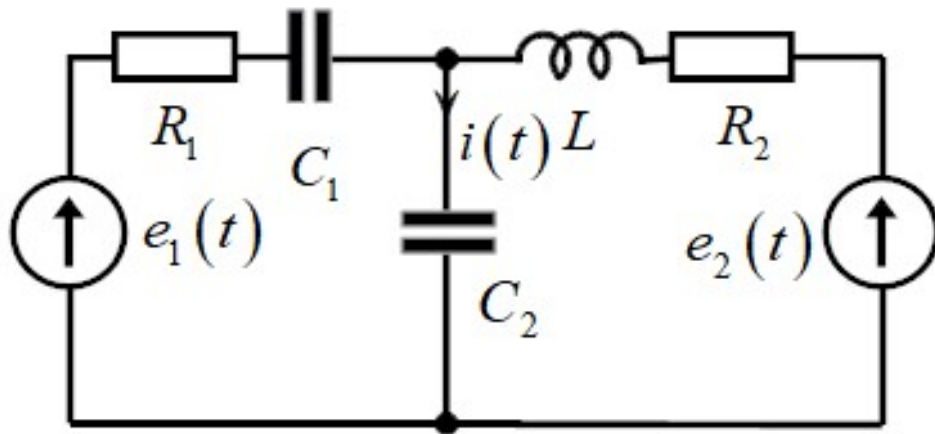


Zad 1 MPO

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$e_1(t) = 2 \sin\left(2t + \frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \text{ V},$$

$$e_2(t) = 2 \sin\left(2t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{ V},$$

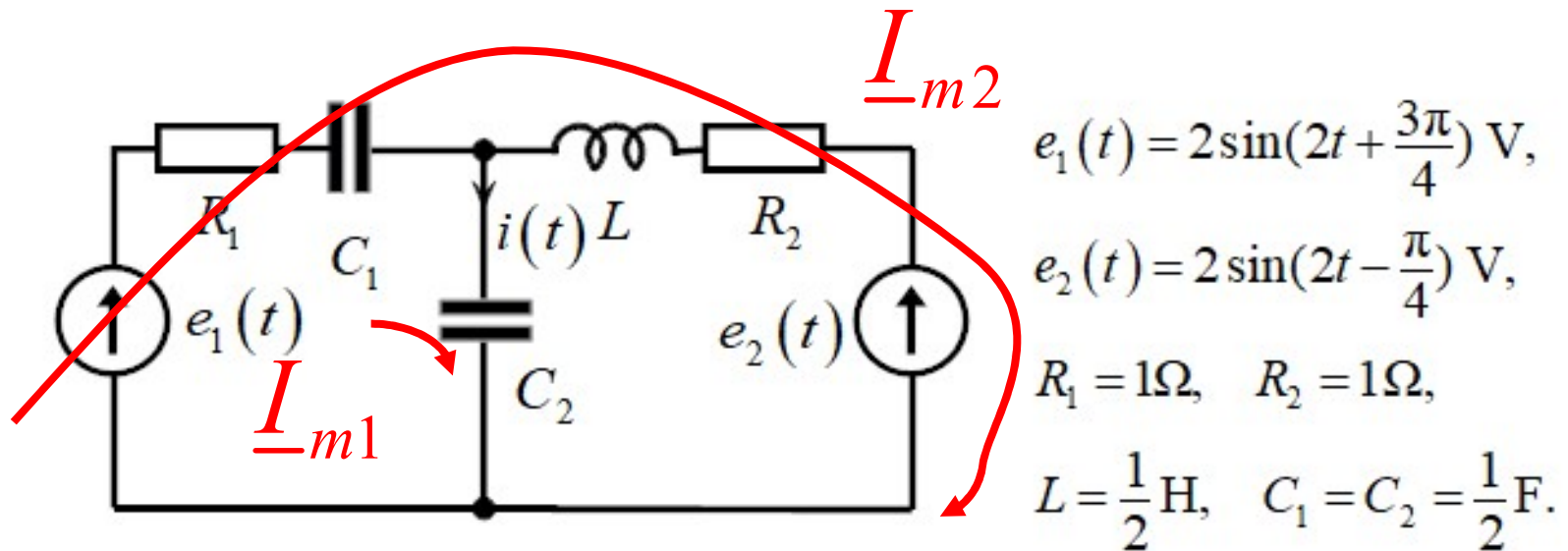
$$R_1 = 1\Omega, \quad R_2 = 1\Omega,$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \text{ H}, \quad C_1 = C_2 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ F}.$$

