# RWorksheet\_Camarista#4a

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1. The table below shows the data about shoe size and height. Create a data frame.

```
height <- c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 64.0, 70.0, 71.0, 72.0, 64.0, 74.5, 67.0, 71.0, 71.0, 77.0, 72.0, 59.0, 62.0, 72.0, 66.0, 64.0, 67.0, 73.0, 69.0, 72.0, 70.0, 69.0, 70.0)

shoeSize <- c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 7.0, 9.5, 9.0, 13.0, 7.5, 10.5, 8.5, 12.0, 10.5, 13.0, 11.5, 8.5, 5.0, 10.0, 6.5, 7.5, 8.5, 10.5, 8.5, 10.5, 11.0, 9.0, 13.0)

shoeData <- data.frame(Shoe_Size = shoeSize, Height = height)

#got help from chat gpt to achieve the same layout from the Figure 1: Household Data, #having 2 halves of the data frame.
half <- ceiling(nrow(shoeData) / 2)
first_half <- shoeData[1:half, ]
second_half <- shoeData[(half+1):nrow(shoeData), ]

combined <- cbind(first_half, second_half)
```

```
Shoe_Size Height Shoe_Size Height
##
## 1
            6.5
                  66.0
                             13.0
                                       77
                             11.5
## 2
            9.0
                  68.0
                                      72
## 3
            8.5
                  64.5
                              8.5
                                       59
## 4
            8.5
                  65.0
                              5.0
                                       62
## 5
           10.5
                  70.0
                             10.0
                                      72
## 6
            7.0
                  64.0
                              6.5
                                      66
                              7.5
## 7
            9.5
                  70.0
                                       64
## 8
            9.0
                  71.0
                              8.5
                                       67
## 9
           13.0
                  72.0
                             10.5
                                      73
            7.5
                  64.0
                              8.5
## 10
                                      69
## 11
           10.5
                  74.5
                             10.5
                                      72
## 12
            8.5
                  67.0
                             11.0
                                      70
## 13
           12.0
                  71.0
                             9.0
                                      69
           10.5
                                      70
## 14
                  71.0
                             13.0
```

#### print(str(shoeData))

```
## 'data.frame': 28 obs. of 2 variables:
## $ Shoe_Size: num 6.5 9 8.5 8.5 10.5 7 9.5 9 13 7.5 ...
## $ Height : num 66 68 64.5 65 70 64 70 71 72 64 ...
## NULL
```

- a. Describe the data.
  - The data is consist of 28 rows and columns (Shoe Size and Height) with numerical values.
- b. Create a subset by males and females with their corresponding shoe size and height. What its result? Show the R scripts.

```
Shoe_Size Height Gender Shoe_Size Height Gender
##
## 1
                               F
                                       13.0
             6.5
                    66.0
                                                 77
## 2
             9.0
                    68.0
                               F
                                       11.5
                                                 72
                                                          М
             8.5
                    64.5
                               F
                                        8.5
                                                 59
                                                          F
## 3
                               F
## 4
             8.5
                    65.0
                                        5.0
                                                 62
                                                          F
## 5
            10.5
                    70.0
                               Μ
                                       10.0
                                                 72
                                                          М
             7.0
                               F
                                                          F
## 6
                    64.0
                                        6.5
                                                 66
                               F
                                                          F
## 7
             9.5
                    70.0
                                        7.5
                                                 64
                               F
## 8
             9.0
                                                 67
                   71.0
                                        8.5
                                                          Μ
## 9
            13.0
                    72.0
                              Μ
                                       10.5
                                                 73
                                                          M
## 10
             7.5
                    64.0
                               F
                                       8.5
                                                 69
                                                          F
## 11
            10.5
                    74.5
                               Μ
                                       10.5
                                                 72
                                                          М
## 12
             8.5
                    67.0
                               F
                                       11.0
                                                 70
                                                          М
## 13
            12.0
                    71.0
                                        9.0
                                                          М
                               М
                                                 69
## 14
            10.5
                    71.0
                               Μ
                                       13.0
                                                 70
                                                          Μ
```

• c. Find the mean of shoe size and height of the respondents. Write the R scripts and its result.

```
dataMeanShoeSize <- round(mean(withGender$Shoe_Size),2)
print(paste("The mean of the Shoe size is ", dataMeanShoeSize))</pre>
```

## [1] "The mean of the Shoe size is 9.41"

```
dataMeanHeight <- round(mean(withGender$Height),2)
print(paste("The mean of the Height is ", dataMeanHeight))</pre>
```

## [1] "The mean of the Height is 68.57"

- d. Is there a relationship between shoe size and height? Why?
  - "Yes, there is. As height increases, shoe size also increases. This increase in shoe or foot size is necessary to support the person's relative height. Similarly, when constructing tall buildings, a deep foundation is required."
- 2. Construct character vector months to a factor with factor() and assign the result to factor\_months\_vector. Print out factor\_months\_vector and assert that R prints out the factor levels below the actual values.

Consider data consisting of the names of months: "March", "April", "January", "November", "January", "September", "October", "September", "August", "January", "November", "November", "February", "May", "August", "July", "December", "August", "August", "September", "November", "February", "April"

```
September October
##
   [1] March
                 April
                            January
                                      November
                                                January
  [8] September November
                            August
                                                          November
                                                                   February
                                      January
                                                November
## [15] May
                 August
                            July
                                      December August
                                                          August
                                                                    September
## [22] November February April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
```

3. Then check the summary() of the months\_vector and factor\_months\_vector. Interpret the results of both vectors. Are they both equally useful in this case?

```
summary_factor_months <- summary(factor_months_vector)
summary_factor_months

## April August December February January July March May
## 2 4 1 2 3 1 1 1
## November October September
## 5 1 3</pre>
```

4. Create a vector and factor for the table below.

```
direction <- c("East", "West", "North")
frequency <- c(1, 4, 3)

factor_data <- factor(direction, levels = c("East", "West", "North"))
direction_data <- data.frame(Direction = factor_data, Frequency = frequency)
direction_data</pre>
```

```
## Direction Frequency
## 1 East 1
## 2 West 4
## 3 North 3
```

## 5. Enter the data below in Excel with file name = import\_march.csv

-a. Import the excel file into the Environment Pane using read.table() function. Write the code.

```
import_march_data <- read.table("import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")</pre>
```

-b. View the dataset. Write the R scripts and its result.

#### import\_march\_data

```
Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
##
## 1
         Male
                        8
                                  10
## 2
                        4
                                   8
                                               6
## 3
                        0
                                   6
                                               4
## 4
                       14
                                   4
                                              15
       Female
                                   2
## 5
                       10
                                              12
## 6
                        6
                                               9
```