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NVM Express® Technical Proposal

Technical Proposal ID	TP4165 Tracking LBA Allocation with Granularity
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Technical Proposal Overview

This proposal adds the ability for a controller to report allocated LBAs managed at a granularity.

Revision History

Revision Date	ion Date Change Description		
2023.04.05	Initial draft		
2023.04.06	 Changes due to initial review in Technical WG: Removed power of 2 on Get LBA Status command allocation granularity Moved fix of staring LBA on subsequent LBA Status Descriptor Entries to Bug 96 to go into an ECN. Removed Action Types Supported filed as moving this to another TP. Fixed figure #s and references. 		
2023.04.11	 Editorial changes: Updated the location of the LBAAG field in section 4.2.1. Comments from Paul Suhler Updated the definition of LBAAG field to include alignment is the same as the granularity. Updated section 4.2.1 to state that the LBAs within the same granularity unit have the same Allocated LBA status. Updated section 5.8.1 to indicate reporting support for Action Types 10h and 11h. Note that TPAR4168 is going to allow reporting all Action Types supported. 		
2023.04.13	 Addressed the items defined by Technical WG review. Added a minimum recommendation to the LBAAG field. Moved text around the Get LBA Status command to make it clear that the command data words are the same definition for each Action Type value. Changed the Status field in the LBA Status Descriptor Entry to be 3 bits Added a specific requirement that the Get LBA Status command is supported if the capability it supported. Simplified the text for the additional support required if Action Types 10h and 11h are supported. Incorporated editorial feedback from Dan Hubbard. 		
2023.04.18	Clearly identified the support requirements of the Action Types.		
2023.04.20	Added the reserved coded values to Figure 112.		
20234.04.21	Editorial changes to specify "shall" and "may" for the reporting of LBAs deallocated as opposed to factual statements.		
2023.05.02	 Removed old comments. Updated the definition of the returned logical block allocation to emphasize if all LBAs within the alignment and granularity are deallocated, then the Get LBA Status command shall not return any of those LBAs. Removed large sections of text that are not modified by this TP. Replaced "LBA" with "logical block" where appropriate. 		
2023.05.04	Corrected plurality.		
2023.05.11	 Separated out the different Action Types into their own sections for the Get LBA Status command. Moved the definition of the LBA Status Descriptor List to the command completion section. Updated the requirements for Action Type 02h return data to be relative the tracked data instead of per LBA with the LBA range of the Get LBA Status command. For Action Type 02h clarified the reporting LBAs when the LBAs within a tracked granularity: are all deallocated, are all allocated, and are a mixture of allocated and deallocated. 		
2023.05.18	Moved LBA Status Descriptor List to its own section.		
2023.06.21	 Editorial feedback from Judy Brock Editorial feedback from Scott Lee With TP4168 being withdrawn, add a support bit for the Action Type value 02h. 		

Revision Date	Change Description	
2023.06.22	Added a column to the Status field in the LBA Status Descriptor Entry to indicate which calues are allowed to be returned by which Action Type field values.	
2023.09.06	Integrated	
2023.09.07	Minor integration cleanup	

Description for Changes Document for NVM Express NVM Command Set Specification 1.0c

New Features/Feature Enhancements/Required Changes:

- Add the ability for a controller to report the allocated LBAs in a namespace
 - o Description of change.
 - The Get LBA Status command supports a new Action Type to allow a host to request reporting of allocated LBAs of a namespace. In addition, a controller identifies which Action Types are supported by the Get LBA Status command.
 - New requirement and incompatible change
 - A controller is allowed to support the Get LBA Status command and not support the Action Type values of 10h and 11h for reporting Tracked LBAs and Untracked LBAs.
 - References
 - Technical Proposal TP4165

Markup Conventions:

Black: Unchanged (however, hot links are removed)

Red Strikethrough: Deleted
Blue: New

Blue Highlighted: TBD values, anchors, and links to be inserted in new text.

Purple Strikethrough: Existing text moved to a different location.

Purple: Inserted existing text moved from a different location.

