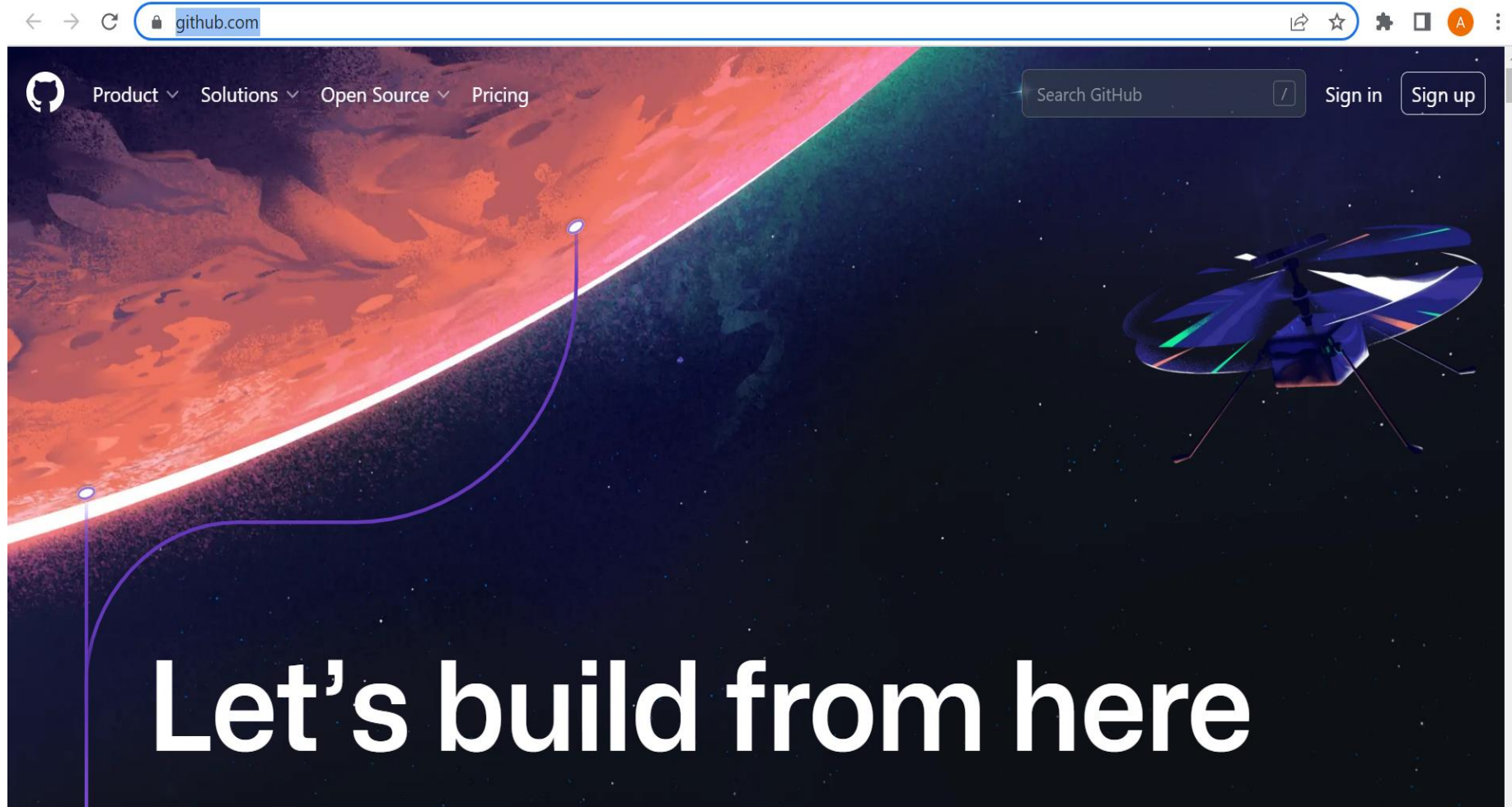


GitHub Registration , Git Bash Installation Steps, GitHub Accessing the Data

GitHub Registration

Git Hub Registration

Step 1 - You have to go to the link – <https://github.com> and click on sign in



Step 2 - Click on Create Account



Sign in to GitHub

Username or email address

Password

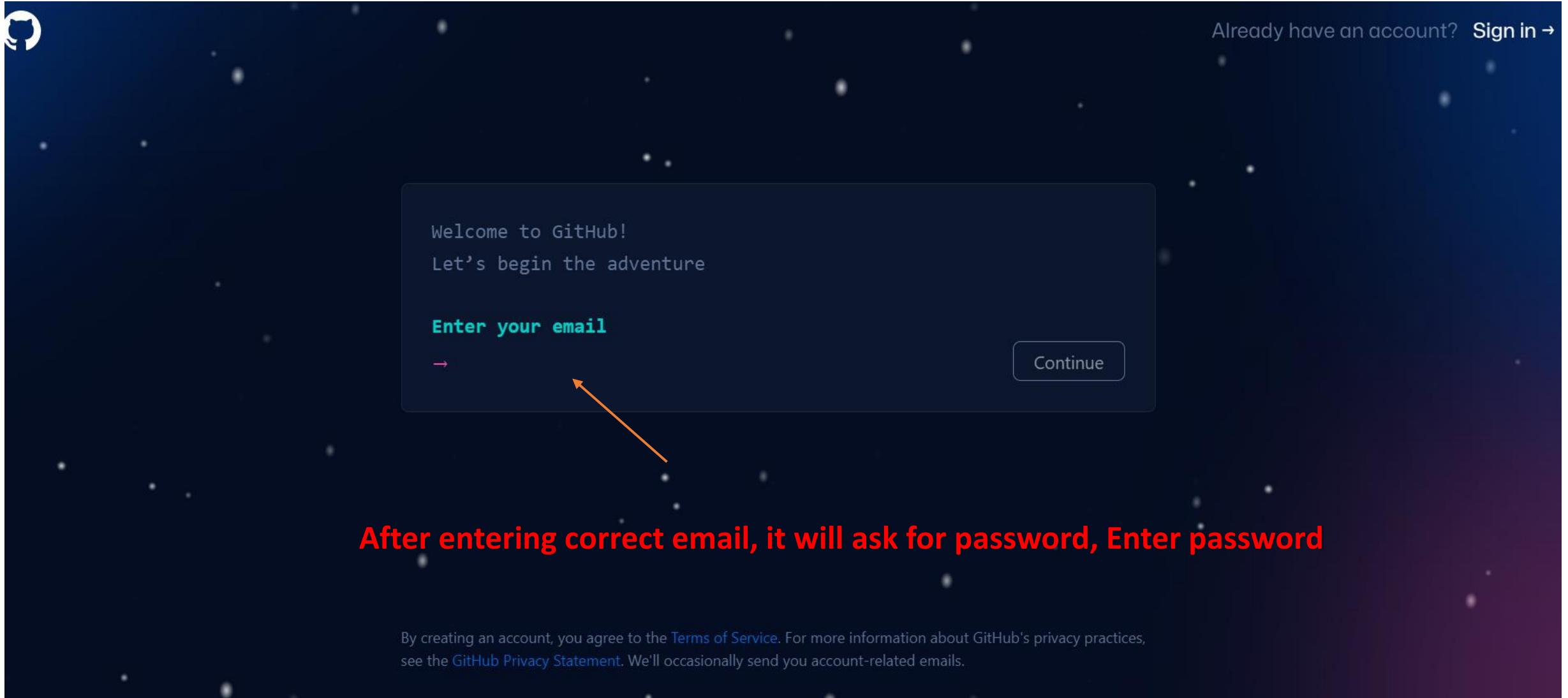
[Forgot password?](#)

Sign in

New to GitHub? [Create an account.](#)

[Terms](#) [Privacy](#) [Security](#) [Contact GitHub](#)

Step 3 – Fill the details as follows



The image shows the GitHub sign-up interface. At the top left is the GitHub logo. At the top right, it says "Already have an account? Sign in →". The main content area has a dark blue background with a starry pattern. A central white box contains the text "Welcome to GitHub! Let's begin the adventure". Below this, it says "Enter your email" in a light blue font. There is a small red arrow pointing to the email input field. To the right of the input field is a "Continue" button. Below the main content area, there is a red text overlay that says "After entering correct email, it will ask for password, Enter password". At the bottom, there is a small text block that reads: "By creating an account, you agree to the [Terms of Service](#). For more information about GitHub's privacy practices, see the [GitHub Privacy Statement](#). We'll occasionally send you account-related emails."

