

托福写作语言进阶提高练习册

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Part 1 简单句写作

1) 找主干

Eg. 1. 政府考虑采取措施来保护环境。

Eg. 2. 政府提倡乘坐公共交通工具出行。

Eg. 3. 学校要求学生穿校服。

Eg. 4. 良好的工作环境是工作高效的基础。

Eg. 5. 让学生一年学习 11 个月会大大降低他们的学习热情。

2) 找修饰

Eg. 1. 在今天的课程之后，她更加了解同一风格的两个房子为什么会有完全不同的售价。

Eg. 2. 政府自然会在那些带来更高收益的项目上倾注精力。

Eg. 3. 在这个政策中，那些排放过量空气污染物的企业应该被关闭。

Eg. 4. 根据这个实验，从小生活在父母身边的孩子会表现的更为积极乐观。

Eg. 5. 通常，被大众所相信的“金科玉律”却未必是真理。

Part 2 句子的串联练习

1. 因果关系

a. 词词串联: Lead to, bring about, result in (from)

- 1) 好的读书习惯会带来成功。
- 2) 事实上，人类生命的起源是由于一个微小的错误。

b. 词句串联: Because of, due to, as a result of

- 1) 因为很多科学节目，我们拓展了对这个世界的认识。
- 2) 人们最近总是身体不适是因为我们越来越严重的环境污染。

c. 句句串联: Because, so, since, so...that..., the reason why... is that...

- 1) 由于现在的生活节奏非常快，年轻人每天都忙于自己的学习和工作。
- 3) 随着现在社会的经济在不断发展，人们有更丰厚的物质基础，因此可以给小孩提供更好的生活环境和教育。
- 4) 很多小孩花大量时间看电视。他们的视力受到了严重的损伤。
- 4) 观众很熟悉本国语言，他们能更好地理解电视中的内容。
- 5) 人们现在能更容易接受教育的原因是政府实行了义务教育的政策。

6) 学习是一辈子的事儿，所以当我们毕业以后，如果我们想要学什么，我们只能依靠我们自己，而不是学校里的教授们。

7) 他决定舍弃这份工作，因为它占去了他太多的时间。

8) 因为他在大学期间参加了一些兼职工作，所以他积累了一些工作经验。

2. 条件关系

a. 句句串联: 充分: If, once 必要: Only if, unless, not...until...

1) 一个城市的政府应该重视环境保护。这样，长期看来经济也才能得到发展。

2) 公司应该制定统一的穿衣规则，这样才能给客户一种很专业的印象。

3) 只有社会上的每个人都行动起来，环境才能变得更好。

4) 只有小孩儿开始自己承担责任了，他们才能真正变得成熟。

5) 如果一个人没有什么兴趣爱好，那么他的生活将会索然无味。

6) 两个有着截然不同价值观的人是很难做朋友的。

7) 如果政府把更多精力投入到保护环境上，长期看来经济才能得到发展。

8) 一旦你迁居国外，你就会亲身经历文化差异。

9) 人们如果不吃快餐就会更健康。

- 10) 只有真心对待别人，你才可能结交到好朋友。
- 11) 孩子们少花时间坐在电视前。他们能有更多精力投入学习。
- 12) 广告商不在广告中夸大事实。消费者更愿意相信广告。
- 13) 你愿意花钱去电影院看电影。 你会被那的环绕声和视觉效果吸引。
- 14) 只要我们充分认识到环境问题的严重性，我们就能解决他们。
- 15) 只有我们充分认识到环境问题的严重性，我们才能解决它们。
- 16) 我们把一部分钱用来旅行。我们可以在不同的文化中拓展自己的视野。
- 17) 如果再给我一次机会，我绝对不会让自己处于那种糟糕的境况之下。
- 18) 如果能在考试中取得高分，妈妈就会以出国旅行作为对我的奖励。
- 19) 你一旦考完试就可以轻松一下
- 20) 一旦发现任何错误就必须加以改正。
- 21) 除非她先道歉,否则我不道歉。
- 22) 我不会去北京，除非公司支付旅费。
- 23) 我和他们争吵了 40 分钟，他们才同意来我家修电视
- 24) 看过医生之后，你才能吃东西。

25) 如果他们花 1 年花 11 个月学习, 学生们也不会得到一个很有效的教育。

26) 你只有在学习上付出足够的努力, 才能得到一个好成绩。

27) 一旦他们克服了重重困难, 他们就能取得更大的成功。

28) 除非她带来现金收入, 否则她就不被认为是工作。

b. 词句串联: 充分: With 必要: Only with

1) 有了更好的公共交通系统, 我们就能解决现在的环境问题。

2) 只有通过更好的公共交通系统, 我们才能解决现在的环境问题。

3. 转折/对比关系

- 1) 目前传统能源还是非常便宜的。但是随着化石能源越来越稀缺,这个状况不会持续很长时间了。
- 2) 目前,确实每个人的生活都很忙。但是,并不代表我们不应该对别人礼貌。
- 3) 一个人可能每天都穿不同的衣服,但是我们依然可以从他长期以来的整体风格对他得性格做出一个大概的判断。
- 4) 一方面,我们可能会相信广告上说的一个产品有多好,但另一方面,我们又不能对朋友指出的产品缺陷视而不见。
- 5) 虽然她住在美国,但是因为自己不想学习,她到现在英语还是很不好。
- 6) 有些人喜欢在大公司工作,而有些人喜欢待在小公司。
- 7) 有些人愿意听从他人的命令,有些人则有自己的独立思想。
- 8) 广告中有很多虚假信息。人们还是愿意相信广告。
- 9) 广告中的产品有时并不有用。没有广告,消费者表示没有办法选择买什么样的商品。

- 10 / 电视里有很多有用的教育性的知识。人们还是认为电视最主要的功能是娱乐。
- 11 / 大部分人都愿意在家免费观看从电脑中下载的电影。他认为花钱去电影院看电影是值得的。
- 12 / 很多年长的人都喜欢观看关于国家的时事新闻。很多年轻人认为这些节目都是政治宣传的手段。
- 13 / 尽管环境问题看上去很难解决,我们只要有信心,仍然能为我们的环境做出改变。
- 14 / 尽管环境问题总是要花很长的时间去解决,我们只要有信心,仍然能在未来做到。
- 15 / 尽管我们可以自学,大学里的教授对于我们学习是很必要的。
- 16 / 一些学生已经有很好的结果了,但是其他学生却没有。
- 17 / 我们需要学的不仅仅是老师教的教材上的知识,有时候老师不能教的知识对我们来说更重要。
- 18 / 男人谈论的话题更多地受到工作中发生的事情的影响,而女人们则更关注明星的生活、肥皂剧和其他人。

19) 即使工作面试会持续一个小时或更长时间,经理人对您形成看法也是在最初的十分钟。

20) 尽管在现代,越来越多的母亲出去工作,照顾小孩的重任还是会落在她们的肩上。

4. 并列关系

1) 现在,人们可以获得足够的营养元素来保证身体的需求,也更加知道了运动对于健康生活的重要性。

2) 孩子帮家长做家务的时候,一方面,他自己能够意识到父母平时整理房间的辛苦,另一方面,他也能够从中获得一种成就感。

3) 如果不让小孩儿从小管理自己的零花钱,他们在长大以后不会有财务意识。同时,他们也不会有什么很强的理财技巧。

4) 学生之所以会选择一所大学,要不就是看中这所大学的学术背景,要不就是看中它的就业前景。

- 5 / 事实上，长时间看电视不会帮助降低人的压力，而是会使得大脑更加疲倦。
- 6 / 现代公寓比传统房屋更坚固，更便利。
- 7 / 要写一篇好文章，你不仅要了解词汇和语法，你还得有思想。
- 8 / 电视能让人放松。电视也能让人们拓展视野。
- 9 / 杂志不能让我们了解一个国家最新的新闻。它也不能让我们对一个国家的文化有深入的了解。
- 10 / 书本能让我们更好地了解一个国家。这可能是因为书本能够提供给我们正确的知识。也可能是因为书覆盖更加广泛的知识。
- 11 / 不仅我们应该意识到保护环境的重要性，我们的孩子们也应该做到。
- 12 / 我们将不得不在未来做出抉择：要么失去我们的经济，要么失去我们的环境。
- 13 / 我们在未来将一无所有：既会失去我们的经济，也会失去我们的环境。

- 14 / 威胁与利诱均不能改变他坚定的决心。
- 15 / 他们不仅可以在课堂里学习，还可以通过在线课程在家里学到知识。
- 16 / 这个学校又没有好的设施也没有质量好的老师。
- 17 / 他不喜欢物理不是因为它很难，而是因为它很无聊。
- 18 / 一个高薪的工作不仅能提高我们的生活质量，而且能给我们很大的成就感。
- 19 / 抵制日货不仅仅因为它是日货，也不仅仅是为了打击日本经济。
- 20 / 不是我不愿意帮你，而是因为这段时间我工作太忙了。
- 21 / 当你在工作中遇到问题时，你要么自己处理好它，要么获取同事的帮助。

5. 递进关系

- 1 / 她每天会在自己的推特上记录当天的心情。她甚至还会把当天吃的午饭拍照上传到推特。
- 2 / 如果没有家人的提醒，我自己可能根本意识不到自己的问题，当然就无法去改正错误让自己变得更好。
- 3 / 他连出门吃饭都不愿意，更不用说要出去看电影了。

- 4 / 为了减肥，她每天慢跑 5 公里；有一天她甚至跑了 10 公里。
- 5 / 他花很多时间来玩电脑游戏。他甚至牺牲了吃饭和睡觉时间。
- 6 / 互联网让人们了解国家的最新的新闻。它甚至及时传达人们对事件的评论和感受。
- 7 / 他从来不看任何广告。他更不会相信广告去买不需要的东西。
- 8 / 我们不仅没有行动起来保护环境，反而为我们的环境创造了很多的伤害。
- 9 / 人们总是非常贪婪，他们总是选择利益而不管环境，他们甚至选择利益而不管他们的健康。
- 10 / 我们现在不想面对我们的环境问题，更不用说投入时间和精力来解决他们。
- 11 / 竹子很结实，人们用它建造房屋，甚至在河上架大桥。
- 12 / 小孩儿可以在电脑上看动画，看书，甚至是在电脑上画画。
- 13 / 她的收入还不足以养一个小孩儿，更别说养 3 个了。

