

Smart High-Side Power Switch



Features

- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Reverse battery protection¹)
- Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis
- Open drain diagnostic output
- Open load detection in ON-state
- CMOS compatible input
- Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)
- AEC Qualified

| Product Summary | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------|------------|----------|
| Overvoltage protection | V _{bb(AZ)} | 65 | | ٧ |
| Operating voltage | V _{bb(on)} | 4.7 4 | ļ 2 | ٧ |
| On-state resistance | Ron | 220 | m | Ω |
| Load current (ISO) | /L(ISO) | 1.8 | | Α |
| Current limitation | /L(SCr) | 5 | | Α |

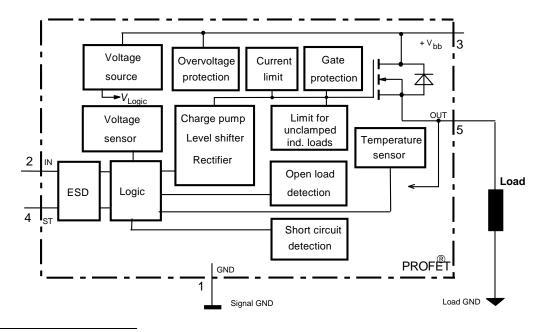


Application

- μC compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitve loads
- Replaces electromechanical relays, fuses and discrete circuits

General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS[®] technology. Providing embedded protective functions.



¹⁾ With external current limit (e.g. resistor R_{GND}=150 Ω) in GND connection, resistors in series with IN and ST connections, reverse load current limited by connected load.

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| Pin | Symbol | | Function |
|-----|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | GND | 1 | Logic ground |
| 2 | IN | - | Input, activates the power switch in case of logical high signal |
| 3 | Vbb | + | Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin |
| 4 | ST | S | Diagnostic feedback, low on failure |
| 5 | OUT (Load, L) | 0 | Output to the load |

| Maximum Ratings at $T_j = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Values | Unit | | | | | | |
| Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 3) | $V_{ m bb}$ | 65 | V | | | | | | |
| Load dump protection ²⁾ $V_{\text{LoadDump}} = U_{\text{A}} + V_{\text{S}}, U_{\text{A}} = 13.5 \text{ V}$ $R_{\text{I}}^{3)} = 2 \Omega$, $R_{\text{L}} = 6.6 \Omega$, $t_{\text{d}} = 400 \text{ ms}$, IN= low or high | V _{Load dump} ⁴⁾ | 100 | V | | | | | | |
| Load current (Short circuit current, see page 4) | / ∟ | self-limited | Α | | | | | | |
| Operating temperature range | T _j | -40+150 | °C | | | | | | |
| Storage temperature range | T _{stg} | -55+150 | | | | | | | |
| Power dissipation (DC), T _C ≤ 25 °C | P _{tot} | 50 | W | | | | | | |
| Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation, single pulse $V_{bb} = 12V$, $T_{j,start} = 150$ °C, $T_{C} = 150$ °C const. | | | | | | | | | |
| $I_{L} = 1.8 \text{ A}, Z_{L} = 2.3 \text{ H}, 0 \Omega$: | E_{AS} | 4.5 | J | | | | | | |
| Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) IN: (Human Body Model) all other pins: acc. MIL-STD883D, method 3015.7 and ESD assn. std. S5.1-1993 | V _{ESD} | 1 2 | kV | | | | | | |
| Input voltage (DC) | V _{IN} | -0.5 +6 | V | | | | | | |
| Current through input pin (DC) | I _{IN} | ±5.0 | mA | | | | | | |
| Current through status pin (DC) | I _{ST} | ±5.0 | | | | | | | |
| see internal circuit diagrams page 6 | | | | | | | | | |

| Thermal Characteristics | | | | | |
|--|------------|-----|--------|-----|------|
| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | | Values | ; | Unit |
| | | min | typ | max | |
| Thermal resistance chip - case: | R_{thJC} | | | 2.5 | K/W |
| junction - ambient (free air): | R_{thJA} | | | 75 | |
| SMD version, device on PCB ⁵): | | | 35 | | |

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Supply voltages higher than $V_{bb(AZ)}$ require an external current limit for the GND and status pins, e.g. with a 150 Ω resistor in the GND connection and a 15 k Ω resistor in series with the status pin. A resistor for the protection of the input is integrated.