$$\underline{E}_1 = -1 + j; \quad \underline{E}_2 = 1 - j; \quad \omega_0 = 2$$

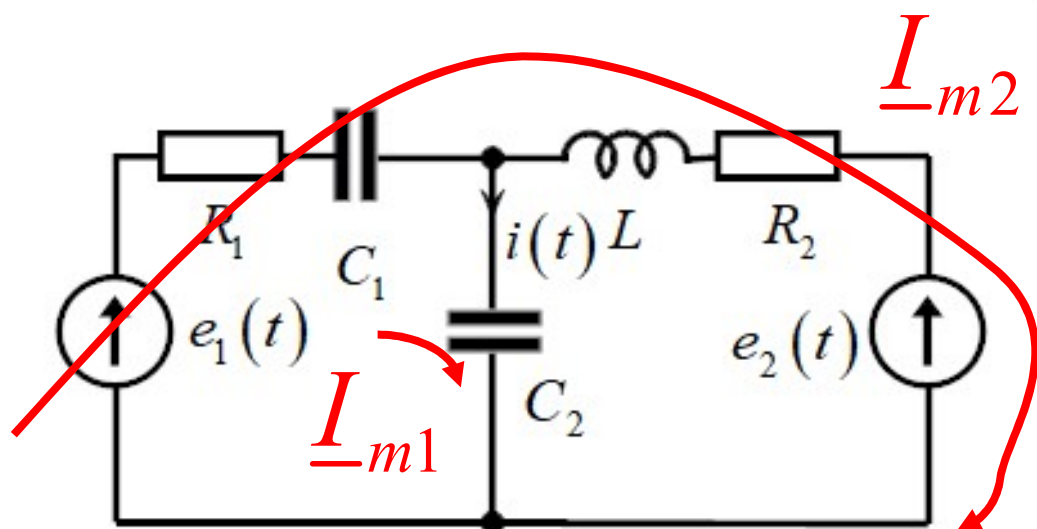
Zad 1 MPO

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$\underline{E}_1 = -1 + j; \quad \underline{E}_2 = 1 - j; \quad \omega_0 = 2$$

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$e_1(t) = 2 \sin(2t + \frac{3\pi}{4}) \text{ V},$$