Orange: Text from a reference specification (e.g., another ratified TP)

<Green Bracketed>: Notes to editor

Description of Specification Changes for the NVM Express NVM Command Set Specification 1.0c

Modify a portion of section 4 as shown below:

Admin Commands for the NVM Command Set

Admin Command behavior for the NVM Command Set 4.1

4.1.5 **Identify Command**

4.1.5.3 I/O Command Set Specific Identify Namespace Data Structure (CNS 05h)

Figure 100: NVM Command Set I/O Command Set Specific Identify Namespace Data Structure (CSI 00h)

Bytes	O/M ¹	Description		
		Extended LBA Format (refer to section 5.5)		
15:12	15:12 O Extended LBA Format 0 Support (ELBAF0): This field indicates additional LBA Format 0 information related to the LBA Format 0 Support (LBAF0) field in the Identify Namespace data structure. The Extended LBA format field is defined in Figure 101.		Yes	
267:264	0	Extended LBA Format 63 Support (ELBAF63): This field indicates additional LBA Format 63 information related to the LBA Format 63 Support (LBAF63) field in the Identify Namespace data structure. The Extended LBA format field is defined in Figure 101.		
295:292	0	Tracked LBA Allocation Granularity (TLBAAG): This field indicates the alignment and granularity, in logical blocks, for the reporting of allocated LBAs for the namespace by the Get LBA Status command (refer to section 4.2.1). If this field is cleared to the value of 0h, then the alignment and granularity are not reported.	Yes	
		It is recommended that value of this field multiplied by the logical block data size for this namespace be greater than or equal to 4 KiB.		
4095: 296 268	0	Reserved		
Notes:				

1. O/M definition: O = Optional, M = Mandatory.

4.1.5.4 I/O Command Set Specific Identify Controller Data Structure (CNS 06h, CSI 00h)

Identifies fields that report information for the Identify command when querying the capabilities of LBA formats.

Figure 102: I/O Command Set Specific Identity Controller Data Structure for the NVM Command Set

Bytes	О/М 1	Description	
			anagement Size Limit (DMSL): If bit 2 in the Optional NVM Command Support Id is set to '1' then:
		,	non-zero value in this field indicates the recommended maximum total number of gical blocks for a Dataset Management command (refer to section 3.2.3).
		- /	value of 0h in this field indicates that no recommended maximum total number of gical blocks for a Dataset Management command is reported.
15:08	0	If bit 2 in th	e ONCS field is cleared to '0', then:
		M	non-zero value in this field indicates that the controller supports the Dataset anagement command with the maximum total number of logical blocks limit dicated by this field (refer to section 3.2.3); and
		1	value of 0h in this field indicates that the controller does not support the Dataset anagement command.
17:16	М	Reserved	
		Admin Optional Command Support (AOCS): This field indicates the optional Admin commands and features supported by the controller.	
		Bits	Description
40:40		15:01	Reserved
19:18	M	00	Reporting Allocated LBA Supported (RALBAS): If this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Get LBA Status capability with the Action Type value of 02h (refer to section 4.2.1). If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Get LBA Status capability with the Action Type value of 02h.
4095:20	М	Reserved	
Notes: 1. O/M de	finition: O	= Optional, I	M = Mandatory.

4.2 I/O Command Set Specific Admin commands

. . .

4.2.1 Get LBA Status command

The Get LBA Status command requests information about LBAs Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs (refer to section 5.8.1). If the Get LBA Status command completes successfully, then the LBA Status Descriptor List, defined in Figure 111, is returned in the data buffer for that command.

The Get LBA Status command uses the Data Pointer, Command Dword 10, Command Dword 11, Command Dword 12, and Command Dword 13 fields. All other command specific fields are reserved.

The Maximum Number of Dwords (MNDW) field contains the maximum number of dwords to return. Upon successful command completion, the actual amount of data returned by the controller is indicated by the Number of LBA Status Descriptors (NLSD) field in the LBA Status Descriptor List.