 $R_{\rm I}$ = internal resistance of the load dump test pulse generator

V_{Load dump} is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839

Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.



Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | | Values max | | Unit |
|--|--------|-----|------------|-----|------|
| at $T_j = 25$ °C, $V_{bb} = 12$ V unless otherwise specified | | min | typ | max | |

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

| Ron | | 190 | 220 | mΩ |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | | 390 | 440 | |
| I _{L(ISO)} | 1.6 | 1.8 | | А |
| I _{L(GNDhigh)} | | | 1 | mA |
| <i>t</i> on | 12 | | 125 | μS |
| $t_{ m off}$ | 5 | | 85 | |
| | | | | |
| dV/dt _{on} | | | 3 | V/µs |
| | | | | |
| -d V/dt _{off} | | | 6 | V/μs |
| | $I_{L(ISO)}$ $I_{L(GNDhigh)}$ t_{on} t_{off} | $I_{L(ISO)}$ 1.6 $I_{L(GNDhigh)}$ t_{on} 12 t_{off} 5 | 390 I _{L(ISO)} 1.6 1.8 I _{L(GNDhigh)} | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |

| Operating Parameters | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Operating voltage ⁶) | <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C: | $V_{ m bb(on)}$ | 4.7 | | 42 | V |
| Undervoltage shutdown | <i>T</i> _i =25°C: | V _{bb(under)} | 2.9 | | 4.5 | V |
| | T _j =-40+150°C: | | 2.7 | | 4.7 | |
| Undervoltage restart | $T_{\rm j}$ =-40+150°C: | V _{bb(u rst)} | | | 4.9 | V |
| Undervoltage restart of charge pump see diagram page 13 | | V _{bb(ucp)} | | 5.6 | 6.0 | V |
| Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{bb(under)} = V_{bb(u rst)} - V_{bb(under)}$ | | $\Delta V_{ m bb(under)}$ | | 0.1 | | V |
| Overvoltage shutdown | <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C: | V _{bb(over)} | 42 | | 52 | V |
| Overvoltage restart | <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C: | V _{bb(o rst)} | 40 | | | V |
| Overvoltage hysteresis | <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C: | $\Delta V_{\text{bb(over)}}$ | | 0.1 | | V |
| Overvoltage protection ⁷⁾ | <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C: | $V_{\rm bb(AZ)}$ | 65 | 70 | | V |
| l _{bb} =4 mA | | | | | | |
| Standby current (pin 3) | <i>T</i> _j =-40+25°C: | I _{bb(off)} | | 10 | 15 | μΑ |
| V _{IN} =0 | <i>T</i> _j = 150°C: | | | 18 | 25 | |
| Leakage output current (included in Ibb(off)) Vin=0 | | I _{L(off)} | | | 20 | μА |

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At supply voltage increase up to V_{bb} = 5.6 V typ without charge pump, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{bb}$ - 2 V Meassured without load. See also $V_{ON(CL)}$ in table of protection functions and circuit diagram page 7.



| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | Values | | Unit | |
|--|------------------|--------|-----|------|----|
| at $Tj = 25$ °C, $Vbb = 12$ V unless otherwise specified | | min | typ | max | |
| Operating current (Pin 1) ⁸), V _{IN} =5 V, T _i =-40+150°C | I _{GND} | | 1 | 2.1 | mA |

