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NVM Express® Technical Proposal (TP)

Technical Proposal ID	TP 4170 Boot Partition Write Protection
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Builds on Specification(s)	NVM Express Base Specification 2.0c NVM Express Management Interface Specification 1.2c
References	ECN 115 TP 4074a Defining Scope for Features

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Technical Proposal Overview

This proposal adds a new write protection control mechanism for Boot Partitions that is controllable through the Set Features command. Additionally, this proposal makes the RPMB based Boot Partition Protection mechanism optional.

Revision History

Revision Date	Change Description	
2023.08.29	Initial draft	
2023.08.31	Addressing Samsung feedback: Incorporating ECN115 changes as the base this TP modifies Added "controller" as scope for the new feature in this TP Updated diagrams in section 8.2.3 to be more aligned to changes made in ECN115 Defined default value for fields in new Feature Clarified conflicting statement around resets to indicate that no other reset other than power cycle shall affect the write protection states in the new Feature	
	 Addressing Dell feedback: Added statement in RPMB section blocking attempts to enable RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported. Clarified Get and Set behaviors related to 000b (i.e., no change requested) for both fields in new Feature Cleaned up handling of Set and Get for new Feature when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled to allow clear indication that new Feature isn't in use and RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled. Converted diagrams to visio diagrams 	
2023.09.06	Addressing Solidigm Feedback Added missing references Additional sentence added to handle the case when a Boot Partition is in a Write Unlocked state and a power cycle occurs Added statement at top of section 8.2.3 that only one Boot Partition Write Protection mechanism is active at the same time Added subsections to section 8.2.3 to separate the three major parts of this section (Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection, RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection, and considerations when both mechanisms are supported)	
2023.09.07	Added changes to NVM Express Management Interface to address support for new feature over NVM MI	
2023.09.14	 Added statement recommending only one boot partition write protection mechanism be supported by a controller to prevent malicious bypass of Write Protect Until Power Cycle. Byte in Identify Controller data structure was renamed to "Boot Partition Capabilities" to allow for more general use of this byte. Existing "Boot Partition Write Protection Capabilities" field was limited to the three bits currently in use in the new "Boot Partition Capabilities" byte. 	
2023.10.03	Addressing additional feedback: Cleaned up excess blank pages Removed duplicate requirement around support of each capability from Identify Data structure section and cleaned up beginning of section 8.2.3 Added statements to Boot Partition Write Protection fields in Boot Partition Write Protection Config Feature to indicate values that are not returned via Get Features (Change in state not requested) and not able to be set via Set Features (Write Protection controlled by RPMB)	

	 Added a sentence to section 8.2.3 indicating that boot partitions shared between controllers also share write protection states across controllers Additional minor wording clean up in section 8.2.3 Added a new requirement to section 8.18 preventing enablement of RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection when either boot partition is in a Write Locked Until Power Cycle state Cleaned up diagrams in 8.2.3.1, 8.2.3.2, and 8.2.3.3 to have consistent state naming Cleaned up 8.2.3.3 diagram to depict that you can only transition to an RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled state from a Write Locked or Write Unlocked state, but not a Write Locked Until Power Cycle state
	Updated text with new "Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection" naming to differentiate the following:
	 Boot Partition Write Protection: umbrella that consists of two capabilities: Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection and RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection (new in this revision): Capability that encompasses all write protection functionality that is controlled via the Boot Partition Write Protection Config Feature in Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection Config: the feature in Set Features that is used to configure the Boot Partition Write Protection states that are a part of the Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection capability RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection: write protection capability that was previously defined in NVMe 2.0 which controls Boot Partition Write Protection via RPMB
2023.10.06	Added new state definition tables to sections 8.2.3.1 and 8.2.3.2 to identify the states supported by each capability and whether each state is persistent across power cycles and controller level resets
	Revised new requirement/incompatible change statement
	Cleaned up definition of the value of 00b for the RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Support field, moving most of the details to section 8.2.3 and added a reference to section 8.2.3
	Added statement in section 8.18 to specify that the controller changes the values of the Boot Partition Write Protection State fields to a value of 100b in the Boot Partition Write Protection Config Feature when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled
	Revised statement in section 5.27.1.TBD that prevented Set Features from changing the fields in the Boot Partition Write Protection Config Feature when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled to instead prevent this when the fields are set to 100b (i.e., when Boot Partition Write Protection is controlled by RPMB)
	Revised Figure TBD1 (Boot Partition Write Protection Config Feature – Command Dword 11) to clarify that the value 000b is not returned via Get Features and 100b can not be set via Set Features
	Clarified statements related to both Boot Partition Write Protection capabilities being supported at the same time in section 8.2.3.3
2023.10.26	Cleaned up capitalization of "Boot Partition"
	Clarified statement in section 8.18 preventing changes to either Boot Partition 0 Write Locked bit or Boot Partition 1 Write Locked bit when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is disabled
	Removed references to "PWRDIS". This topic will instead be covered in separate work from this TP to address considerations of power cycling a PCIe device
2022 44 04	Several editorial/cleanup changes made to sections 5.27.1.TBD, 8.2.2, and 8.2.3 based on feedback:
2023.11.01	 Copied restriction on when a value of 00b can be specified in the RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Support field of Identify Controller into the value definition

