#### Registers

Register	Description
RØ	16 bit, General Purpose
R1	16 bit, General Purpose
R2	16 bit, General Purpose
R3	16 bit, General Purpose
R4	16 bit, General Purpose
R5	16 bit, General Purpose
R6	16 bit, General Purpose
R7	16 bit, General Purpose
SP	16 bit, Stack Pointer
PC	16 bit, Program Counter

All registers are 16 bit. ALU operations are 16 bit. 8 bit operations are not natively supported except for extended loads and truncated stores. Registers R0 through R7 are general purpose. Registers SP and PC do not belong to the general set, so they use special purpose instructions.

#### Status Register

Register	Description
Status I T C Z	Status Register I: Interrupt flag T: Condition flag, result of a compare instruction C, Z: Carry, Zero flags, result of

Compare instructions compare two operands for a specified condition code and set T to 1 if the condition was met or 0 otherwise. C and Z flags are unaffected.

Most ALU arithmetic and logical instructions set C and Z according to the result. Additionally, the Z flag is copied to T. For example, the add instruction will set C to 1 if there was a carry, and both Z and T to 1 if the result was zero.

Conditional instructions such as setcc, selcc and brcc take the T flag as the condition to watch

## **Condition Codes Summary**

Encoding	Machine Name	Alt Names	SR Flags	Description
000	eq	z	Z	Equal than. Zero
001	ne	nz	!Z	Not equal. Not zero
010	uge	hs, c	С	Unsigned greater than or equal. Carry
011	ult	lo, nc	!C	Unsigned less than. Not carry
100	ge	-	S == V	Signed greater than or equal
101	lt	-	S != V	Signed less than
110	ugt	hi	C && !Z	Unsigned greater than
111	gt	-	(S == V) && !Z	Signed greater than
-	ule	ls	!C    Z	Unsigned less than or equal Implemented as the opposite of ugt
-	le	-	(S != V)    Z	Signed less than or equal Implemented as the opposite of gt

The S and V flags are computed internally to match condition codes, but they are not stored in the status register, or are available to the user.

### **Instruction Formats**

Туре		Е	ncoding			Description
Р	opcode (5)		immedi	iate (11)		Long immediate
I2	opcode (5)	immed	iate (5)	Rs (3)	Rd (3)	Two registers with immediate
I1	opcode (5)	-	immediate	(8)	Rd (3)	One register with immediate
J	opcode (7)	opcode (7) im			9)	No registers with immediate
R3	opcode (7)	)	Rn (3)	Rs (3)	Rd (3)	Three registers
R2	opcode		Rs (3)	Rd (3)	Zero, One or Two registers	

## **Opcodes Summary**

Туре	Encoding												Description
Р		11	11		o				ac	ia a	iaaa aaaa		Prefix, call immediate
12		(1010	op 101	1101)	)	k kkkk					Rs	Rd/cc	Load/store/lea with register+immediate, And/compare with immediate
I1		(0100	op 101	0011	)		kkkk				<b>ck</b>	Rd/cc	Move/add/sub immediate, Load/store indirect, Load/store from stack
J	0	0		111		ор			a aaaa aaaa			ıa	Conditional/unconditional branch, Add SP
R3	0	0		(0100	op 101	1011]	Rn Rn				Rs	Rd	Three register ALU operation, Select Load/store with register offset
R2	0	0	0	0		(0000	op (0000011111) x			x	Rs/xxx	Rd/xxx	Two register ALU operation, Move, Setcc, Jump/Call Indirect, Zero Operand Instructions
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	000	000	NOP instruction, emulated through 'mov r0, r0'

## Instruction Decoding

Туре			Encoding	Description		
P,I1,I2	en2 <sub>0111</sub>		x	Primary opcode is 2 (*) Secondary opcode is taken from bits 11 to 15		
J,R3	er 0001.	า <b>1</b> .0011	х	Primary opcode is 1 (*) Secondary opcode is taken from bits 9 to 13		
R2	er 00	10 00	х	Primary opcode is 0 (*) Secondary opcode is taken from bits 7 to 11		
(*) 7 bit microcode instructions are made by combining 2 bit primary opcodes with 5 bit secondary opcodes						

## **Immediate Fields Decoding**

Туре			Е	ncoding			Description
Р	imm3 1111	×		aaa a	aaaa aaaa		zero extend 11 bit immediate
12	imm2 10101110	, x	k	kkkk	V		zero extended 8 bit immediate sign extend if 5 bit opcode is 11100 or 11101
I1	imm1u 010100	х		kkkk kkl	kk	x	zero extended 8 bit immediate sign extend if 5 bit opcode is 01100
J	imm1 00111		х	o	a aaaa aaa	а	sign extend 9 bit immediate

#### Prefixed instructions

The prefixed instructions are assembler emulated instructions that are made of core instructions preceded by a prefix instruction. The prefix instruction contains a 'p\_imm' 11 bit immediate field that expands the functionality of core instructions. The prefix instruction extends the immediate field 'imm' of the next instruction by replacing it with the result of the logical expression: (p\_imm << 5) | (imm & 0b11111), thus providing a full 16 bit immediate range to the prefixed instruction.