A controller identifies Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs using the following two report types:

- a) Tracked LBAs: a list of Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs associated with physical storage. These may be discovered through a background scan where the controller examines the media in the background or discovered through other means. The Tracked LBA list is able to be returned without significant delay; or
- b) Untracked LBAs: a list of Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs generated by a scan originated by a Get LBA Status command with the ATYPE field set to 10h. The controller scans internal data structures related to the specified range of LBAs to determine which LBAs are Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs. The controller may use this scan to determine which LBAs in which namespaces are affected by a component (e.g., die or channel) failure. Significant delays may be incurred during the processing of a Get LBA Status command with the ATYPE field set to 10h. After discovery of Untracked LBAs, they may or may not be added to the list of Tracked LBAs.

In response to a Get LBA Status command, the controller returns LBA Status Descriptors that describe LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command in addition to any other LBAs that may return an Unrecovered Read Error status discovered through other mechanisms. The list of Tracked LBAs and the list of Untracked LBAs may be included in LBA Status Descriptor Entries that describe LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command. If an LBA Status Descriptor Entry describes only LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command, then bits 1:0 in the Status field should be set to 11b in that entry.

Figure 107: Get LBA Status – Data Pointer

Bits	Description
127:00	Data Pointer (DPTR): This field specifies the start of the data buffer. Refer to the Common Command
127.00	Format figure in the NVM Express Base Specification for the definition of this field.

Figure 108: Get LBA Status - Command Dword 10 and Command Dword 11

	Bits	Description
Ī	63:00	Starting LBA (SLBA): This field indicates the 64-bit address of the first logical block addressed by this
63.00	63.00	command. Command Dword 10 contains bits 31:00; Command Dword 11 contains bits 63:32.

Figure 109: Get LBA Status – Command Dword 12

Bits	Description
31:00	Maximum Number of Dwords (MNDW): This field specifies the maximum number of dwords to return.
	This is a 0's based value.

Figure 110: Get LBA Status – Command Dword 13

Bits	Description			
	Action Type (ATYPE): This field specifies the mechanism the controller uses in determining the LBA Status Descriptors to return as defined in Figure 112.			
	Value	M/O/P ¹	Description	Reference Section
	02h	0	Return tracked allocated LBAs in the specified range	4.2.1.TBD.1
31:24	10h	0	Perform a scan and return Untracked LBAs and Tracked LBAs in the specified range	4.2.1.TBD.2
	11h	0	Return Tracked LBAs in the specified range	
	All others		Reserved	
	Notes: 1. O = Opt	tional, M = I	Mandatory, P = Prohibited	
23:16	Reserved			

Figure 110: Get LBA Status - Command Dword 13

Bits	Description
15:00	Range Length (RL): This field specifies the length of the range of contiguous LBAs, beginning at Starting LBA (SLBA), that the action specified in the Action Type (ATYPE) field shall be performed on. A value of 0h in this field specifies the length of a range beginning at Starting LBA and ending at Namespace Size (NSZE) minus 1 (refer to Figure 97).

4.2.1.TBD Get LBA Status Action Type Mechanisms

4.2.1.TBD.1 Return Allocated LBAs (Action Type 02h)

The Get LBA Status command specifying an Action Type of 02h requests information about allocated LBAs. The controller shall return information about allocated LBAs in the range specified in the Get LBA Status command for the namespace specified in the NSID field. A controller is allowed to track the Allocated LBAs on the alignment and granularity specified by the Tracked LBA Allocation Granularity (TLBAAG) field in the I/O Command Set Specific Identify Namespace data structure for the NVM Command Set (refer to Figure 100).

If all the logical blocks within the same alignment and granularity unit are deallocated, then all LBAs in that granularity and alignment unit that are in the LBA range specified in the Get LBA Status command shall not be reported as being allocated in the returned information for the Get LBA Status command.

If all of the logical blocks within the same alignment and granularity unit are allocated, then all LBAs in that granularity and alignment unit that are in the LBA range specified in the Get LBA Status command shall be reported as being allocated in the returned information for the Get LBA Status command as being allocated.

If within the same alignment and granularity unit:

- one or more logical blocks are not deallocated; and
- one or more logical blocks are deallocated,

then all LBAs in that granularity and alignment unit that are in the LBA range specified in the Get LBA Status command shall be reported as being allocated in the returned information for the Get LBA Status command as being allocated.