	 Combined statements in section 5.27.1.TBD related to specifying a value of 000b for either Boot Partition Standardized use of "field" when referring to either the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field or Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field Changed "set" to "cleared" when referring to value of 000b Moved Get Features restriction related to value of 000b for either Boot Partition Write Protection State field Fixed Notes cell width in Figure TBD1 Boot Partition Write Protection Config – Command Dword 11 Changed most uses of "capability" to "mechanism" instead, leaving capability only used in the fields in the Identify Controller data structure Other minor grammar cleanup Changed "should" to "shall" in statement in section 5.27.1.TBD to prohibit use of Write Locked Until Power Cycle state in multi-domain NVM subsystems Changed statement in section 8.2.3.1 to indicate Write Locked Until Power Cycle is prohibited in multi-domain NVM subsystems (aligning with "shall" described above. Added statement to section 8.2.3.3 to indicate supporting both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms is discouraged.
2023.11.02	Further cleanup of capitalization of "Boot Partition"
2023.11.02	Updated statement in section 8.2.3.1 prohibiting Write Locked Until Power Cycle in multi- domain NVM subsystems to make excessive reasoning text be listed as an example.
	First Phase 3 draft, containing the following changes:
2023.11.29	 Cleaned up capitalization of "feature" when referring to "this feature" or "Boot Partition Write Protection feature" Fixed table spacing issues Switched most instances of 'can' to 'may' or reworded to remove 'can' altogether Cleaned up capitalization of "write protection" so that it is only capitalized when in a caption or formal name of a field or state Renamed Figures TBD2, 413, and TBD5 to better align with naming convention used in existing Namespace Write Protect feature Renamed section 8.2.3.3 to better align with NVMe section naming and capitalization convention
	Removed unmodified Notes portion of Figure 3 as it is not needed or modified in this TP
	Modified Notes in Figure TBD1 to avoid use of "can" or "may"
2023.12.07	Updated TP to accurately reflect references and modifications to ECN115 and TP4074 text with Orange and Orange Strikethrough text.
	Updated title of section 8.2.3.3 based on WG suggestion
	Cleaned up use of blue text in section 8.2.3.2 to properly identify text additions in section 8.2.3.2
	Added title for TP4074a to references section in header of document
2023.12.14	Added "field" in Note 2 of Figure TBD1 to better reflect the fields that are being referenced in the note
	Addressed 30-day Member Review comments:
2024.01.23	 Updated Copyright to 2024 Capitalized "feature" in cases where "the Feature" or "this Feature" is used Cleaned up grammar in section 5.27.1.TBD when referring to the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field and Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field Extended definition of "Feature Not Changeable" to more accurately reflect how it is being used for Namespace Write Protect and this TP

	 Cleaned up references to "host software" to instead more generically refer to "a host" or "the host" Updated Figure 5 to reflect most recent changes in ECN115 Removed wrapper "Boot Partition Write Protection Capabilities" field in Boot Partition Capabilities field of Identify Controller data structure Cleaned up references in section 8.2.3 to new bits in Identify Data structure to only use "Boot Partition Capabilities" field rather than "Boot Partition Write Protection Capabilities" field Grammar cleanup in section 8.2.2 to only use "Write Unlock" and "Write "Lock" as a state rather than a verb. Reworded statement in section 8.2.3 related to host detection of support for RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection for controllers compliant to NVMe Base Specification 2.0 and earlier to avoid use of "if and only if" 	
	Further cleanup of capitalization of "data structure" Polated template instruction tout from Description for Changes Desument for NVM Express.	
2024.02.01	Deleted template instruction text from Description for Changes Document for NVM Express Base Specification 2.0c	
2024.03.16	Integrated	
2024.03.18	Added the controller support requirements for the new feature.	
2024.03.27	Updated format of Figure TBD4 for clarity and editorial updates from Fred Knight and Thomas Bowen	

