

Show all of your work, and *please* staple your assignment if you use more than one sheet. Write your name, the course number and the section on every sheet. Problems marked with * will be graded and one additional randomly chosen problem will be graded.

1. A secure digital communications system has a receiving station with a CPU that can decode messages at a rate of 1 per minute, and a buffer that will hold up to 3 of these messages. Suppose that messages arrive according to a Poisson process with rate 0.7 per minute. Making the assumption that decode times are exponential random variables, answer the following questions about the large t behavior of the receiving station. (Note: the number messages in the system is the number in the buffer plus the one being processed). **Solve this as a Birth and Death Process question. Then you can go back and verify your answers using the appropriate queueing system**
 - (a) Draw a state diagram of the number of messages in the system.
 - (b) What fraction of the time is the CPU idle?
 - (c) Let X be the number of messages in the system (for large t). What is the probability mass function (pmf) of X ?
 - (d) What fraction of incoming messages are lost (i.e. arrive when the buffer is full)?
 - (e) What is the mean number of messages in the system? What is the mean number of messages in the buffer?
2. A library has only one librarian to help borrowers check out their books. Borrowers arrive according to a Poisson process at a rate of 5 per hour. The service time for each customer follows an Exponential distribution with expectation 0.1 hour. If the librarian is serving someone, arriving borrowers will stay in a line.
 - (a) What is this queueing system?
 - (b) What is the traffic intensity?
 - (c) What is the (steady state) probability that there is no one in the *queue*?
 - (d) What is the (steady state) expected waiting time to check out (time in the queue plus time in service)?
3. * There is only one restroom in a restaurant, where customers go to this restroom according to a Poisson process with average rate of 16 people every hour. The time that a customer uses the restroom follows an Exponential distribution with expectation 3 minutes. If the restroom is being used, newly arrived customers stay in the queue. Find (large t behavior of) the following quantities.
 - (a) The expected number of customers in the restroom and waiting at any time.
 - (b) The proportion of time when no one is using the restroom.
 - (c) The probability that there are less than 3 customers either waiting or using the restroom.
 - (d) The average time that an arrival stands in line.
 - (e) The probability that a customer is in the queue for longer than 15 min.
4. * A network router operates as an M/M/1/10 queue, with data packets arriving as a Poisson process, being stored in a buffer, and then, in the order of their arrival, sent onwards by a processor. The arrival rate is $\lambda = 1/\text{millisecond}$, and the processor operates at a rate of $\mu = 1.2/\text{millisecond}$. Any packets arriving at times when the buffer is already full are discarded.
 - (a) Draw the transition diagram for this system.
 - (b) Find the expected time until the next change of system state if the *system* is currently
 - i. empty;
 - ii. full;
 - iii. neither empty nor full.

- (c) Find the steady-state distribution (pmf) of the system (report probabilities with 4 decimal places).
 - (d) Find the probability that the processor is busy.
 - (e) Find the average number of packets in the system.
 - (f) Find the rate that arriving packets are discarded.
 - (g) Find the expected length of time spent by each packet in the system.
5. Jobs are sent to a printer at random times, according to a Poisson process of arrivals, with a rate of 12 jobs per hour. The time it takes to print a job is an Exponential random variable, independent of the arrival time, with the average of 2 minutes per job.
- (a) A job is sent to a printer at noon. When is it expected to be printed?
 - (b) How often does the total number of jobs in the queue and currently being printed exceed 2?
6. Trucks arrive at a weigh station according to a Poisson process with the average rate of 1 truck every 10 minutes. Inspection time is Exponential with the average of 3 minutes. When a truck is on the scale, the other trucks stay in a line waiting for their turn. Compute:
- (a) the expected number of trucks in the line at any time
 - (b) the proportion of time when the weigh station is empty
 - (c) the expected time each truck spends at the station, from arrival till departure.