14) 部分地区水污染程度之重,甚至达到接触都不安全的程度,更不用说用于灌溉或者饮用。

15) 那个客户开始抱怨,甚至因为我没有为她增加业务而对我充满恨意。

6. 修饰关系

- 1 / 一个很好的自然环境可以吸引优质人才。这些人才在长期看来对经济有着重要的贡献作用。
- 2 / 我喜欢看这样一种电影。这种电影通过简单的故事告诉我们深刻的人生道理。
- 3 / 假期是这样的一段时间。在这段时间之内，我们可以放下学习和工作，全心享受慢节奏生活。
- 4 / 环境正在变得越来越糟糕，许多国家正在尝试研发新能源。这些新能源可以在将来代替矿物燃料。
- 5 / 在旅行过程中我们可以结交很多新朋友；这些人通常有着跟我们完全不同的经历和想法，这让交谈过程变得很有趣。
- 6 / 20 年之后世界上会有更多的机器人。这些机器人可以代替人类完成很多困难的任务。
- 7 / 我们生活中有这样一群人。他们总是会紧跟最近的时尚潮流。
- 8 / 广告提供了很多有用的信息。这些信息能够给消费者在购物时提供指导。

- 9 / 电影院会及时上映最新的电影。这些电影是不可能在电脑上下载得到的。
- 10 / 电脑游戏里有大量暴力场面。电脑游戏分散了学生在学习上的注意力。
- 11 / 人们痴迷于金钱，这也就是我们一直破坏环境的主要原因。
- 12 / 人们总是聚焦于短期利益，这也就是我们从不采取措施保护环境的原因。
- 13 / 学校大力投入了一个社团，其中一个社团就是读书团。
- 14 / 制作冰淇淋的工厂在郊区。
- 15 / 人们现在获得教育更加容易了，因为政府实行了义务教育政策，义务教育意味着学生一年级到九年级的学费就不用缴了。
- 16 / 学生都有他们自己的爱好，包括弹钢琴，旅游，画画等，这些爱好都需要时间，而且对学习也有利。
- 17 / 学习是一辈子的事儿，这意味着获得学位并不是学习道路终止的地方，不管这个学位是本科研究生甚至是博士学位。
- 18 / 他想挣许多钱。这些钱让他可以更好的享受他的生活。

19) 我们在大学里可以学到很多知识。这些知识对我们将来的成功发展很有益。

20) 大公司倾向于招聘人才。这些人才有许多的工作经验。

7. 用副词来串联，形成两个独立的句子

7.1 表因果

therefore/accordingly/hence/thus/as a result/as a consequence/consequently

1) 父母们经不起买不合格产品的风险，因此他们更愿意相信朋友的推荐。

2) 年轻人的生活充斥了太多的信息，因此他们很容易在选择当中迷失了自己。

3) 如今的人们在电视机前消耗了大量的时间。因此，他们的社交能力大大地退化了。

4) 我们如果想要解决环境问题，总有很多很多的因素要考虑。因此，保护环境是一个长期任务。

5) 没有愿意迈出保护我们的环境的第一步，因此，短期未来也将不会有任何的改变。

- 6) 环境问题应该是我们大家一起着力去解决的问题。因此，我们需要确保每个人都意识到了我们的环境问题。
- 7) 中国实行了义务教育，所以现在一年级到九年的学生都可以免费上学。
- 8) 现在几乎每一个学生手上都有一部 iPhone，所以在课堂上他们很容易分心。
- 9) 教科书的价格上涨了，学校也随着提高了学费。

7.2 表转折/对比

however/nevertheless/conversely/on the contrary/on the other hand/ in contrast

- 1) 名人本应该享受和正常人一样的生活，然而，他们的私生活却经常被媒体曝光与公众。
- 2) 淘宝的出现让人们的购物变得更加方便和高效。然而，很多女生却因为网上购物败光了老公的钱。
- 3) 很多商家想通过电视广告宣传产品。但是，他们缺乏创意的广告却让消费者对产品留下了很差的印象。
- 4) 如果我们想要解决环境问题，我们总是有很多因素要考虑。然而，如果我们想要为我们的孩子们创造一个更好的环境，我们就不得不尽力解决他们。
- 5) 人们确实已经意识到了环境问题，然后，在不远的未来也不会有任何的改变。
- 6) 他学习也够努力了，但是结果还不是很好。
- 7) Tom 每天都在玩电脑游戏，相反，他的好朋友 jack 却很喜欢看书。
- 8) 我们以为手机可以提高我们的学习效率，但是相反，大部分时候它们都是我们学习道路的障碍。

7.3 表并列/递进

additionally/moreover/further/still/what's more....

- 1) 看外国电影是学习语言的有效途径。此外，这些电影能让人们了解外国文化和历史。
- 2) 人们不需要字幕就能看懂国内电影。此外，他们更能对故事主题和内容产生共鸣。
- 3) 在电影院看电影能够享受到环绕声和 3D 视觉效果，此外，在电影院看电影能够帮助遏制盗版。
- 4) 环境问题是当下最热门的问题。另外，他们也将是我们在未来不得不面对的问题。
- 5) 保护环境应该是和人类生存息息相关的问题。另外，这也是我们应该为了我们的地球去做的事。
- 6) 电子书比纸质书更便宜，而且电子书还很容易携带。
- 7) 电视是我们放松的一个很好的途径，而且，我们可以从电视节目中学到一些东西。

Part 3 句子的优化练习

1. 定语从句的优化

1) Jason Wu, who is a contemporary artist, created a painting named Going Home, which made a blast in the art field.

2) Information that is provided in the advertisements is usually overly exaggerating.

3) He is always occupied by his work, which makes it difficult for his family to enjoy the time with him.

4) The Internet, which is an efficient means to connect people from different places, is widely used all over the world.

5) Justin Bibber, who is a young celebrity with outstanding talents, exerts negative influence on teenagers with his bad behavior.

6) Interstellar, which is a successful science-fiction movie, inspires audience's enthusiasm about physics and astronomy.

7) People who are used to obtaining information through printed newspaper may find it difficult to make use of the advanced technological devices to interact with information.

8) The milk powder which contains poisonous matters reach thousands of consumers through advertisement.

9) The customers who are cheated by the inflated claims in the advertisement will be less likely to fall in the trap again.

10) The movie successfully portrays a brave hero in the WWII, which leaves a deep

impression on the audience.

11) The Internet allows everyone to freely express their opinion, which speaks more directly to the current issues.

12) Reading books requires more deep thinking than watching TV, which makes it possible for children to exercise their intelligence and imagination.

13) Environmental problems, which are the hottest issues nowadays, should be taken seriously in the near future.

14) Protecting our environment, which is the most important subject, should be learnt by everyone nowadays.

15) People who work on solving our environmental problems are always smart and have a long-term view.

16) Students who know what to do to make our environment a better one are very clever.

17) People love money, which makes it so hard for them to focus on solving our environmental problems because protecting our environment won't benefit them in any ways, at least not for now.

18) We haven't realized the severe of our environmental problems, which makes it almost impossible for us to really solve them.

19) Peking University, which is one of the best universities in China, strives to gain universal acclaim by investing more money on its research programs.

- 20) Professor Clark, who is a Nobel laureate, finds a way to cure AIDS.
- 21) This experiment, which is done by Professor Clark, shows a positive result.
- 22) He comes from a wealthy family, which allows him to study abroad with scholarship or not.
- 23) The school plans to build a new stadium on campus, which cheers all students up.

2. 状语从句的优化

- 1) When we buy things, we always tend to ask for the suggestions from our family or friends, who provide us with reliable information.
- 2) Since people see how other people could become better off with the new product, they surely would like to purchase that particular product themselves.
- 3) Once people see the beautified pictures in the advertisements, they will naturally be willing to buy the products.
- 4) When children get addicted to watching TV, their academic performance will inevitably be affected.
- 5) Even though the domestic film industry spends millions of dollars making blockbusters, it still fails to attract young audience.
- 6) Because popular celebrities exert great influence on teenagers' behaviors, they should avoid showing bad images in public.

7) Because nowadays TV programs are full of useless and violent information, they will harm students' psychological development.

8) When we realize the importance of protecting our environment, we can actually solve our environmental problems.

9) When we finally stop throwing trash everywhere, we can talk about protecting our environment.

10) Because we did realize the importance of protecting our environment, we solved a lot of our environmental problems.

11) Because we started educating our children about how to protect our environment, we made it easier for us to solve those problems.

12) When I walked along the street, I caught sight of a beauty.

13) When I saw from summit, the village seems to be gorgeous.

14) When I entered in college, I followed my parents' intention and I majored in anthropology, for I did not realize what my preference indeed was.

15) When they yelled to me for almost forty minutes, consumer service sent someone to amend my broken television.

16) When he sees the right opportunity, he would grab it right away.

17) Once you fall in love with English, you would find it so easy to learn.

18) If I wear a Real Madrid jersey to school tomorrow, I would skip the class to watch the live game.

19) Because he is one of the top students in his class, he always is the apple of his teacher's eye.

20) Because it sells good in the Asian market, it starts to become a hit all over the world.

3.名词化练习(高级优化)

- 1) 因为人们的工作特别繁忙，所以他们很少有时间跟家庭成员呆在一起。
- 2) 因为人们现在有充分的食物可供选择，所以他们很少再会影响不良了。
- 3) 如果政府做出短视的决定，那么在长期看来我们的经济发展一定会缺乏增长动力。
- 4) 因为这个提议非常愚蠢，所以我感到非常生气。
- 5) 由于环境中太多的有毒化学物质，环境已经失去了自我修复的能力。
- 6) 因为人们完全不顾环境问题，我感到非常生气。
- 7) 由于我开了一家自己的公司，我感觉自己很有成就。
- 8) 我在微软公司每天都很忙碌，我感觉我快没有精力了。
- 9) 我做了许多不同的工作，在这之后我感觉我的自信心爆棚。
- 10) 因为她考试考得不好，她的心情非常沮丧。
- 11) 如果经济发展了，每个人都可以从中受益。

12) 孩子沉溺于暴力电影，因此他们的学习成绩下降了。

13) 因为很多广告有着吸引人的效果和创意，因此它总是能成功地说服人们买他们不需要的产品。

14) 由于媒体的监督，政府官员不敢再像以前一样受贿。

Part 4 句子写作整合练习

第一组

第一步：简单句

现在的生活节奏越来越快了。年轻人越来越忙碌了。他们没有时间去管周围人的事情。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：The current life pace is increasingly rapid. Young people are busier and busier. They have no time and energy to care about other people.