Protection Functions⁹⁾

| Protection Functions ⁹ | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----|-----|--------|----|
| Initial peak short circuit current limit (pin 3 to 5) ¹⁰), (max 450 μ s if $V_{ON} > V_{ON(SC)}$) | I _{L(SCp)} | | | | |
| T_{\perp} =-40°C: | | 9 | | 23 | Α |
| $T_{j} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}:$ $T_{j} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}:$ $T_{j} = +150^{\circ}\text{C}:$ | | 4 | 12 | 15 | |
| Repetitive overload shutdown current limit | / _{L(SCr)} | • | | | |
| $V_{\rm ON}$ = 8 V, $T_{\rm j}$ = $T_{\rm jt}$ (see timing diagrams, page 11) | | | 5 | | Α |
| Short circuit shutdown delay after input pos. slope $V_{\rm ON} > V_{\rm ON(SC)}$, $T_{\rm j} = -40+150 ^{\circ}{\rm C}$: | t _{d(SC)} | | | 450 | μS |
| min value valid only, if input "low" time exceeds 60 μs | | | | | |
| Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{bb}} - V_{\text{ON(CL)}}$ $I_{\text{L}} = 40 \text{ mA}$, $T_{\text{j}} = -40+150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$: | V _{ON(CL)} | 61 | 68 | 73 | V |
| $I_{L}= 1 \text{ A}, T_{j} = -40+150$ °C: | | | | 75 | |
| Short circuit shutdown detection voltage (pin 3 to 5) | V _{ON(SC)} | | 8.5 | | V |
| Thermal overload trip temperature | $T_{\rm jt}$ | 150 | | | °C |
| Thermal hysteresis | △T _{jt} | | 10 | | K |
| Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) 11) | - V _{bb} | | | 32 | V |
| | | | | | |
| Diagnostic Characteristics | | | | | |
| Open load detection current | I _{L (OL)} | | | | mΑ |
| (on-condition) T_j =-40150°C: | | 2 | | 150 | |

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⁸⁾ Add I_{ST} , if $I_{ST} > 0$, add I_{IN} , if $V_{IN} > 5.5 \text{ V}$

Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

Short circuit current limit for max. duration of $t_{d(SC)\ max}$ =450 μs , prior to shutdown

Requires 150 Ω resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode has to be limited by the connected load. Note that the power dissipation is higher compared to normal operating conditions due to the voltage drop across the intrinsic drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not active during reverse current operation! Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 7).



| Parameter and Conditions | Symbol | | Values | } | Unit |
|---|---------------------------|-----|--------|------|------|
| at $Tj = 25$ °C, $Vbb = 12$ V unless otherwise specified | | min | typ | max | |
| Input and Status Feedback ¹²) | | | | | |
| Input turn-on threshold voltage | $V_{\text{IN(T+)}}$ | 1.5 | | 2.4 | V |
| Input turn-off threshold voltage $T_j = -40$ | $V_{\text{IN(T-)}}$ | 1.0 | | | V |
| Input threshold hysteresis | $\Delta V_{\text{IN(T)}}$ | | 0.5 | | V |
| Off state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | I _{IN(off)} | 1 | | 30 | μΑ |
| On state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ | I _{IN(on)} | 10 | 25 | 70 | μΑ |
| Status invalid after positive input slope | t _{d(ST SC)} | | | 450 | μS |
| (short circuit) T_{j} =-40 +150°C: | | | | | |
| Status invalid after positive input slope | $t_{\sf d(ST)}$ | 300 | | 1400 | μS |
| (open load) T_{j} =-40 +150°C: | | | | | |
| Status output (open drain) | | | | | |
| Zener limit voltage T_j =-40+150°C, I_{ST} = +50 uA: | V _{ST(high)} | 5.0 | 6 | | V |
| ST low voltage $T_j = -40 + 150$ °C, $I_{ST} = +1.6$ mA: | V _{ST(low)} | | | 0.4 | |

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 $[\]overline{}^{12)}$ If a ground resistor R_{GND} is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor.



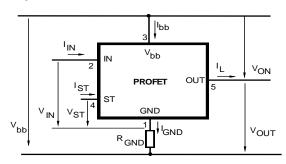
Truth Table

| | Input- | Output | | Status | | | |
|--------------------|--------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | level | level | 412 B2 | 410 D2 | 410 E2/ F2 | 410 G2 | 410 H2 |
| Normal | ı | ı | H | H | H | H | H |
| operation | H | H | H | H | н | H | Н |
| Open load | L | ¹³) | L | Н | Н | Н | L |
| | Н | Н | Н | L | L | L | Н |
| Short circuit | L | L | Н | Н | Н | Н | Н |
| to GND | Н | L | L | L | L | Н | L |
| Short circuit | L | Н | L | Н | Н | Н | L |
| to V _{bb} | Н | Н | Н | H (L ¹⁴⁾) | H (L ¹⁴⁾) | H (L ¹⁴⁾) | Н |
| Overtem- | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| perature | Н | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| Under- | L | L | ∟ 15) | L ¹⁵) | Н | Н | Н |
| voltage | Н | L | ∟15) | ∟15) | Н | Η | Н |
| Overvoltage | L | L | L | L | Н | Н | Н |
| | Н | L | L | L | Н | Τ | Н |