4.2.1.TBD.2 Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs (Action Type 10h and 11h)

A Get LBA Status command specifying an Action Type of 10h or 11h requests information about Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs.

A controller identifies Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs using the following two report types:

- a) Tracked LBAs: a list of Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs associated with physical storage. These may be discovered through a background scan where the controller examines the media in the background or discovered through other means. The Tracked LBA list is able to be returned without significant delay; or
- b) Untracked LBAs: a list of Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs generated by a scan originated by a Get LBA Status command with the ATYPE field set to 10h. The controller scans internal data structures related to the specified range of LBAs to determine which LBAs are Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs. The controller may use this scan to determine which LBAs in which namespaces are affected by a component (e.g., die or channel) failure. Significant delays may be incurred during the processing of a Get LBA Status command with the ATYPE field set to 10h. After discovery of Untracked LBAs, they may or may not be added to the list of Tracked LBAs.

If the value in the Action Type (ATYPE) field is set to 10h, then:

- a) the controller shall generate a list of Untracked LBAs as described in this section;
- b) the controller shall return Untracked LBAs and Tracked LBAs in the range specified in the Get LBA Status command for the namespace specified in the Namespace Identifier (CDW1.NSID);
- the controller shall remove all LBAs in the range specified in the Get LBA Status command, which
 prior to processing the Get LBA Status command were successfully re-written, from relevant
 internal data structures (e.g., internal Tracked LBA list);
- d) the controller shall ensure that any such successfully re-written logical blocks are not reported in any LBA Status Descriptor Entries returned by the Get LBA Status command unless, after having been removed from relevant internal data structures and prior to processing the Get LBA Status command, those LBAs were newly detected as being Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs; and
- e) the list of Untracked LBAs returned by the Get LBA Status command may be discarded by the controller or added to the Tracked LBA list once the command has completed.

If the value in the Action Type (ATYPE) field is set to 11h, then the controller shall:

- a) return Tracked LBAs in the range specified in the Get LBA Status command for the namespace specified in the Namespace Identifier (CDW1.NSID) field;
- b) remove all LBAs in the range specified in the Get LBA Status command, which prior to processing the Get LBA Status command were successfully re-written, from relevant internal data structures (e.g., internal Tracked LBA list);
- c) ensure that any such successfully re-written logical blocks are not reported in any LBA Status Descriptor Entries returned by the Get LBA Status command unless, after having been removed from relevant internal data structures and prior to processing the Get LBA Status command, those LBAs were newly detected as being Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs; and
- d) not perform a foreground scan to generate and return Untracked LBAs.

In response to a Get LBA Status command, the controller returns LBA Status Descriptors that describe LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command in addition to any other LBAs that may return an Unrecovered Read Error status discovered through other mechanisms. The list of Tracked LBAs and the list of Untracked LBAs may be included in LBA Status Descriptor Entries that describe LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command. If an LBA Status Descriptor Entry describes only LBAs written by a Write Uncorrectable command, then bits 1:0 in the Status field should be set to 11b in that entry.

4.2.1.TBD1 LBA Status Descriptor List

Figure 111 defines the LBA Status Descriptor List returned in the data buffer.

Figure 111: LBA Status Descriptor List

Bytes	Description
	Number of LBA Status Descriptors (NLSD): This field indicates the number of LBA Status
03:00	Descriptor Entries returned by the controller in this data structure. A value of 0h in this field
	indicates that no LBA Status Descriptor Entries are returned.