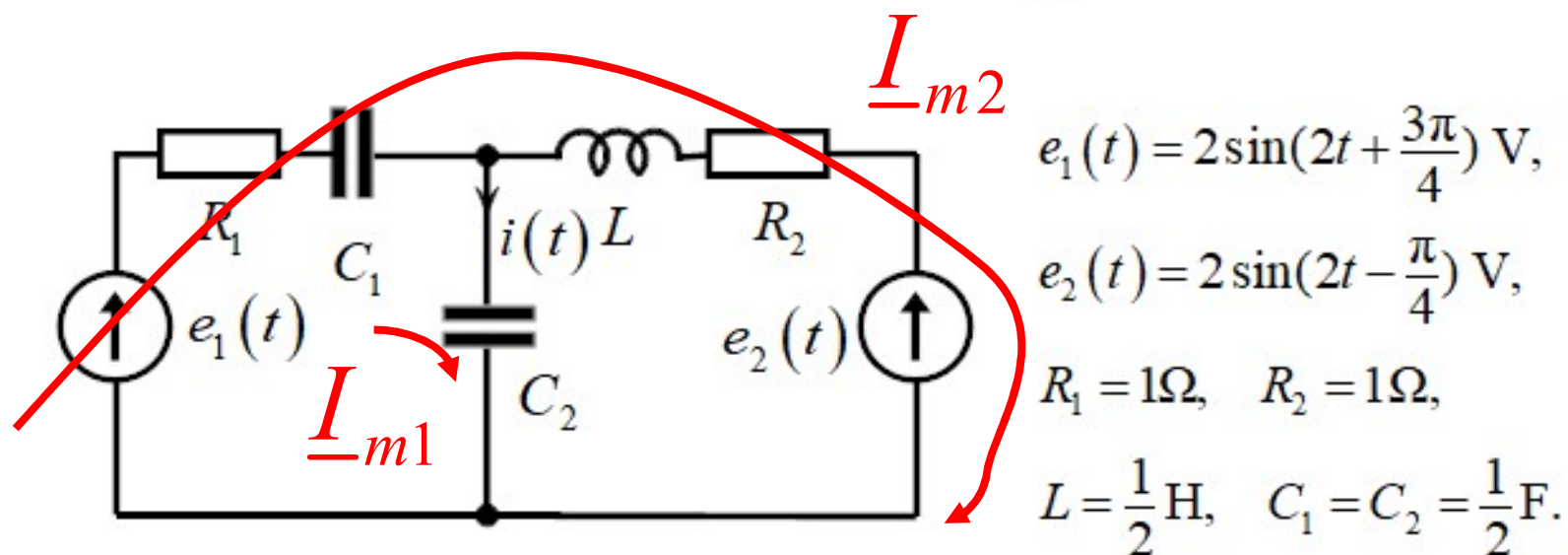
$$e_2(t) = 2 \sin(2t - \frac{\pi}{4}) \text{ V},$$

$$R_1 = 1\Omega, \quad R_2 = 1\Omega,$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \text{ H}, \quad C_1 = C_2 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ F}.$$

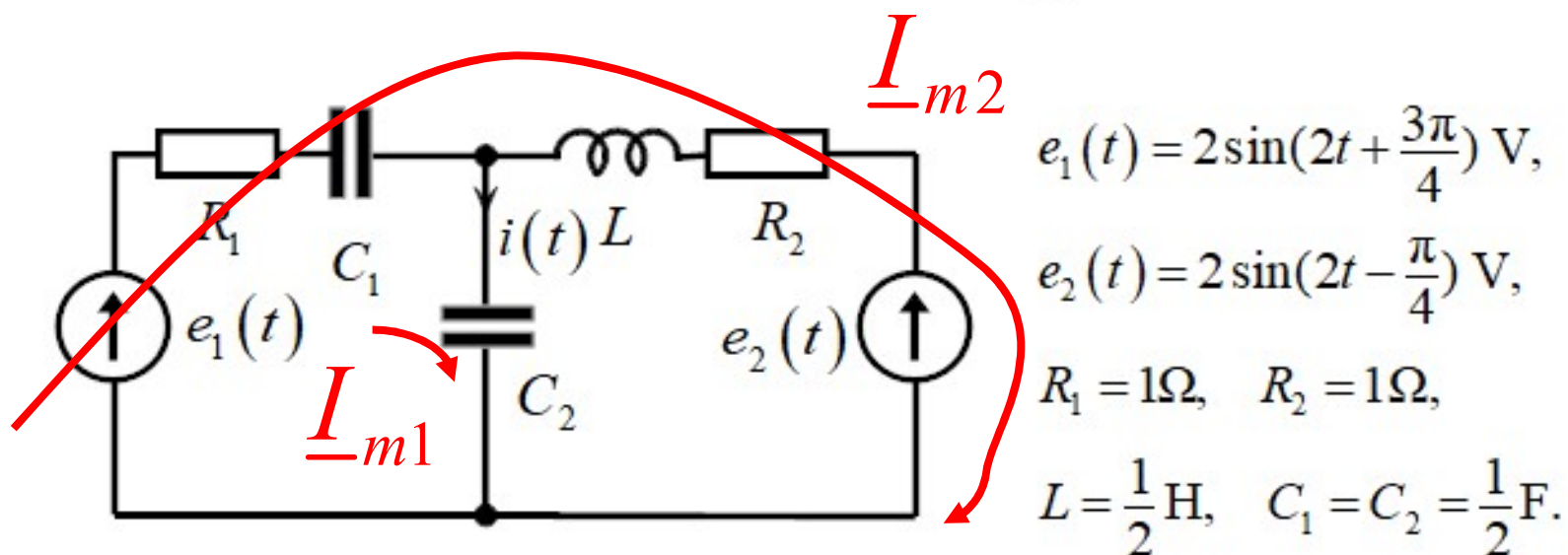
$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C_1} + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C_2} & R_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C_1} \\ R_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C_1} & R_1 + R_2 + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C_1} + j\omega_0 L \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{I}_{m1} \\ \underline{I}_{m2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{E}_1 \\ \underline{E}_1 - \underline{E}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1-2j & 1-j \\ 1-j & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{I}_{m1} \\ \underline{I}_{m2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1+j \\ -2+2j \end{bmatrix}$$