The following non exhaustive list shows several examples of prefix instruction transformations:

Core Instruction	Prefix	Prefixed Instruction	Description						
Arithmetic, Logic									
add Rd, K, Rd	pfix_k	add Rd, #K, Rd	Add with long immediate. The 8 bit embedded immediate is replaced by a 16 bit one						
and Rd, K, Rd	pfix_k	and Rd, #K, Rd	And with long immediate. The 8 bit embedded immediate is replaced by a 16 bit one						
lea Rs, K, Rd	pfix_k	lea Rs, #K, Rd	Lea with long immediate. The 5 bit embedded immediate is replaced by a 16 bit one						
Moves	Moves								
mov K, Rd	mov K, Rd pfix_k		Copy K into Rd. The 8 bit embedded immediate is replaced by a 16 bit one						
Branching and subre	outines								
br%cc Label	pfix_k	br%cc Label	Conditional branch. Branch instruction reach is extended from 9 to 16 bit long offsets						
call Label	pfix_k	call &Label	Subroutine call. Call instruction reach is extended from 11 to 16 bit addresses						
Memory									
ld.w [Rs, K], Rd	pfix_k	ld.w [Rs, #K], Rd	Load word with immediate offset. The 5 embedded immediate is replaced by a 16 bit one						
ld.w [A], Rd	pfix_k	ld.w [&A], Rd	Load word with immediate absolute address. The 8 bit embedded immediate field is replaced by a 16 bit address						

#### Carry-in instructions

A number of instructions take the carry flag to enable wider than native operations. For example, a 32 bit addition can be performed on two pairs of registers representing 32 bit values, by sequentially executing 'add' on the lower register operands, followed by an 'addc' on the upper register operands.

The following carry-in instructions are available:

addc Rs, Rn, Rd	Add with carry
subc Rs, Rn, Rd	Subtract with carry
cmpc Rs, Rn	Compare with carry
lsrc Rs, Rd	Shift right through carry

Carry-in instructions are designed to be executed in combination with carry setting instructions of the same family. The Status Register flags after carry-in instructions will correctly reflect the result of the combined operation. Therefore it is safe to use conditional branch or move instructions after them.

## **Instructions Summary**

Category	Assembly Mnemonic	Description						
Arithmetic, Logic								
, ,	add Rd, K, Rd add Rs, Rn, Rd	Add						
	lea Rs, K, Rd lea SP, K, Rd add SP, K, SP	Add address						
	addc Rs, Rn, Rd	Add with carry						
Arithmetic	sub Rd, K, Rd sub Rs, Rn, Rd	Subtract						
	subc Rs, Rn, Rd	Subtract with carry						
	neg Rs, Rd	Negate						
	zext Rs, Rd	Zero extend byte						
	sext Rs, Rd	Sign extend byte						
	sextw Rs, Rd	Sign extend word						
	and Rs, K, Rd and Rs, Rn, Rd	Logical And						
Logic	or Rs, Rn, Rd	Logical Or						
	xor Rs, Rn, Rd	Exclusive logical Or						
	not Rs, Rd	Logical Not						
	asr Rs, Rd	Arithmetic shift right						
Shifts	lsr Rs, Rd	Logical shift right						
	lsrc Rs, Rd	Logical shift right through carry						
Commonican	cmp.%cc Rd, K cmp.%cc Rs, Rn	Compare						
Comparison	cmpc.%cc Rd, K cmpc.%cc Rs, Rn	Compare with carry						
Data moves								
Moves	mov K, Rd mov Rs, Rd mov Rs, SP	Move						
	bswap Rs, Rd	Byte swap						
Conditional moves	selcc Rs, Rn, Rd selcc 0, Rs, Rd selcc Rs, 0, Rd	Select						
	setcc Rd setncc Rd	Set						
Memory access								
	ld.w [Rs, K], Rd ld.w [Rs, Rn], Rd ld.w [&A], Rd ld.w [SP, K], Rd	Load word from memory						
	ld.w {Rs}, Rd	Load word from program memory						
Memory load	ld.sb [Rs, K], Rd ld.sb [Rs, Rn], Rd ld.sb [&A], Rd ld.sb [SP, K], Rd	Load sign extended byte from memory						
	ld.zb [Rs, K], Rd ld.zb [Rs, Rn], Rd	Load zero extended byte from memory						