主干：他们没有时间去管周围人的事情。

串联：With the increasingly rapid life pace, young people, who are busier and busier, have no time and energy left to care about other people. (状语，定语从句)

优化：With the increasingly rapid life pace, young people tend to be so much occupied by their daily work and study that they have no energy left to care about other people.

第二组

第一步：简单句

礼貌是人类社会的基本礼仪。有了它，我们可以提高做事效率。同时，我们也可以获得身边人对我们的尊重。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：Politeness is the basic etiquette of the human society. With it, we can improve the working efficiency. Also, we might gain the respect from people around us.

主干：有了它，我们可以提高做事效率，也可以获得身边人对我们的尊重。

串联：With politeness, the basic etiquette in human society, we can improve the working efficiency and gain the respect from people around us.

优化：With politeness, the basic etiquette in human society, we can not only improve the working efficiency but also gain the respect from people around us.
(not only...but also...)

第三组

第一步：拆成简单句

现在社会的经济发展了。年轻人不再需要把所有的时间和精力用来让自己的家庭摆脱贫困了。他们有更多的机会去学习，去开拓眼界，去思考如何改变这个世界。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：The social economy has developed. Young people no longer need to spend all their time and efforts in getting away from poverty. They have more chances to learn knowledge, to broaden their horizon and to think about how to change the world.

主干：他们有更多的机会去学习，去开拓眼界，去思考如何改变这个世界。

串联：Since the social economy has developed, young people no longer need to spend much time and energy in getting away from poverty, thereby having more chances to learn knowledge, to broaden their horizon and to think about how to change the world.

优化：Since the social economy has developed, young people no longer need to engage themselves in getting rid of poverty, thereby having more chances to learn knowledge, to broaden their horizon and to think about how to change the world. (engage in... get rid of...)

第四组

第一步：简单句

人们通常是双重标准的。面对严重的空气污染，人们会责怪其他人太常开车。但是他们自己在第二天还是会开车出去。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译 :People usually see with double standards. When there is severe air pollution, people condemn others for the frequent use of automobiles. But they still drive their own cars on the road the next day.

主干：他们自己在第二天还是会开车出去。

串联：People usually see with double standards: in the face of the severe air pollution, people condemn others for the frequent use of automobiles while on the other hand, they still drive their own cars on the road the next day.

优化：In the face of the severe air pollution, people, who usually see with double standards, condemn others for the frequent use of automobiles while on the other hand, they still drive their own cars on the road the next day.

第五组

第一步：简单句

好的驴友可以在旅途中更你共享欢乐。同时，在遇到突发事件的时候，也能够使你不至于崩溃。正因为如此，你的旅途可以变得更容易，更欢乐，更有意义。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：Good friends to travel with can share the happiness with your during the trip. Besides, they keep you from collapsing during emergencies. Because of this, your trip could become easier, more fun and more meaningful.

主干：你的旅途可以变得更容易，更欢乐，更有意义。

串联：Your trip could become easier, more fun and more meaningful with good friends, who can not only share the happiness with you but also keep you from collapsing during emergencies.

优化：Sharing happiness with you and keeping you from collapsing during emergencies, good friends make the trip easier, more fun and more meaningful.

第六组

第一步：简单句

过去，人们娱乐的方式很有限。人们下班以后找不到事情可做，非常无聊。他们只能去找邻居玩耍，聊天，分享一些周围发生的事情。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：In the past, people have limited forms of entertaining. They might feel bored after work. So they can just go and find their neighbors, talk to them, and share something happening around the neighborhood.

主干：他们就只能去找邻居玩耍。

串联：In the past, since the forms of entertaining were limited, people might feel bored after work, so they can just go and find their neighbors, talk to them, and share something happening around the neighborhood.

优化：In the past, having limited forms of entertaining, people might feel bored after work. As a result, they had no choice but to find their neighbors, talking and sharing interesting things happening around the neighborhood.

第七组

第一步：简单句

我相信自己穿上这件衣服会跟全智贤一样美。我立刻在这个品牌的官网上买了这件衣服。这件衣服要 3 万块。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：I believed that I would be as gorgeous as Quan zhixian in this coat. I bought it on the official website. This coat cost 30,000 yuan.

主干：我立刻在这个品牌的官网上买了这件衣服

串联：Since I believed that I would be as gorgeous as Quan zhixian in this coat, I bought it on the official website, which cost me almost 30 thousand yuan!

优化：Believing that I would look as gorgeous as Quan zhixian in that coat, I immediately bought it online, which cost me almost 30 thousand yuan!

第八组

生活经历很丰富的父母面对一些最近出现的新鲜事物的时候可能也会对小孩做出误导性的建议。

第一步：拆成简单句

父母的生活经历很丰富。父母面对新鲜事物。父母可能对小孩做出误导性的建议。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：Parents have rich life experiences. Parents face fresh things. Parents might give misleading suggestions to their children.

主干：父母可能对小孩做出误导性的建议

串联：Even though parents have rich life experiences, when they face fresh things, they still might give misleading suggestions to their children.

优化：Despite their rich life experiences, parents might mislead their children when facing fresh things.

第九组

通过手机沉迷在网络世界里的学生很难集中精力在某些不那么有趣却很重要的学科上，比如物理或化学。

第一步：拆成简单句

有些学生通过手机沉迷在网络世界里。他们很难集中精力在某些学科上。这些学科不那么有趣却很重要

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译 Some students are addicted to the online world through the cell phone. They find it difficult to focus on some academic subjects. These subjects are not interesting, but they are important.

主干：他们很难集中精力在某些学科上

串联 :Once some students are addicted to the online world through the cell phone, they might find it difficult to focus on some academic subjects that are not interesting but important.

优化 : Some students, once addicted to the online world through the cell phone, might find it difficult to focus on some academic subjects that are not interesting but are of great importance.

第十组

第一步：简单句

家长不应该让孩子花太多时间看电视。孩子们缺乏明确的道德标准。孩子们会模仿电视中的暴力行为。

翻译：

第二步：找主干

第三步：该串联，就串联

第四步：优化

Keys

翻译：Parents should not allow their children to focus more time on watching television. Children do not have firm formal standards. They may try to imitate violent behavior on television.

主干：家长不应该让孩子花太多时间看电视。

串联：Since children do not have firm formal standards and they may try to imitate violent behavior on television, parents should not allow their children to watch television.

优化：Parents should not allow their children to spend excessive amount of time on TV, because children, who are lack of the firm formal standards, might imitate the violent behaviors on TV.

Part 5 规避常见 Ch-english

Principle: 中文语序调整成英文语序；中文词性调整成英文词性

1. Chinglish : Between the school and our home have a two kilometers road.

优化 : The school is two kilometers away from our home.

1) 从公司到家有 20 多公里，所以我每天都要开车上班。

2) 既然从商场到公司只有 3 公里，为什么不走过去？

2. Chinglish : Last month, my uncle just planned to travel in Seattle in American, where has one of biggest natural forest in the world.

优化 : Last month, my uncle just planned to travel in Seattle in American, where there is one of the biggest natural forests in the world.

1) 我喜欢新加坡，那里不仅有 Universal Studio，而且还有克拉码头。

2) 我很喜欢在北京生活，这里聚集了中国最有思想的一群人。

3. Chinglish : Nowadays, mass media based on their influence to deliver perspectives and values to audience.

优化 : Nowadays, based on their influence, mass media deliver perspectives and values to readers.

1) 我们总是基于自己的经验来推测未来事件的发展。

2) 不要基于一个人的外貌来推测一个人的性格或人品。

4. Chinglish : In fact, there are many other ways might give us a better knowledge about foreign countries.

优化 : In fact, many other ways might give us the better knowledge about foreign countries.

1) 其实, 我们有很多其他的方式可以代替博物馆向大众传达历史文化。

2) 有很多人都认为经济发展比环境保护更加重要。

5. Chinglish : We should take part in extra curricular activities. In this way, can ensure that our life is enriched.

优化 : Taking part in extra curricular activities enriches our life.

1) 父母应该鼓励小孩做家务。这样, 可以使得小孩尽早培养责任感。

2) 教授应该花更多的时间做研究。这样, 更有可能为社会做出贡献。

6. 教知识

Chinglish : Teachers teach us much knowledge.

优化 : pass on/impart knowledge

1) 我希望我能把我的知识教给这些年轻人。

2) 现在的老师大多以说教的方式传授知识。

7. 祝你有...

Chinglish : I wish you have a bright future.

优化 : I wish you a bright future.

1) 我祝你有好的身体。

8. 花了...

Chinglish : We take two hours to arrive at school.

Or it spends us two hours to arrive at school.

优化 : it takes sb + time+ to do sth; sb spend + time+ doing sth

1) 我们花了很长时间完成作业。

2) 我们花了 3 个小时到达目的地。

9 . 认为不能/会

Chinglish : I think I can't finish the work.

优化 : I don't think I can finish the work.

1) 我认为我们未来不会再用纸质书了。

2) 我认为未来我们不会生活得更休闲。

10.1 学生每天有很多的作业是一个普遍的现象。

Chinglish : It is a common phenomenon that many students with a lot of assignments to finish every day.

优化 :

10.2 如果我们想要跟上时代 , 我们应该从老师那里获得知识。

Chinglish : If we want to keep updated with the society, we through teachers to getting knowledge.

优化 :

11. Chinglish : Many people like go to the beach and let their body expose in the sunlight in order to make them look healthier.

优化 :

12. Chinglish : Besides, many crops are genetically modified, and they are bad for people's health.

优化 :

13. Chinglish : On the other hand, the economy develops quickly which increases the income of people.

优化 :

14. Chinglish : So of course they can have a meal outside.

优化 :

15. Chinglish : I felt so ill that I cannot continue eating.

优化 :

16. 学生很难找到好工作

Chinglish : Students are very difficult to find decent jobs.

优化 :

17. 社会上出现了严重的环境问题

Chinglish : Society exists many serious environmental problems.

优化 :

18. 新的政策让我们很开心

Chinglish : This new policy brings us a lot of happiness.

优化 :

19. Skill

1)他的写作和翻译水平很高。

Chinglish: His writing and translating level is very high.

优化 :

2)如何提高我们的英语水平？

Chinglish: How to improve our English level.

优化：

20. Access

1)我在学校上不了网。

Chinglish: I cannot go on the Internet at school.

优化：

2)他每天都需要打开他的邮箱。

Chinglish: He needs to open his mail box every day.