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



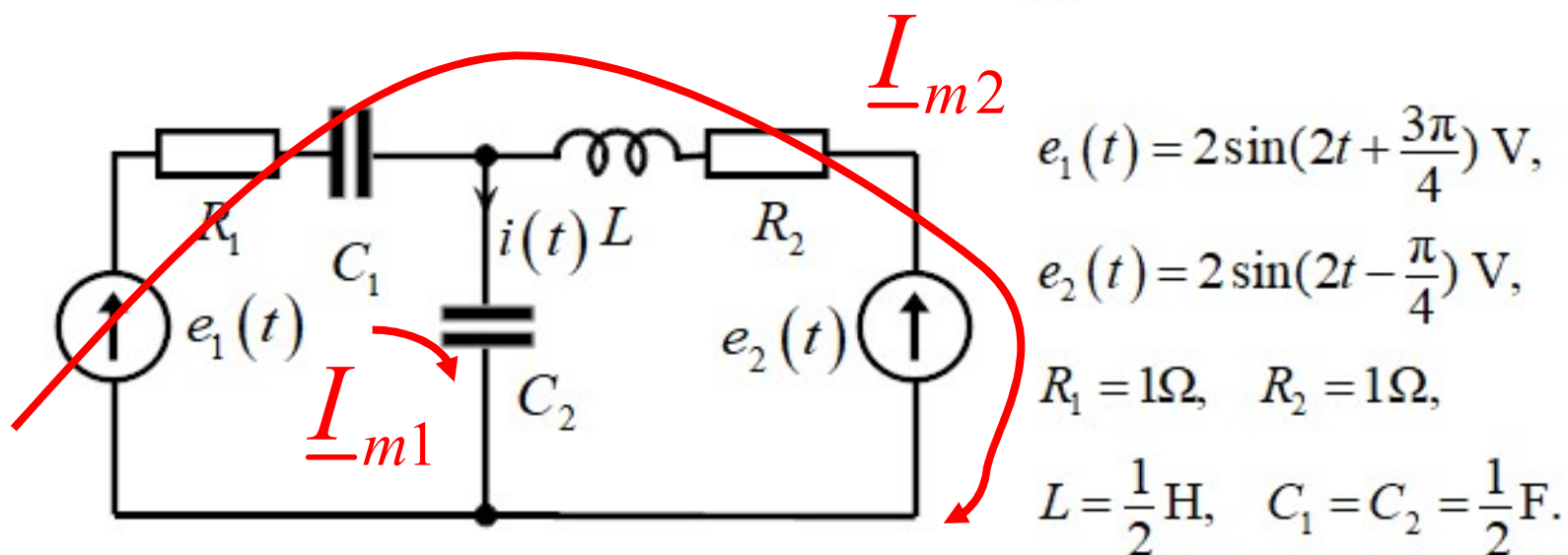
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1-2j & 1-j \\ 1-j & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{I}_{m1} \\ \underline{I}_{m2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1+j \\ -2+2j \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 1-2j & 1-j \\ 1-j & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2-2j$$