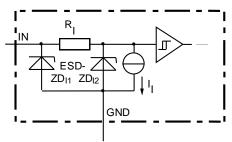
L = "Low" Level H = "High" Level X = don't care

Z = high impedance, potential depends on external circuit Status signal after the time delay shown in the diagrams (see fig 5. page 12...13)

Terms

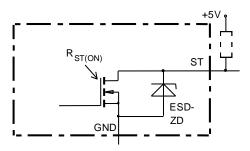


Input circuit (ESD protection)



ZD_{I1} 6 V typ., ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions. Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

Status output



ESD-Zener diode: 6 V typ., max 5 mA;

 $R_{ST(ON)}$ < 250 Ω at 1.6 mA, ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions.

Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

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Power Transistor off, high impedance, versions BTS 410H, BTS 412B: internal pull up current source for open load detection.

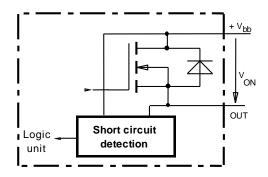
Low resistance short V_{bb} to output may be detected in ON-state by the no-load-detection

No current sink capability during undervoltage shutdown

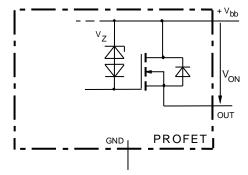


Short circuit detection

Fault Condition: $V_{ON} > 8.5 \text{ V typ.}$; IN high

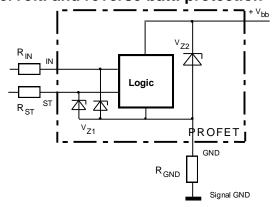


Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



Von clamped to 68 V typ.

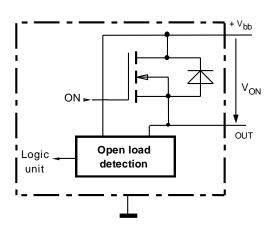
Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



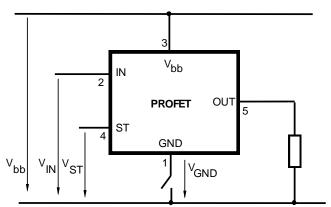
 V_{Z1} = 6.2 V typ., V_{Z2} = 70 V typ., R_{GND} = 150 Ω , R_{IN} , R_{ST} = 15 k Ω

Open-load detection

ON-state diagnostic condition: $V_{\rm ON} < R_{\rm ON} * I_{\rm L(OL)}$; IN high

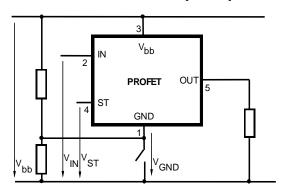


GND disconnect



Any kind of load. In case of Input=high is $V_{OUT} \approx V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$. Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} = low$ signal available.

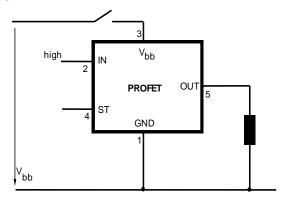
GND disconnect with GND pull up



Any kind of load. If $V_{GND} > V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} =$ low signal available.

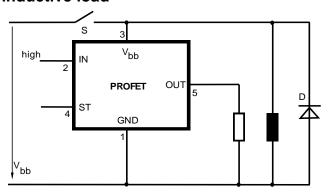


V_{bb} disconnect with energized inductive load



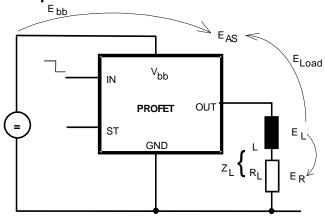
Normal load current can be handled by the PROFET itself

V_{bb} disconnect with charged external inductive load



If other external inductive loads L are connected to the PROFET, additional elements like D are necessary.

Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy stored in load inductance:

$$E_L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_1^2$$

While demagnetizing load inductance, the energy dissipated in PROFET is

$$\textit{E}_{AS} = \textit{E}_{bb} + \textit{E}_{L} - \textit{E}_{R} = \int \textit{V}_{ON(CL)} \cdot i_L(t) \; dt, \label{eq:easy_energy}$$

with an approximate solution for $R_L > 0\,\Omega$:

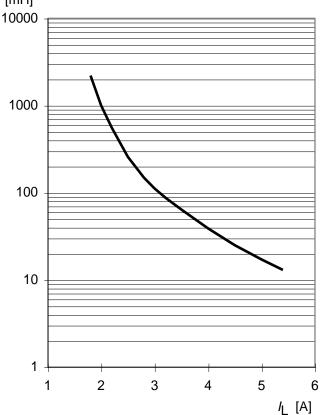
$$E_{\text{AS}} = \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot L}{2 \cdot R_{\text{L}}} \cdot \left(V_{\text{bb}} + |V_{\text{OUT(CL)}}| \right) \cdot \ln \left(1 + \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot R_{\text{L}}}{|V_{\text{OUT(CL)}}|} \right)$$

Maximum allowable load inductance for a single switch off

$$L = f(I_L); T_{j,\text{start}} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}, T_C = 150^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ const.},$$

 $V_{\text{bb}} = 12 \text{ V}, R_L = 0 \Omega$

L [mH]

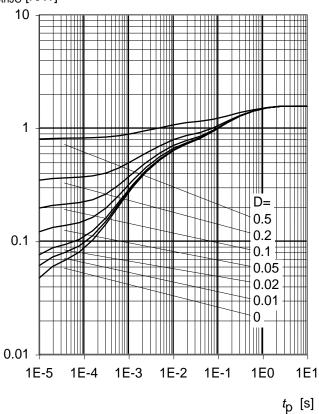




Typ. transient thermal impedance chip case

 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p, D), D=t_p/T$

 Z_{thJC} [K/W]





Options Overview

all versions: High-side switch, Input protection, ESD protection, load dump and reverse battery protection with 150 Ω in GND connection, protection against loss of ground

| ground | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Туре втѕ | 412 B2 | 410D2 | 410E2 | 410F2 | 410G2 | 410H2 | 307 | 308 |
| Logic version | В | D | Е | F | G | Н | | |
| Overtemperature protection with hysteresis | | | | | | | | |
| T _j >150 °C, latch function ¹⁶) ¹⁷) | Х | Х | | Х | | Х | | Х |
| T_j >150 °C, with auto-restart on cooling | | | Х | | Х | | Χ | |
| Short circuit to GND protection | | | | | | | | |
| switches off when $V_{\rm ON}>3.5~{\rm V}$ typ. and $V_{\rm bb}>7~{\rm V}$ typ ¹⁶⁾ (when first turned on after approx. 150 μ s) | | | | | | Х | | Х |
| switches off when V _{ON} >8.5 V typ. ¹⁶⁾ (when first turned on after approx. 150 μs) | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | |
| Achieved through overtemperature protection | | | | | Х | | Х | |
| Open load detection | | | | | | | | |
| in OFF-state with sensing current 30 μA typ. in ON-state with sensing voltage drop across power transistor | Х | Х | х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Undervoltage shutdown with auto restart | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Overvoltage shutdown with auto restart ¹⁸) | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | - | Х |
| Status feedback for | | | | | | | | |
| overtemperature | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| short circuit to GND | X | Х | Х | Х | - | Х | Χ | Х |
| short to V _{bb} | X | _19) | - ¹⁹) | _19) | _19) | Х | Χ | Х |
| open load | X | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| undervoltage | X | X | - | - | - | - | Χ | - |
| overvoltage | Х | Х | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Status output type | | | | | | | | |
| CMOS | X | Х | | | | | | |
| Open drain | | | X | X | X | X | Χ | Χ |
| Output negative voltage transient limit (fast inductive load switch off) | | | | | | | | |
| to V _{bb} - V _{ON(CL)} | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Load current limit | | | | | | | | |
| high level (can handle loads with high inrush currents) | Х | Х | Х | | | | | |
| low level (better protection of application) | | | | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Protection against loss of GND | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Χ | Х |

Latch except when V_{bb} - V_{OUT} < $V_{ON(SC)}$ after shutdown. In most cases V_{OUT} = 0 V after shutdown ($V_{OUT} \neq 0$ V only if forced externally). So the device remains latched unless V_{bb} < $V_{ON(SC)}$ (see page 4). No latch between turn on and $t_{d(SC)}$.

