## HW Jan 14, Johannes Byle

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{1.1 } \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} &= 2\hat{x} + \hat{y} + \hat{z} \\ 5\mathbf{b} + 2\mathbf{c} &= 7\hat{x} + 5\hat{y} + 2\hat{z} \\ \mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c} &= \hat{x} \\ \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c} &= \hat{x} + \hat{y} - \hat{z} \end{aligned}$$

1.2 
$$\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = (4, 4, 4)$$
  
 $5\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{c} = (-1, 6, 13)$   
 $\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c} = 3$   
 $\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c} = (-4, 8, -4)$ 

1.4 
$$\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c} = |\mathbf{b}||\mathbf{c}|\cos\theta$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\frac{\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c}}{|\mathbf{b}||\mathbf{c}|}) = \theta$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\frac{12}{21}) \approx 55.2^{\circ}$$