$$\underline{I}_{m1} = \frac{W}{\Delta} = \frac{-2-2j}{2-2j} = -j$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} -1+j & 1-j \\ -2+2j & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2-2j$$

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.

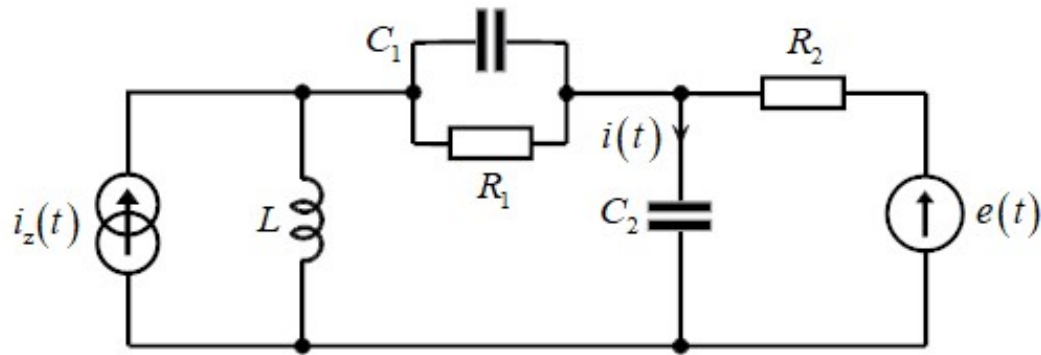


$$\underline{I}_{m1} = \frac{W}{\Delta} = \frac{-2 - 2j}{2 - 2j} = -j = e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}} = e^{-j90^\circ}$$

$$i(t) = \sqrt{2} \sin(2t - 90^\circ) \text{ A}$$

Zad 2 MNP

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$i_z(t) = 2 \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{ A},$$

$$e(t) = -\sqrt{2} \cos t \text{ V},$$

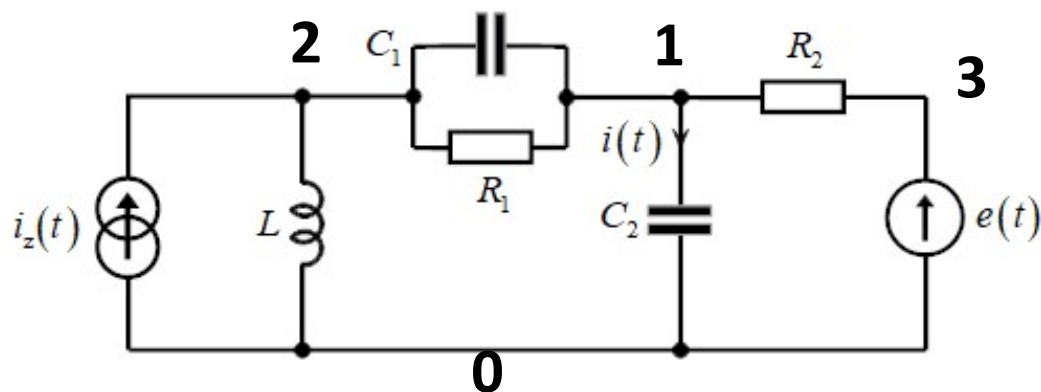
$$R_1 = 2 \Omega, \quad R_2 = 1 \Omega,$$

$$L = 1 \text{ H}, \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ F}, \quad C_2 = 2 \text{ F}.$$