Welcome to GitHub!
Let's begin the adventure

Enter your email

→

Continue

After entering correct email, it will ask for password, Enter password

By creating an account, you agree to the [Terms of Service](#). For more information about GitHub's privacy practices, see the [GitHub Privacy Statement](#). We'll occasionally send you account-related emails.



Already have an account? [Sign in](#) →

Welcome to GitHub!
Let's begin the adventure

Enter your email

✓

Create a password

→

[Continue](#)

— — —
Password is strong

Make sure it's at least 15 characters OR at least 8 characters including a number and a lowercase letter.

After entering password, It will ask for username

By creating an account, you agree to the [Terms of Service](#). For more information about GitHub's privacy practices,

Welcome to GitHub!
Let's begin the adventure

Enter your email



Create a password



Enter a username



Continue

After entering Username, click continue

Verify your account



Verify the account and click on create account

Create account

Step 4 – You will get a mail requesting put a code



You will get Code on your email , verify the account

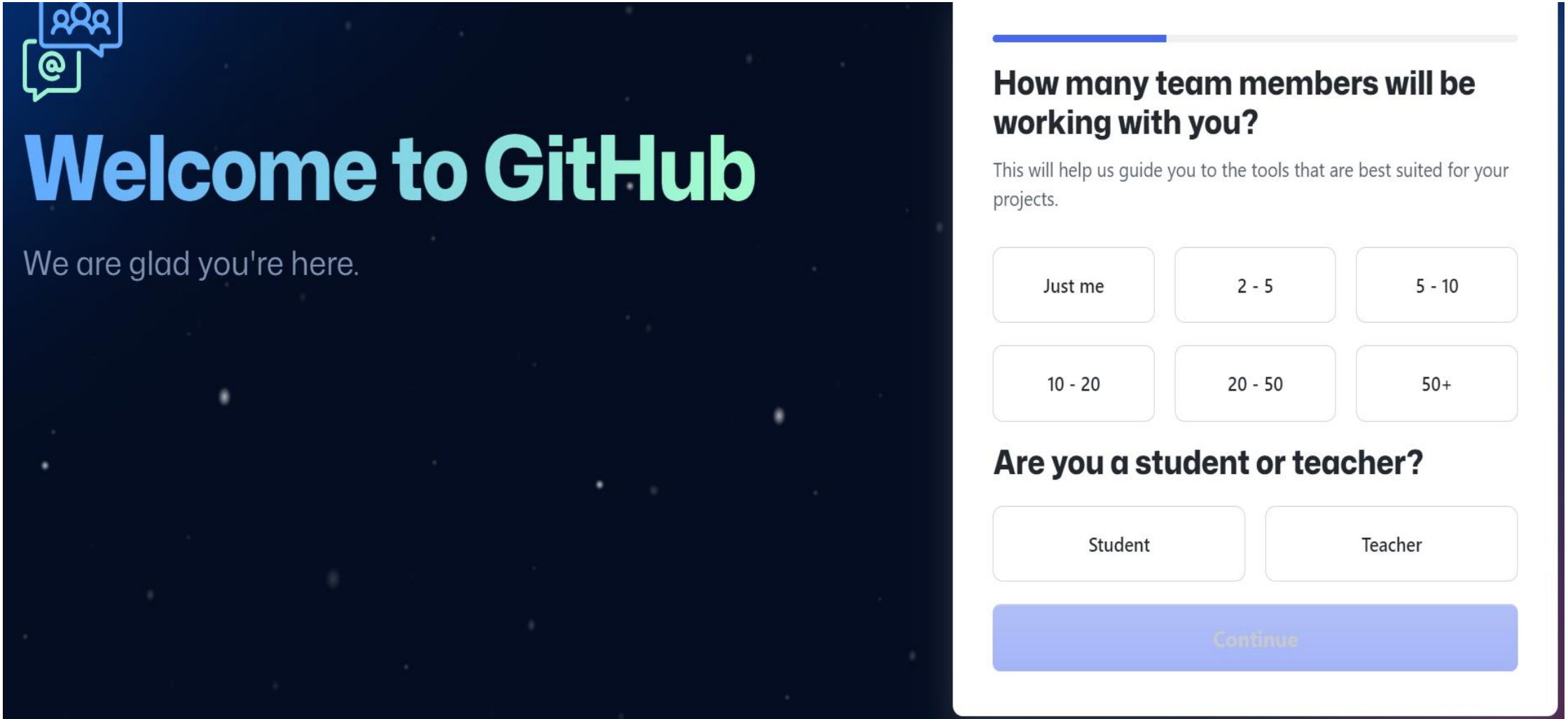
You're almost done!

We sent a launch code to

→ Enter code

Didn't get your email? [Resend the code](#) or [update your email address](#).

Step 5– You will get a Welcome Page of GitHub select the option JustMe and click Continue



The image shows the GitHub Welcome Page. On the left, a dark blue background features the GitHub logo (a green octocat) and the text "Welcome to GitHub" in large, bold, light blue letters. Below this, it says "We are glad you're here." On the right, a white panel contains a progress bar at the top. Below the bar, the question "How many team members will be working with you?" is displayed in bold. A subtext explains: "This will help us guide you to the tools that are best suited for your projects." There are six buttons arranged in two rows: "Just me", "2 - 5", "5 - 10" in the first row, and "10 - 20", "20 - 50", "50+" in the second row. Below these, the question "Are you a student or teacher?" is displayed in bold. There are two buttons: "Student" and "Teacher". At the bottom of the white panel is a large blue button labeled "Continue".

Welcome to GitHub

We are glad you're here.

How many team members will be working with you?

This will help us guide you to the tools that are best suited for your projects.

Just me 2 - 5 5 - 10

10 - 20 20 - 50 50+

Are you a student or teacher?

Student Teacher

Continue

Step 6 – It will go to GitHub Home page

This is user name, through which you can always login on github along with correct password

The screenshot shows the GitHub Home page. At the top, there's a dark header with the GitHub logo, a search bar, and navigation links: Pull requests, Issues, Codespaces, Marketplace, and Explore. On the right of the header, there's a notification bell, a plus sign, and a user profile icon. A red arrow points from the text above to the user profile icon. The user profile dropdown menu is open, showing the user is signed in as 'SIGNED IN AS [redacted]'. The menu includes options: Set status, Your profile, Your repositories, Your projects, Your stars, Your gists, Your sponsors, Upgrade, Try Enterprise, Feature preview, Help, Settings, and Sign out. The main content area has tabs for 'Following' and 'For you' (marked as Beta). A large card in the center says 'Discover interesting projects and people to populate your personal news feed.' with a subtext 'Your news feed helps you keep up with recent activity on repositories you watch or star and people you follow.' and an 'Explore GitHub' button. Below this is a 'ProTip!' and a 'Subscribe to your news feed' link. The left sidebar has sections for 'Create your first project', 'Recent activity', and 'Create repository' and 'Import repository' buttons. The right sidebar shows 'Start code' and 'Latest changes'.

Create your first project

Ready to start building? Create a repository for a new idea or bring over an existing repository to keep contributing to it.

Create repository

Import repository

Recent activity

When you take actions across GitHub, we'll provide links to that activity here.

Following For you **Beta**

Discover interesting projects and people to populate your personal news feed.

Your news feed helps you keep up with recent activity on repositories you [watch](#) or [star](#) and people you [follow](#).