Figure 111: LBA Status Descriptor List

Bytes	Description					
	Completion Condition (CMPC): This field indicates the condition that caused completion of the Get LBA Status command.					
	Code Definition					
	0h	No indication of the completion condition.				
		INCOMPLETE: The command completed as a result of transferring the number of Dwords specified in the MNDW field and:				
04		for any ATYPE for ATYPE set to 10h, or ATYPE set to 11h, additional **Temperature** 				
04		LBA Status Descriptor Entries are available to transfer that are				
		associated with the specified LBA range; or				
		 Efor ATYPE set to 10h, the scan did not complete. 				
	2h	COMPLETE: The command completed as a result of completing the action specified in the Action Type field over the number of logical blocks specified in the Range Length field and there are no additional LBA Status Descriptor Entries available to transfer that are associated with the specified range.				
	All others	Reserved				
07:05	Reserved					
23:08	LBA Status Descriptor Entry 0: This field contains the first LBA Status Descriptor Entry in the list, if present.					
39:24	LBA Status Descriptor Entry 1: This field contains the second LBA Status Descriptor Entry in the list, if present.					
(N*16+23): (N*16+8)	LBA Status I list, if present.	Descriptor Entry N: This field contains the N+1 LBA Status Descriptor Entry in the				

Figure 112: LBA Status Descriptor Entry

Bytes	Description
07:00	Descriptor Starting LBA (DSLBA): This field indicates the 64-bit address of the first logical block
	of the LBA range for which this LBA Status Descriptor Entry reports LBA status.
11:08	Number of Logical Blocks (NLB): This field indicates the number of contiguous logical blocks reported in this LBA Status Descriptor Entry. The controller should perform the action specified in the Action Type field in such a way that the value in this field reports the largest number of contiguous logical blocks possible (i.e., multiple consecutive LBA Status Descriptor Entries should not report contiguous LBAs that span those entries, but rather, LBA Status Descriptor Entries should be consolidated into the fewest number of LBA Status Descriptor Entries possible). This is a 0's based value.
12	Reserved

Figure 112: LBA Status Descriptor Entry

Bytes	Description							
Status: This field contains information about this LBA range.								
	Bits	Bits Definition						
	7: 3 2	Reserved						
13		This field These bits indicates information about the logical blocks indicated in this LBA Status Descriptor Entry for the Action Type field values supported.						
		Value	Definition	Used with Action Type field Values				
		000b	 report Unrecovered Read Error status as a result of media errors; be a logical block for which the most recent write to the logical block was a Write Uncorrectable command; or be read successfully. 	10h and 11h				
	24:0	001b	 Fach logical block may: report Unrecovered Read Error status as a result of media errors; or be a logical block for which the most recent write to the logical block was a Write Uncorrectable command. 	10h and 11h				
		010b	Reserved One or more of the reported logical blocks are allocated.	02h				
		011b	logical block is a: logical blosck for which the most recent write to the logical block was a Write Uncorrectable command. Remove the bullet and just make 1 sentence>	10h and 11h				
		100b to 111b	Reserved					
15:14	Reserve			<u> </u>				

The Descriptor Starting LBA (DSLBA) field in the first LBA Status Descriptor Entry returned in the LBA Status Descriptor List shall contain the lowest numbered LBA that is greater than or equal to the value specified in the Starting LBA field in the Get LBA Status command.

For subsequent LBA Status Descriptor Entries, the contents of the Descriptor Starting LBA field shall contain the value of the lowest numbered LBA meeting the requirements for the specified Action Type value that is greater than the sum of the values in:

- a) the Descriptor Starting LBA field in the previous LBA Status Descriptor Entry; and
- b) the Number of Logical Blocks field in the previous LBA Status Descriptor Entry.

4.2.1.1 Command Completion

When the command is completed, the controller posts a completion queue entry to the Admin Completion Queue indicating the status for the command.

Modify a portion of section 5 as shown below:

5 Extended Capabilities

. . .

5.8 Command Set Specific Capability

5.8.1 Get LBA Status

The Get LBA Status capability enables the host to obtain information about LBAs:

- Identifying LBAs that may be allocated in a namespace provides the host with the ability to minimize
 the user data accessed when copying that namespace for use cases such as namespace migration
 and snapshots. The Get LBA Status capability provides the host the ability to identify logical blocks
 that may be allocated in a namespace.
- Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs are LBAs that, when read, may result in the command that caused
 the media to be read being aborted with a status code of Unrecovered Read Error. The Get LBA
 Status capability provides the host with the ability to identify Potentially Unrecoverable LBAs. The
 logical block data is able to be recovered from another location and re-written.

If the Get LBA Status capability is supported, then the controller shall support the Get LBA Status command.