Category	Assembly Mnemonic	Description					
Momony, shore	st.w Rd, [Rs, K] st.w Rd, [Rs, Rn] st.w Rd, [&A] st.w Rd, [SP, K]	Store word to memory					
Memory store	st.b Rd, [Rs, K] st.b Rd, [Rs, Rn] st.b Rd, [&A] st.b Rd, [SP, K]	Store byte to memory					
Branching and subrout	ines						
Branch instructions	jmp Label jmp Rd	Unconditional branch					
Branch instructions	brcc Label brncc Label	Conditional branch					
Subroutine instructions	call Label call Rd	Call to subroutine					
	ret	Return from subroutine					
Interrupts	Interrupts						
	dint	Disable interrupt					
Interrupt	eint	Enable interrupt					
instructions	reti	Return from interrupt					
	halt	Halts processor					

# Instructions Summary, by opcode

Туре	0pcode	Machine Name	Assembly Mnemonic	Description			
Move/ad	d/sub imm	ediate, Lo	ad/store indirect, Loa	d/store from stack			
	01000	mo∨w_ar	ld.w [&A], Rd	Load word at aligned memory address A, store in Rd			
	01001	movsb_ar	ld.sb [&A], Rd	Load byte at memory address A, sign-extend into Rd			
	01010	movw_ra	st.w Rd, [&A]	Store Rd in word aligned memory address A			
	01011	movb_ra	st.b Rd, [&A]	Store lower byte of Rd in memory address A			
	01100	mov_kr	mov K, Rd	Copy sign-extended K into Rd			
	01101	sub_kr	sub Rd, K, Rd	Subtract zero-extended K from Rd, store in Rd, update SR			
	01110	add_kr	add Rd, K, Rd	Add zero-extended K to Rd, store result in Rd, update SR			
	01111	lea_qr	lea SP, K, Rd	Add zero-extended K to SP, store result in Rd			
I1	10000	movw_qr	ld.w [SP, K], Rd	Load word at aligned memory address SP+K, store in Rd.			
	10001	movsb_qr	ld.sb [SP, K], Rd	Load byte at memory address SP+K, sign-extend into Rd			
	10010	movw_rq	st.w Rd, [SP, K]	Store Rd in word aligned memory address SP+K			
	10011	movb_rq	st.b Rd, [SP, K]	Store lower byte of Rd in memory address SP+K			
	10100	-	-	Not Available			
	10101	-	-	Not Available			
	10110	-	-	Not Available			
	10111	-	-	Not Available			
			(*) 'K	' is a 8 bit immediate in the range 0255, or -128+127 extensible to a 16 bit word with the prefix instruction			
Load/st	ore with	immediate	offset				
	10100	lea_mr	lea Rs, K, Rd	Add zero-extended K to Rs, store result in Rd			
	10101	movw_mr	ld.w [Rs, K], Rd	Load word at aligned memory address Rn+K, store in Rd			
	10110	movzb_mr	ld.zb [Rs, K], Rd	Load byte at memory address Rn+K, zero-extend into Rd			
	10111	movsb_mr	ld.sb [Rs, K], Rd	Load byte at memory address Rn+K, sign-extend into Rd			
	11000	movw_rm	st.w Rd, [Rs, K]	Store Rd in word aligned memory address Rn+K			
	11001	movb_rm	st.b Rd, [Rs, K]	Store lower byte of Rd in memory address Rn+K			
12	11010	-	-	Reserved			
	11011	and_kr	and Rs, K, Rd	AND zero-extended K with Rd, store in Rd, update SR			
	11100	cmp_crk	cmp.%cc Rs, K	Compare Rd with sign-extended K and update SR flag			
	11101	cmpc_crk	cmpc.%cc Rs, K	Compare Rd with sign-extended K and update SR flag			
	11110	-	-	Not Available			
	11111	-	-	Not Available			
				(*) 'K' is a 5 bit immediate in the range 031 extensible to a 16 bit word with the prefix instruction			
Prefix,	call imm	ediate					
	11110	call	call &Label	Call immediate			
Р	11111	pfix_k	pfix K	Prefix immediate			
(*) Label is a 11 bit immed extensible to a 16 bit word with the prefix instruc							
Three r	egister A	LU operati	on				
	01000	cmp_crr	cmp.%cc Rs, Rn	Compare Rs with Rn and update SR flags			
	01001	cmpc_crr	cmpc.%cc Rs, Rn	Compare Rs with Rn and update SR flags			