Explore GitHub

ProTip! The feed shows you events from people you [follow](#) and repositories you [watch](#) or [star](#).

Subscribe to your news feed

Signed in as **SIGNED IN AS [redacted]**

Set status

Your profile

Your repositories

Your projects

Your stars

Your gists

Your sponsors

Upgrade

Try Enterprise

Feature preview

Help

Settings

Sign out

Start code

GitHub C

Spin up fully environment VMs that sta Get up to 60 of free time.

Latest changes

20 hours a See when by maint

Yesterday WakaTim scanning

Yesterday GitHub Projects – February 9th update

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Blog About Shop Contact GitHub

API Training Status Security

Terms Privacy Docs

Git Bash Installation Steps

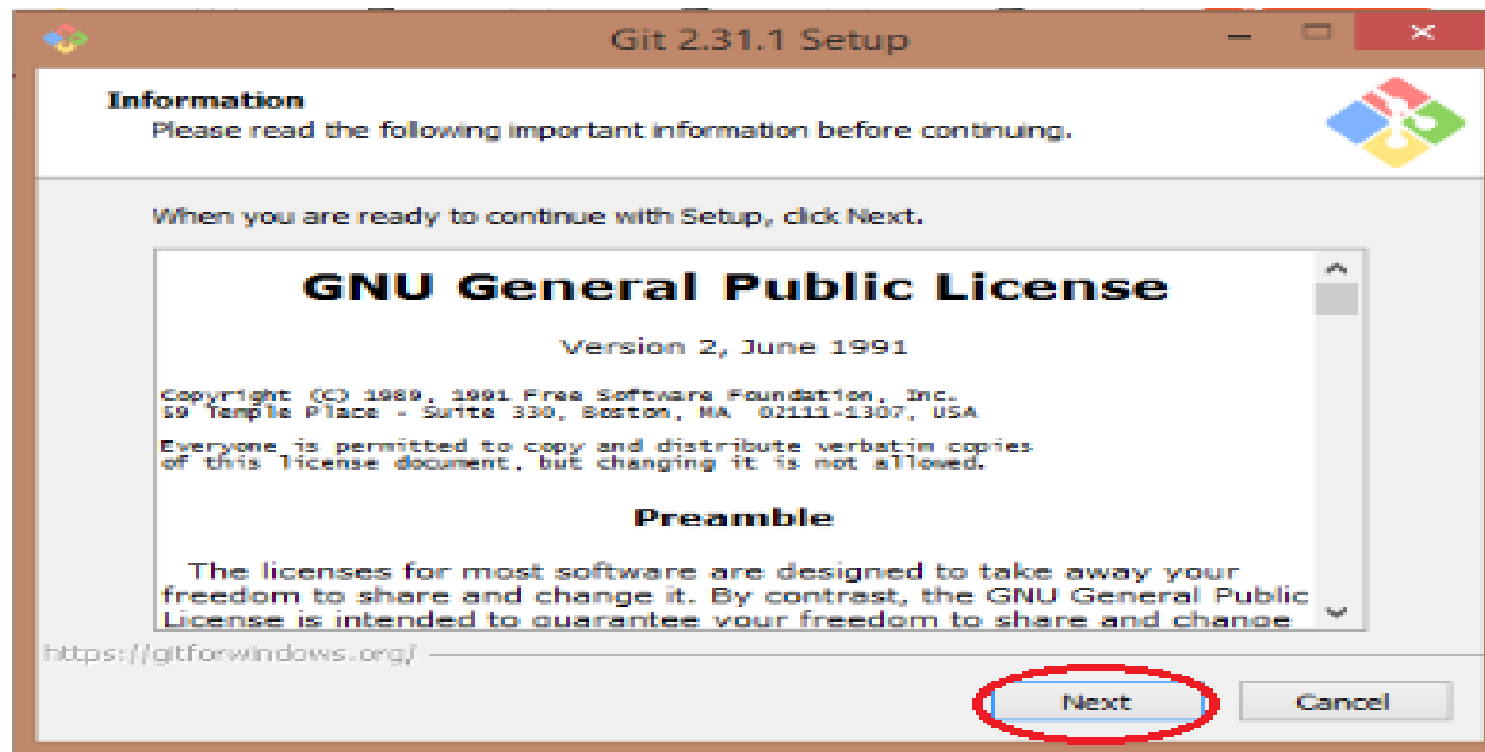
Step 1 - You have to download git setup file from the link given below –
<https://git-scm.com/downloads>

You will get an executable file of Git in your downloads folder.