优化：

21. Sense

1)因为他有幽默感，所以他的同学们很喜欢他。

Chinglish: Because he is very humorous, his classmates very like him.

优化：

2)他们认为在生活中有些地方没有意义。

Chinglish: They consider that it is meaningless in some places in their lives.

优化：

22. Afford

1)这件裙子太贵了，以至于我买不起。

Chinglish: This dress is so expensive that I cannot buy it.

优化：

2)在这个村子，有许多儿童很穷上不起学。

Chinglish: lots of kids are poor in this village, so they cannot go to school.

优化：

23. Contribute to

1)这件事情上他也出了不少力气。

Chinglish: He also supplied his strength to this.

优化：

2)非常感谢你，你真的帮了很多。

Chinglish: Thank you very much. You really helped a lot.

优化：

24. Impress

1)成功的销售人员知道如何打动他的客户。

Chinglish: A successful salesman knows how to move his customers.

优化：

2)在我的记忆中，北京给我的感觉太棒了。

Chinglish: In my memory, Beijing gave me a very wonderful feeling.

优化：

25. 我们都应该早睡早起。

Chinglish: We should go to bed early and get up early.

优化：

26. 我的耐心快没有了。

Chinglish: My patience will be less and less.

优化：

27. Chinglish：Like the National Geographic Magazine, they always give a description for a beautiful or special place in a country.

优化：The National Geographic Magazine, for example, always gives a description for a beautiful or special place in a country.

1) 就像电影《当幸福来敲门》,它刻画了一个人坚持不懈实现梦想的故事。

2) 就像我爸爸,他从来都是一个脾气急躁的人,却慢慢在教我的过程中变得耐心起来。

Part 6 常用词和句式的替换练习

一. 常用词替换

1. 转变

对于她态度的转变，我感到很震惊。

辨析：

(1) Change：可以指任何变化，常用来指根本的或者完全的变化。【to become different】

1. He changed from an optimist to a pessimist.
2. You can't change human nature.
3. The leaves change color from green to red in the fall.

(2) Transform:指使人或物在性质上或形态上发生彻底或根本的积极的变化,常指突然或神秘地改变,有时含有夸张的意味。【to change in composition or structure; to change the outward form or appearance of】

1. They wanted to transform his world outlook.
2. I believe she would transform me into a talker.
3. A smile transformed her face.

(3) Convert: 是强调改变(某事物)的形式和用途;改变信仰

【make to change from one (form, use, etc.) into another; to bring over from one belief, view, or party to another】

1. The solar cell can convert the energy of sunlight into electric energy.
2. My mother has converted to Catholicism.
3. Coal can be converted to gas.

(4) alter: 只意味着局部的或表面的变化, 而没有变成另一种事物。

【to make different without changing into something else】

1. She has altered much older than before.
2. His appearance has altered a great deal.
3. As times alter, men's affections change.

2. 能力

一个领导必须有沟通能力。

辨析：

(1) ability : 普通用词, 指人先天的或学来的各种能力。【the power or skill to do something】

1. She has the ability to keep calm in an emergency.
2. He is a man of great executive ability.
3. She has great ability at playing the piano.

(2) capacity : 承载量 ; 指人的潜在能力 , 多指才智 , 尤指接受与领悟能力。【the largest amount or number that can be held or contained ; the ability to do something : a mental, emotional, or physical ability】

1. The nightclub has a 1,000-person capacity.
2. A bottle with a capacity of two liters
3. Does he have the capacity to handle this job?

(3) capability : 多用于人 , 指胜任某项具体工作的能力 , 也指本身具有、尚未发挥的潜在能力。常与 of 或 for 连用。【a feature of faculty capable of development】

1. He had no capability to deal with the matter.
2. As a scientist, he has the capability of doing important research.
3. He worked to the limits of his capability.

(4). competence : 正式用词 , 侧重指令人满意的业务能力与水平 , 达到胜任某项工作等的要求。[the ability to do something well]

1. Competence is prerequisite to promotion.
2. No one doubts her competence as a teacher.
3. I doubt his competence to do the work.

3. 容易

学生很容易把所有的精力放在学习上而忽略了课外活动。

(1) easy : 常指事情容易做,不费劲[not hard to do : not difficult; free from pain, trouble, or worry; not hurried]

1. There are no easy solutions to this problem.
2. I hope this will make things easier for you.
3. I won't feel easy until I know that she arrived safely.

(2) simple : 指不复杂或不难懂,因此能很快被头脑接受。[not hard to understand or do ; having few parts : not complex or fancy]

1. I like my clothes to be simple but elegant.
2. This love between you and me is simple as a song
3. There are three simple steps to follow.

4. 正确的

他的说法是正确的,但我仍然不想按他说的做。

(1) accurate : 指通过谨慎的努力达到符合事实或实际,侧重不同程度的准确性,与事实无出入。[correct and true in every detail; exactly correct]

1. The manager impressed on his office staff the importance of keeping accurate records.

2. Hearsay definitely can't be regarded as accurate information.
3. The machines were not yet accurate enough to give useful results.

(2) precise : 侧重极端准确, 更强调细节的精确无误。 [exact in form, detail, measurements, time, etc.]

1. With the new technique, measurement was claimed to be much more precise.
2. Be sure to take precise measurements before you cut the cloth.
3. The word has a very precise meaning.

(3) right : 使用广泛, 可与这些词中的 correct 换用, 但常暗示道德、理解、行动等方面的正确。 [(of conduct, actions, etc.) morally good; required by law of duty]

1. In general, I think we're on the right track.
2. He doesn't know right from wrong
3. He was right about that restaurant: the food was awful

(4) true : 真实的, 符合事实的 [in accordance with fact or reality]

1. It is simply not true that I was there
2. It is true to say that they disliked each other
3. We both thought that he had given a true judgment.

(5) correct : 最常用词 , 主要指按一定标准或规则来衡量 , 没有谬误和差错或无缺点错误。 [right; without mistakes]

1. Your answer to the question is correct.
2. The detective is completely correct in his surmises.
3. The ship is on the correct course.

5. 活的

在喝了这么多三鹿奶粉以后 , 他竟然还活着 , 真是奇迹。

辨析 :

(1) alive : 其反义词为 dead , 指生命从奄奄一息到精力旺盛的各种状态。【living, not dead】

1. Are your grandparents still alive?
2. Although he is eighty, he is still very much alive.
3. She clung to the hope that her son was still alive.

(2) live : 通常作定语 , 指活生生的 , 生气勃勃的 , 还可表示现直播的【having life】

1. The cat is playing with a live mouse.
2. It wasn't a recorded show but a live one.
3. A live band is always a good draw at a party.

3)living :其反义词为 dead ,指包括人和动植物的生命没有消失、仍然存在的状态。

[alive now]

1. He was the greatest living novelist in England.
2. We should improve what is called the quality of living.
3. Some of the plants are dead, but most of them are still living.

6. 允许

不经过广电总局的允许，电影是无法公映的。

辨析：

(1) allow : 普通用词，侧重听任、默许或不加阻止。在正式场合可用来表客气的请求。【to regard or treat (something) as acceptable; let (sb) do sth】

1. The facts allow no other explanation.
2. The law does not allow such an action.
3. You are not allowed to smoke here.

(2) let : 常用词，用于各种非正式场合，语气最弱，指允许或无力阻止某事，暗示漠不关心或听之任之。

1. Let me have a look at this watch.

2. No visitors are let into the committee meetings.
3. She asked me if she could leave but I wouldn't let her leave.

(3) permit : 正式用词, 在多数场合可与allow换用, 语义最强, 指准许某人做某事, 含权威或正式的意味。[to consent to expressly or formally]

1. You are not permitted to smoke here.
2. She won't permit dogs in the house.
3. You can't work here without a work permit. (n. 许可证)

(4) authorize : 语气最强, 指权威性的允许与认可。[to give legal or official approval to or for (something)]

1. He President authorized him to do that.
2. The government authorized an irrigation project.
3. The Queen authorized him to sign the treaty.

7. 清楚的, 明白的

老师已经讲解得很清楚了。

(1) obvious : 语气较强, 指极为明显, 有目共睹, 无需说明和论证。[It is obvious that she is very clever.]

1. For obvious reasons, I do not wish to discuss this
2. Her disappointment was obvious to all.

3. He embassy is an obvious target for terrorist attacks.

(2) evident : 指根据事实成为显然的。

1. This fact is too evident to require proof.

2. It is evident that smoking is harmful to health.

3. It's evident to me that they have no experience in this work.

(3) clear : 普通用词, 侧重清楚明白。[without clouds; easy to see through]

1. I made it clear to him that I rejected his proposal.]

2. He is clear in his language.

3. It is clear that he was not the man who had robbed the house.

8. 气氛, 环境

这里的就餐环境不错。有美丽的灯光和浪漫的布景。

辨析:

(1) environment: environment 可指影响人们生活的各种抽象和具体的“状况,环境”。the environment 特指自然环境,其后的谓语动词用单数形式。

1. The room is the best environment to work in.

2. An increasing number of people are concerned about the pollution of the environment.

3. A bad home environment can affect a child's healthy growth.

(2) atmosphere: 大气层 ; 营造的气氛 , 感觉。 [mood; feeling in the mind that is created by a group of people or a place]

1. There is an atmosphere of peace and calm in the country quite different from the atmosphere of a big city.
2. An atmosphere of pessimism pervades the economy.
3. The planets have different atmospheres.

(3) surroundings 只用复数,指某人周围的事物或环境,这些事物与环境对他的思想、感情、修养有一定的影响。 [the circumstances, conditions, or objects by which one is surrounded]

1. Happiness comes from within your heart, not from your surroundings.
2. We are living in pleasant surroundings.
3. The surroundings in which a child grows up may have an effect on his development.

9. 增加, 增长

伴随着飙升的油价, 人们开车出行的频率渐渐下降了。

辨析 :

(1) increase: 强调数量上的增加 [make or become larger in amount or number]

1. Wide reading will increase your vocabulary.
2. They have increased the price of petrol again.
3. There was a steady increase in population.

(2) develop 意为 “生长,成长” , [increase or become larger or more complete]

1. We must do our best to develop the national economy.
2. Some countries are developing nuclear weapons for vicious purpose.
3. The story was later developed into a novel.

10. 扩大, 拓宽

为了生存, 这个公司必须考虑扩大市场。

(1) Expand: “扩大, 扩张”。指事物在范围、规模、体积或大小尺寸上的扩大。

[to increase in size, range, or amount : to become bigger]

1. Metals expand when they are heated.
2. His business has expanded to serve the entire state.
3. The coffee shop may expand into a full restaurant.
- 4.