$$\underline{I}_Z = 1 + j; \quad \underline{E} = -j; \quad \omega_0 = 1$$

Zad 2 MNP

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$i_z(t) = 2 \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{ A},$$

$$e(t) = -\sqrt{2} \cos t \text{ V},$$

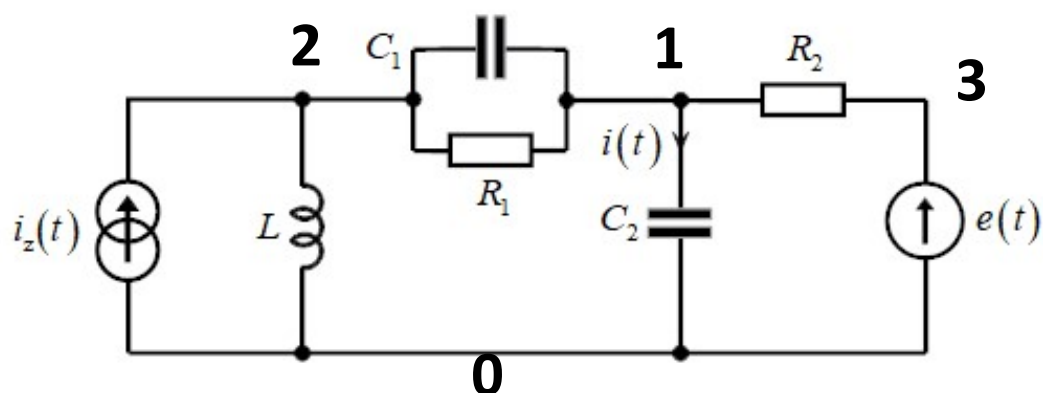
$$R_1 = 2 \Omega, \quad R_2 = 1 \Omega,$$

$$L = 1 \text{ H}, \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ F}, \quad C_2 = 2 \text{ F}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + j\omega_0 C_1 + j\omega_0 C_2 & -\frac{1}{R_1} - j\omega_0 C_1 \\ -\frac{1}{R_1} - j\omega_0 C_1 & \frac{1}{R_1} + j\omega_0 C_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega_0 L} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{U}_1 \\ \underline{U}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\underline{E}}{R_1} \\ \underline{I}_Z \end{bmatrix}$$

Zad 2 MNP

W obwodzie panuje stan ustalony. Wyznaczyć prąd $i(t)$.



$$i_z(t) = 2 \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{ A},$$

$$e(t) = -\sqrt{2} \cos t \text{ V},$$

$$R_1 = 2 \Omega, \quad R_2 = 1 \Omega,$$

$$L = 1 \text{ H}, \quad C_1 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ F}, \quad C_2 = 2 \text{ F}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} + j\frac{5}{2} & -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) & \frac{1}{2} - j\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{U}_1 \\ \underline{U}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -j \\ 1 + j \end{bmatrix}$$

Zad 2 MNP

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} + j\frac{5}{2} & -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) & \frac{1}{2} - j\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{U}_1 \\ \underline{U}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + j \\ -j \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{3}{2} + j\frac{5}{2} & -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) & \frac{1}{2} - j\frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix} = 2$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} -j & -\left(\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ 1 + j & \frac{1}{2} - j\frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix} = -\frac{1}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\underline{U}_1 = \frac{W}{\Delta} = -\frac{1}{4} + j\frac{1}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} e^{j135^\circ}$$

Zad 2 MNP

$$\underline{U}_1 = \frac{W}{\Delta} = -\frac{1}{4} + j\frac{1}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} e^{j135^\circ}$$

$$\underline{I} = \underline{U}_1 j\omega C_2 = \left(-\frac{1}{4} + j\frac{1}{4}\right) j2 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} e^{j135^\circ} 2e^{j90^\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} e^{j225^\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} e^{-j135^\circ}$$

$$i(t) = \sin(t - 135^\circ) A$$