Description for Changes Document for NVM Express Base Specification 2.0c

New Features/Feature Enhancements/Required Changes:

- Add new Boot Partition write protection control mechanism to the Set Features command
 - Description of change
 - Add new Boot Partition write protection support fields in the Identify Controller data structure to identify support for the Set Features based Boot Partition Write Protection capability and the RPMB based Boot Partition Write Protection capability.
 - Add a new feature to the Set Features command that can be used to configure the
 write protection states of both Boot Partitions. This new feature can put either Boot
 Partition into one of the following states: Write Locked, Write Unlocked, or Write
 Locked Until Power Cycle.
 - New requirement / incompatible change
 - Previously RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection was required if Boot Partitions and RPMB were both supported. This version adds a new Boot Partition write protection capability and only requires one Boot Partition write protection capability be supported by a controller that supports Boot Partitions, making RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection optional so long as Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by the controller.
 - References
 - TP4170

Markup Conventions:

Black: Unchanged (however, hot links are removed)

Orange: Text from ECN115 or TP4074a

Orange Strikethrough: Text added from ECN115 or TP4074a and deleted by this TP

Red Strikethrough: Deleted
Blue: New

Blue Highlighted: TBD values, anchors, and links to be inserted in new text.

<Green Bracketed>: Notes to editor

Description of Specification Changes for NVM Express Base Specification 2.0c Modify a portion of section 3 as shown below:

3 NVM Express Architecture

3.1 NVM Controller Architecture

3.1.2 Controller Types

. . .

3.1.2.1 I/O Controller

3.1.2.1.3 Features Support

Figure 1: I/O Controller – Feature Support

Feature Name	Feature Support Requirements ¹	Logged in Persistent Event Log ¹	
Namespace Write Protection Config	0	0	
Boot Partition Write Protection Config	0	0	
Notes:			
1. O/M/P/NR definition: O = Optional, M = Mandatory, P = Prohibited, NR = Not Recommended			

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3.1.2.2 Administrative Controller

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3.1.2.2.3 Features Support

- - -

Figure 2: Administrative Controller – Feature Support

Feature Name	Feature Support Requirements ¹	Logged in Persistent Event Log 1
Namespace Write Protection Config	0	0
Boot Partition Write Protection Config	0	0
Notes:		
1. O/M/P/NR definition: O = Optional, M = Mandatory, P = Prohibited, NR = Not Recommended.		
2		

. . .

3.1.2.3 Discovery Controller

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3.1.2.4 Features Support

. . .

Figure 3: Discovery Controller – Feature Support

Feature Name	Feature Support Requirements ¹	Logged in Persistent Event Log ¹
Namespace Write Protection Config	Р	Р
Boot Partition Write Protection Config	Р	Р
Notes: O/M/P/NR definition: O = Optional, M = Mandatory, P = Prohibited, NR = Not Recommended.		

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Modify a portion of section 5 as shown below:

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5 Admin Command Set

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5.12 Firmware Commit command

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When modifying Boot Partitions, the host may select the Boot Partition to mark as active or to replace. A Boot Partition is only able to be written when write unlocked (refer to section 8.2).

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5.12.1 Command Completion

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Figure 183: Firmware Commit – Command Specific Status Values

Value	Description
1Eh	Boot Partition Write Prohibited: This error is indicated if a command attempts to modify a Boot Partition while write locked (refer to section 8.2.3).

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5.15 Get Features command

. . .

