# cetz-timing

### A Typst Package for Timing Diagrams

v0.1.0 2024-11-28

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#### Part I.

### Introduction

This package uses CeTZ to produce timing diagrams inside text.

It is a port of tikz-timing by Martin Scharrer to Typst.

The signal levels of the timing diagram can be given by corresponding characters/letters like 'H' for *Logical High* or 'L' for *Logical Low*. So e.g. '{HLZXD}' gives '¬¬¬¬C'. In order to fit (in)to normal text size the diagram size (i.e. its height, width and line width) is defined relatively to the size of the character 'A' in the current context.

### Part II.

### **Usage**

### **II.1.** Timing Characters

The logic levels are described by so called timing characters. Actually all of them are letters, but the general term character is used here. Table 1 shows all by default defined logic characters and Table 2 all possible two-character transitions.

Character		Description				Diagram		Transition Example			
Н		High				$\blacksquare$		Œ			
L	L Low				$\boxplus$		$\blacksquare$				
Z	z High impedance				$\blacksquare$		$\blacksquare$				
Χ	Don't care				$\boxplus$			$\blacksquare$			
D	Data				$\blacksquare$			$\blacksquare$			
U	Unknown data										
Т	Toggle			⊞ or ⊞							
С	Clock			⊞ or ⊞							
M	Metastable condition			ww			<b>[1400</b>				
G	Glitch			-			-				
S		Space									
Table 1: Timing Characters											
	From	Н	L	Z	X	M	D	U	Т	С	
-	Н										
	L										
	Z							<b></b>			
	X		<b>₩</b>				<b>H</b>	<b></b>	<b></b>		
	M	ww	ww	ww	ww	www	ww(	<b>ww</b> []]	ww	ww	
	D				<b>⊞</b>						
	U			<b>////</b>	<b>////</b>	/// <b>///</b>	<b>///</b>				
	T					<b>—</b>				$\blacksquare$	
	С					- Maria					

Table 2: Overview over all transitions

Modifier Syntax	Description
D D	Produces an explicit transition. By default, repeating signals don't have a
	transition. $E.g.: `3D D' \rightarrow \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare, `L LL' \rightarrow \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare$

Table 3: Modifiers for Timing Characters

### **II.2.** Timing Diagram Table

Using the timingtable command, a timing diagram with several logic lines can be drawn to a CeTZ canvas.

The used layout is shown in Figure 1.

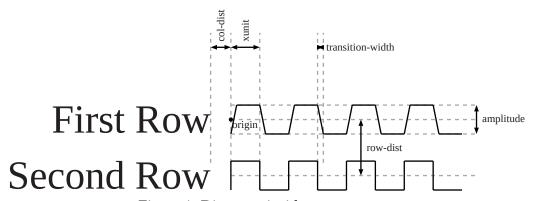


Figure 1: Distances inside a timingtable

#### Part III.

#### **Available Commands**

```
#texttiming(\langle strok\rangle: 1pt + luma(0%), \langle initchar\rangle: none, \langle draw-grid\rangle: false, \langle sequence\rangle:
string)
```

This macro places a single timing diagram line into the current text. The signal have the same height has an uppercase letter (like 'X') of the current font, i.e. they scale with the font size. The macro argument must contain only valid logic characters and modifiers which define the logical levels of the diagram line.

Initial logical level. This is used to draw a transition right at the beginning. It must be none or one of the logic levels.