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With latch function. Reseted by a) Input low, b) Undervoltage

¹⁸) No auto restart after overvoltage in case of short circuit

Low resistance short $V_{\rm bb}$ to output may be detected in ON-state by the no-load-detection



Timing diagrams

Figure 1a: V_{bb} turn on:

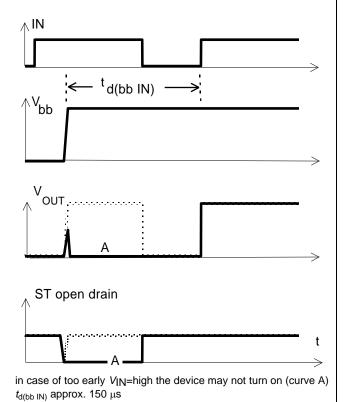


Figure 2a: Switching a lamp,

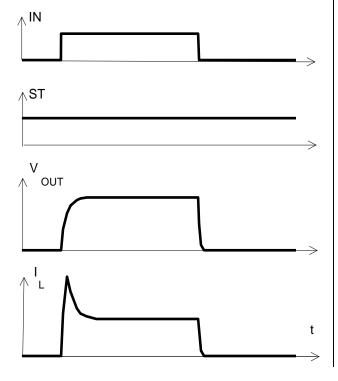
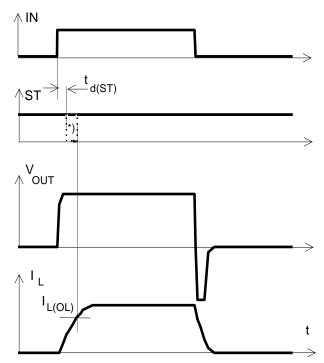
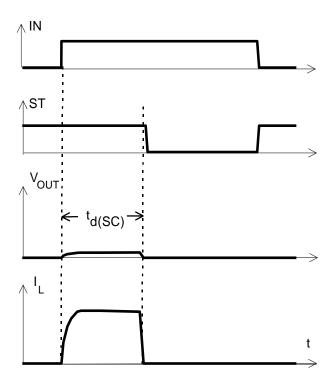


Figure 2b: Switching an inductive load



*) if the time constant of load is too large, open-load-status may occur

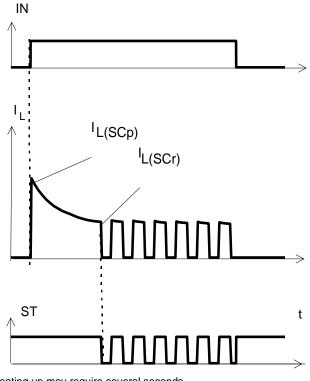
Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit,





 $t_{d(SC)}$ approx. -- μs if V_{bb} - $V_{OUT} > 8.5$ V typ.

Figure 3b: Turn on into overload,



Heating up may require several seconds, $V_{\rm bb}$ - $V_{\rm OUT}$ < 8.5 V typ.

Figure 3c: Short circuit while on:

