



Yuehan Zhang

Contact me:

johnzhang514145@gmail.com

Life Update

By - Yuehan Zhang - Posted on 2025-10-12 - in Cyber science

Private Deployment of Team Note-Taking Software: Tutorial for Deploying Outline on Ubuntu

Summary

With the growing demand for team collaboration, building self-hosted code hosting and knowledge base systems has become a practical need for many individuals and teams—such systems can better ensure data privacy, support personalized configurations, and adapt to collaboration modes in different scenarios. This document provides a detailed, step-by-step guide to deploying Forgejo (a code hosting platform) and Outline (a knowledge base tool) on an Ubuntu server, covering everything from basic environment preparation (e.g., purchasing ECS and domain names, installing Docker, Nginx, and PostgreSQL) to advanced configurations (e.g., setting up multi-login options via Forgejo and Microsoft

Azure). Whether you are a developer, operation and maintenance personnel, or team manager who needs to build self-hosted collaboration tools, you can complete the entire deployment smoothly by following the steps, and finally obtain a customizable code hosting and knowledge management system to support internal team collaboration.

O.Buy a Elastic Compute Service and domain name

If you already have an Ubuntu server and a domain name, you can skip this section.

This article uses an Alibaba Cloud ECS (Elastic Compute Service). You can also choose other platforms, such as Amazon EC2 (Elastic Compute Cloud). First, you need to purchase a domain name on your selected platform. The specific process will not be repeated here as it is relatively simple. After purchasing the domain name, you need to add a DNS record for it, which means associating your domain name with your server's IP address. Please refer to the image for the relevant operations.

Add DNS Record

* Domain Name
qu...ine...

* Host Record
 www.qu...ine... (Add a www host record.)
 qu...ine... (Add an @ host record.)

+ Custom Host Records

* Record Type
A Record ⓘ

Select Simple Application Server

Server ID/Name	IP Address
67e06f39c416469992e66c3... Ubuntu-jxp	47...252...

Total: 1 < 1 > 10 / page ⓘ

OK Cancel

Next, we need to download the SSL certificate. For the download process on the Alibaba Cloud platform, you can refer to this article:

<https://help.aliyun.com/zh/ssl-certificate/user-guide/download-an-ssl-certificate?spm=a2c4g.11186623.0.i3>

Purchase Certificate

Create Certificate

SSL Certificate Management

Purchase Certificate

Official Certificate Individual Test Certificate (Formerly Free Certificate) Manage Uploaded Certificates Manage CSR Order Refund Management

Purchase Certificate Create Certificate Certificate Status All Brands Enter a domain name or resource ID

After these files are downloaded, you will get two files. You need to rename them to ssl.key and ssl.pem respectively.

Next, upload these two files to the following paths on the Ubuntu server:
/etc/nginx/cert/ssl.key
/etc/nginx/cert/ssl.pem
If this path does not exist, simply create a new folder named /etc/nginx/cert yourself.

1. Install Docker

```
sudo apt install -y python3
python3-pip
sudo pip3 install docker-compose
```

2. Verify if Docker is installed successfully

```
docker-compose --version
```

3. Deploy Forgejo

```
mkdir forgejo
```

Write a **docker-compose** file: In the **forgejo** folder, create a file named **forgejo.yaml** with the following content. Please copy it directly.

```
networks:
  forgejo:
    external: false
services:
  server:
    image:
      codeberg.org/forgejo/forgejo:9
    container_name: forgejo
    environment:
      - USER_UID=1000
      - USER_GID=1000
    restart: always
    networks:
      - forgejo
    volumes:
      - /data/forgejo:/data
      -
      /etc/timezone:/etc/timezone:ro
      -
      /etc/localtime:/etc/localtime:ro
    ports:
      - '3002:3000'
      - '222:22'
```

4.Start Forgejo Service

```
docker-compose -f forgejo.yaml  
up -d
```

5.Use Forgejo and Microsoft azure

```
sudo ufw allow 3002/tcp  
  
sudo ufw allow 3002/udp  
  
sudo ufw status
```

Access it in the browser via the internal network <http://IP:3002>. For example, mine is <http://10.6.158.157:3002>. You need to set your own password and complete a series of registration procedures. Then you'll reach this page.