Figure 194: Get Features - Feature Identifiers

Description	Section Defining Format of Attributes Returned
Namespace Write Protection Config	5.27.1.28
Spinup Control	5.27.1.22
Boot Partition Write Protection Config	5.27.1.TBD
I/O Command Set specific features	I/O Command Set specification

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5.17 Identify command

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5.17.2 Identify Data Structures

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5.17.2.1 Identify Controller Data Structure (CNS 01h)

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Figure 275: Identify - Identify Controller Data Structure, I/O Command Set Independent

Bytes	I/O ¹	Admin ¹	Disc ¹	Description Description Description			
	•			-			
	M	R			Pescr Reser Set I (SFBP) Protec capab states Set Fe	ription ved Features WPS): The tion is solidity allow via the Beatures conviction of the beatures conv	Boot Partition Write Protection Supporting bit indicates if Set Features Boot Partition Write protection Write protection Write protection Write protection Write protection Write Protection Config feature in the support of the protection write protection Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection Write Protection Write Protection Write Protection is not supported by this controller. Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by this controller. The protection is supported by this controller. The protection write Protection Supportion Write Protection Write Protection Supportion Write Protection Supportion Write Protection Supportion Write Protection Supportion Write Protection Supportion Write Protection Write
102					capab	ility allow	upported by the controller. When supported, this is a host to configure Boot Partition write protection B. Refer to section 8.2.3.2. Definition
						00b	Support for RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not specified. Only controllers compliant with NVM Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0 and earlier are allowed to report this value. Refer to section 8.2.3 for more details on when a controller may return this value.
						01b	RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported by this controller.
						10b	RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by this controller.
						11b	Reserved
110: 103 102				Reserved	1		

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5.27 Set Features command

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5.27.1 Feature Specific Information

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Figure 316: Set Features – Feature Identifiers

Feature Identifier	Current Setting Persists Across Power Cycle and Reset ²	Uses Memory Buffer for Attributes	Feature Name	Scope
83h	Yes	No	Reservation Persistence	Namespace
84h	No	No	Namespace Write Protection Config	Namespace
85h	No	No	Boot Partition Write Protection Config	Controller
86h <mark>85h</mark> to BFh			Reserved	
C0h to FFh			Vendor Specific ^{1, 5}	
		•	•	•

..

5.27.1.TBD Boot Partition Write Protection Config (Feature Identifier 85h)

This Feature is used by the host to configure Boot Partition write protection states and to determine the write protection state of both Boot Partitions supported by a controller. Refer to section 8.2.3.1 for definition and behaviors of the Boot Partition write protection states and state transitions. The settings are specified in Command Dword 11.

This Feature is not saveable (refer to Figure 195). The default value of both the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field and the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field after a power cycle is Write Locked.

If a Get Features command is submitted for this Feature, the attributes specified in Figure TBD1 are returned in Dword 0 of the completion queue entry for that command. A controller shall not return a value of 000b for either the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field or the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field as a result of the Get Features command for the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature.

If a Set Features command is submitted for this Feature with either the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field or the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field cleared to 000b, then the controller shall not change the Boot Partition write protection state for that Boot Partition as part of the Set Features command completion.

If the Boot Partition Write Protection Enable bit is set to '1' in the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure (refer to section 8.18), then the controller shall return a value of 100b for both the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field and the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field as a result of the Get Features command for the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature.

If a Set Features command is submitted for this Feature with either the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field or the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field set to 100b, then the controller shall abort the command with a status code of Invalid Field in Command.

Figure TBD1 Boot Partition Write Protection Config - Command Dword 11

Bits	Description			
31:06	Reserved			
	Boot Partition 1 Write Boot Partition 1.	Protection S	State (BP1WPS): This field specifies the write	e protection st
	The default value of this	s field is Write	Locked.	
		Value	Definition	
05:03		000b ¹	Change in state not requested	
		001b	Write Unlocked	
		010b	Write Locked	
		011b	Write Locked Until Power Cycle	
		100b ²	Write Protection controlled by RPMB	
	1	101b to 111b	Reserved	
	Boot Partition 0 Write Boot Partition 0. The default value of this	s field is Write		e protection st
		Value	Definition	
02:00			Change in state not requested	
			Write Unlocked	
			Write Locked	_
			Write Locked Until Power Cycle	
		100b ²	Write Protection controlled by RPMB	
			Reserved	

Notes:

- 1. A value of 000b is not returned by a controller via a Get Features command. This value is only used in the Set Features command.
- 2. A value of 100b is reserved for the Set Features command for both the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State field and the Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State field. The Boot Partition write protection states transition to this state when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled (refer to section 8.2.3.2 and section 8.18).

If a Set Features command is submitted that attempts to change the Boot Partition write protection state of a Boot Partition that is in the Write Locked Until Power Cycle state, then the controller shall abort the command with a status code of Feature Not Changeable.

If a Set Features command is submitted that attempts to change either Boot Partition write protection state from a value of 100b (i.e., Boot Partition write protection is controlled by RPMB), then the controller shall abort the command with a status code of Feature Not Changeable.