To support the Get LBA Status capability, the NVM subsystem shall:

If Action Types 10h and 11h are supported (refer to the Get LBA Status Supported (GLSS) bit in the Optional Admin Command Support (OACS) field in the Identify Controller data structure), then the controller shall:

- indicate support for the Get LBA Status capability in the Optional Admin Command Support (OACS)
 field in the Identify Controller data structure;
- indicate support for LBA Status Information Alert Notices in (refer to the Optional Asynchronous Events Supported (OAES) field in the Identify Controller data structure);
- support the LBA Status Information log page;
- indicate support for the Log Page Offset and extended Number of Dwords (i.e., 32 bits rather than 12 bits) in the Get Log Page command (refer to the Attributes field of the Identify Controller data structure); and
- support the LBA Status Information Attributes Feature;
- support the Get LBA Status command; and
- support the LBA Status Information Alert Notices event.

Prior to using the a Get LBA Status capability command with the Action Type (ATYPE) field values 10h or 11h:

- The host should use the Get Features and Set Features commands with the LBA Status Information
 Attributes Feature (refer to section 4.1.3.3) to retrieve and optionally configure the LBA Status
 Information Report Interval; and
- If the host wishes to receive LBA Status Information Alert asynchronous events, the host should enable LBA Status Information Alert Notices (refer to Figure 88).

• • •

Description of Specification Changes for the NVM Express Base Specification 2.0c

Modify a portion of section 5 as shown below:

5 Admin Command Set

...

5.17 Identify command

. . .

5.17.2 Identify Data Structures

5.17.2.1 Identify Controller Data Structure (CNS 01h)

. . .

Figure 275: Identify – Identify Controller Data Structure, I/O Command Set Independent

Bytes	I/O ¹	Admin ¹	Disc ¹	Description		
Admin Command Set Attributes & Optional Controller Capabilities						
				Optional Admin Command Support (OACS): This field indicates the optional Admin commands and features supported by the controller. Refer to section 3.2.1.		
				Bits	Definition	
				15:11	Reserved	
257:256 M				10	Command and Feature Lockdown Supported (CFLS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Command and Feature Lockdown capability (refer to section 8.4). If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Command and Feature Lockdown capability. The This value of this bit shall be the same for all controllers in the NVM subsystem.	
			R	9	Get LBA Status Supported (GLSS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Get LBA Status capability with the Action Type values of 10h and 11h (refer to the NVM Command Set Specification). If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Get LBA Status capability with the Action Type values of 10h and 11h.	
	IVI	M		K	8	Doorbell Buffer Config Supported (DBCS): Lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Doorbell Buffer Config command. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Doorbell Buffer Config command.
				7	Virtualization Management Supported (VMS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Virtualization Management command. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Virtualization Management command.	
				6	NVMe-MI Send Receive Supported (NSRS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the NVMe-MI Send and NVMe-MI Receive commands. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the NVMe-MI Send and NVMe-MI Receive commands.	
				5	Directives Supported (DIRS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports Directives. lif this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support Directives. A controller that supports Directives shall support the Directive Send and Directive Receive commands. Refer to section 8.7.	

Figure 275: Identify – Identify Controller Data Structure, I/O Command Set Independent

