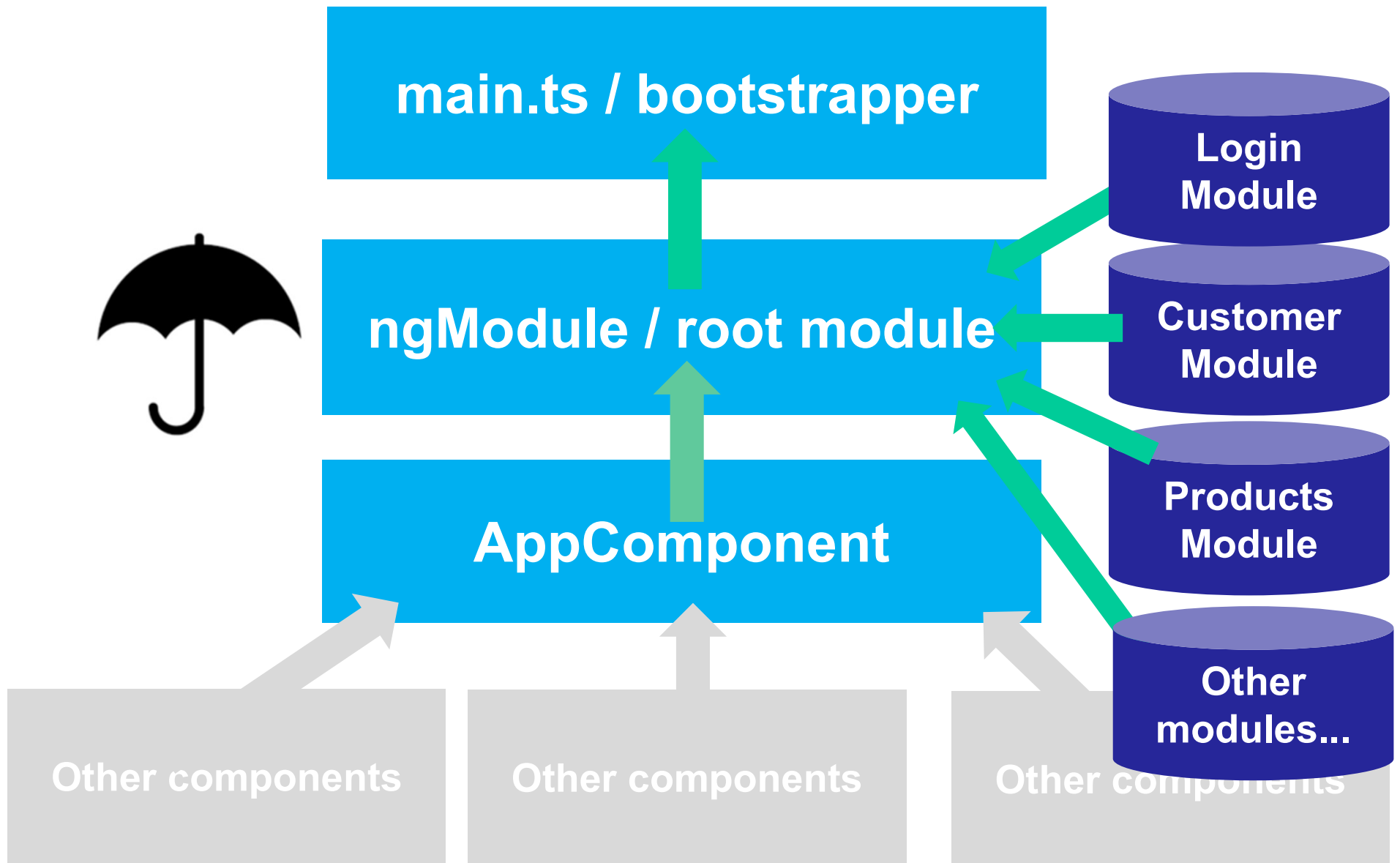
- Divide your app into *logical* and often *reusable* pieces of code
- Keyword : **code organization**
- Use one AppModule - the root of your app
- Use one CoreModule - containing all *singletons* in your app
- Use one SharedModule - containing all shared resources, possible multiple instances
- Use additional modules *per feature*
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YxK4UW4UfCk>



Application – multiple Modules – why?

- *Reuse* of Components, Pipes, Routes and Services etc. over different apps
- *Wrap* each set of logical related components, services, etc. in its own module.





Steps

1. Create a new module

- Optional: test first with `--dry-run`
- `ng generate module customers --dry-run`

2. Create component(s) inside that module

- Again: test first with `--dry-run`
- `ng generate component customers --module customers --dry-run`

3. Apply UI, logic, etc. to your component

4. Export your component inside `customers.module.ts`

- `exports : [CustomersComponent],`
- Otherwise it can't be used in other components!

5. Provide new module to `app.module.ts`

- `imports: [CustomersModule]`

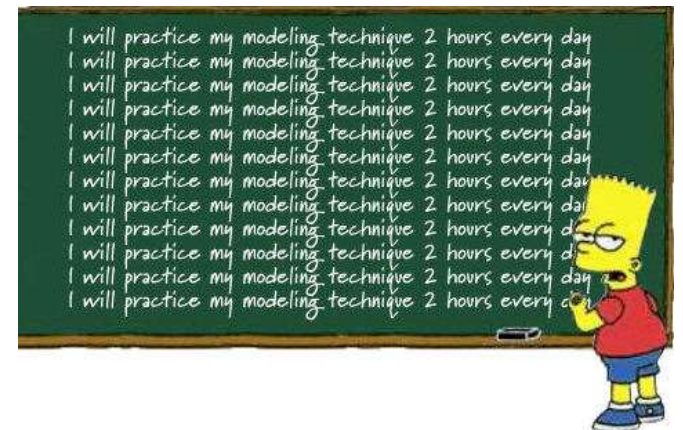
Optional : SharedModule

- Reuse components in multiple modules? Use a SharedModule
 - `ng g m shared` – shorthand notation
- Create components inside SharedModule
- Import SharedModule in other modules
- It doesn't have to be in AppModule if you don't use it directly!
- It *does* not add size to module bundles



Workshop

- Open ../100-multiple modules.
- Create a new module
- Create a new component inside this new module and give it some UI.
- Include the module in the Main Module and show it besides other modules
- Include the Search Component in your own module
- *OR:*
- Add Multiple Modules from scratch to your own application, using the steps described in this module.



How to structure feature modules



242



Why and how to structure Features in Modules in Angular

This might sound pretty basic, but I encounter these challenges over and over in customer projects and it's still an ongoing discussion internally.

A central project goal in a recent Angular project was to design features and UI components for reusability. To achieve this, we need to make sure our code is well isolated and has a simple and clear dependency model.

Prologue: Feature vs. Technical Project Structure

When building small apps and looking at common code samples in the internet a lot of devs (including myself) tend to come up with a project structure like this:

```
MYAPP
├── src
│   ├── app
│   │   ├── components
│   │   │   ├── home
│   │   │   │   ├── home.component.html
│   │   │   │   ├── home.component.ts
│   │   │   └── user
│   │   │       ├── user.component.html
```

<https://medium.com/@philippbauknecht/why-and-how-to-structure-features-in-modules-in-angular-d5602c6436be>