If a Set Features command attempts to change the Boot Partition write protection state of a Boot Partition shared across multiple controllers to the Write Locked Until Power cycle state in a multi-domain NVM subsystem (i.e., the MDS bit is set to '1' in the CTRATT field of the Identify Controller data structure (refer to Figure 275), then the controller shall abort the command with a status code of Feature Not Changeable.

5.27.2 Command Completion

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Figure 370: Set Features - Command Specific Status Values

value Des	Description						

Figure 370: Set Features – Command Specific Status Values

Value	Description
0Eh	Feature Not Changeable: The Feature Identifier specified does not support a changeable value or the value is not changeable at this time.

Modify a portion of section 8 as shown below:

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8 Extended Capabilities

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8.2 Boot Partitions

Boot Partitions provide an optional area of NVM storage that may be read by the host without the host initializing queues or enabling the controller. The simplified interface to access Boot Partitions may be used for platform initialization code (e.g., a bootloader that is executed from host ROM) to boot to a pre-OS environment (e.g., UEFI) instead of storing the image on another non-volatile storage medium (e.g., SPI flash). Refer to section 8.2.1 for the procedure to read the contents of a Boot Partition.

A controller that supports Boot Partitions has two Boot Partitions of equal size using Boot Partition identifiers 0h and 1h. The two Boot Partitions allow the host to update one and verify the contents before marking the Boot Partition active. Controllers in the NVM subsystem may share the same Boot Partitions.

The contents of Boot Partitions are only modified using the Firmware Image Download and Firmware Commit commands (refer to section 8.2.2) and may be secured using either the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature or the Replay Protected Memory Block to prevent unauthorized modifications (refer to section 8.2.3).

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8.2.2 Writing to a Boot Partition

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The process for updating a Boot Partition is:

- The host issues a Firmware Image Download command to download the contents of the Boot Partition to a controller. There may be multiple portions of the Boot Partition to download, thus the offset for each portion of the Boot Partition being downloaded is specified in the Firmware Image Download command. A Hhost software shall send the Boot Partition image in order starting with the beginning of the Boot Partition;
- 2. The host transitions the Unlock Boot Partitions that is to be updated to the Write Unlocked Statefor writing (refer to section 8.2.3);
- 3. The host submits a Firmware Commit command (refer to section 5.12) on that controller with a Commit Action of 110b which specifies that the downloaded image replaces the contents of the Boot Partition specified in the Boot Partition ID field;
- 4. The controller completes the Firmware Commit command. The following actions are taken in certain error scenarios:

- a. If the firmware activation was not successful because the Boot Partition could not be written, then the controller reports an error of Boot Partition Write Prohibited:
- (Optional) The host reads the contents of the Boot Partition to verify they are correct (refer to section 8.2.1). A hHost software updates the active Boot Partition ID by issuing a Firmware Commit command with a Commit Action of 111b; and
- 6. The host transitions locks the Boot Partition to either the Write Locked State or Write Locked Until Power Cycle Stateaccess to prevent further modification (refer to section 8.2.3).

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8.2.3 Boot Partition Write Protection

A controller that supports Boot Partitions and RPMB shall support Boot Partition Protection. A controller that supports both Boot Partitions and RPMB shall support at least one of the following Boot Partition write protection mechanisms:

- Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection (refer to section 8.2.3.1); or
- RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection (refer to section 8.2.3.2).

It is not recommended that a controller support both Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection and RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection.

A controller that supports Boot Partitions and does not support RPMB shall support Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection.

A host is able to determine whether Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by checking the value of the Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection Support bit of the Boot Partition Capabilities field in the Identify Controller Data Structure (refer to Figure 275).

A host is able to determine whether RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by checking the RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Support field of the Boot Partition Capabilities field in the Identify Controller data structure (refer to Figure 275). Only controllers compliant with NVM Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0 and earlier are allowed to report a value of 00b (i.e., support not specified) in that field. If a controller reports the 00b value, a host is able to determine if RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported by checking whether the controller supports both Boot Partitions (refer to section 3.1.3.1) and RPMB (refer to section 5.17.2.1) because a controller compliant with NVM Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0 and earlier is required to support RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection when the controller supports both Boot Partitions and RPMB.

If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported and either:

- 1) RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported; or
- 2) RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not enabled,

then the Boot Partition write protection states are able to be configured via the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature. Section 8.2.3.1 covers the case when only the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature is supported.

If RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported and enabled, then the Boot Partition write Protection states are able to may be configured using RPMB (refer to section 8.18). Section 8.2.3.2 covers the case where only RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported.

Only one mechanism controls the Boot Partition write protection states at a time. Section 8.2.3.3 covers considerations when both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms are supported.

If any Boot Partition is shared across multiple controllers (refer to section 8.2), then the write protection state of the Boot Partition shall be enforced by all controllers that share that Boot Partition.

8.2.3.1 Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection

Figure TBD2 shows an overview of the Boot Partition write protection states for each Boot Partition when only Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported.

Figure TBD2: Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection State Machine Model

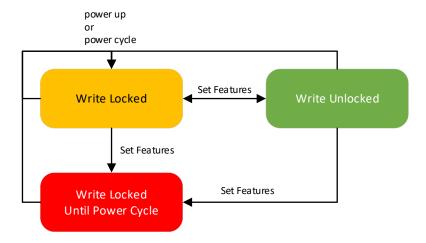


Figure TBD3 defines the write protection states per Boot Partition if Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported.

Figure TBD3: Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection State Definitions

		Persistent Across		
State	Definition	Power Cycles	Controller Level Resets	
Write Unlocked	The Boot Partition is not write locked.	No	Yes	
Write Locked	The Boot Partition is write locked.	Yes	Yes	
Write Locked Until Power Cycle	The Boot Partition is write locked until the next power cycle.	No	Yes	

If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported, then the default state for all Boot Partitions is the Write Locked state. In this state, a host may read from a Boot Partition but is unable to modify that Boot Partition. To enable modification of a Boot Partition, a host has to first transition the Boot Partition to the Write Unlocked state by setting the appropriate Boot Partition Write Protection State to Write Unlocked using the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature via the Set Features command.

In the Write Unlocked state, a host may read from and modify a Boot Partition. Any Boot Partition in a Write Unlocked state returns back to the Write Locked state when the controller undergoes a power cycle.

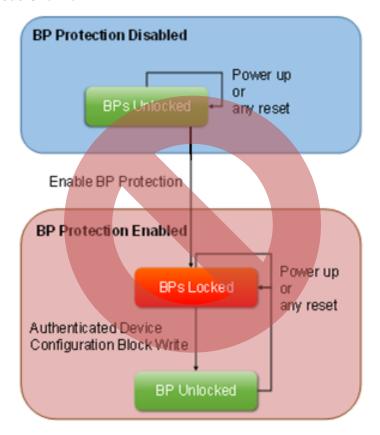
If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported, then both Boot Partitions support a Write Locked Until Power Cycle state. In this state, the Boot Partition can be read from but is prohibited from being modified. Additionally, once a Boot Partition enters the Write Locked Until Power Cycle state, the Boot Partition remains in this state until the controller is power cycled.

The Write Locked Until Power Cycle state is prohibited in multi-domain NVM subsystems with Boot Partitions shared across controllers (e.g., since clearing that state requires simultaneous power cycle of all controllers that share the Boot Partitions). The result of a command that attempts to use that state in a multi-domain NVM subsystem is specified in section 5.27.1.TBD.

8.2.3.2 RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection

Figure 413 shows an overview of the Boot Partition write Protection states for each Boot Partition when only RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported.

Figure 413: RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection State Machine Model Overview



<Note to editor: Replace Figure 413 with diagram below>

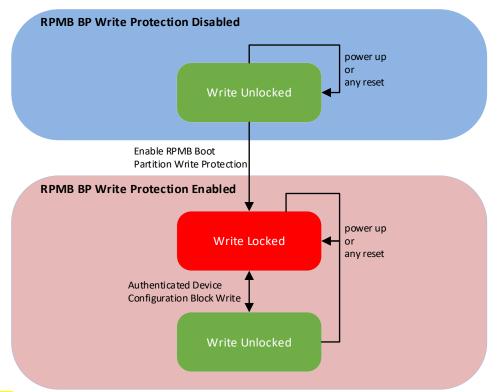


Figure TBD4 defines the write protection states per Boot Partition if RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is supported.