Click the avatar in the upper right corner, then click Settings.

Click on Applications, then click Create Application. Complete a series of registration procedures, and record all IDs and passwords. It is recommended that you take a screenshot to save them. After clicking the “Create” button, the page will display the Client ID and Client Secret. Immediately copy these two pieces of information and save them in a notepad (because the Client Secret will disappear after refreshing the page, and it will be needed for subsequent Outline).

configuration).

Change the “Redirect URL” to: `http://your-ip:13090/auth/oidc.callback`

Next, I have also set up a login option using Microsoft’s cloud services. So now I have two login options. If you only need the previous one, you can ignore the following deployment of the Microsoft option.

First, you need to log in to this URL: <https://portal.azure.com/>, and register your own account. Then click the three horizontal lines in the top-left corner.

Then, click Microsoft entra ID

Then, Manage and App registrations

Then, New registrations

Platform: web

Redirect URL: <https://your domain or>

ip:13090/auth/azure.callback

Create your secret and remember the value immediately.

This ID and Secret are the Microsoft-related information you need to fill in the Docker .env file later. Once the Secret is generated, you must record it immediately, as it will not be displayed again afterwards. (It's value, not Secret ID)

6. Install Nginx on the server

```
sudo apt update
```

```
sudo apt install nginx  
  
sudo systemctl start nginx  
  
sudo systemctl enable nginx  
  
sudo systemctl status nginx
```

Add a configuration file in the /etc/nginx/
nginx.conf

Enter the sites-enabled directory and
create a new configuration file, for example,
named nginx.conf.

You need to change the server_name to
your own registered domain name.

```
user root;  
worker_processes auto;  
pid /run/nginx.pid;  
error_log  
/var/log/nginx/error.log warn;  
include /etc/nginx/modules-  
enabled/*.conf;  
  
events {  
    worker_connections 1024;  
    multi_accept on;  
}  
  
http {  
  
    sendfile on;  
    tcp_nopush on;
```

```
        tcp_nodelay on;
        keepalive_timeout 65;
        types_hash_max_size 2048;

        include
        /etc/nginx/mime.types;
        default_type
        application/octet-stream;

        ssl_protocols TLSv1.2
        TLSv1.3;
        ssl_prefer_server_ciphers
        on;
        ssl_ciphers ECDHE-ECDSA-
        AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-RSA-
        AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-ECDSA-
        AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-
        AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-ECDSA-
        CHACHA20-POLY1305:ECDHE-RSA-
        CHACHA20-POLY1305:DHE-RSA-
        AES128-GCM-SHA256:DHE-RSA-
        AES256-GCM-SHA384;
        ssl_session_cache
        shared:SSL:10m;
        ssl_session_timeout 1d;
        ssl_stapling on;
        ssl_stapling_verify on;

        access_log
        /var/log/nginx/access.log;
        error_log
        /var/log/nginx/error.log;

        gzip on;
        gzip_vary on;
        gzip_proxied any;
        gzip_comp_level 6;
        gzip_buffers 16 8k;
```

```
    gzip_http_version 1.1;
    gzip_types text/plain
    text/css application/json
    application/javascript text/xml
    application/xml
    application/xml+rss
    text/javascript;

    include
    /etc/nginx/conf.d/*.conf;
    include /etc/nginx/sites-
enabled/*;

server {
    listen 13090 ssl;
    server_name ?;

    ssl_certificate
    /etc/nginx/cert/ssl.pem;
    ssl_certificate_key
    /etc/nginx/cert/ssl.key;

    add_header Strict-
Transport-Security "max-
age=31536000; includeSubDomains"
always;
    add_header X-Content-
Type-Options nosniff;
    add_header X-Frame-
Options SAMEORIGIN;
    add_header X-XSS-
Protection "1; mode=block";

    location / {
        proxy_pass
        http://outline:3000;

        proxy_set_header
```

```
Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-
Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-
Forwarded-For
$proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
    proxy_set_header X-
Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
    proxy_set_header X-
Forwarded-Port $server_port;

    proxy_http_version
1.1;
    proxy_set_header
Upgrade $http_upgrade;
    proxy_set_header
Connection "upgrade";

proxy_connect_timeout 300s;
    proxy_read_timeout
300s;
    proxy_send_timeout
300s;
}

}

server {
    listen 80;
    server_name ?;

    return 301
https://$host:13090$request_uri;
}
}
```