(2) Enlarge : enlarge 的基本意思是使某物变大,可指事物的体积、面积、容量、范围等,也可引申指人扩大其兴趣域或活动范围等。[to make (something) larger or to become larger]

1. I have to enlarge my vocabulary.
2. I planned to enlarge this photograph.
3. We must enlarge our views by reading.

11. 减少, 下降

这家公司招聘新员工的数量在逐渐下降。

(1) Decrease: decrease 指各种事物逐减少、逐衰弱的程度

[to grow progressively less (as in size, amount, number, or intensity)]

1. His interest in this subject gradually decreases.
2. They tried to decrease the costs.
3. They are making further efforts to decrease military spending.

(2) reduce 指缩小事物的范围、强度、数量等,也可指级别、地位或经济条件的降低。

[make less in size, amount, price, degree, etc.]

1. We must gradually reduce the wage gap.
2. We must gradually reduce the wage gap.
3. The jackets have been reduced by 50%.

二. 常用句式替换

1. 不能让人...

1) 沉溺于电脑游戏让我不能认识更多人。

2) 她让他不要走，但他还是走了。

3) 泥泞使他们无法快速前进。

2. 投身于...

1) 大学毕业以后，他就将自己投身在教育事业当中了。

2) 领导应该鼓励员工投身于公司的发展。

3) 他说,如果他的祖国需要的话,他会奉献出自己的生命。

3. 某人很难 / 容易做...

1) 没有政府的支持，人们很难改善自然环境。

2) 大学生找工作很难。

3) 对于一个 16 岁的孩子来说，要谋生很难。

4. 做... 而不是做...

1) 这件事情发生之后，你只是推卸责任，而不是承认错误，这让我很失望。

2) 面对困难我们应该迎头解决，而不是当鸵鸟。

3) 他们没有前进，反而退缩了。

Part 7 常用词组造句练习

1. take off: to remove (usually said of clothes) or to leave

John 进办公室的时候脱下了他的衣服。

你一定要现在走吗，你一小时之前才来的！

2. turn off/switch off/shut off: to cause to stop functioning

你离开的时候把灯关上。

3. right away/at once: very soon; immediately

老爸说马上就可以吃晚饭了，所以我们去洗了手摆好了桌子。

4. pick up: to take someone away at the place where they are; or to increase; or to perceive sth. with the senses quickly

我会来图书馆门口接你。

价格好像慢慢上涨了。

它看起来复杂，但是你很快就能上手了。

5. sooner or later: eventually, after a period of time

如果你认真学英语，你最后都会很流利地掌握它的。

6. as usual: as is the general case, as is typical

George 像往常一样又迟到了，这都见怪不怪了每天都发生。

7. to take out: to make a date

你今晚和 Sue 约会吗。

8. to think over: to consider sth. carefully before making a decision

你不用现在给我答案，先想想吧。

9. to get over: to recover from an unpleasant experience

她经过很多次分手，她会很快忘记这分手的痛苦的。

10. to make up one's mind: to decide finally

你什么时候才能决定度假的地方呢？

他拒绝做出决定。

11. for good: permanently, forever

自从媒体曝光了三鹿奶粉事件后，这个牌子永远地从市场中消失了。

12. out of order: not in working condition

电梯坏了，所以我们必须爬十层楼。

13. To figure out: to solve, to find a solution ; to understand

你花了多久解决了这个数学题？

14. to wear out: to use something until it has no value or worth anymore, to make useless through wear

当我的这些鞋坏了之后，我就要买一些经穿的鞋。

15. to have to do with: to have some connection with or relationship to

你的建议和我们的问题有什么关系呢？

16. now and then: occasionally, sometimes (also: now and again, at times, from time to time, off and on, once in a while)

我不经常见他，但我们时不时会一起吃午饭。

17. to get through: to finish, to complete

我昨晚直到 11 点才学习完。

18. to keep track of: to keep or maintain a record of; to remember the location of

他记录所有他从家里打的和他生意有关的长途电话。

19. out of date: not modern; not current, not timely; no longer available in published form

我不知道为什么 Tom 喜欢穿过时的衣服。他的衣服太过时了甚至他的女朋友也不愿被人看到和他在一起。

20. to blow up: to inflate, to fill with air; to explode, to destroy (or be destroyed) by explosion

飞机撞到地面的时候迅速爆炸了。

21. to take into account: to consider a fact while evaluating a situation

人们似乎未能考虑到这个事实，教育不会随着毕业而结束。

22. to have one's way/to get one's way: to do what one wishes to do

如果 Lily 在工作中不能随心意做事，她就会变得很生气。

23. to take advantage of: to make use of

许多学校都在努力利用著名的老师来吸引好学生。

24. in vain: without success or a result, ending in failure

我在她身上花了那么多时间，但是完全白费了。

25. by far: to a considerably large extent

Tom 是我们班目前最聪明的学生。

26. to run into: to meet unexpectedly

这真没想到，最近撞见一个高中的老朋友。

27. more or less: approximately, almost

Ted 差不多同意了我们延期会议的决定。

28. to keep one's word: to fulfill one's promise

守信被认为是一种良好的品质。

29. to get through to: to succeed in communicating with (after initial difficulty)

在阅读课上，一些学生英语掌握地不好以至于让他们理解很难。

30. to carry on: to continue talking

能和你进行一次开诚布公的谈话，我感到快乐。

31. Detached from: indifferent

他对正在发生的事情毫不关心。

32. Thought-provoking: make people think 令人深思

图片令人深思。

33. Pull through: get better in a process 度过障碍

他已经度过了障碍。

34. Gut: To be brave

虽然他面临着不熟悉的环境，但是他有勇气去接触陌生人。

35. Spit it out: tell someone something

你说话呀！哑巴了吗？

36. Make a scene: Make something into a huge deal in public or with others around

我最好不要吵闹。

37. Make it: be able to do something

你为此投入了如此多的努力，你一定可以成功的。

38. Obsessed with: love something like crazy

她被他迷的神魂颠倒。

39. Come up with: To think up

快想想那些你熟悉的东西吧！我们肯定能搞定这个任务的！

40. Try out: Try something new

我不介意去那家新开的餐厅吃吃看啊，如果你真的想去的话。

41. Phony: Fake

她可假了。如果她对你很好，你得小心了。

42. Go off: be very mad at someone and blame someone

你别对我发火啊。这又不是我的错。

43. on the right track: Someone is right, understanding something, or doing something right.

我觉得 Alex 现在是走上正确的路了。他只需要多一点的时间。

44. Chance of a lifetime: A special opportunity

这是一个不可多得的机会。不要搞砸了。

45. in the long run/ in the long term: in the future

这个新提议在长期看来肯定会对我们有好处的。

46. Have a clue: Have an idea/to understand

我完全搞不清楚状况。你们在说啥？

47. Give one's best shot: Try one's best

我会竭尽全力解决问题的。我爱她。

Part 8 文段朗读背诵

1. I no longer have patience for certain things, not because I've become arrogant, but simply because I reached a point in my life where I do not want to waste one time with what displeases me or hurts me. I have no patience for cynicism, excessive criticism and demands of any nature. I lost the will to please those who do not like me, to love those who do not love me and to smile at those who do not want to smile at me.
2. Laugh when you can. Apologize when you should. And let go of what you can't change. Kiss slowly, play hard, forgive quickly, take chances and have no regrets. Life's too short to be anything but happy.
3. Always believe that something wonderful is going to happen, even with all the ups and downs. Never take a day for granted. Smile. Cherish the little things and don't forget to hug the ones you love.
4. You'll never see the great things ahead of you if you keep looking at the bad things behind you. You are exactly where you need to be to reach your goals. Everything you've been through was preparation for where you are right now and where you can be tomorrow.
5. Take control of your destiny. Believe in yourself. Ignore those who try to discourage you. Avoid negative sources, people, places, things and habits. Choose to let each of your experiences today be a gateway to an even brighter tomorrow.
6. Not all relationships are meant to last forever. Some people come into our lives to teach us an important and sometimes painful life lessons, and then they leave. It's up to us how we use this experience and what we gain from it.
7. I do not care what they think. They can hate me, judge me, talk behind my back... Well, one thing they can never do is get me to change. I am who I am, and the way I act, think, imagine, dream, dress, speak, love, look, and feel will always remain the same.
8. You need to see that life is not always perfect. We'll not always get what we want. And though it hurts a lot, what should've happened, happened. Who should've left, left. It won't change anything if you keep beating yourself up.
9. The health of our oceans is under threat on multiple fronts, from overfishing to carbon pollution. President Obama has established the first comprehensive National Policy for the Stewardship of the Ocean, our Coasts, and the Great Lakes. The National Ocean Policy helps us prioritize our efforts and resources to address the most critical issues facing our oceans and establishes a comprehensive, collaborative, regionally based planning process to ensure healthy ocean and coastal resources for the many communities and economies that rely on and enjoy them.

10. Technology can be a powerful tool when it comes to teaching and learning. To help realize its potential, in September 2011 the Department of Education and private foundations launched Digital Promise, a new national center for advancing learning technologies. Digital Promise will harness the efforts of everyone from educators to entrepreneurs to spur the research, development, and adoption of breakthrough technologies that can help transform the way teachers teach and students learn. [Learn more here.](#)
11. To better support the preparation and development of successful teachers, the Department has also proposed setting aside 25 percent of Title II funds under No Child Left Behind (roughly \$600 million) to improve teacher and leader recruitment, preparation, and professional development. The set-aside would support programs that recruit talented candidates into the teaching profession and provide them with rigorous training to prepare them for high-need schools. It would also support programs that recruit and train principals and school leadership teams to turn around the lowest performing schools.
12. The giant panda has an insatiable appetite for bamboo. A typical animal eats half the day—a full 12 out of every 24 hours—and relieves itself dozens of times a day. It takes 28 pounds (12.5 kilograms) of bamboo to satisfy a giant panda's daily dietary needs, and it hungrily plucks the stalks with elongated wrist bones that function rather like thumbs. Pandas will sometimes eat birds or rodents as well.
13. Even so, analysts expect India to make voluntary pledges to boost energy efficiency and renewable power. It's well on its way toward meeting a pledge, made at UN climate talks in Copenhagen in 2009, to cut the "intensity" of its carbon emissions—reducing the amount of carbon emitted for the same amount of economic output 20 to 25 percent over 2005 levels by 2020.
14. The Administration is taking comprehensive action to ensure the integrity of the waters Americans rely on every day for drinking, swimming, and fishing, and that support farming, recreation, tourism and economic growth. We have issued draft Federal guidance to clarify which waters are protected by the Clean Water Act nationwide; launched innovative partnerships and programs to improve water quality and water efficiency; and created initiatives to revitalize communities and economies by restoring rivers and critical watersheds.
15. Love seemed to be front and center for all the would-be parents we met, and I'm certain that emotion is prominent for the vast majority of prospective parents who anxiously await the birth of a child.