Figure TBD4: RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection State Definitions

		Persistent Across				
State	Definition	Power Cycles	Controller Level Resets			
RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Disabled						
Write Unlocked	Yes	Yes				
RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled						
Write Unlocked	The Boot Partition is not write locked.	No	No			
Write Locked	The Boot Partition is write locked.	Yes	Yes			

If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported by the controller, then pPrior to activating enabling RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection, the default state for all Boot Partitions is the "Write Unlocked" state. In this state, host software may read and write a Boot Partition. If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is also supported by the controller, then the default state for all Boot Partitions is the Write Locked state, regardless of whether RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection has been enabled or not. Refer to section 8.2.3.1 for more details on Boot Partition write protection when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is disabled and section 8.2.3.3 for additional considerations when both Boot Partition write protection capabilities are supported.

If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported by the controller, then Aall Boot Partitions remain unlocked until RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled by the host-software. A hHost software enables RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection by setting the Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled bit in the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure (refer to section 8.18). Once RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled, the controller shall reject Authenticated Device Configuration Block Writes that attempt to disable the RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is permanent). Once RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled, Boot Partitions are able to be modified only after write unlocking the Boot Partition using RPMB.

After activating enabling RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection:

- a) The default state for all Boot Partitions is the "Write Locked" state. In this state, a host software may read a Boot Partition. In this state, the controller rejects attempts to write to a Boot Partition using the Firmware Commit command.
- b) Each Boot Partition may be locked or unlocked independently using the corresponding bit in the Device Configuration Block data structure. A Boot Partition may be unlocked in the same command that enables RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection; and
- c) If any Boot Partition has been unlocked, a power cycle or Controller Level Reset event results in that Boot Partition becoming **write** locked.

8.2.3.3 Interactions between Boot Partition Write Protection Mechanisms

Figure TBD5 shows an overview of the Boot Partition write protection states for each Boot Partition when both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms are supported. Supporting both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms is discouraged, as specified in section 8.2.3.

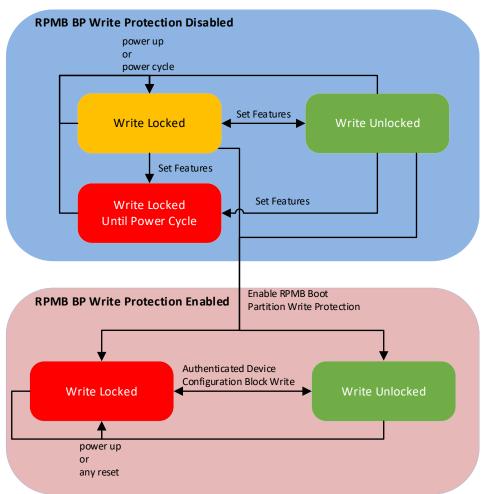


Figure TBD5: Boot Partition Write Protection State Machine Model

If both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms are supported by the controller, only one Boot Partition write protection mechanism controls the write protection states of the Boot Partitions for the controller at any time. If RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled, then RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection controls the Boot Partition write protection states (refer to section 8.2.3.2 and section 8.18). If RPMB Boot

Partition Write Protection is disabled, then Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection controls the Boot Partition write protection states (refer to section 8.2.3.1 and section 5.27.1.TBD). Control of the Boot Partition write protection states transitions from Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection to RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection by enabling RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection when the Boot Partitions are in either a Write Unlocked or Write Locked state.

If both Boot Partition write protection capabilities are supported and an RPMB authentication key has not been programmed for RPMB target 0, there is a possibility of malicious bypass of a Boot Partition's Write Locked Until Power Cycle state. In order to prevent malicious bypass of a Boot Partition's Write Locked Until Power Cycle state, a controller that supports both Boot Partition write protection mechanisms is required to prevent host attempts to enable RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection when either Boot Partition is in a Write Locked Until Power Cycle state. Refer to section 8.18 for the specific behavior that the controller exhibits under this condition.

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8.18 Replay Protected Memory Block

The Replay Protected Memory Block (RPMB) provides a means for the system to store data to a specific memory area in an authenticated and replay protected manner. This is provided by first programming authentication key information to the controller that is used as a shared secret. The system is not authenticated in this phase, therefore the authentication key programming should be done in a secure environment (e.g., as part of the manufacturing process). The authentication key is utilized to sign the read and write accesses made to the replay protected memory area with a Message Authentication Code (MAC). Use of random number (nonce) generation and a write count property provide additional protection against replay of messages where messages could be recorded and played back later by an attacker.