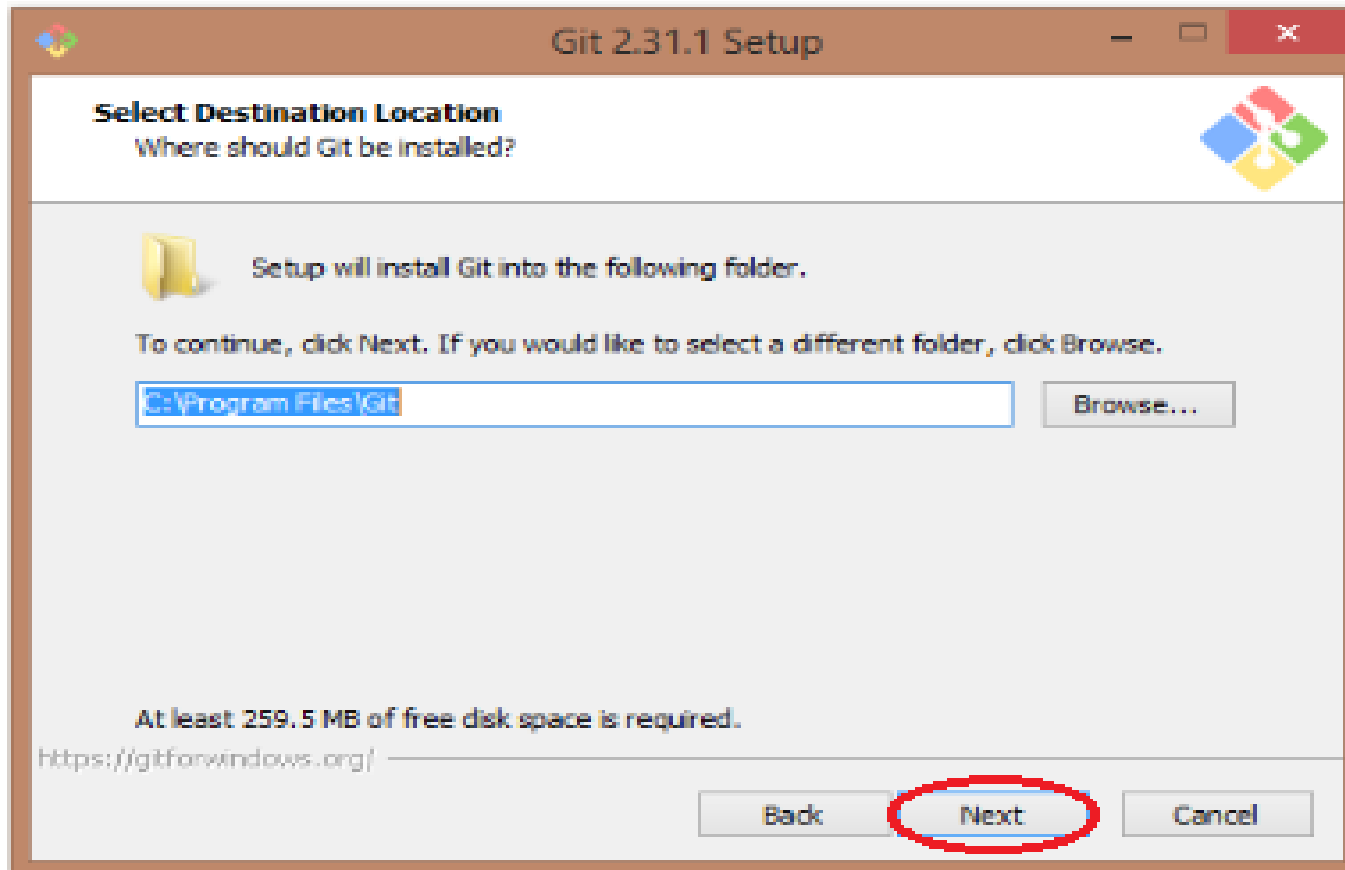
Double click on downloaded file

A. Click on Run to install it.

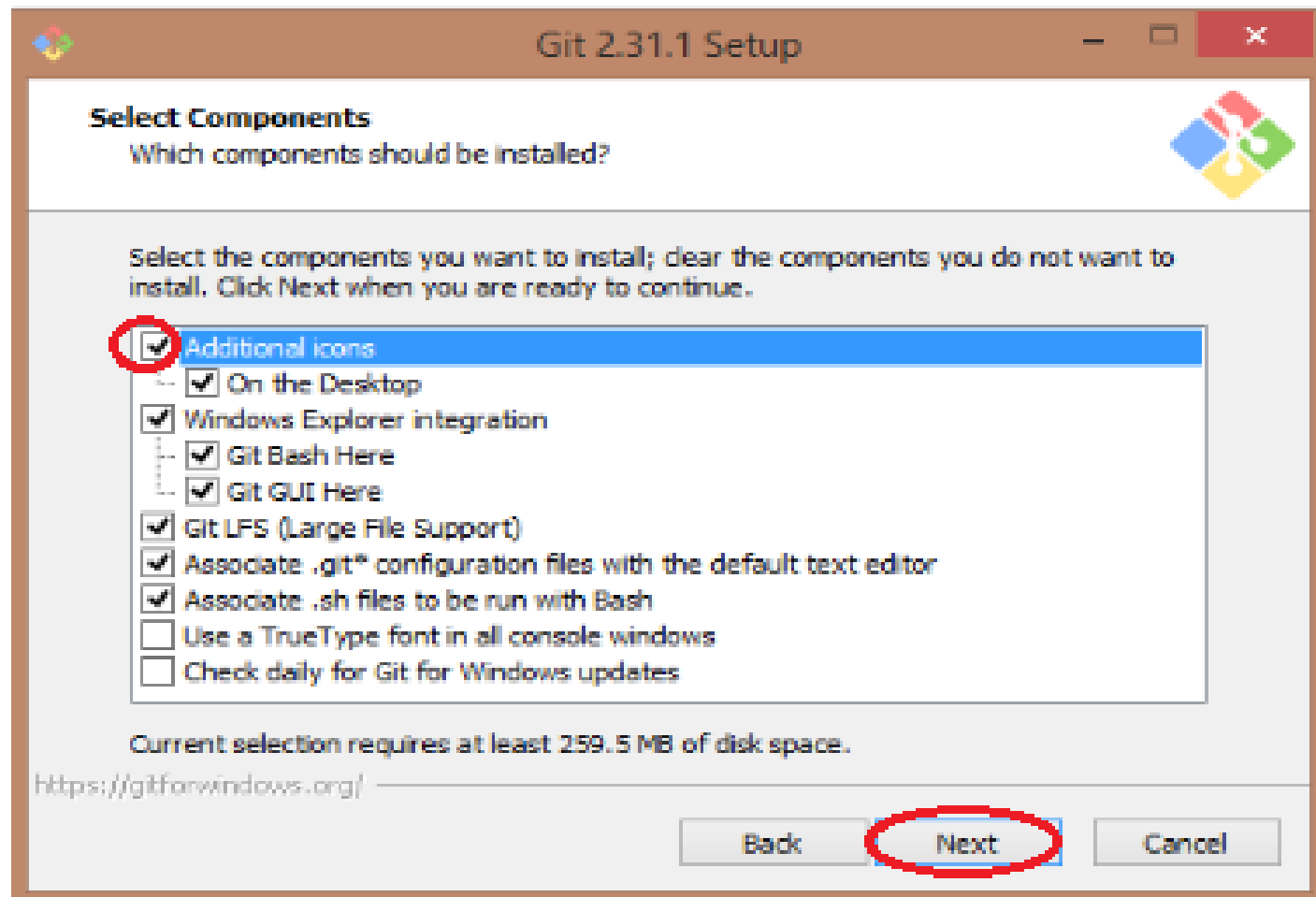
Click on Next



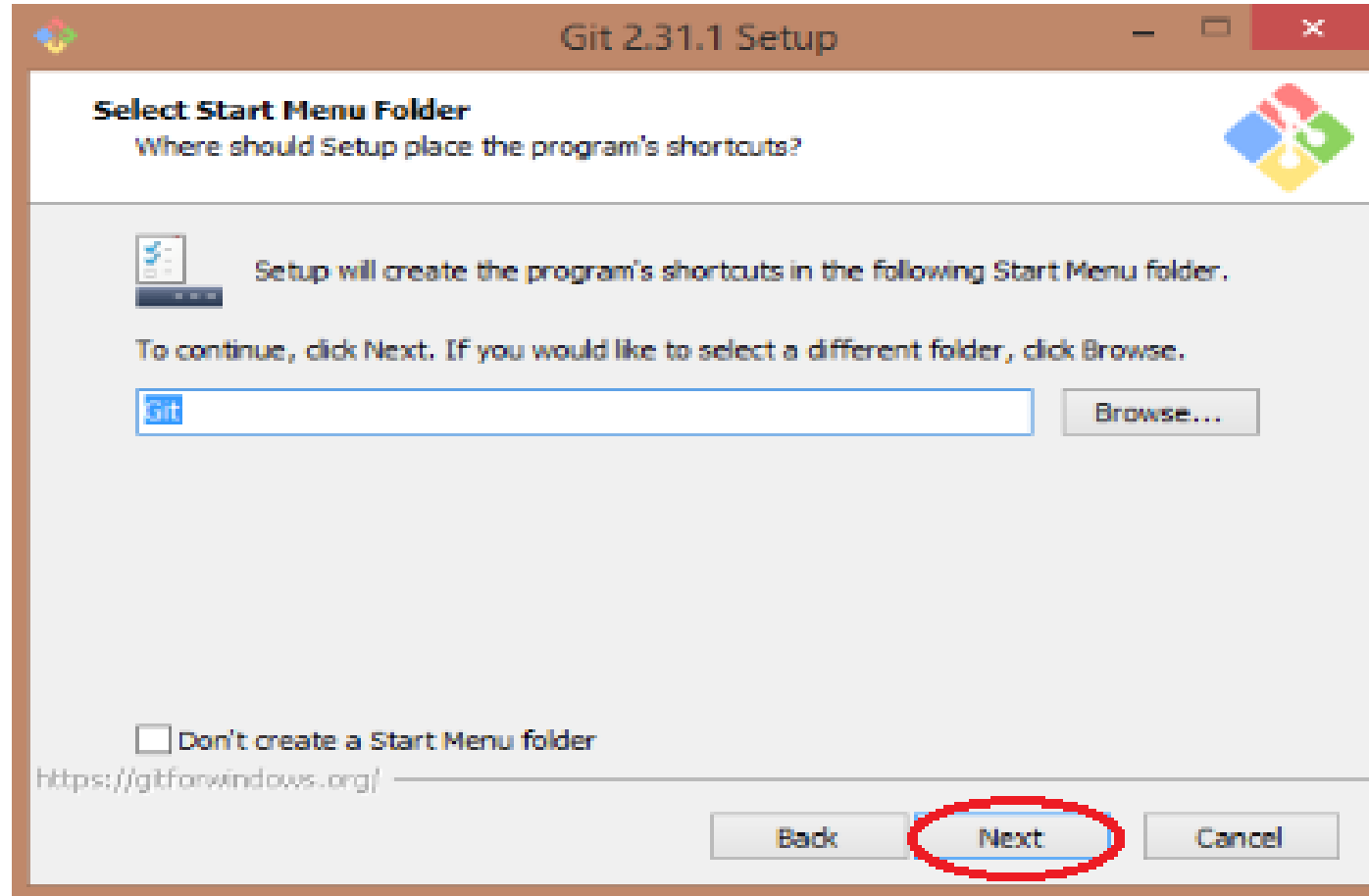
Step 2 - Select Destination Location and Click on Next.