16. The news frequently reports on stories where very loving parents unwittingly leave their child under the supervision of an abusive caregiver or nanny. There are also incidents where a loving parent bathing a child leaves the baby unattended for a moment to return to the tub where the little one is totally submerged. Every single parent is human and prone to mistakes—sometimes those mistakes trump love.
17. Beyond providing a safe physical environment to ensure the child's health and security, parents must also focus on each other and invest in each other to ensure a healthy, secure relational foundation for their offspring.
18. There are plenty of well-intended parents who claim to love their children but who give their kids everything they want because they want their little ones to be "happy." Or parents who let their kids do or eat whatever they want for the same faulty reason—all in the name of love. But that's not love; it's lousy decision making in the short term by the parents that will ultimately hurt their child in the long term.
19. Raising well-adjusted kids requires parents to be present and available when the kids need them – not the other way around. Unfortunately, work requirements force many parents into loving their children from afar, while providing the kids with substitute creature comforts and surrogate caregivers. That may be a necessary reality for some families and situations, but there's frankly no substitute for hands-on parenting.
20. Consider the type of relationship a parent develops with a child and the example set in regards to problem solving. If a parent frequently punishes a child, a relationship built on fear is established. If a parent is aggressive and unpredictable, the child will become fearful and worry about what his parent will do every time he makes a mistake. Moreover, this fear and anxiety stays with the child later in life. He may be waiting to be hurt and for something bad to happen.
21. If you've never spent much time around kids, then you probably wouldn't know that they're born with the most blissfully perfect posture and maintain that posture until something changes it. Often times it's environmental, like too much time in front of a screen or as the case often is with girls, they physically shrink when their self-confidence takes its first real blow.
22. Maintaining a clean home and spending time with the children who live in it is a struggle most parents face. There will always be clothes to iron and dishes to wash, but also fleeting moments of childhood passing by, and never enough time in the day to accomplish everything on your to-do list.
23. Many people around the country have been as shocked by the decision not to indict Officer Daniel Pantaleo, who put Garner in a chokehold, as they were when the cell phone video of it went viral. The outrage has weighed especially heavy after the police shooting of 18-year-old Michael Brown in Ferguson, Missouri. When the grand jury in St. Louis

County announced it would not indict Officer Darren Wilson in Brown's death, protests dotted the American map. Likewise in the Garner case.

24. Burger King Worldwide Inc. (BKW) is putting its Yumbo ham-and-cheese sandwich back on the menu after a 40-year hiatus, aiming to entice customers with a taste from its past. The Yumbo, which debuted in 1968 and was officially retired in 1974, will cost \$3.69 and be available for a limited time, the Miami-based company said today in a statement. It also will be part of Burger King's two-for-\$5 menu.
25. Research has shown, not only are early risers more optimistic and conscientious, they also anticipate problems and minimize them more efficiently. Which of course is crucial to success in the business world.
26. Time is a luxury, enjoy it and feed yourself a wholesome breakfast. Sit down with your family and enjoy a hearty bowl of oatmeal. Fuel your body for the tasks that lay ahead of you. It will help you maintain a steady focus throughout the day.
27. Waking up early offers you opportunities that few get to enjoy – watch the sunrise, hear the sound of birds chirping, and just be still. We are always on the move. Sit and enjoy the morning calm. It's a brief time where you can be alone with your thoughts. Just breathe.
28. If you're looking for the perfect on-the-go snack, almonds might just be it. Several recent studies have found that snacking on them helps you stay satiated throughout the day, and eat less at meals. A small handful is the ideal portion size (about 1 ounce, or 22 almonds)—for 160 calories, you get a healthy dose of monounsaturated fat, 3 grams of fiber, and 6 grams of protein. Bonus: they're loaded with vitamin E, which is essential for healthy hair, skin, and nails.
29. Beijing's municipal government has warned users of the world's largest subway system that fare increases could more than double the cost of an average commute. The Chinese capital's 17 subway lines carry almost 10m passengers a day – twice the number of New York's – for a flat fee of just Rmb2 (\$0.33) per trip regardless of distance.
30. One in five women in asset management has suffered sexual harassment at work, according to a survey of 730 fund industry staff, which shows that sexism continues to plague the market. The global survey of both men and women found that another third of female asset management staff had experienced sexist behavior at work on a weekly or monthly basis and that 15 per cent had felt under pressure to exploit their sexuality at work.

Keys:

Part 1 简单句写作

1. 找主干

主干：政府 考虑 采取措施

The government considers adopting measures to protect the environment.

主干：政府 提倡 乘坐工作交通工具

The government advocates taking public transportations.

主干：学校 要求 学生

The school requires students to wear uniforms.

主干：环境 是 基础

A good working environment is the basis of high working efficiency.

主干：让学生学习 降低 热情

Forcing students to learn 11 months a year will kill their passion for studying.

2. 找修饰

修饰：在课程之后（状语） 同一风格的（定语） 完全不同的（定语）

After today's course, same style, totally different

修饰：带来更高收益的（定语）

Which will create higher profit for us

修饰：在这个政策中（状语） 排放过量空气污染物的（定语）

Based on this policy, which release excessive amount of air pollutants

修饰：根据这个实验（状语） 从小生活在父母身边的（定语）

According to this experiment, who live with their parents since childhood

修饰：通常（状语） 被大众所相信的（定语）

Usually, which is accepted by the general public

Part2 句子串联练习

1. 因果关系

a.

- 1) Good reading habits lead to great success in the future.
- 2) Actually, the origins of human beings resulted from a tiny mistake.

b.

- 1) We have expanded our understanding about the world due to some scientific programs.
- 2) People always feel sick recently because of our more and more serious environmental pollution.

c.

- 1) Since life pace is faster and faster nowadays, young people are occupied by their work and study.
- 2) As our social economy keeps developing, we can now provide our children with a better life and education because more materials and resources are accessible.
- 3) Our children spent so much time watching TV shows that their eyesight got seriously impaired.
- 4) Audiences can understand the TV shows better because they are familiar with their mother language.
- 5) The reason why people can receive education more easily is that our government has carried out the nine-year compulsory education.
- 6) Since study is a life-long process, we can never depend on our professors but ourselves after graduation.
- 7) He decided to quit this job because it took too much time of his.
- 8) He has taken many part-time jobs when studying in university, so he has accumulated some working experience.

2. 条件关系

- 1) Our economics can never be developed in the long run unless our government emphasizes on the environmental protection.
- 2) Unless our company sets up a strict dress code rule, we can hardly leave a professional impression to our customers.
- 3) Our environment can never be better until everyone takes actions in our society.
- 4) Only if our children begin to take responsibilities can they be truly mature.
- 5) If a person doesn't have any hobbies, his life will be just boring.
- 6) Two people can hardly be friends with each other unless they share similar values.

- 7) Our economy can hardly be developed unless our government devotes more energy to our environmental protection.
- 8) Once you move to a foreign country, you will experience the culture difference by yourself.
- 9) People will be healthier if they stop eating fast food.
- 10) You can never make true friends with people until you treat people sincerely.
- 11) Only if our children spend less time watching TV can they devote more time and energy to studying.
- 12) Customers will not be convinced by the advertisements unless advertisers stop exaggerating the benefits of using their products.
- 13) If you are willing to go to a theater for a movie, you will be impressed by the surrounding music and visual effects.
- 14) Once we realize the importance of environmental problems, we can finally solve them.
- 15) We can never solve our environmental problems unless we realize the importance of environmental problems.
- 16) If we spend part of our money on traveling, we can experience different culture and broaden our horizons.
- 17) If I had another chance, I would never put myself in that horrible situation.
- 18) If I manage to achieve a high score in the exam, my mom will reward me with the fund of traveling abroad.
- 19) Once you finish your exam, you can take a break.
- 20) Once found, all mistakes should be corrected.
- 21) I would never say sorry unless she apologizes to me first.
- 22) I would never go to Beijing unless my company pays for my trip.
- 23) They are not willing to come by and fix my TV until I yelled at them for 40 minutes.
- 24) You are not allowed to eat anything until you see your doctor.
- 25) Students can hardly get a more efficient education even if they spend 11 months on studying every year.
- 26) You cannot get a good score unless you pay enough efforts on your studying.
- 27) Once they overcome the difficulties, they can achieve more accomplishments.
- 28) Unless she brings in cash, her working hours will not be seen as working.

a.

- 1) With a better public transit system, we can surely solve the current environmental problems.
- 2) Without a better public transit system, we cannot solve the current environmental problems.

3. 转折/对比关系

- 1) Nowadays, traditional resources are still very cheap, while it won't last very

long because of the scarcity of fossil fuel. / It won't last very long because fossil fuel is becoming more and more unavailable.

- 2) Indeed, everyone has a busy life, while it doesn't give us any right to be rude to people.
- 3) One person may dress up in different clothes everyday, while we can still make a judgment about his characters based on his style.
- 4) On one hand, it's very easy for us to be convinced by advertisements exaggerating the products. While on the other hand, we cannot turn a blind eye to the deficiencies pointed out by our friends.
- 5) Although she lives in America, her English is not that good because she is too lazy to learn anything.
- 6) Some people prefer to stay in a big company while others prefer to stay in a small one.
- 7) Some people are always willing to follow other people's orders while some people always think independently and make decisions by themselves.
- 8) People are still easily convinced by advertisements even though there is a lot of fake information in our advertisements.
- 9) Sometimes, products in the advertisements are useless. While customers find it hard for them to make decisions without the information provided by our advertisements.
- 10) There is a lot of educational knowledge in our TV shows. While people still think that the major function of TV is entertainment.
- 11) Most of the people love watching movies downloaded from the computer while he finds it worthwhile to see movies in the cinema.
- 12) Many older people are into news while young people regard them as ways of propaganda.
- 13) Although it seems hard to solve environmental problems, we can still make a difference if we have faith.
- 14) Although it takes time to solve environmental problems, we can still make a difference if we have faith.
- 15) Professors are essential for our study in college even though we can learn things by ourselves.
- 16) Some students already got some good results while others are still waiting.
- 17) Knowledge in our textbooks taught by our teacher is not the only thing we should learn, while sometimes the things, cannot be taught by teachers, are more even more important.
- 18) Topics between guys are always influenced by their work, while women are more into celebrities, dramas and other people.
- 19) Even though job interviews can last for an hour or more, it's the first ten minutes that manager has his own opinions about you.
- 20) Although more and more women chose to go out to work nowadays, the responsibility of taking care of children are still theirs.