Any access attempts to the replay protected memory area prior to the Authentication Key being programmed results in an RPMB Operation Result Operation Status of 07h (i.e., Authentication Key not yet programmed) (refer to Figure 462). Once the key is programmed, this Result value shall no longer be used.

An Authenticated Data Write to the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure that attempts to set the Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled bit when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is not supported results in an RPMB Operation Result Operation Status of 05h (i.e., Write failure in the RPMB Operation Status field) (refer to Figure 462).

An Authenticated Data Write to the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure that attempts to set the Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled bit when either Boot Partition is in the Write Locked Until Power Cycle state (refer to section 5.27.1.TBD and section 8.2.3.1) results in an RPMB Operation Result Operation Status of 05h (i.e., Write failure in the RPMB Operation Status field) (refer to Figure 462).

An Authenticated Data Write to the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure that attempts to set the change either the Boot Partition 0 Write Locked bit or the Boot Partition 1 Write Locked bit when the Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled bit is disabled cleared to '0' results in an RPMB Operation Result Operation Status of 05h (i.e., Write failure in the RPMB Operation Status field) (refer to Figure 462).

If Set Features Boot Partition Write Protection is supported, then an Authenticated Data Write to the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure that successfully enables RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection shall also result in the controller changing the Boot Partition 0 Write Protection State and Boot Partition 1 Write Protection State values in the Boot Partition Write Protection Config feature to a value of 100b to indicate that Boot Partition write protection is controlled by RPMB.

The controller may support multiple RPMB targets. RPMB targets are not contained within a namespace. Controllers in the NVM subsystem may share the same RPMB targets. Security Send and Security Receive commands for RPMB do not use the namespace ID field; NSID shall be cleared to 0h. Each RPMB target operates independently – there may be requests outstanding to multiple RPMB targets at once (where the requests may be interleaved between RPMB targets). In order to guarantee ordering the host should issue

and wait for completion for one Security Send or Security Receive command at a time. Each RPMB target requires individual authentication and key programming. Each RPMB target may have its own unique Authentication Key.

The message types defined in Figure 461 are used by the host to communicate with an RPMB target. Request Message Types are sent from the host to the controller. Response Message Types are sent to the host from the controller.

Figure 460 defines the RPMB Device Configuration Block data structure – the non-volatile contents stored within the controller for RPMB target 0.

Figure 460: RPMB Device Configuration Block Data Structure

Bytes	Type	Component Name	Description			
			Boot Partition Protection Enable: This field specifies whether Boot Partition Protection is enabled. Bits Description			
00	RW	Boot Partition Protection Enable	7:1 Reserved 0 Boot Partition Write Protection Enabled: If this bit is set to '1', then RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled. If this bit is cleared to '0', then RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is disabled or not supported. Once enabled, the controller shall prevent disabling RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection.			
01	RW	Boot Partition Lock Protection State	Boot Partition Leck Status Protection State: This field specifies the current status of the Boot Partition protection state when RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled be cleared to 0h unless RPMB Boot Partition Write Protection is enabled. Refer to section 8.2.3. Bits Description 7:2 Reserved 1 Boot Partition Protection 1 Write Locked: If this bit is set to '1', then the Boot Partition 1 (i.e., the BPID bit in Figure 181 is set to '1') is write locked. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the Boot Partition 1 is write unlocked. 0 Boot Partition Protection 0 Write Locked: If this bit is set to '1', then the Boot Partition 0 (i.e., the BPID bit in Figure 181 is cleared to '0') is write locked. If this bit is cleared to '0', then the Boot Partition 0 (i.e., BPID is 0) is write unlocked.			

Description of Specification Changes for NVM Express Management Interface Specification 1.2c

Modify section 6 as shown below:

6 NVM Express Admin Command Set

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6.5 Set Features and Get Features

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Figure 127: Management Endpoint - Feature Support

Feature Name ²	Feature	Support Requirements ¹		
reature Name	Identifier	NVMe Storage Device	NVMe Enclosure	
Namespace Write Protection Config	84h	Р	Р	
Boot Partition Write Protection Config	85h	Р	Р	
Vendor Specific	C0h to FFh	0	0	

Notes:

- O = Optional, M = Mandatory, P = Prohibited for Set Features/Optional for Get Features.
 Refer to the NVM Express Base Specification unless another footnote specifies otherwise.
 Refer to the NVM Command Set Specification.
- 4. Refer to the Key Value Command Set Specification.