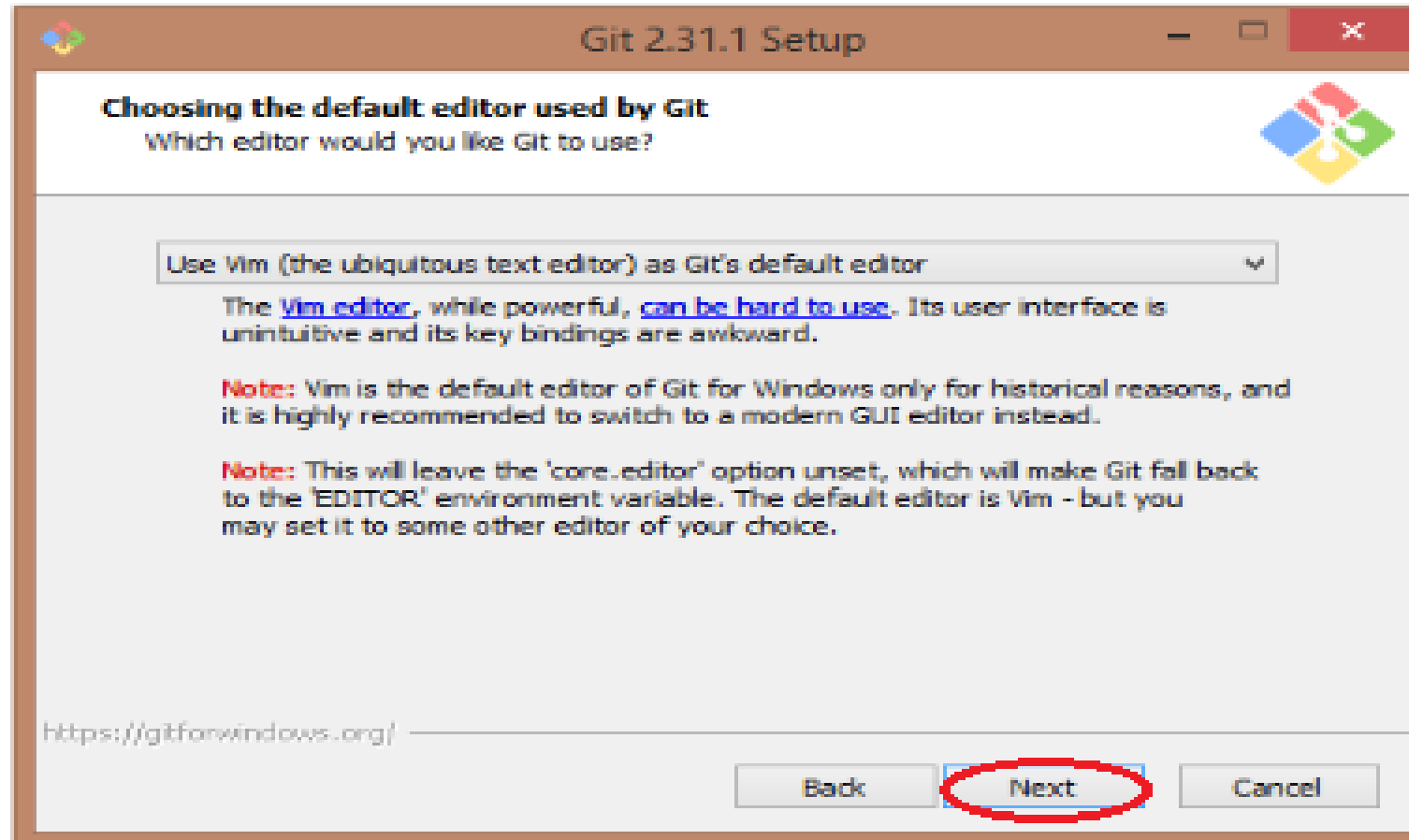
Step 3 - Check Additional Icons and Click on Next.