Need to restart the Nginx service to make the new configuration take effect.

```
sudo systemctl restart nginx
```

7. Install the PostgreSQL server and client:

Execute the command to install

```
sudo apt install postgresql  
postgresql-contrib
```

Create a database user

Use the **CREATE USER** statement to create a user named **outline** and set the password to **password**. The command is as follows:

```
CREATE USER outline WITH  
PASSWORD 'password';
```

Create a database

Use the **CREATE DATABASE** statement to create a database named **outline**. The command is as follows:

```
CREATE DATABASE outline;
```

Grant user permissions on the database

Grant all permissions on the database **outline** to the user **outline** so that the user can connect to and operate this database. The command is as follows:

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE  
outline TO outline;
```

8. Configure the Outline file.

Create a file named **docker.env** in the **outline** folder. Please write your own IP address or domain name, as well as your own **CLIENT ID** and **SECRET** in it.

```
# ----- REQUIRED -----
```

```
# Generate a 32-byte random key  
encoded in hexadecimal. You  
should use `openssl rand -hex  
32` in your terminal to generate  
a random value.
```

```
SECRET_KEY=00075933fd85083d80379  
64fa8e5539088251e9b8722bdffeb732  
f57a32e929d
```

```
# Generate a 32-byte random key  
encoded in hexadecimal. You  
should use `openssl rand -hex
```

```
32` in your terminal to generate  
a random value.  
  
UTILS_SECRET=e35305f201b6556e24c  
8c2c88e4e24c1be5625273ec0d3bd4e0  
aa18393d7d065  
  
# database  
  
DATABASE_URL=postgres://outline:  
password@postgres:5432/outline  
DATABASE_URL_TEST=postgres://out  
line:password@postgres:5432/outl  
ine_test  
DATABASE_CONNECTION_POOL_MIN=0  
DATABASE_CONNECTION_POOL_MAX=10  
  
# Uncomment to disable SSL  
connection to Postgres  
PGSSLMODE=disable  
  
# For Redis, you can specify an  
ioredis-compatible URL like this  
# Here, "redis" is the default  
hostname of the database  
container created above; a  
separate network needs to be  
established or --link used  
REDIS_URL=redis://outline-redis-  
1:6379  
# Alternatively, if you want to  
provide additional connection  
options,  
# use a base64-encoded JSON  
connection options object. Refer  
to the ioredis documentation for  
a list of available options.  
# Example: Using Redis Sentinel
```

```
for high availability
# {"sentinels":
[{"host":"sentinel-0","port":26379},
 {"host":"sentinel-1","port":26379}],"name":"mymaster"}
#REDIS_URL=ioredis://eyJzZW50aW5lbHMiolt7Imhvc3Qi0iJzZW50aW5lbC0wIiwicG9ydCI6MjYzNzl9LHsiaG9zdCI6InNlbnRpbmVsLTEiLCJwb3J0IjoyNjM3OX1dLCJuYW1lIjoibXltYXN0ZXIifQ==

URL=https://ip or domain name:13090/
PORT=3000

# don't change this line
COLLABORATION_URL=

# A more detailed guide on
setting up S3 is available here:
# =>
https://wiki.generaloutline.com/share/125de1cc-9ff6-424b-8415-0d58c809a40f
# AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID corresponds
to MINIO_ROOT_USER above
# AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY
corresponds to
MINIO_ROOT_PASSWORD above
# AWS_REGION corresponds to
MINIO_REGION_NAME above
# AWS_S3_UPLOAD_BUCKET_URL is
the API address of MINIO; note
that this is the API address,
not the management address
```

