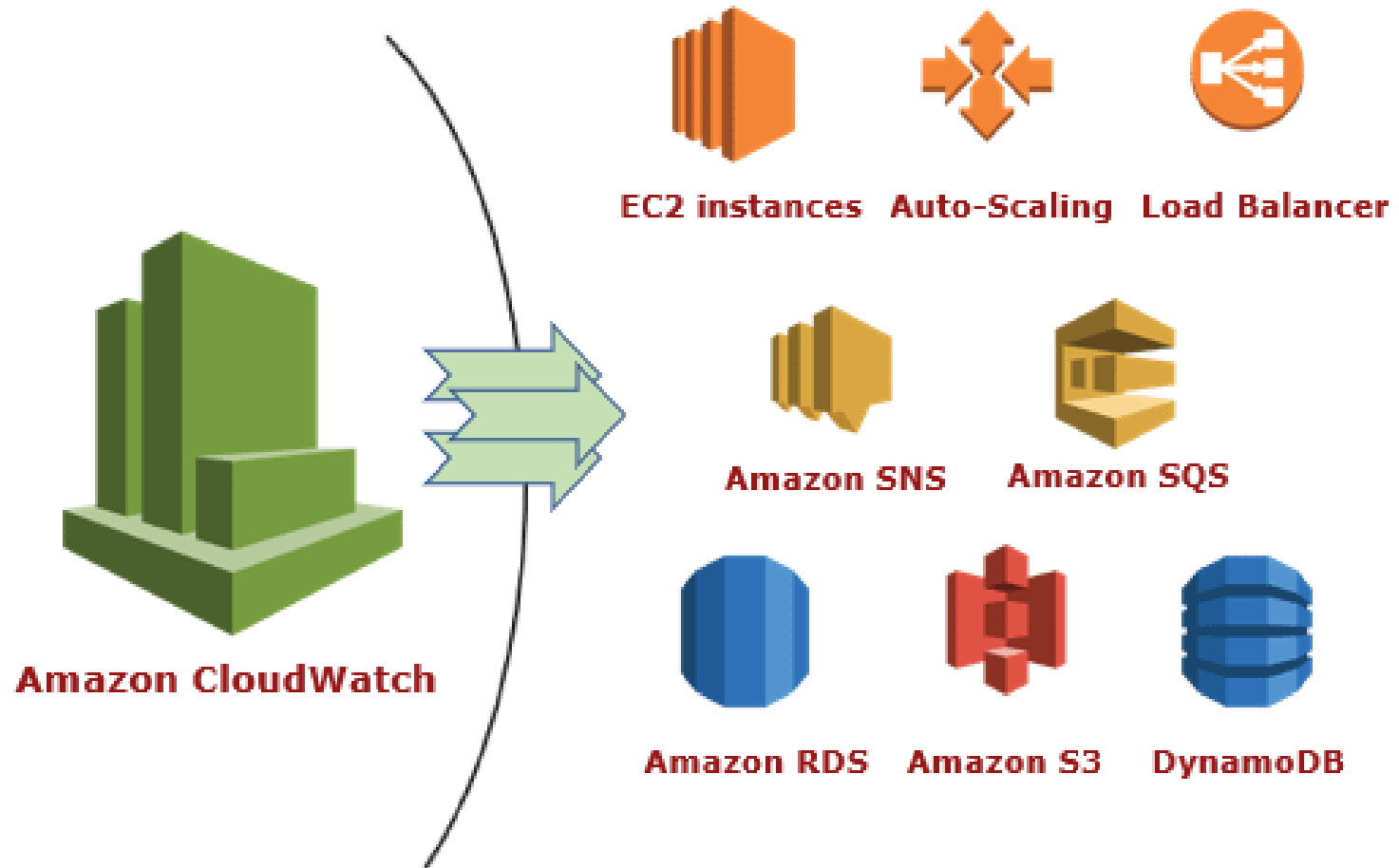


# Amazon Cloudwatch

# Cloudwatch

- Amazon CloudWatch is the component of Amazon Web Services that provides real-time monitoring of AWS resources and customer applications running on Amazon infrastructure.
- Amazon CloudWatch allows developers, system architects, and administrators to monitor their AWS applications in the cloud, in near-real-time. CloudWatch is automatically configured to provide metrics on request counts, latency, and CPU usage. Users also can send their own logs and custom metrics to CloudWatch for monitoring.
- The data and reports CloudWatch provides lets users keep track of application performance, resource use, operational issues, and constraints. This helps organizations resolve technical issues and streamline operations.



