

Skill	2
Install Aircrack-ng	3
使用Aircrack-ng破解无线密码	3
开启monitor mode	4
Eclipse	4
MPI	4
FileZilla	4
Usage of g++	4
MySQL	5
Tcpdump	7
PCAP	7
Wireshark	7
Pthread	7
RSSI	8
Geany	8
Socket Programming	8
Libsvm	8
Wireless	8
PHP	9

Skill

1) system中command若有双引号，双引号之前加\

Reference: <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/16004913/executing-terminal-command-from-c-program-doesnt-behave-as-i-would-expect>

2) login as root

root is the default username of superuser, thus change the password means change the root password

sudo passwd

sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config

PermitRootLogin yes

sudo service ssh restart

3) manage time in ubuntu through command line

<http://codeghar.wordpress.com/2007/12/06/manage-time-in-ubuntu-through-command-line/>

<http://my.oschina.net/jackguo/blog/94707>

4) Memory debugging

-- cd ./workspace/Sniffer/Debug/

-- sudo valgrind --tool=memcheck --leak-check=yes --show-reachable=yes --num-callers=20 --track-fds=yes ./Sniffer

5) still reachable: 99,148 bytes in 29 blocks

explanation:

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/3840582/still-reachable-leak-detected-by-valgrind>

solution:

<http://blog.csdn.net/weihua1984/article/details/5835731>

6) open() read() write() close()

http://gd.tuwien.ac.at/languages/c/programming-bbrowne/c_075.htm

7) stack, heap

<http://blog.csdn.net/hairitz/article/details/4141043>

<http://www.cnblogs.com/buddy/archive/2012/09/28/2706787.html>

8) 如何让程序优雅地退出 ctrl+c

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1641182/how-can-i-catch-a-ctrl-c-event-c>

9) 图片文件格式

gif文件格式

<http://blog.csdn.net/friendwaters/article/details/2737328>

jpg文件格式

<http://www.cnblogs.com/RobotTech/archive/2008/07/21/1247721.html>

<http://blog.csdn.net/lpt19832003/article/details/1713718>

png文件格式

<http://blog.csdn.net/bisword/article/details/2777121>

<http://dev.gameres.com/Program/Visual/Other/PNGFormat.htm>

bmp文件格式

<http://wojiaolongyinong.iteye.com/blog/1896092>

10) change date zone

`sudo dpkg-reconfigure tzdata`

Install Aircrack-ng

Reference: <http://www.maybe520.net/blog/1744/>

1) 首先安装两个扩展

`sudo apt-get install build-essential`

`sudo apt-get install libssl-dev`

2) 然后到<http://download.aircrack-ng.org/aircrack-ng-1.1.tar.gz> 下载最新版的 aircrack-ng, 解压它

`tar -xvf aircrack-ng-1.1.tar.gz`

3) `cd aircrack-ng-1.1`

`gedit common.mak`

找到 `CFLAGS ?= -g -W -Wall -Werror -O3` 并把它改为

`CFLAGS ?= -g -W -Wall -O3`

保存好后, 开始编译安装

`make`

`sudo make install`

4) 完了之后它会提示 Run 'airodump-ng-oui-update' as root (or with sudo) to install or update Airodump-ng OUI file (Internet connection required).

于是输入

`sudo airodump-ng-oui-update`

更新好后即可。

使用Aircrack-ng破解无线密码

Reference: <http://www.maybe520.net/blog/1744/>

1) 启动无线网卡的监控模式, 在终端中输入: `sudo airmon-ng start wlan0`
(wlan0是无线网卡的端口,可用命令 `ifconfig` 查看)

2) 查看无线AP在终端中输入:

`sudo airodump-ng mon0`

(mon0 是启动监控模式后无线网的端口)

查看有哪些采用wep加密的AP在线, 然后按 `ctrl+c` 中止, 不要关闭终端。

3) 抓包

打开另一个终端, 输入:

`sudo airodump-ng -c 6 -bssid AP's MAC -w wep mon0` (此处有误, -bssid 改为 --bssid)

(-c 后面跟着的6是要破解的AP工作频道, -bssid后面跟着的AP'sMAC是要欲破解AP的MAC地址, -w后面跟着wep的是抓下来的数据包DATA保存的文件名, 具体情况根据步骤2里面的在线AP更改频道和MAC地址, DATA保存的文件名可随便命名)

