

CSCI 3202

Course Project

November 8, 2023

Points: 210 plus 10 possible extra credit points

Introduction

The course project is designed to let you show what you have learned about artificial intelligence. You have 2 options: you can complete the project as outlined here, or you can propose an alternative project that you will complete and turn in using the same schedule. Once you have chosen an option, you will work alone or in a team to create a project, test it and write up the results.

This project represents 20% of your course grade

Option 1: Your Choice

Create a proposal and submit it by Wed, 11/15. In the proposal, describe 1) what you will do, 2) how it relates to the work you have done in this class (for example, solve a challenging research question using a Bayes Network, create an AI agent that solves a 9-tile game, create an AI player that plays the game of Hex against a computer, or maybe something totally different) and 3) how you will test it to determine whether your application works or not.

By Wed, 11/29, you will turn in 1) your code, 2) the results of your testing so far and an explanation of where you found the libraries and frameworks you used in creating the code. If your code does not work, explain why you believe it doesn't work and how you plan to fix it.

Finally, by Dec 13, turn in 1) your code, 2) an explanation of what your code does, the libraries and frameworks you used, 3) your test results and a description of how you tested it, how you tested the code and your test results, 4) an example of how your application works and 5) a 2-3 paragraph conclusion about what you learned.

You will be required to participate in interview grading; your project does not need to be complete, but should be running and have some testing done. You will be graded on how well you can explain your project and results from testing. All

deadlines and points totals are the same as for the default project.

Option 2: Our Project

Create an AI application that plays Mancala using our modified rules. Test the application as described in this document and create a writeup describing how your application works and shows an example of it working.

Our Mancala Rules

Our rules are different than the traditional ones. Please read and follow these rules carefully. You may want to watch one or more YouTube videos of Mancala play to help you understand the flow of the game.



- On every turn, select a pit on your side of the board that contains one or more stones, then distribute its stones, one stone per pit or Mancala, in a counter-clockwise direction until you have no stones remaining
- If the last stone lands in the other player's Mancala, in an opponent's pit, or in one of the player's non-empty pits, no further action is taken, and the current player's turn ends
- If the last stone lands in your empty pit (on your side of the board) and the opposite pit on the opponent's side has 1 or more stones, collect all of these stones, including the one that just landed, and place them into your Mancala.
- If any of the player's pits are entirely empty, the game concludes. The player with the most stones in their Mancala is declared the winner. If both players have an equal number of stones in their Mancala, the game results in a tie.

Project Plan

In HW 5.1, you will create a Mancala game that allows 2 participants to play our version of Mancala against each other and a single player to play a game of Mancala against a random opponent. We have supplied a framework for this game and provided information on how to construct a random opponent. The instructions and code for HW 5.1 should help you get started on the project.

We will use this game and random opponent to test your AI code once you have constructed it. This opponent chooses randomly from among the legal moves. With 2 random opponents playing against each other, we would expect each player to win roughly 50% of the time. Once you complete your AI player, it should win more than 50% of the time against a random opponent.

Once you have completed HW 5.1, you will use the algorithms from the AIMA notebooks and library to construct an AI player for both minimax and alpha beta. Use your notebook from HW 5.1 to continue this development

Note: If the algorithm you select does not return the best move, you will need to modify it and explain what you modified and why

There are two key ideas we will discuss next week in class, how do we construct a game "tree" and what is an appropriate utility function.

Utility Function

A reasonable utility function is calculated as the number of stones in your Mancala (assuming you are Max) - the number of stones in your opponent's Mancala

Utility = # stones in Max Mancala - # stone in Min Mancala

You are free to use another utility function if you prefer. Remember that you only need to calculate the utility function for terminal nodes. Terminal nodes are those where no further moves are possible (game is won, lost or drawn) or where the tree depth has reached its limit in plies

Game Tree

You will need to evaluate the game tree using minimax or alpha beta in order to choose the next, best move. Minimax and alpha beta are backtracking algorithms, meaning that they start at the top of a tree, descend to the bottom (terminal nodes) then work their way back to the top. You will need to represent the full game tree in order to work with these algorithms.

For any state (node) in the tree, there are at most n branches where n is the number of pits on your side of the board (excluding Mancalas). If you are playing on a board with six pits on your side like the one shown in our illustration, there are a maximum of 6 branches. Pits that are empty (have no stones) are not valid moves, limiting the number of branches. If you have 6 pits on your side, but only 2 have stones in them, then there are only 2 valid moves for this state.

You could explicitly construct this tree using the methods from HW 1, or you could construct it in pieces for each level. We will discuss how to construct this tree in class on Monday, 11/13

Project outline

1. (HW 5.1) Implement an interface that allows you to play Mancala
 - Prints the current state of the game
 - Prompts player to enter a move
 - Determines whether a move is legal or not
 - Determines if someone has won and ends the game
2. (HW 5.1) Build a random player--a player that makes random (legal) move
3. Play 100 games of random player against random player
 - What percentage of games does each player (1st or 2nd) win?
 - On average, how many moves does it take to win?
4. Build an AI player that uses minimax to choose the best move with a variable number of plies and a utility function we describe
 - What percentage of games does each player (AI or random) win?
 - On average, how many moves does it take to win?
5. Play 100 games with the random player against the minimax AI player at a depth of 5 plies
 - What percentage of games does each player (AI or random) win?
 - On average, how many moves does it take to win?
 - Is your AI player better than random chance? Write a paragraph or two

describing or why not

6. Build an AI player that uses Alpha-Beta to choose the best move
7. Play 100 games with the random player against the Alpha-Beta AI player at a depth of 5 plies
 - How long does it take for a single game to run to completion?
 - What percentage of games does each player (AI or random) win?
 - On average, how many moves does it take to win?
 - Are your results for this part different from those for your minimax AI player?
Write a paragraph or two describing why or why not
8. (Extra Credit, 10 points). Play 100 games with the random player against the Alpha-Beta AI player at a depth of 10 plies
 - How long does it take for a single game to run to completion?
 - What percentage of games does each player (AI or random) win?
 - On average, how many moves does it take to win?
 - Does increasing the number of plies improve the play for our AI player? Why or why not?

Key Dates and Points Awarded

- **Wed, 11/8**
 - Project Assigned
- **Wed, 11/15**
 - Alternate Project Proposal Submitted (If Desired) or Declare You are Using the Default Project (10 points)
 - Partner Name Submitted (At most 2 people)
- **Wed, 11/29**
 - Intermediate Results Due (50 points)
 - Turn in code, a list of the libraries and frameworks you used to create the code and the results of your testing so far
 - If your code does not run, be prepared to explain why you believe it doesn't run and how you are planning to fix it. **You still must turn in a notebook with your code**
 - Turn in your code and writeup in an ipynb file
- **Dec 6-13, Interview Grading**
 - 15 minute interview (50 points)
 - Have your code running on a computer that can share its screen over Zoom
 - Be prepared to run your code with a variety of configurations, show your code, and describe how the components of your code works
- **Dec 13 at 11:59 pm ***

- Project Writeup Due (100 points)
- Turn in an ipynb file