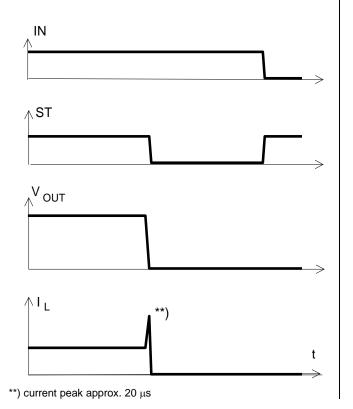


Figure 4a: Overtemperature: Reset if $T_j < T_{jt}$

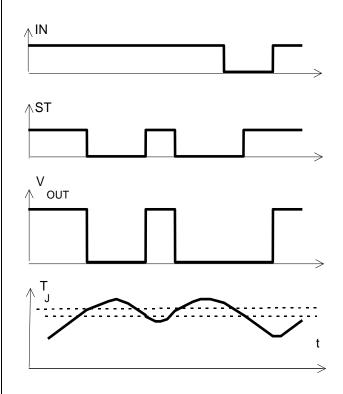


Figure 5a: Open load: detection in ON-state, turn on/off to open load

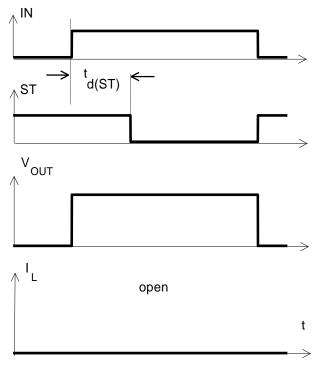




Figure 5b: Open load: detection in ON-state, open load occurs in on-state

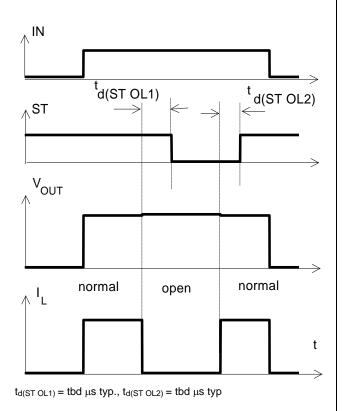


Figure 6a: Undervoltage:

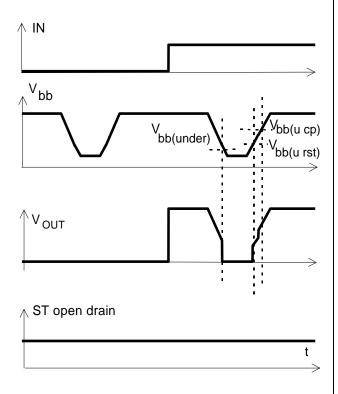


Figure 6b: Undervoltage restart of charge pump

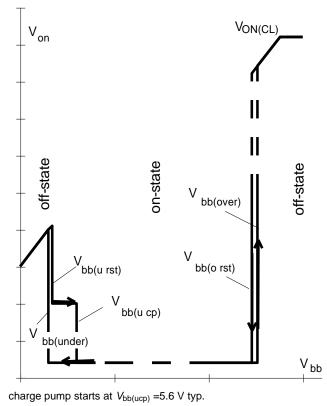


Figure 7a: Overvoltage:

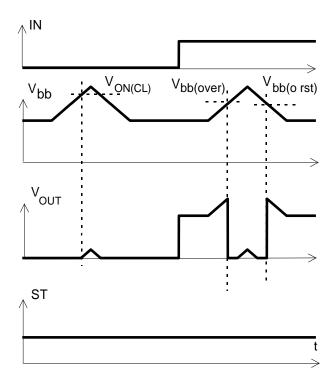
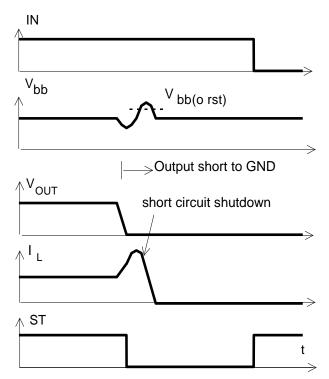




Figure 9a: Overvoltage at short circuit shutdown:



Overvoltage due to power line inductance. No overvoltage autorestart of PROFET after short circuit shutdown.

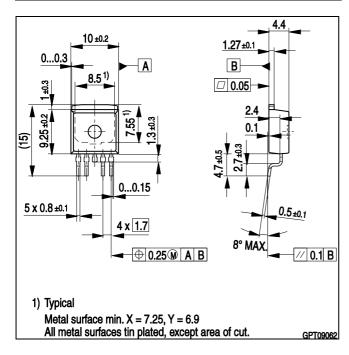


Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

 PG-TO263-5-2
 Ordering code

 BTS410E2 E3062A
 SP001104816



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