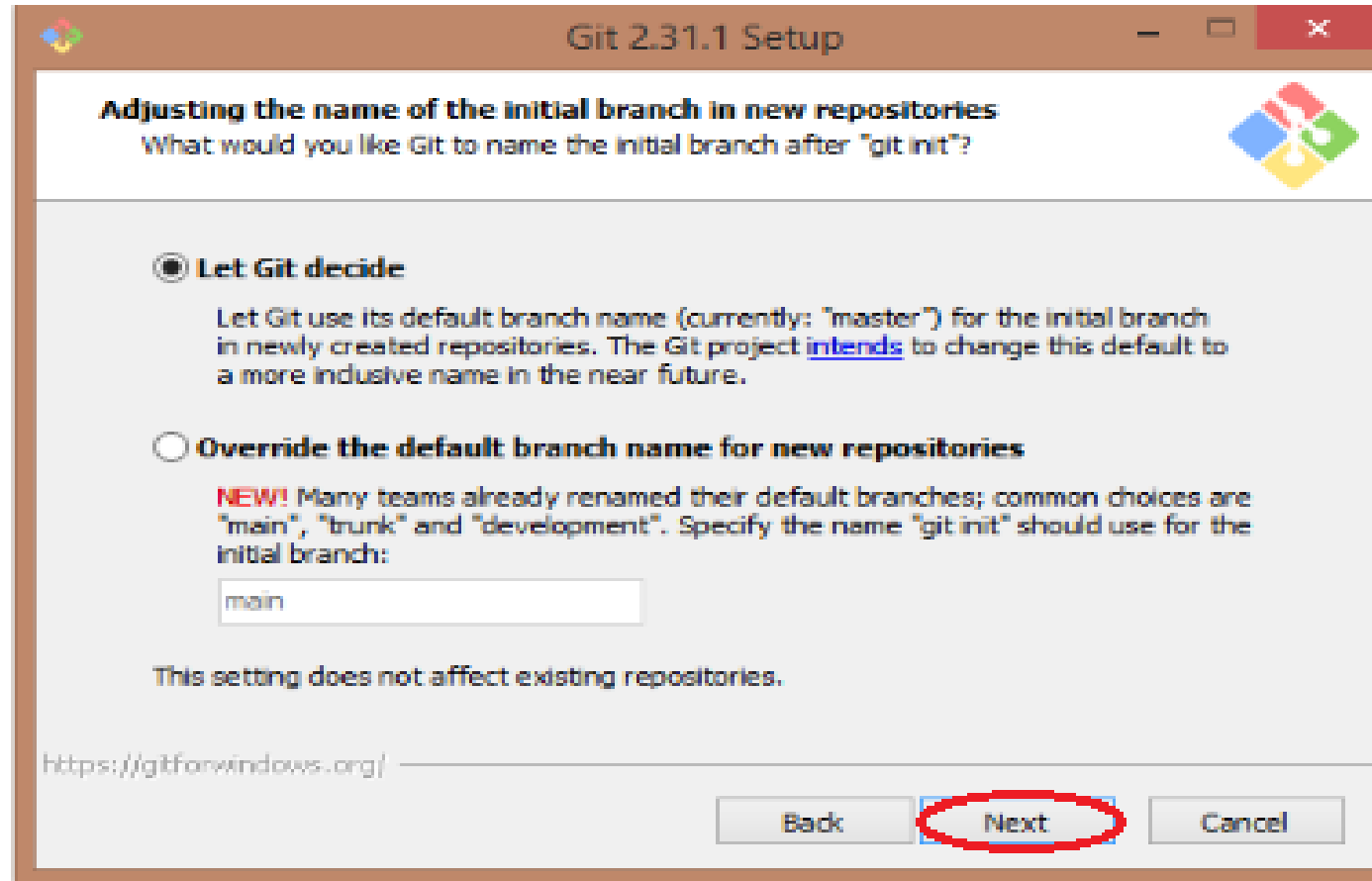
Step 4 - Click on Next



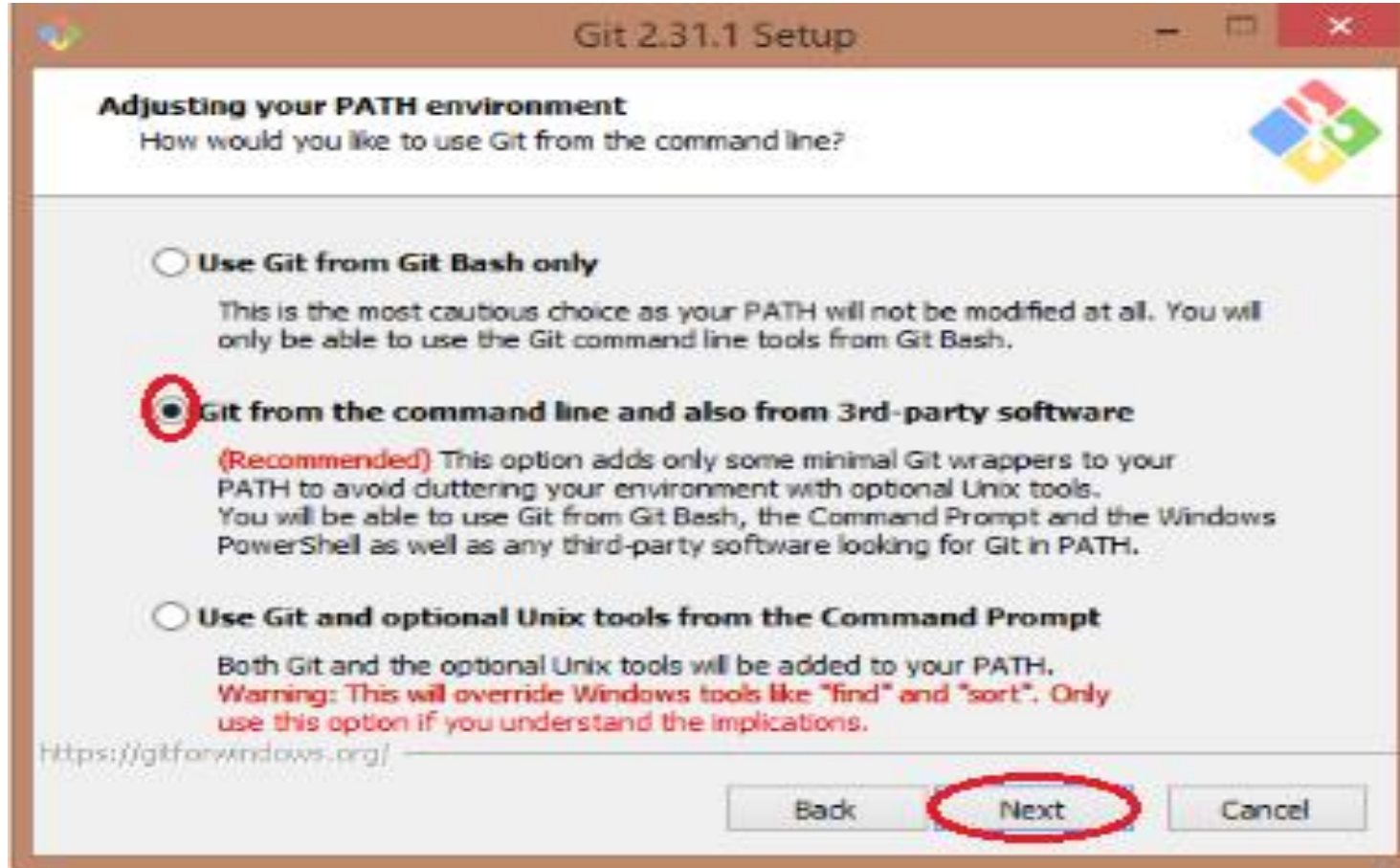
Step 5 - Click on Next



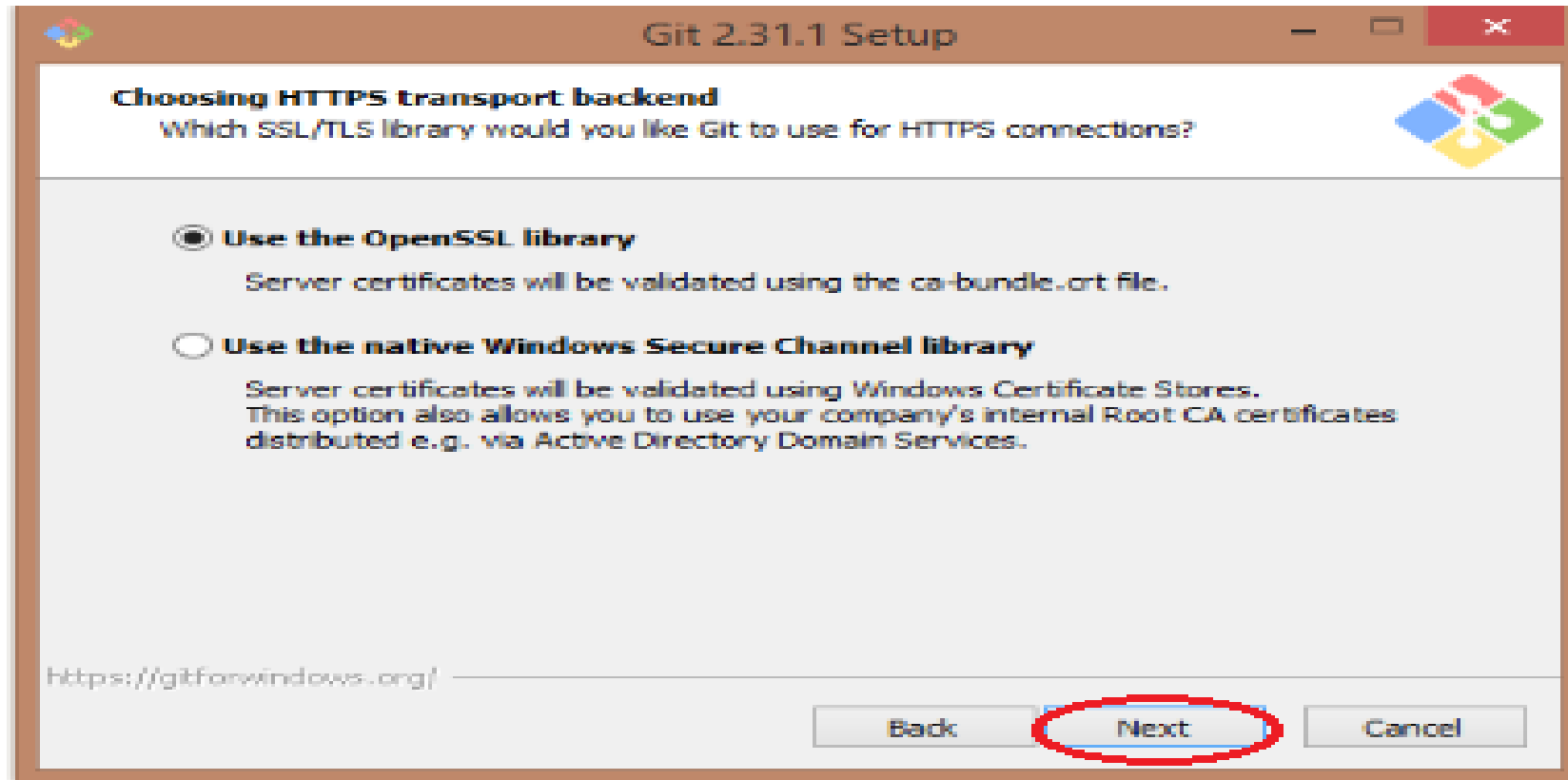
Step 6 - Click on Next



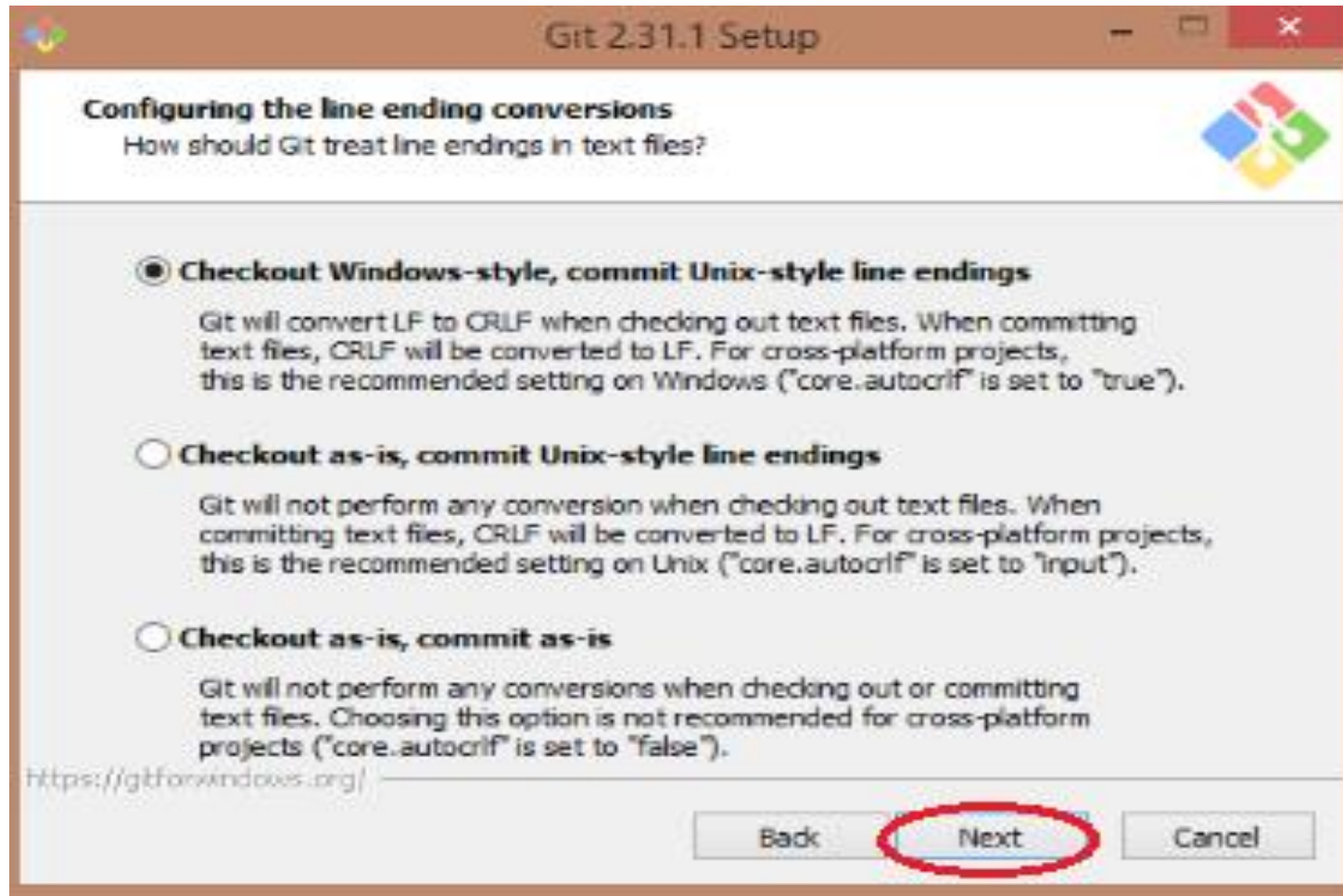