// to be checked

```
sudo airmon-ng start wlan0
sudo airodump-ng mon0
sudo airodump-ng --channel 1 --bssid C8:D3:A3:63:63:D1 -w dlink mon0
sudo aireplay-ng -1 0 -a C8:D3:A3:63:63:D1 -h c0:4a:00:10:54:40 mon0
```

开启monitor mode

```
sudo ifconfig wlan0 down
sudo iwconfig wlan0 mode monitor
sudo ifconfig wlan0 up
```

Eclipse

1) Installation

```
sudo apt-get install eclipse-cdt eclipse
```

```
sudo apt-get install eclipse-platform
```

2) add -lpcap in eclipse library

properties --> c/c++ build --> settings --> Cross G++ Linker --> Libraries --> add

pcap

3) how to debug application as root in eclipse in Ubuntu?

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2891356/how-to-debug-application-as-root-in-eclipse-in-ubuntu>

```
gksu eclipse
```

4) uninstall eclipse

```
sudo apt-get autoremove eclipse*
```

```
rm -r ~/.eclipse/
```

MPI

1) Installation

```
sudo apt-get install libcr-dev mpich2 mpich2-doc
```

2) ssh configure

https://source.ggy.bris.ac.uk/wiki/Configure_ssh_for_MPI

FileZilla

1) Installation

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:n-muench/programs-ppa
```

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt-get install filezilla
```

Usage of g++

-c 只激活预处理, 编译和汇编, 只把程序做成obj文件 (将生成.o的obj文件)

-O by using this flag, the executable file should execute more quickly although compilation may take longer

-Wall a contraction of warning all, will warn us of anything unexpected that is not actually an error, but will still create an executable file

- Werror to treat anything unexpected as error and, therefore, not to create an executable file when this occurs
- lm to link to a library of mathematical routines

MySQL

1) Installation

sudo apt-get install mysql-server mysql-client

2) libmysqlclient Installation

sudo apt-get install libmysqlclient-dev

3) mysql_query() -- mysql_real_query()

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/mysql-query.html>

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/mysql-real-query.html>

4) mysql_store_result() mysql_fetch_row() mysql_free_result()

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/mysql-store-result.html>

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/mysql-fetch-row.html>

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/mysql-free-result.html>

5) load data into sql from documents

References: <http://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/sql/>

[MySQL_Beginner.html#zz-2.4](http://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/sql/MySQL_Beginner.html#zz-2.4)

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.1/en/load-data.html>

-> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'd:/path-to/products_in.csv' INTO TABLE products

-> COLUMNS TERMINATED BY ','

-> LINES TERMINATED BY '\r\n';

6) MySQL多行合并

<http://bbs.csdn.net/topics/110005890>

-> select id,group_concat(re_id order by re_id separator ",") as re_id

-> from tablename

-> group by id

7) MySQL取平均值合并

-> SELECT student_name, AVG(test_score)

-> FROM student

-> GROUP BY student_name;

8) 从已知table选取数据建立新table

-> create table t2 select name, avg(id) as id from t1 group by name;

9) 清空表中所有数据

-> truncate table t3

10) 从已建立表格中选择数据建立新表格，新表格规定格式

-> create table t4(MACAdd varchar(17), AvgRSSI int)

-> select MACAdd, avg(RSSI) as AvgRSSI

-> from t3

-> group by MACAdd;

11) MySQL add new column "Time"

-> drop table MACRecord;

-> create table if not exists MACRecord(MACAdd varchar(17), RSSI TINYINT, Record SMALLINT, Timestamp timestamp default current_timestamp on update current_timestamp);

12) delete mobile add if it has been in the db for more than 3 days

-> select * from MACRecord where date_sub(curdate(),interval 2 day) = Timestamp;
which means that curdate - timestamp > 3 days

-> delete from MACRecord where date_sub(curdate(),interval 2 day) >= Timestamp
and Record = 1;

-> update MACRecord set Record = Record + 1 where
timestampdiff(hour,Timestamp,curtime()) > 1 and Record < 6;

13) mysql restart

<http://superuser.com/questions/282115/how-to-restart-mysql>

Start:

sudo /etc/init.d/mysql start

Stop:

sudo /etc/init.d/mysql stop

Restart / reload configs:

sudo /etc/init.d/mysql restart

Check run status:

sudo /etc/init.d/mysql status

14) how to connect to sql server from other computers

/etc/mysql/my.cnf

bind-address = 127.0.0.1

-- sudo /etc/init.d/mysql restart

(for connecting)