4. 并列关系

- 1) Nowadays, people not only can obtain sufficient nutrients to meet the needs of their body but also have realized the importance of physical exercises.
- 2) When children are helping their parents with household chores, they can not only realize how difficult it is for their parents to clean up everyday but also gain a sense of achievement at the same time.
- 3) If given no chance to manage their pocket money at a very young age, our children will neither know anything about finance nor have any skills of financial management in the future.
- 4) Students choose a university either for its academic background or its career prospect.
- 5) Actually, you cannot relax and release your pressure by watching TV for a long time but get even more exhausted.
- 6) Modern apartments are not only more robust but also more convenient than traditional housing.
- 7) A good article requires not only rich vocabulary and correct grammar but also deep thoughts.
- 8) Watching TV can not only help you relax but also expand our horizon.
- 9) Magazine can neither inform us of the most updated news in a country nor provide us with deep understanding of the culture there.
- 10) Books can help us understand a country better because it can either provide us with useful knowledge or cover an extensive range of knowledge.
- 11) Not only should we realize the importance of protecting our environment but also our children.
- 12) We will have to make a decision in the near future: either lose our economy or lose our environment.
- 13) We will end up having nothing in the future: neither our economy nor

our environment.

- 14 / Neither threats nor promises can change his determination.
- 15 / They can receive their education not only in the classroom, but also from the comfort of their homes through online education.
- 16 / The school has neither good facilities nor well-qualified teachers.
- 17 / He doesn't like physics not because it's hard but because it's boring.
- 18 / A job with high salary can not only improve our life quality but also give us a great sense of achievement.
- 19 / To resist Japanese products is neither because they are made in Japan nor because we want to blow Japanese economy.
- 20 / It's not that I am not willing to help you, but that I'm tied up with overly full schedule these days.
- 21 / When you run into problems in your job, you should either handle them by yourself or ask help from your colleagues.

5. 递进关系

- 1 / She records her daily feelings on twitter every day; she will even take photos of her lunch and post them on twitter.
- 2 / Without our family, we cannot even realize our own problems, let alone fix them to be better persons.
- 3 / He is not even willing to head out for lunch, let alone for a movie.
- 4 / She runs 5 miles every day in order to lose weight; once she even ran 10 miles.
- 5 / He spent so much time playing computer games; he even sacrificed his time of eating and sleeping.
- 6 / The Internet informs us the latest news in a country, and it even provides a platform for people's comments and feelings towards the events.
- 7 / He never watches any advertisement, let alone being manipulated by it – buy something he doesn't need but looks good in the ad.

- 8 / We never take actions to protect our environment; instead, we even create more damage to our environment.
- 9 / People are so greedy that they always choose profit over environment; they even choose profit over their health.
- 10 / We don't even want to face our environmental issues right now, let alone devote time and energy to fix them.
- 11 / Bamboo is always so strong that people always use them to build our houses and even build bridges over the river.
- 12 / Children can watch anime on computers, read books and even paint on the computer screen.
- 13 / She can barely afford to raise one child, let alone three.
- 14 / The water is so contaminated that it's even dangerous to touch the water, let alone use it for irrigation or drinking.
- 15 / The client began to complain; she even became furious because I didn't help her improve her business.

6. 修饰关系

- 1 / A good environment can attract talents who can contribute greatly to the development of economics.
- 2 / I am into this kind of movie which tells people profound lessons about life through simply stories.
- 3 / Holiday is a period of time when you can escape from work and study and enjoy your slow-paced life.
- 4 / Our environment is becoming worse and worse; many countries are working on developing new energy resources which can replace fossil fuel in the future.
- 5 / We can make a lot of new friends who share completely different ideas and experiences from us when we are traveling.
- 6 / In 20 years, there will be more robots which can do a lot of difficult work for people.

- 7 / There is a group of people who always keep up with fashion.
- 8 / Advertisements provide us with a lot of useful information which can instruct us when we are shopping.
- 9 / You can always watch the latest movies in a movie theatre, which you might be able to download from the Internet.
- 10 / Computer games which contain a lot of violent scenes distract our students from studying.
- 11 / People are obsessed with money, which is the major reason why we are always destroying our environment.
- 12 / People always focus too much on short-term profit, which is the reason why we never take actions to protect our environment.
- 13 / School devotes a lot to social groups, one of which is called reader's group.
- 14 / The plant that produces ice cream is located away from urban area.
- 15 / People nowadays can receive education much more easily than in the past because of the compulsory education carried out by the government, which means students' tuition from Grade 1 to Grade 9 are covered.
- 16 / Students have their own hobbies, including playing the piano, going traveling and painting, which take time while good for their studying.
- 17 / Studying is a life-long process, which means a diploma should never be the end of your studying, no matter it's a bachelor or a PhD degree.
- 18 / He wants to make a lot of money which can help him enjoy a better life.
- 19 / We can learn a lot of knowledge which can benefit our future in our university.
- 20 / Big companies tend to recruit talents who have a lot of working experience.

7. 用副词来串联，形成两个独立的句子

7.1 表因果

- 1) Parents cannot undertake the risk of buying unqualified products. Therefore, they tend to trust their friends' recommendation.
- 2) Our life is occupied with too much information. As a result, they will easily lose themselves in face of abundant selections.
- 3) Nowadays people waste too much time watching TV. Consequently, their social ability has been significantly impaired.
- 4) There are always a lot of factors for us to consider if want to solve our environmental problems. Therefore, it's always something we have to keep up with in the long run.
- 5) No one will ever take the first step to protect our environment. Therefore, there will be no changes in the near future.
- 6) Environment is something that we have to work on together. Therefore, we need to make sure that everyone is aware of our environmental problems.
- 7) China has implemented the policy named Compulsory Education. Therefore, now students from Grade 1 to Grade 9 can receive education for free.
- 8) Nowadays almost every student has an iPhone in hand. As a result, they can be distracted easily by their phone in class.
- 9) The cost of textbooks rose sharply last year. Accordingly, school was forced to raise tuition.

7.2 表转折/对比

- 1) Celebrities should have enjoyed life as normal people. However, their private life is frequently exposed to the public.
- 2) Taobao makes shopping easier and more efficient. Nevertheless, lots of girls run through their husbands' fortune on it.
- 3) Many companies are trying to publicize their products by advertisement on TV. On the contrary, the advertisement that is lack of creativity leaves bad impression on the consumers.
- 4) There are always a lot of factors for us to consider if want to solve our environmental problems. However, we have to stick with it if we want to make a difference for our children.
- 5) People are already aware of our environmental problems. However, there

will still be no changes in the near future.

- 6) He studied hard enough. However, results didn't turn out satisfying.
- 7) Tom spends all day playing video games; in contrast, his friend Jack is so into books.
- 8) We thought cellphones could improve the efficiency of our study. On the contrary, most of the time, they stay in the way of learning.

7.3 表并列/递进

- 1) Watching foreign movies is an effective way for people to pick up a language. Moreover, these movies offer a good people a chance to get insight into foreign cultures and histories.
- 2) Audience can easily understand the domestic movies without translation. Moreover, they are more likely to have empathy with the topics and stories in the movie.
- 3) People can enjoy Dolby digital surround sound and 3D visual effect in cinema. What is more, watching movies in cinema could help curb piracy.
- 4) Environmental problems are the hottest issues nowadays. What's more, they will always be something we have to face in our future.
- 5) Protecting our environment is something related to the survival of human beings. What's more, it's something we should do for our planet earth.
- 6) Electronic books are cheaper than paper books. Moreover, electronic ones are easy to carry around.
- 7) Television can be a good way for us to relax. What's more, we can even learn something from television programs.

Part 3 句子的优化练习

1. 定语从句的优化

- 1) Jason Wu, a contemporary artist, created a painting named Going Home, which made a blast in the art field.
- 2) Information provided in the advertisements is usually overly exaggerating.
- 3) He is always occupied by his work, making it difficult for his family to enjoy the time with him.
- 4) The Internet, an efficient means to connect people from different places, is

widely used all over the world.

- 5 / Justin Bibber, a young celebrity with outstanding talents, exerts negative influence on teenagers with his bad behavior.
- 6 / Interstellar, a successful science-fiction movie, inspires audience's enthusiasm about physics and astronomy.
- 7 / People being used to obtain information through printed newspaper may find it difficult to make use of the advanced technological devices to interact with information.
- 8 / The milk power containing poisonous matters reach thousands of consumers through advertisement.
- 9 / The customers cheated by the inflated claims in the advertisement will be less likely to fall in the trap again.
- 10 / The movie successfully portrays a brave hero in the WWII, leaving a deep impression on the audience.
- 11 / The internet allows everyone to freely express their opinion, speaking more directly to the current issues.
- 12 / Reading books requires more deep thinking than watching TV, making it possible for children to exercise their intelligence and imagination.
- 13 / Environmental problems, the hottest issues nowadays, should be taken seriously in the future.
- 14 / Protecting our environment, the most important subject, should be learnt by everyone nowadays.
- 15 / People working on solving our environmental problems are always smart and have a long-term view.
- 16 / Students knowing what to do to make our environment a better one are very clever.
- 17 / People love money, making it so hard for them to focus on solving our environmental problems because protecting our environment won't benefit them in any ways, at least not for now.
- 18 / We haven't realized the severe of our environmental problems, making it

almost impossible for us to really solve them.

19 / Peking University, one of the best universities in China, strives to gain universal acclaim by investing more money on its research programs.

20 / Professor Clark, a Nobel laureate, finds a way to cure AIDS.

21 / This experiment, done by Professor Clark, shows a positive result.

22 / He comes from a wealthy family, allowing him to study abroad with scholarship or not.

23 / The school plans to build a new stadium on campus, cheering all students up.