Examples

```
#texttiming(initchar: "L", "Z") \rightarrow \vdash #texttiming(initchar: "H", "Z") \rightarrow
```

```
Argument (sequence)

The timing sequence to visualize.
```

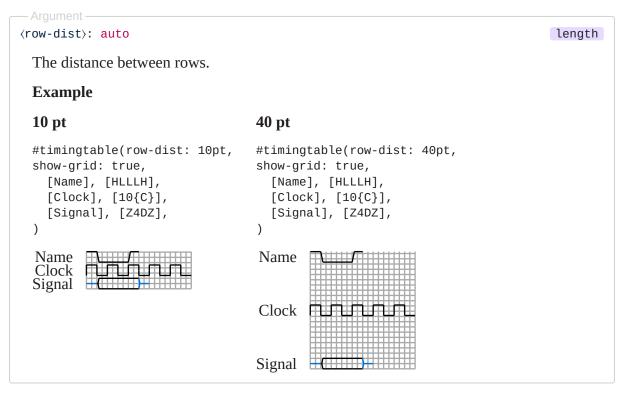
```
#timingtable(
    ⟨col-dist⟩: 10pt,
    ⟨row-dist⟩: auto,
    ⟨xunit⟩: 2.0,
    ⟨amplitude⟩: 2.0,
```

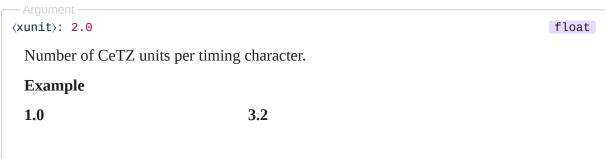
```
..⟨body⟩
```

)

This macro draws a timing diagram table to a CeTZ canvas.

```
⟨col-dist⟩: 10pt
                                                                            length
 The distance between columns.
 Example
 20 pt
                                  40 pt
 #timingtable(col-dist: 20pt,
                                  #timingtable(col-dist: 40pt,
 show-grid: true,
                                  show-grid: true,
    [Name], [HLLLH],
                                    [Name], [HLLLH],
   [Clock], [10{C}],
                                    [Clock], [10{C}],
    [Signal], [Z4DZ],
                                    [Signal], [Z4DZ],
  Name
                                  Name
  Clock
                                  Clock
 Signal
                                  Signal
```





```
#timingtable(xunit: 1.0, show- #timingtable(xunit: 4.2, show-grid: true,

[Name], [HLLLH],

[Clock], [10{C}],

[Signal], [Z4DZ],

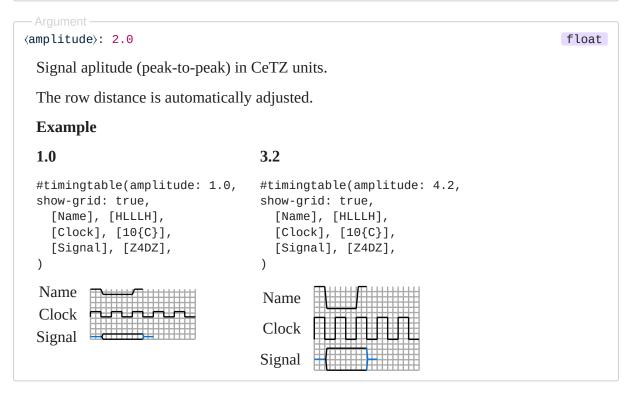
Name

Clock

Signal

Signal

Signal
```



Argument
...⟨body⟩

Signal names and character sequences that describe the timing diagram.

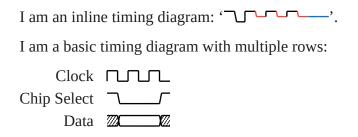
#### Part IV.

### **TODO**

- Add data labels: D[MISO]. content in braces.
- Add CeTZ anchors for diagram.
- Add optional CeTZ anchors for individual signals: D<miso>, D<miso>[MISO].
- Make anchors available so users can do custom arrows and annotations -> leave drawing CeTZ canvas to the user?
- Apply color to u pattern.
- Add option to omit first column of timing table.
- [Optional] Add caption to timing table.
- [Optional] Add table header to timing table.
- [Optional] Add tick marks.
- [Optional] Add grouping of table rows.
- [Optional] Add highlighting of row groups and ticks.
- [Optional] Correct strok argument.
- [Optional] Resolve mantys warnings.
- [Optional] Allow non-integer lengths for logic levels.

## Part V.

# **Examples**



# Part VI.

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