Data Wrangling and Analysis of Experiment Results

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Data Wrangling

```
qualtrics_data <- read.csv("data/raw/Pilot-Quantifiers-data-trimmed.csv", na.strings = "")
N_dropout <-
    qualtrics_data %>%
    filter(Finished=="FALSE") %>%
    nrow()

N_participants <-
    qualtrics_data %>%
    filter(Finished=="TRUE") %>%
    nrow()
```

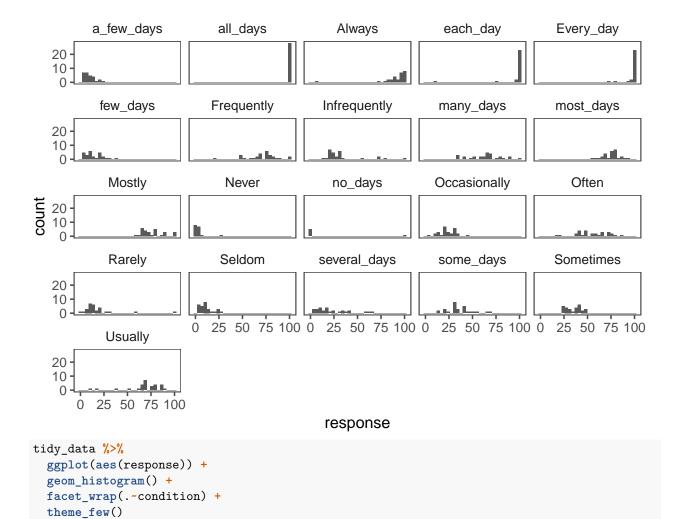
Total of 69 took this survey. 13 did not finish the survey and dropped out. The results for 56 are reported.

```
tidy_data <-
   qualtrics_data %>%
   filter(Finished=="TRUE") %>%
   mutate(sid=c(1:56)) %>%
   select(-Finished) %>%
   gather(quantifier, response, Every_day:Never) %>%
   drop_na(response) %>%
   mutate(condition = c(rep("nominal", 255), rep("temporal", 297))) %>%
   mutate(response = as.numeric(response))
write_csv(tidy_data, "data/processed/Pilot-Quantifiers-data-processed.csv")
```

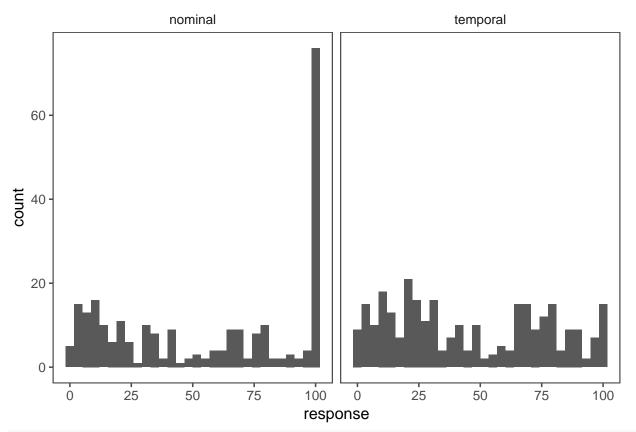
Plots

```
tidy_data %>%
   ggplot(aes(response)) +
   geom_histogram() +
   facet_wrap(.~quantifier) +
   theme_few()
```

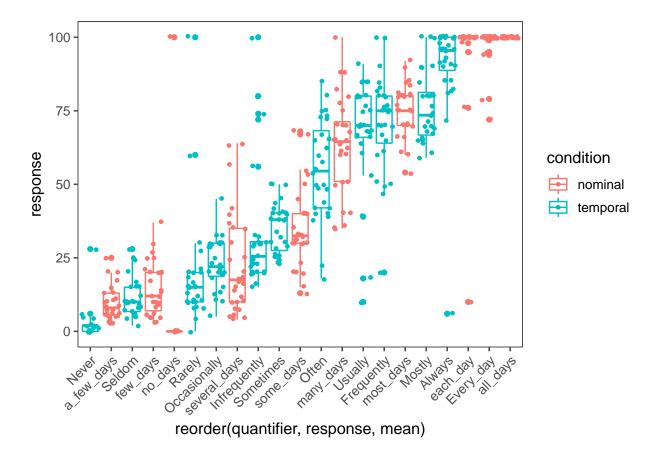
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
tidy_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(quantifier, response, mean), response, color=condition), fill=condition) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  geom_jitter(size=1) +
  theme_few() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle=45, hjust = 1, vjust = 1))
```



Analysis

K-means Clustering