Туре	0pcode	Machine Name	Assembly Mnemonic	Description		
R3	01010	subc_rrr	subc Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs - (Rn+C), update SR		
	01011	sub_rrr	sub Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs - Rn, update SR		
	01100	and_rrr	and Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs & Rn, update SR		
	01101	or_rrr	or Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs   Rn, update SR		
	01110	-	-	Reserved		
	01111	-	-	Reserved		
Load/store with register offset						
	10000	xor_rrr	xor Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs ^ Rn, update SR		
	10001	adc_rrr	addc Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs + (Rn+C), update SR		
	10010	add_rrr	add Rs, Rn, Rd	Rd = Rs + Rn, update SR		
D2	10011	movw_nr	ld.w [Rs, Rn], Rd	Load word at aligned memory address Rs+Rn, store in Rd		
R3	10100	movzb_nr	ld.zb [Rs, Rn], Rd	Load byte at memory address Rs+Rn, store in Rd		
	10101	movsb_nr	ld.sb [Rs, Rn], Rd	Load byte at memory address Rs+Rn, store in Rd		
	10110	movw_rn	st.w Rd, [Rs, Rn]	Store Rd in word aligned memory address Rs+Rn		
	10111	movb_rn	st.b Rd, [Rs, Rn]	Store lower byte of Rd in memory address Rn+Rs		
Select						
	11000	sel_rrr	selcc Rs, Rn, Rd	Conditional select. Copy Rs to Rd if T flag is set otherwise copy Rn to Rd		
	11001	-	-	Reserved		
	11010	-	-	Reserved		
R3	11011	-	-	Reserved		
	11100	-	-	Not Available		
	11101	-	-	Not Available		
	11110	-	-	Not Available		
	11111	-	-	Not Available		
Conditional/unconditional branch, Add SP						
	11100	br_nt	brncc Label	Conditional PC relative branch if T flag is not set, otherwise proceed with the next instruction		
	11101	br_t	brcc Label	Conditional PC relative branch if T flag is set, otherwise proceed with the next instruction		
J	11110	add_kq	add SP, K, SP	Add signed immediate to SP		
	11111	jmp_k	jmp Label	Unconditional PC relative branch to Label		
	(*) 'Label' and 'K' are 9 bit signed immediates extensible to a 16 bit word with the prefix instruction					
Two reg	ister Mov	e, ALU ope	ration			
	00000	mov_rr	mov Rs, Rd	Copy Rs to Rd		
	00001	mov_rq	mov Rs, SP	Copy Rs to SP		
	00010	zext_rr	zext Rs, Rd	Move zero-extended Rs low byte to Rd		
R2	00011	sext_rr	sext Rs, Rd	Move sign-extended Rs low byte to Rd		
	00100	bswap_rr	bswap Rs, Rd	Move the swapped bytes of Rs to Rd		
	00101	sextw_rr	sextw Rs, Rd	Sets Rd to all ones if Rs is negative, or zero otherwise		
	00110	-	-	Reserved		
	00111	movw_pr	ld.w {Rs}, Rd	Load Program Memory		
Two Register ALU Operation						

Туре	0pcode	Machine Name	Assembly Mnemonic	Description		
R2	01000	lsr_rr	lsr Rs, Rd	Logical shift right. Bit 0 is shifted to the C Flag. Bit 15 is set to zero.		
	01001	lsrc_rr	lsrc Rs, Rd	Shift Right through carry. Bit 0 is shifted to the C Flag. The old C flag is shifted to bit 15		
	01010	asr_rr	asr Rs, Rd	Arithmetic shift right. Bit 0 is shifted to the C Flag. bit 15 is preserved		
	01011	-	-	Reserved		
	01100	sel_0rr	selcc 0, Rs, Rd	Conditional set. Move Rs to Rd if T flag is not set, otherwise move 0 to Rd		
	01101	sel_r0r	selcc Rs, 0, Rd	Conditional set. Move Rs to Rd if T flag is set, otherwise move 0 to Rd		
	01110	neg_rr	neg Rs, Rd	Rd = 0 - Rs, update SR		
	01111	not_rr	not Rs, Rd	Rd = ~Rs, update SR		
	(*) Left shifts are implemented with the add and addc instructions					
Branch/Call indirect, Setcc						
	10000	jmp_r	jmp Rd	Jump to Rd		
R2	10001	call_r	call Rd	Subroutine call to Rd		
	10010	-	-	Reserved		
	10011	-	-	Reserved		
	10100	mov_sr	mo∨ SR, Rd	Copy Status Register to Rd (Not implemented)		
	10101	mov_rs	mov Rd, SR	Restore Status Register from Rd (Not implemented)		
	10110	set_nt	setncc Rd	Conditional set. Move 1 to Rd if T flag is not set, otherwise move 0 to Rd		
	10111	set_t	setcc Rd	Conditional set. Move 1 to Rd if T flag is set, otherwise move 0 to Rd		
Zero Operand Instructions						
R2	11000	ret	ret	Return from subroutine		
	11001	reti	reti	Return from interrupt		
	11010	dint	dint	Disable interrups		
	11011	eint	eint	Enable interrupts		
	11100	halt	halt	Halts processor and sets it into program mode		
	11101	-	-	Reserved		
	11110	-	-	Reserved		
	11111	-	-	Reserved		