*Resources Monitored By CloudWatch*

Stream EC2 logs to CloudWatch and Create Alarm based on Log message



# Monitoring AWS Resources With CloudWatch

Amazon CloudWatch is configured out-of-the-box to integrate with EC2, offering two levels of monitoring capabilities:

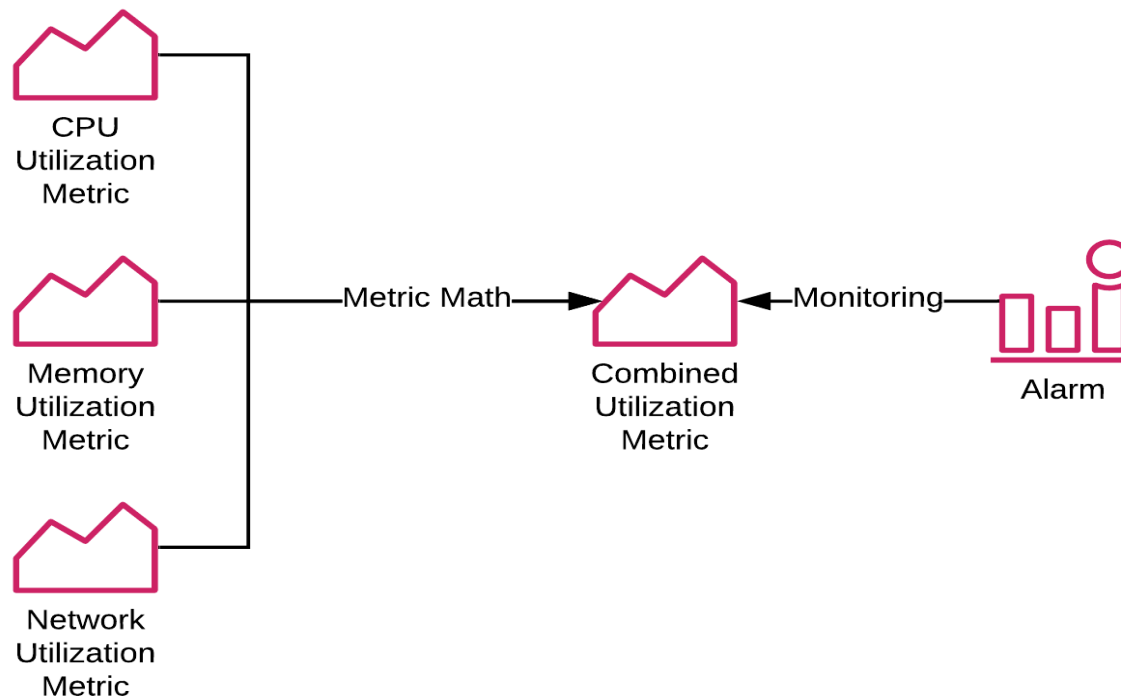
- **Basic monitoring**, which requires no additional fee, includes seven pre-selected metrics and three status-check metrics, produced at five-minute and one-minute intervals, respectively.
- **Detailed monitoring**, which comes at an additional charge, increases the frequency of all metrics to one-minute intervals.