```
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=6m2lx2ffmbr9ik  
od  
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=2k78fpraq7  
rs5xlrti5p6cvb767a691h3jqi47ihbu  
75cx23twkzpok86sf1aw1e  
AWS_REGION=cn-homelab-1  
AWS_S3_ACCELERATE_URL=  
AWS_S3_UPLOAD_BUCKET_URL=https://  
/quairnote.cn:9000  
AWS_S3_UPLOAD_BUCKET_NAME=outline  
AWS_S3_UPLOAD_MAX_SIZE=26214400  
AWS_S3_FORCE_PATH_STYLE=true  
AWS_S3_ACL=private
```

```
# ----- Authentication -----
```

```
# Third-party login credentials.  
A working installation requires  
at least one of Google, Slack,  
or Microsoft; otherwise, you  
will have no login options.
```

```
# Slack  
# => https://api.slack.com/apps  
# When configuring the Client  
ID, add the redirect URL under  
"OAuth & Permissions":  
#  
https://<URL>/auth/slack.callback  
# SLACK_KEY=  
# SLACK_SECRET=
```

```
# # To configure Google  
authentication, you need to
```

```
create an OAuth client ID at the  
following location:  
# =>  
https://console.cloud.google.com  
/apis/credentials  
#  
# When configuring the Client  
ID, add the Authorized redirect  
URI:  
#  
https://<URL>/auth/google.callback  
GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID=  
GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET=  
  
# To configure Microsoft/Azure  
authentication, you need to  
create an OAuth client.  
# Refer to the guide for  
detailed information on setting  
up an Azure application:  
# =>  
https://wiki.generaloutline.com/  
share/dfa77e56-d4d2-4b51-8ff8-  
84ea6608faa4  
AZURE_CLIENT_ID=your id  
AZURE_CLIENT_SECRET=your secret  
AZURE_RESOURCE_APP_ID=00000003-  
0000-0000-c000-000000000000  
  
# To configure generic OIDC  
authentication, you need an  
identity provider (IdP) of some  
kind.  
# The redirect URI is  
https://<URL>/auth/oidc.callback  
  
OIDC_CLIENT_ID = your id
```

```
OIDC_CLIENT_SECRET=your secret
OIDC_AUTH_URI=http://your
ip:3002/login/oauth/authorize
OIDC_TOKEN_URI=http://your
ip:3002/login/oauth/access_token
OIDC_USERINFO_URI=http://your
ip:3002/login/oauth/userinfo

#
OIDC_USERNAME CLAIM=preferred_us
ername

# OIDC_DISPLAY_NAME=OIDC

# OIDC_SCOPES=openid profile
email

# _____ 可选
_____  
  

# This is only required if you
do not use an external reverse
proxy. See documentation:
#
https://wiki.generaloutline.com/
share/1c922644-40d8-41fe-98f9-
df2b67239d45
SSL_KEY=
SSL_CERT=

# If using a
Cloudfront/Cloudflare
distribution or similar it can
be set below.
# This will cause paths to
javascript, stylesheets, and
images to be updated to
# the hostname defined in
```

```
CDN_URL. In your CDN  
configuration the origin server  
# should be set to the same as  
URL.  
CDN_URL=  
  
# Automatically redirect to  
HTTPS in production.  
# The default value is true, but  
it can be set to false if you  
can ensure SSL termination at an  
external load balancer.  
  
