

DATE: 16-08-24

AIM:

Write a program to implement error detection & correction using HAMMING code concept. Make a test run to input data stream & verify error correction feature.

Error Correction at Data Link Layer:

Hamming code is a set of error - correction codes that can be used to detect & correct the errors that can occur when the data is transmitted from the sender to receiver. It is a technique

Create Sender Program with below features:

- Input to sender file should be a text of any length. Program should convert the text into binary.
- Apply hamming code concept on the binary data & add redundant bits to it.
- Save this output in a file called channel.

Create a Receiver program with below features:

- Receiver program should read the input from Channel file.
- Apply Hamming code on the binary data to check for errors.
- If there is an error, display the position of the error.
- Else remove the redundant bits & convert the binary data to ascii & display the input.

## PROGRAM:

```
def calculate_redundant_bits(m):
```

```
    r = 0
```

```
    while (m + r + 1) > (2 ** r):
```

```
        r += 1
```

```
    return r
```

```
def position_redundant_bits(data, r):
```

```
    k = 0
```

```
    m = len(data)
```

```
    res = ''
```

```
    for i in range(1, m + r + 1):
```

```
        if i == 2 ** j:
```

```
            res += '0'
```

```
            j += 1
```

```
        else:
```

```
            res += data[k]
```

```
            k += 1
```

```
    return res
```

```
def calculate_parity_bits(arr, r):
```

```
    n = len(arr)
```

```
    for i in range(r):
```

```
        val = 0
```

```
        for j in range(1, n + 1):
```

```
            if j & (2 ** i) == (2 ** i):
```

```
                val ^= int(arr[j - 1])
```

```
            arr = arr[: (2 ** i) - 1] + str(val) + arr[(2 ** i) :]
```

```
    return arr
```

```
def detect_error(arr, nr):
```

```
    n = len(arr)
```

```
    res = 0
```

```
    for i in range(nr):
```

```
        val = 0
```

```
        for j in range(1, n+1):
```

```
            if  $j \in (2^{**i}) \dots (2^{**i})$ :
```

```
                val ^= int(arr[j-1])
```

```
            res += val * (10 ** i)
```

```
    return int(str(res), 2)
```

```
def string-to-binary(string):
```

```
    return ''.join(format(ord(char), '08b') for char in string)
```

```
def cal-redundant-bits(m):
```

```
    for i in range(m):
```

```
        if  $(2^{**i} \geq m + i + 1)$ :
```

```
            return i
```

```
def res-redundant-bits(data, r):
```

```
    j = 0
```

```
    k = 1
```

```
    m = len(data)
```

```
    res = ''
```

```
    for i in range(1, m+r+1):
```

```
        if  $i == 2^{**j}$ :
```

```
            res += '0'
```

```
            j += 1
```

```
        else:
```

```
            res += data[-k]
```

```
            k -= 1
```



```
return res[::-1]
```

```
def calc_parity_bits (arr, r):
```

```
    n = len(arr)
```

```
    for i in range(r):
```

```
        val = 0
```

```
        for j in range(1, n+1):
```

```
            if  $j \& (2^{**i}) == (2^{**i})$ :
```

```
                val ^= int(arr[-j])
```

```
    arr = arr[:n-(2**r)] + str(val) + arr[n-(2**r)+1:]
```

```
    return arr
```

```
def main():
```

```
    data_name = input("Enter the data string to be transmitted: ").strip()
```

```
    binary_data = string_to_binary(data_name)
```

```
    m = len(binary_data)
```

```
    r = calc_redundant_bits(m)
```

```
    arr = pos_redundant_bits(binary_data, r)
```

```
    arr = calc_parity_bits(arr, r)
```

```
    print(f"Number of redundant bits (r) is : {r}")
```

```
    print(f"Data transmitted transferred with redundant bits is: {arr}")
```

```
    received = list(arr)
```

```
    error_pos = int(input(f"Enter the position to introduce an error.
```

```
(1 to {len(received)}):"))
```

```
    received[error_pos-1] = '1' if received[error_pos-1] == '0' else '0'
```

```
    received = ''.join(received)
```

```
    print(f"Received data with error introduced: {received}")
```

```
error_bit = detect_error(received, r)
```

```
if error_bit == 0;
```

```
    print("No error detected.")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print(f"Error detected at position : {error_bit}")
```

```
    corrected = list(received)
```

```
    corrected[error_bit-1] = '1' if corrected[error_bit-1] ==
```

```
    corrected = ''.join(corrected)
```

```
    print(f"Corrected data : {corrected}")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    main()
```

OUTPUT:

Binary representation of 'John Allan':

0100101001101110110100011011000100000001010110  
1101100011000010110110

Hamming code with parity bits: [0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,

0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,

1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,

0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0]

Introducing a single bit error for demonstration...

Error!

Enter the bit position (1-87) to introduce an error: 3

Error!

Error detected at position: 3

Final output after correcting Hamming code: 'John Allan'

8th  
20/8/24

Thus the given Hamming code is executed successfully & output is verified.