Additional AWS services that CloudWatch can monitor automatically include the following:

- **EBS**: Monitors read/write latency and similar measurements.
- **RDS database instances**: Monitors metrics such as storage space and freeable memory.
- **SQS Queues**: Monitors messages sent, messages received, and other key metrics.
- **SNS Topics**: Monitors common metrics like number of published and delivered messages.

# Does CloudWatch Charge for All Monitoring

Amazon CloudWatch offers Basic Monitoring at no cost for EC2 instances. Data included in Basic monitoring includes CPU load, disk I/O, and network I/O metrics which is collected in five minute intervals with two week storage.



## Cloudwatch Lab

- 1) Configure Cloudwatch alert to get notification for each and every activity of EC2 console.
- 2) Configure Cloudwatch alarm to stop the instance in case cpu utilization cross 80% of the usage
- 3) Create a metric graph to monitor CPU utilisation of webserver instance.
- 4) Create a metric graph to monitor Network in out utilisation of ftp instance.

1) Configure Cloudwatch alert to get notification for each and every activity of EC2 console.

Ans: Open Services--Cloudwatch --Rule --create rule--Event pattern---Service name: EC2 --Event Type: All events-- Add target--SNS topic --Select SNS created topic name --configure detail --give rule name --create



## Step 1: Create rule

Create rules to invoke Targets based on Events happening in your AWS environment.

### Event Source

Build or customize an Event Pattern or set a Schedule to invoke Targets.

☒ Event Pattern ⓘ ☐ Schedule ⓘ

#### Build event pattern to match events by service

Service Name

Event Type

Build an event pattern to match all events from this service

#### Event Pattern Preview

[Copy to clipboard](#) [Edit](#)

```
{  
  "source": [  
    "aws.ec2"  
  ]  
}
```

### Targets

Select Target to invoke when an event matches your Event Pattern or when schedule is triggered.

SNS topic

Topic\*

[Configure input](#)

[Add target\\*](#)

2) To stop the instance in case cpu utilization cross 80% of the usage.

Ans: Launch one Instance----click on alarm – and fill the detail—SNS topic – action—stop the instance –set cpu value –80%

## Create Alarm

You can use CloudWatch alarms to be notified automatically whenever metric data reaches a level you define.  
To edit an alarm, first choose whom to notify and then define when the notification should be sent.

☒ **Send a notification to:**  [cancel](#)

**With these recipients:**

☐ **Take the action:**

- ☐ Recover this instance ⓘ
- ☐ Stop this instance ⓘ
- ☐ Terminate this instance ⓘ
- ☐ Reboot this instance ⓘ

---

**Whenever:**  of

**Is:**   Percent

**For at least:**  consecutive period(s) of

---

**Name of alarm:**

[Cancel](#) [Create Alarm](#)

# How to increase CPU load manually ?

- **Open Linux Instance**

```
# sudo su
```

```
# top
```

```
%cpu = 0
```

```
# yes >/dev/null &
```

```
# top
```

```
%cpu = 99
```

How to decrease cpu load manually ?

Ans:

```
# top
```

```
%cpu = 99
```

check th pip consuming more cpu usage ( eg : 3147)

```
# kill -9 3147
```

3) Create a metric graph to monitor CPU utilisation of webserver instance.

Ans: Launch One Instance – Open Cloudwatch –Dashboard—Create dashboard --

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch console interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with the following items: CloudWatch, Dashboards (highlighted), Alarms, ALARM (with a count of 0), INSUFFICIENT (with a count of 1), OK (with a count of 0), Billing, Logs, Log groups, Insights, Metrics, and Events. The main content area is titled 'Dashboards' and features a blue 'Create dashboard' button. Below the button is a table with a header 'Name'. The table content states: 'You have no CloudWatch dashboards. Please [create a dashboard](#).'

# Cloudwatch Lab

3) Create a metric graph to monitor CPU utilisation of webserver instance.

Ans: Now give dashboard name—create dashboard—select line metric —  
configure—select EC2—Per Instance metric – select the required instance with  
cpu utilisation metric –create widget