Step 7 - Adjusting Your Path Environment .Select option Git From the command Line. and Click on next



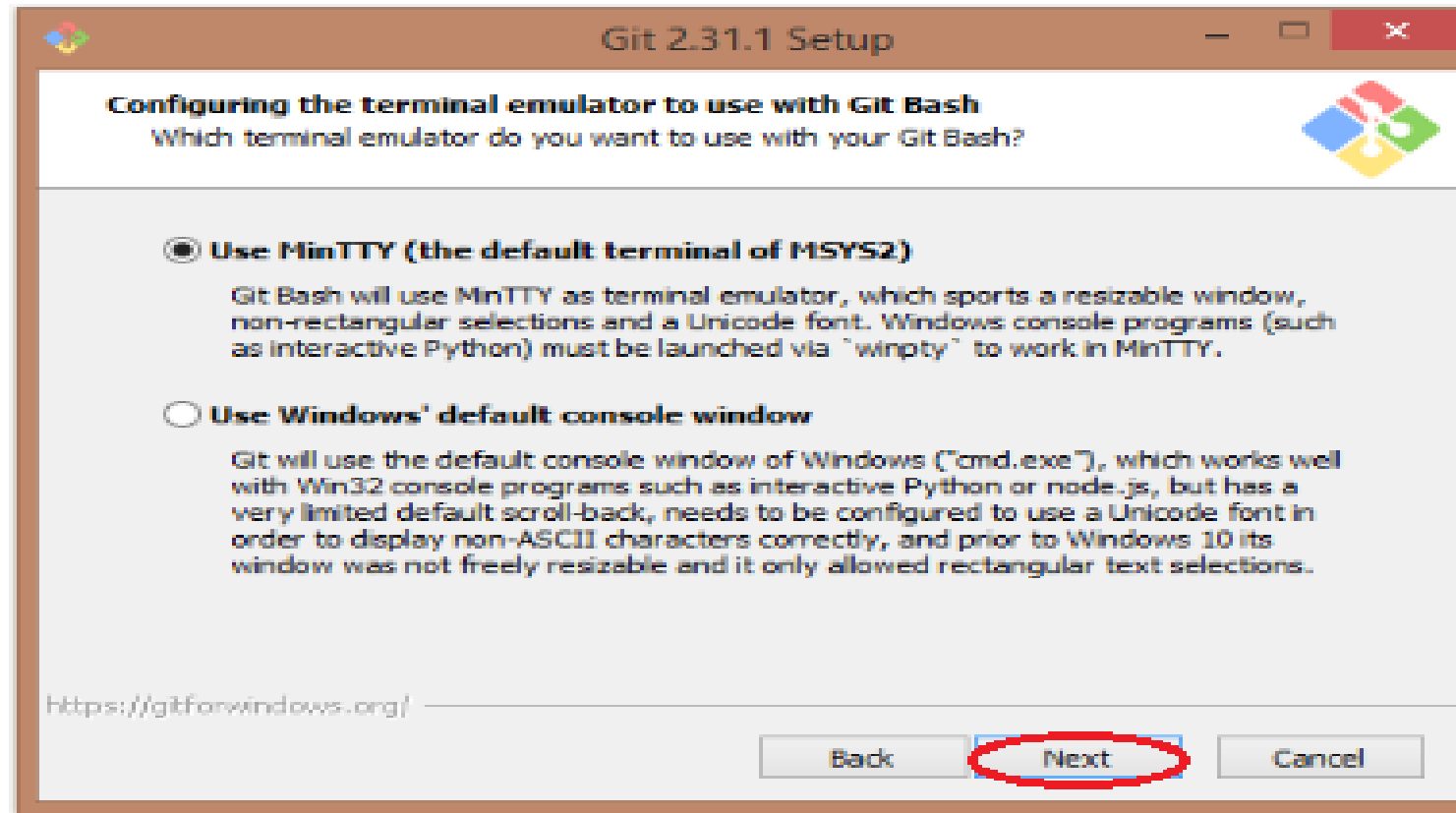
Step 8 - Select Use the OpenSSL Library and Click on Next



