

Connected Objects Test

2025-05-12

Student Name:

Student Number:

Worth: 20%

Time: 105 minutes (1h45m)

Rules:

- Write all answers on the paper provided to you.
- This is an individual test. Collaboration/communication with other students is not permitted.
- Course notes and most websites are allowed for reference.
- Test is OPEN BOOK, EXCEPT for auto-completion services such as ChatGPT, Bard, GitHub Co-pilot, etc.
- The following resources are encouraged and will be helpful:
 - Course notes (course website)
 - Past Labs and Assignments
- Since the course website and labs frequently link to pages on the general internet, you are allowed to consult the general internet – EXCEPT for auto-completion services like ChatGPT as stated above.
- However, the test has been written such that questions are particular to our course, and searching on Google/other external resources will be slower/less relevant/perhaps misleading compared with starting with my course website/labs.
- Please raise your hand to ask for instructor clarification when needed.

Python

Question 1 - Python libraries

For many 3rd party python libraries that we have used in our projects, the “official” instructions to install those packages were to use root with the command: `sudo pip3 install` .

We were not able to follow these instructions. Which of the following answers is the correct explanation + alternative approach?

Hardware

Question 2 - Hardware

What computing hardware is the reTerminal built upon?

Question 3 - Hardware

What operating system does the reTerminal use?

Question 4 - Plugging in a device

The Analog Joystick from Lab 3 has the following electrical connections:

- **GND**: Electrical ground
- **Vcc** / : Power source.
- **VRx** / **Vout**: Analog Voltage for x-position. Between **Vcc** (see above) and **0V**, depending on the position of the joystick.
- **VRy** / **Yout**: Analog Voltage for y-position. See **VRx** for details.
- **SW** / **Se1**: Switch signal. This is a simple button clicked with the joystick. Will produce on/off digital signal between **Vcc** (see above) and **0V**.

Explain in a few sentences how you could connect this device to the Raspberry Pi using the ADC Grove Hat component and the wires we have available in class such that:

- the **Vcc** is 5V
- the X and Y positions can be read from channel **A6** and **A7** of the grove bash hat respectively
- when the Switch button is pressed, a digital signal is sent to pin 22

IoT

Question 5 - IoT Components

An IoT system has the following high level components:

- Sensors and/or Actuators of any kind
- IoT Devices
- Cloud Gateway
- Data Processing
- User Interfaces

Match each of these with the following:

- reTerminal
- RGB LED Stick
- GPS (Air530)
- Connection String
- Azure Portal

Signal Processing

Question 6 - ADC

The Grove Base Hat has an Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) with 12 bit resolution. It outputs readings using an unsigned integer and the supported analog voltage range is from 0 to 3.3V.

If a joystick is plugged into the ADC of the basehat, and generates an output value of **3925**, what is the approximate position of the joystick and why? **Choices: Lowest, Middle, Highest.**

Question 7 - Device protocols

SPI and I2C use a Clock, why?

Question 8 - Digital vs Analog

Digital vs Analog?

Question 9 - reTerminal pins

The reTerminal has 40 pins designed to carry a variety of signals. Which of the following are NOT pins you can find on the reTerminal? Select ALL that apply (i.e., select all pins that you would NOT find on a reTerminal).

- A. 3.3V
- B. 5V
- C. 1V
- D. GPIO
- E. Ground
- F. 0V
- G. 12V

Question 10 - ADC

The signal below is being sampled by an ADC that has a 8-bit resolution. What values are returned by the ADC at times 1s and 2s respectively? Assume an unsigned integer is returned by the ADC.

Separate your values with commas, and don't include units. For example: 111, 222

Question 11

Match the prompts below to the correct communication protocol (either HTTP, MQTT, or none of the above)

- Uni-directional (client must initiate, server/broker cannot)
- Publisher -> Subscriber protocol
- Connection can persist after message delivered
- Messages can be arbitrarily large in size
- Communication is stateful (message behavior can depend on properties set by previous message)

Question 12 - MQTT vs HTTP

Why is MQTT more energy efficient than HTTP as a protocol for IoT? Explain your answer using the devices and cloud that we are using in our project.

Question 13 - Applying concepts to new devices

Consider a stovetop (the device, usually on top of an oven, used to heat food at home or work). Underneath the surface, a stovetop is a metal coil that, when a large amount of current is applied, heat is produced. The temperature of the stovetop is set by a dial from 0-10.

Apply knowledge we have learned in this course to answer the following questions:

- Is the stovetop an example of a sensor or an actuator? Explain in one sentence why you chose the answer you did.
- In Canada, stovetops are wired to a 240V power source. The voltage cannot be changed, so when the stovetop is on, the current is always the same, and the heat produced is always the same. In your own words, explain how the temperature of the stovetop can be adjusted by the dial from 0-10 despite this problem.

Question 14

Suppose you are troubleshooting a reTerminal connection to I2C devices. You run the following commands, and see the following results:

```
pi12@pi12:~/ $ i2cdetect -y 2
    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
10:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
20:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
30:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
40:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
50:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
60:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
70:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --

pi12@pi12:~/ $ i2cdetect -y 3
    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
10:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
20:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  29  --  --  --  --  --  --
30:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
40:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
50:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
60:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
70:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  77  --  --  --  --  --  --  --

pi12@pi12:~/ $ i2cdetect -y 4
    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  a  b  c  d  e  f
00:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
10:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  UU  --  --  --  --  --  --
20:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  UU  --  --  --  --  --  --
30:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  UU  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
40:  --  --  --  --  UU  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
50:  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --  --
```


Question 16 - Preparing a linux system

A developer is preparing a **RaspberryPi OS** for Python development. The developer has a user account with **sudo** permissions on the raspberry pi.

Write down all of the commands needed to do the following:

- Update system package repositories;
- Upgrade all installed system packages;
- Ensure **python3** is installed.
- Ensure the system **python3** is the default system python, and ensure that the **python3-venv** module is installed
- Create a new folder named **python-development** in the user's home directory;
- Create and activate a python virtual environment in the **python-development** directory;
- Install the python package **azure-cli** to the virtual environment.

HINT: the Developer environment setup notes will be useful for part of this question.

Question 17

Assume **library/module.py** is a file you have installed in your virtual environment.

The code snippet **myscript.py** is incomplete.

Add the correct lines of code such that the program will **extend** the class defined in **library/module.py**, such that the code runs.

You should aim to add the least lines of code possible.

Copy pasting the original implementation and modifying it will be worth partial marks,

but not passing marks, as there is a more efficient method that we have learned. Make it so your version of the `Device` class returns a non hardcoded value when the `read` method is called.

```
class Device(object):
    def __init__(self, property1):
        self.property1 = property1
        self.property2 = "Hard-coded value"

    def read(self):
        return self.property2
```

Complete the code below!

```
from library.module import -----
class myDevice( ):

    def __init__(self, )
```