->grant all privileges on *.* to 'root'@'ip' identified by 'root';

->flush privileges;

->grant all privileges on *.* to 'root'@'%' identified by 'root';

->flush privileges;

(privileges allow connect)

for client

-- mysql -u username -p -h ip

15) insert if not exists update if exists

<http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/insert-on-duplicate.html>

16) Alter table

<http://www.tech-recipes.com/rx/378/add-a-column-to-an-existing-mysql-table/>

ALTER TABLE contacts ADD email VARCHAR(60);

ALTER TABLE contacts ADD email VARCHAR(60) AFTER name;

ALTER TABLE contacts ADD email VARCHAR(60) FIRST;

17) update table according to time

```
-> UPDATE MACRecord SET RSSI2 = IF(timestampdiff(minute, Timestamp, now()) < 2, -77, -90) WHERE MACAdd = "80-EA-96-C6-7C-7A";  
-> INSERT INTO MACRecord(MACAdd, RSSI2, Record) values ("80-EA-96-C6-7C-7A", -90, 1) on duplicate key update RSSI1 = IF(timestampdiff(minute, Timestamp, now()) < 2, RSSI1, 0), RSSI2 = VALUES(RSSI2), Record = IF(Record = 25, 25, VALUES(Record));
```

18) copy mysql from one server to another

<http://www.cyberciti.biz/tips/howto-copy-mysql-database-remote-server.html>

-- for old server

-> mysqldump -u root -p -h 172.22.189.152 HAS MACTrain > MACTrain.sql;

-- for new server

-> mysql -u root -p HAS < MACTrain.sql;

Tcpdump

1) Installation

sudo apt-get install tcpdump

PCAP

1) Installation

sudo apt-get install libpcap-dev

2) callback function writing in pcap

<http://yuba.stanford.edu/~casado/pcap/section3.html>

3) radiotap

<http://www.radiotap.org/defined-fields/Flags>

4) 80211

http://www.technologyuk.net/telecommunications/networks/wireless_networks.shtml

Wireshark

1) Installation

cause: rawshark: not found

apt-get install wireshark

-- cd /usr/share/wireshark

-- nano init.lua

> line #29 change to: disable_lua = true

Pthread

1) pthread编程 ubuntu c++多线程编程

<http://blog.csdn.net/hitwengqi/article/details/8015646>

2) pthread_cond_wait()用法

<http://blog.csdn.net/hairetz/article/details/4535920>

3) pthread 执行顺序

http://blog.csdn.net/harry_lyc/article/details/6055734

4) Install mpi on ubuntu

<http://jetcracker.wordpress.com/2012/03/01/how-to-install-mpi-in-ubuntu/>

sudo apt-get install libcr-dev mpich2 mpich2-doc

mpicc mpi_hello.c -o hello

mpirun -np 2 ./hello

5) pthread_create

http://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man3/pthread_create.3.html

#include <pthread.h>

int pthread_create(pthread_t *thread, const pthread_attr_t *attr, void

*(*start_routine) (void *), void *arg);

Compile and link with -pthread.

RSSI

1) why wifi worse on smartphone than on laptops and computers

<http://pocketnow.com/2013/06/28/smartphone-wifi-performance>

Geany

1) Installation

sudo get-install geany

Socket Programming

1) Socket Programming in C on Linux

<http://www.binarytides.com/socket-programming-c-linux-tutorial/>

Libsvm

1) Usage

http://blog.csdn.net/meredith_leaf/article/details/6714144

Wireless

1) change the display name of wireless card

http://hi.baidu.com/tian_tian/item/86aa541c50ace313e3f986fd

sudo gedit /etc/udev/rules.d/70-persistent-net.rules

2) check wireless driver version

<http://askubuntu.com/questions/333424/how-can-i-check-the-information-of-currently-installed-wifi-drivers>

sudo lshw -C network

lshw lists information on your hardware

C network filters the output to only show the network class.

modinfo <driver-name>


```
find /lib/modules/$(uname -r)/kernel/drivers/net/wireless -name '*.ko'
```

3) to get encrypted pass phrase
wpa_passphrase [ssid] [passphrase]

PHP

1) install

fatal error: call to undefined function mysqli_connect()

```
sudo apt-get install apache2
```

```
sudo apt-get install php5 libapache2-mod-php5 php5-mcrypt
```

```
sudo apt-get install php5-mysql
```

```
sudo apt-get install php5-cli
```

2) allow access

```
sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/test_folder
```