2. 状语从句的优化

- 1) When buying things, we always tend to ask for the suggestions from our family or friends, who provide us with reliable information.
- 2) Seeing how other people could become better off with the new product, they surely would like to purchase that particular product themselves.
- 3) Once seeing the beautified pictures in the advertisement, people will naturally be willing to buy the products.
- 4) Getting addicted to watching TV, children's academic performance will inevitably be affected.
- 5) Even though spending millions of dollars to make blockbusters, domestic film industry still fails to attract young audience.
- 6) Exerting great influence on teenagers' behaviors, popular celebrities should avoid showing bad images in public.
- 7) Being full of useless and violent information, TV programs nowadays will harm students' psychological development.
- 8) Realizing the importance of protecting our environment, we can actually solve our environmental problems.
- 9) When stopping throwing trash everywhere, we can talk about protecting our environment.
- 10) Realizing the importance of protecting our environment, we solved a lot of our environmental problems.
- 11) Starting educating our children about how to protect our environment, we made it easier for us to solve those problems.
- 12) When walking along the street, I caught sight of a beauty.
- 13) When seen from summit, the village seems to be gorgeous.
- 14) When entering in college, I followed my parents' intention and majored in anthropology, for I did not realize what my preference indeed was.

- 15) When yelling to me for almost forty minutes, consumer service sent someone to amend my broken television.
- 16) When seeing the right opportunity, he would grab it right away.
- 17) Once falling in love with English, you would find it so easy to learn.
- 18) If wearing a Real Madrid jersey to school tomorrow, I would skip the class to watch the live game.
- 19) Being one of the top students in his class, he always is the apple of his teacher's eye.
- 20) Selling good in the Asian market, it starts to become a hit all over the world.

3. 名词化练习 (高级优化)

- 1) The tight working schedule has deprived people of the time to stay with their family.
- 2) The sufficient food supply reduces the possibility for people to get malnutrition.
- 3) The short-sighted decision made by the government will block the future economic development.
- 4) This stupid proposal sets me on fire.
- 5) For environment, poisonous matters deprive the ability to recover by itself.
- 6) People's reactions to our environmental issues piss me off.
- 7) The establishment of the company of my own brings me a great sense of success.
- 8) Day after day, the busy work in the Microsoft Corporation consumed my energy.
- 9) The experience of different jobs is able to boost my self-confidence in the future career.
- 10) Bad performance on her final exam upsets her.
- 11) The development of the economy benefits everyone.
- 12) Children's addiction to violent movies leads to their poor/impaired academic performance.
- 13) Because of the intriguing effects and creativity of many advertisements , people are always convinced to buy products they don't need.
- 14) Because of the supervision of media, government officials no longer take bribes as they did before.

Part 5 规避常见 Ch-english

1.1 The company is more than 20 kilometers away from my apartment, so I drive to work every day.

1.2 Now that it's just 3 kilometers from the shopping mall to the company, why don't you just walk there?

2.1 I like Singapore, where there are not only Universal Studio but also Clarke Quay.

2.2 I like living in Beijing, where the most thoughtful minds gather.

3.1 We always speculate the future development of certain events according to our historic experience.

3.2 We should never judge a person from his appearance.

4.1 In fact, many other ways could be used to replace the museum to deliver the historic culture.

4.2 Many people believe that the economic development is more important than environmental concerns.

5.1 Parents should encourage children to help with the housework, which cultivates children's sense of obligation.

5.2 Professors should devote more time doing researches, by which they are more likely to make contribution to the entire society.

6.1 I wish I could impart all my knowledge to these young people.

6.2 Most of teachers nowadays pass on knowledge mainly by lecture.

7. I wish you good health.

8.1 It takes us two hours to finish the homework.

We spend two hours finishing the homework.

8.2 It takes us three hours to get to the destination.

9.1 I don't think we will still use printed books in the future.

9.2 I don't think we will enjoy a more leisurely life in the future.

10.1 It is a common phenomenon that many students have a lot of assignments to finish everyday.

10.2 If we want to keep updated with the society, we should get knowledge from teachers.

11. Many people like going to the beach and exposing their body in the sunlight in order to look better.

12. Besides, many crops are genetically modified, and they pose potential deadly hazards to people's health according to some scientific journals.

13. On the other hand, with the economy developing fast, especially in China, people now enjoy more money at their disposal.

14. So of course they can afford to dine out.

15. I felt so sick that I almost threw up.

16. To find decent jobs is very difficult for students.

It is very difficult for students to find decent jobs.

17. Many serious environmental problems exist in our society.

- There are many serious environmental problems in our society.
18. This new policy delights us.
This new policy brightens us up.
- 19.1 Revision: He has very good writing and translation skills.
- 19.2 Revision: How to improve our English skills?
- 20.1 Revision: I cannot access the Internet at school.
- 20.2 Revision: He needs to access his mail box every day.
- 21.1 Revision: Because he has a good sense of humor, his classmates like him very much.
- 21.2 Revision: They consider that at some point it does not make any sense in their lives.
- 22.1 Revision: This dress is so expensive that I cannot afford it.
- 22.2 Revision: lots of children in this village cannot afford to go to school.
- 23.1 Revision: He also contributed a lot to this.
- 23.2 Revision: I really appreciate your great contribution.
- 24.1 Revision: A successful salesman knows how to impress his customers.
- 24.2 Revision: Beijing was really impressive in my memory.
25. Revision: We should keep early hours.
26. Revision: I am losing my patience.
- 27.1 For example, the movie The Pursuit of Happiness depicts a story in which a man keeps persistent in his dream and finally realizes this dream.
- 27.2 For example, my father, who has always been a short-tempered person, gradually becomes patient when he is educating me.

Part 6 常用词和句式的替换练习

一.常用词替换

1. I am shocked by the change of her attitude.
2. A leader must have the ability to communicate.
3. Students will easily focus their attention to study while neglect extra-curriculum activities.
4. He is right, but I still don't what to do as he said.
5. It is a miracle that he is still alive after drinking so much Sanglu milk.
6. Without the permission of the State Administration of Radio Film and Television, this movie cannot be released in theater.
7. The teacher has already made it clear.
8. The dinning environment here is quite great with the beautiful lighting and romantic setting.
9. With the increase of oil price, people gradually drive out less often.
10. To survive, this company has to consider expanding the market.
11. The number of new employers this company is going to hire is decreasing.

二. 常用句式替换

1. 不能让人...

1) Being addicted to computer games makes it difficult for me to know more people.

2) She tried to prevent/hinder him from going, but he still went.

3) The mud hinders/prevents them from advancing quickly.

2. 投身于

1) He devoted/dedicated himself to the education.

2) A leader should encourage employees to devote themselves to the development of the company.

3) He said he would dedicate his life if his country needs.

3. 某人很难/容易做...

1) Without the support from the government, people can hardly improve the natural environment.

Without the support from the government, it is difficult for people to improve the nature environment.

2) It is difficult for collage students to find jobs.

College students can hardly find jobs.

3) It is difficulty for a 16 years old child to make a living.

A 16 years old child can hardly make a living.

4. 做...而不是...

1) After this happened, what you did is passing the buck rather than admit your mistake, which disappointed me a lot.

Instead of admitting your mistake, you passed the buck after this happened, which disappointed me a lot.

2) We should face the difficulties heads-on, instead of burying head into the sands.

We should face the difficulties heads-on rather than burry head into the sands.

3) Instead of pressing forward, they drew back.

They drew back rather than press forward.

Part 7 常用词组造句练习

1. John *took off* his jacket as he entered the office.
Do you have to *take off* right now? You just arrived an hour ago!
2. Please *turn off* the light when you leave the room.
3. Dad says that dinner will be ready *right away*, so we'd better wash our hands and set the table.
4. I'll *pick you up* outside the library.
Prices seem to be *picking up* slowly.
It looks complicated, but you'll soon *pick it up*.
5. If you study English seriously, *sooner or later* you'll become fluent.
6. George is late for class *as usual*, which seems to happen every day.
7. Are you going to *take Sue out* tonight?
8. You don't have to give me your decision now. *Think it over* for a while.
9. Having been through so many breakups, she can surely *get over* this soon.
10. When are you going to *make up your mind* about your vacation place?
He refuses to *make up his mind*.
11. Ever since the media had exposed the "Sanlu milk powder" scandal, this brand disappeared from the market *for good*.
12. The elevator was *out of order*, so we had to walk to the tenth floor of the building.
13. How long did it take you to *figure out* the answer to the math problem?
14. When I *wear out* these shoes, I'll have to buy some that last longer.
15. What does your suggestion *have to do with* our problem?
16. I don't see him very often, but (every) *now and then* we arrange to have lunch together.
17. I didn't *get through* studying / *get through with* study last night until almost eleven o'clock.
18. He *keeps track of* all the long-distance telephone calls related to his business that he makes from his house.
19. I don't know why Tom likes to wear such *out-of-date* clothes that even his girlfriend hesitates to be seen with him.
20. When the airplane crashed into the ground, it *blew up* immediately.
21. People seem to fail to *take into account* the fact that education doesn't end with graduation.
22. If Lily cannot *have her way* at work, she becomes very angry.
23. Lots of schools are trying to *take advantage of* famous professors to attract excellent students.
24. I spent so much time on her, but it was all *in vain*.
25. Tom is *by far* the most intelligent student in our class.

26. It was a shock to *run into* an old friend from high school recently.
27. Ted *more or less* agreed with our decision to put off the meeting.
28. It is considered as a good quality to *keep one's word*.
29. Some of the students in the reading class understand English so poorly that it is difficult to *get through to* them.
30. It is nice for me to be able to *carry on* a heart-to-heart conversation with you.
31. He seemed very *detached from* what was going on.
32. The picture is *thought-provoking*.
33. He had *pulled through* the barrier.
34. He has the *guts* to contact with strangers in spite of his unfamiliar circumstance.
35. *Spit it out!* Have you lost your tongue?
36. I'd better not *make a scene*.
37. Now that you have devoted so much effort in it, you surely will *make it*.
38. She was totally *obsessed with* him.
39. Come on; *come up with* something that you are familiar with! We can finish this task!
40. I don't really mind *trying out* that new restaurant if you really want to.
41. She is so *phony*. Watch out if she is very nice to you.
42. Don't *go off* at me. It's not my fault.
43. I think Alex is *on the right track* now. The only thing he needs is time.
44. This is a *chance of a lifetime*. Don't screw it up.
45. This new proposal will definitely benefit us *in the long run*.
46. I don't even *have a clue* right now. What are you talking about?
47. I will *give my best shot* to try to work it out. I love her.