Bytes	1/0 ¹	Admin ¹	Disc ¹	Description	
				4	Device Self-test Supported (DSTS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Device Self-test command. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Device Self-test command.
				3	Namespace Management Supported (NMS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Namespace Management capability (refer to section 8.11). If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Namespace Management capability.
				2	Firmware Download Supported (FWDS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Firmware Commit and Firmware Image Download commands. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Firmware Commit and Firmware Image Download commands.
				1	Format NVM Supported (FNVMS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Format NVM command. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Format NVM command.
				0	Security Send Receive Supported (SSRS): lif this bit is set to '1', then the controller supports the Security Send and Security Receive commands. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Security Send and Security Receive commands.
				Bits 15:11	are reserved.
				capability (Command	t to '1', then the controller supports the Command and Feature Lockdown refer to section 8.4). If cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the and Feature Lockdown capability. This value shall be the same for all in the NVM subsystem.
				NVM Comr	to '1', then the controller supports the Get LBA Status capability (refer to the mand Set Specification). If cleared to '0', then the controller does not support A Status capability.
					to '1', then the controller supports the Doorbell Buffer Config command. If 0', then the controller does not support the Doorbell Buffer Config command.
					to '1', then the controller supports the Virtualization Management command. to '0', then the controller does not support the Virtualization Management
				commands	to '1', then the controller supports the NVMe-MI Send and NVMe-MI Receive to '0', then the controller does not support the NVMe-MI Send -MI Receive commands.
				controller d	t to '1', then the controller supports Directives. If cleared to '0', then the loes not support Directives. A controller that supports Directives shall support to Send and Directive Receive commands. Refer to section 8.7.
					to '1', then the controller supports the Device Self-test command. If cleared the controller does not support the Device Self-test command.
				(refer to s	to '1', then the controller supports the Namespace Management capability ection 8.11). If cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the e-Management capability.
				Download o	o '1', then the controller supports the Firmware Commit and Firmware Image commands. If cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Firmware d Firmware Image Download commands.
					to '1', then the controller supports the Format NVM command. If cleared to controller does not support the Format NVM command.

Figure 275: Identify - Identify Controller Data Structure, I/O Command Set Independent

Bytes	1/0 ¹	Admin ¹	Disc ¹	Description
				Bit 0 if set to '1', then the controller supports the Security Send and Security Receive commands. If cleared to '0', then the controller does not support the Security Send and Security Receive commands.
	•		•	

...

Modify a portion of section 8 as shown below:

8 Extended Capabilities

. . .

8.4 Command and Feature Lockdown

. . .

If the Command and Feature Lockdown capability is supported (i.e., the CFLS bit 40-in the OACS field in Figure 275 is set to '1'), then the controller shall support the Lockdown command and the Command and Feature Lockdown log.

. . .

8.7 Directives

. . .

Support for Directives is optional and is indicated by the Directives Supported (DIRS) bit in the Optional Admin Command Support (OACS) field in the Identify Controller data structure (refer to Figure 275).

If a controller supports Directives, then the controller shall:

 Indicate support for Directives in the Optional Admin Command Support (OACS) field by setting the DIRS bit to '1' in the Identify Controller data structure;

. . .

8.11 Namespace Management

The Namespace Management capability consists of the Namespace Management command (refer to section 5.23) and the Namespace Attachment command (refer to section 5.22). The Namespace Management command is used to create a namespace or delete a namespace. The Namespace Attachment command is used to attach and detach controllers from a namespace. The Namespace Management capability is intended for use during manufacturing or by a system administrator.

If the Namespace Management capability is supported, then the controller:

- a) shall support the Namespace Management command and the Namespace Attachment command:
- b) shall set the NMS bit 3-to '1' in the OACS field (refer to Figure 275);
- c) should support the Namespace Attribute Changed asynchronous event (refer to Figure 147 and section 5.27.1.8); and
- d) may support Namespace Granularity (refer to the NVM Command Set Specification).

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8.26 Virtualization Enhancements

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To support the Virtualization Enhancements capability, the NVM subsystem shall support the following:

- One or more primary controllers, each of which supports:
 - One or more secondary controllers;
 - A pool of unassigned Flexible Resources that supports allocation to a primary controller and dynamic assignment to its associated secondary controllers;
 - Two or more Private Resource queue pairs;
 - Indicate support for the Virtualization Management command by setting the VMS bit to '1' in the Optional Admin Command Support (OACS) field in the Identify Controller data structure;
 - o The Virtualization Management command;
 - The Primary Controller Capabilities Structure defined in Figure 281 (Identify command with CNS value of 14h);
 - The Secondary Controller List defined in Figure 282 (Identify command with CNS value of 15h);
 and
 - The Namespace Management capability (refer to section 8.11);
- One or more secondary controllers; and
- Flexible Resources, each of which supports all of the following:
 - o Assignment and removal by exactly one primary controller; and
 - Assignment to no more than one controller at a time.

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