FORCE_HTTPS=true  
  
# Allow installers to check for  
updates by sending anonymous  
statistics to the maintainers  
ENABLE_UPDATES=false  
  
# How many processes should be  
spawned. As a reasonable rule of  
thumb, divide the server's  
available memory by 512 for a  
rough estimate  
WEB_CONCURRENCY=4  
  
# If you have particularly large  
Word documents with embedded  
images, you may need to override  
the maximum size for document  
imports  
MAXIMUM_IMPORT_SIZE=5120000  
  
# If your reverse proxy already  
logs incoming HTTP requests and  
results in duplicates, this line  
can be removed
```

```
DEBUG=http

# Comma-separated list of
domains allowed to log in to the
wiki. If not set, all domains
are allowed by default when
logging in with Google OAuth
ALLOWED_DOMAINS=

# For full integration with
search and posting to channels,
the following configuration is
also required, with more details
available at
# =>
https://wiki.generaloutline.com/
share/be25efd1-b3ef-4450-b8e5-
c4a4fc11e02a
#
#
SLACK_VERIFICATION_TOKEN=your_to
ken
# SLACK_APP_ID=A0XXXXXXX
# SLACK_MESSAGE_ACTIONS=true

# Google Analytics can also be
optionally enabled to track page
views in the knowledge base
GOOGLE_ANALYTICS_ID=

# Optionally enable Sentry
(Sentry.io) to track errors and
performance
SENTRY_DSN=

# To support sending outgoing
transactional emails such as
"Document Updated" or "You've
```

```
Been Invited", you need to
provide authentication for the
SMTP server
SMTP_HOST=
SMTP_PORT=
SMTP_USERNAME=
SMTP_PASSWORD=
SMTP_FROM_EMAIL=
SMTP_REPLY_EMAIL=
SMTP_TLS_CIPHERS=
SMTP_SECURE=true

# Custom logo displayed on the
authentication screen, scaled to
height: 60px
#
TEAM_LOGO=https://example.com/im
ages/logo.png

# Default interface language.
See translate.getoutline.com for
a list of available language
codes and their approximate
translation percentages. Change
it.
DEFAULT_LANGUAGE=zh_CN
```

Create a file named **docker-compose.yml** in the **outline** folder, and do not modify anything in this file.

```
services:
  outline:
    image:
      outlinewiki/outline:0.82.0
    env_file: ./docker.env
```

```
ports:
  - "3000:3000"
expose:
  - "3000"
volumes:
  - storage-
data:/var/lib/outline/data
depends_on:
  - postgres
  - redis

redis:
  image: redis
  env_file: ./docker.env
  expose:
    - "6379"
  volumes:
    - ./redis.conf:/redis.conf
  command: ["redis-server",
"/redis.conf"]
  healthcheck:
    test: ["CMD", "redis-cli",
"ping"]
    interval: 10s
    timeout: 30s
    retries: 3

postgres:
  image: postgres
  env_file: ./docker.env
  expose:
    - "5432"
  volumes:
    - database-
data:/var/lib/postgresql/data
  healthcheck:
    test: ["CMD",
"pg_isready", "-d", "outline",
```

```
"-U", "user"]
    interval: 30s
    timeout: 20s
    retries: 3
    environment:
        POSTGRES_USER: 'outline'
        POSTGRES_PASSWORD:
            'password'
        POSTGRES_DB: 'outline'

    volumes:
        storage-data:
        database-data:
```

Start the dependent services (Postgres + Redis) in the outline folder: Execute the command in the deployment folder:

```
docker compose up -d postgres
redis
```

Start the Outline service in the outline folder: Execute the command:

```
docker compose up -d outline
```

9.Try it

Then you need to access <https://yourdomainname:13090/> in your browser.

10. How to create new user through OIDC

First, enter this page: <http://your-ip:3002>

Yuehan Zhang

Contact me: johnzhang514145@gmail.com

Next Article

Decoded
Quantum
Interferometry
for the max-
XORSAT
Problem

Leave a Reply

Your email address will not be published.

Required fields are marked *.

Name *

Email *

Website

Comment



Save my name, email, and website in this browser for the next time I comment.

POST COMMENT

Copyright © 2026 Yuehan Zhang. All Right Reserved.

Theme : [Personal CV Resume By aThemeArt](#)