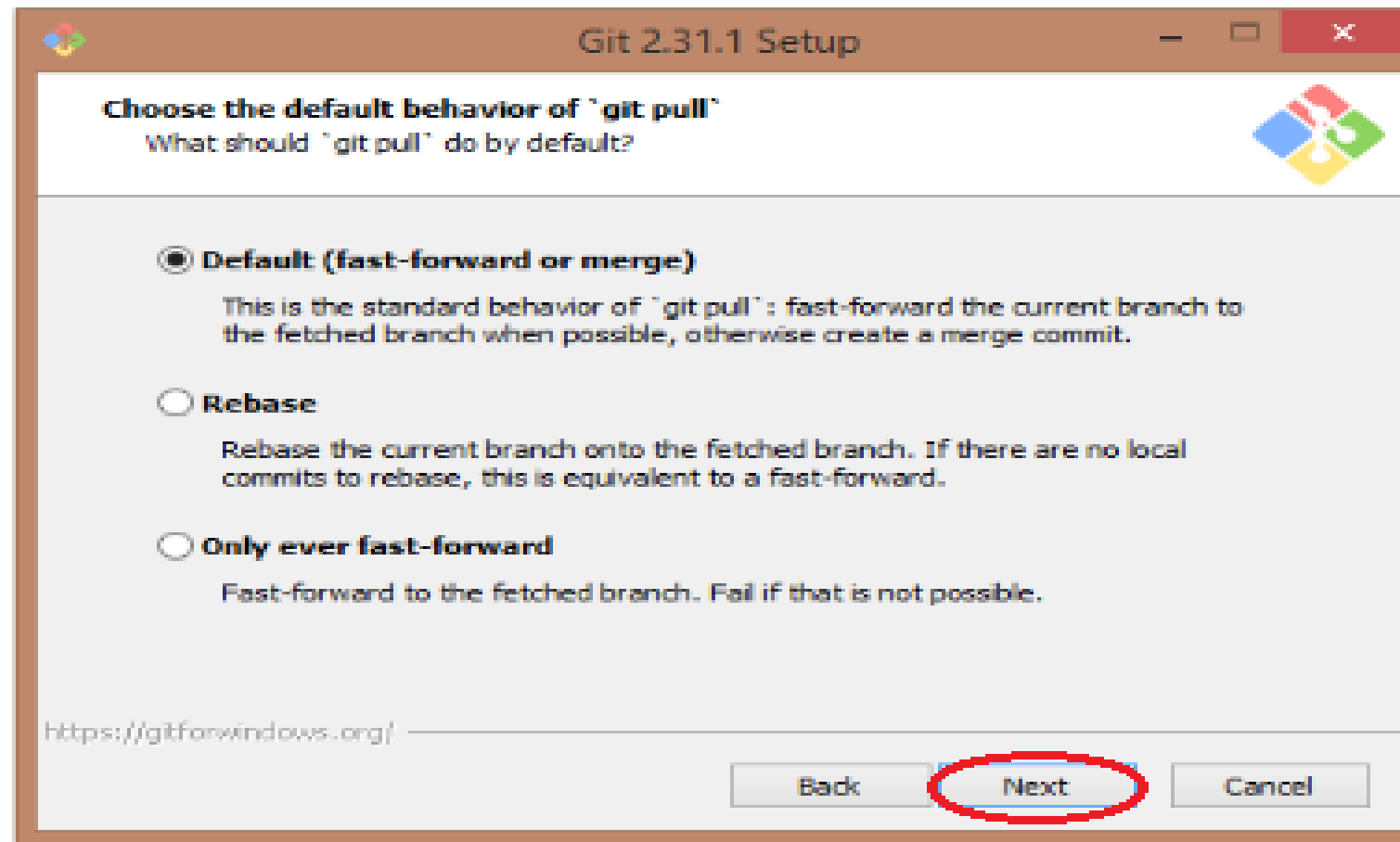
Step 9 - Select Option ,Checkout Windows-style,commit Unix-style line endings and Click in next



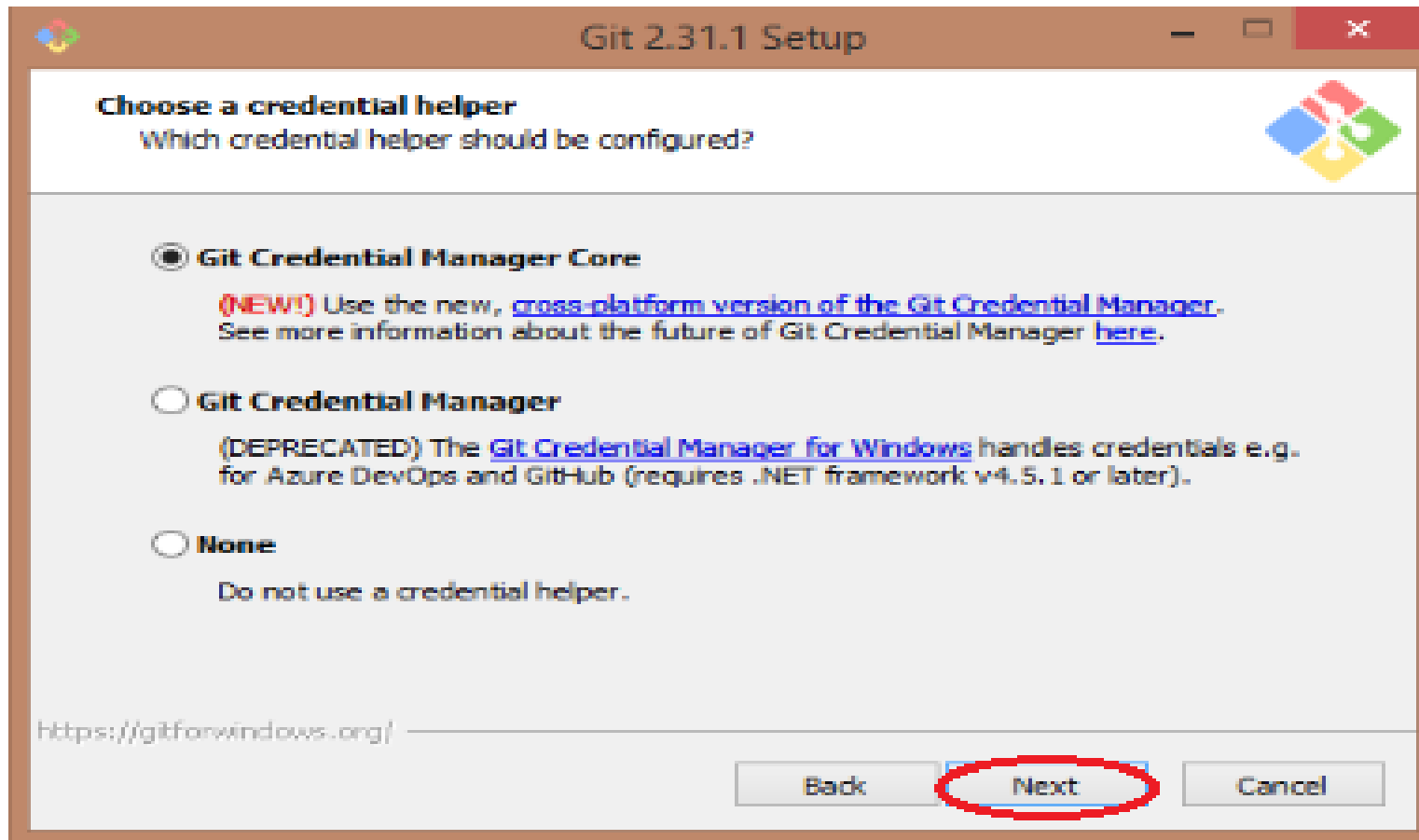
Step 10 - Select Option Use MinTTY and Click on next.



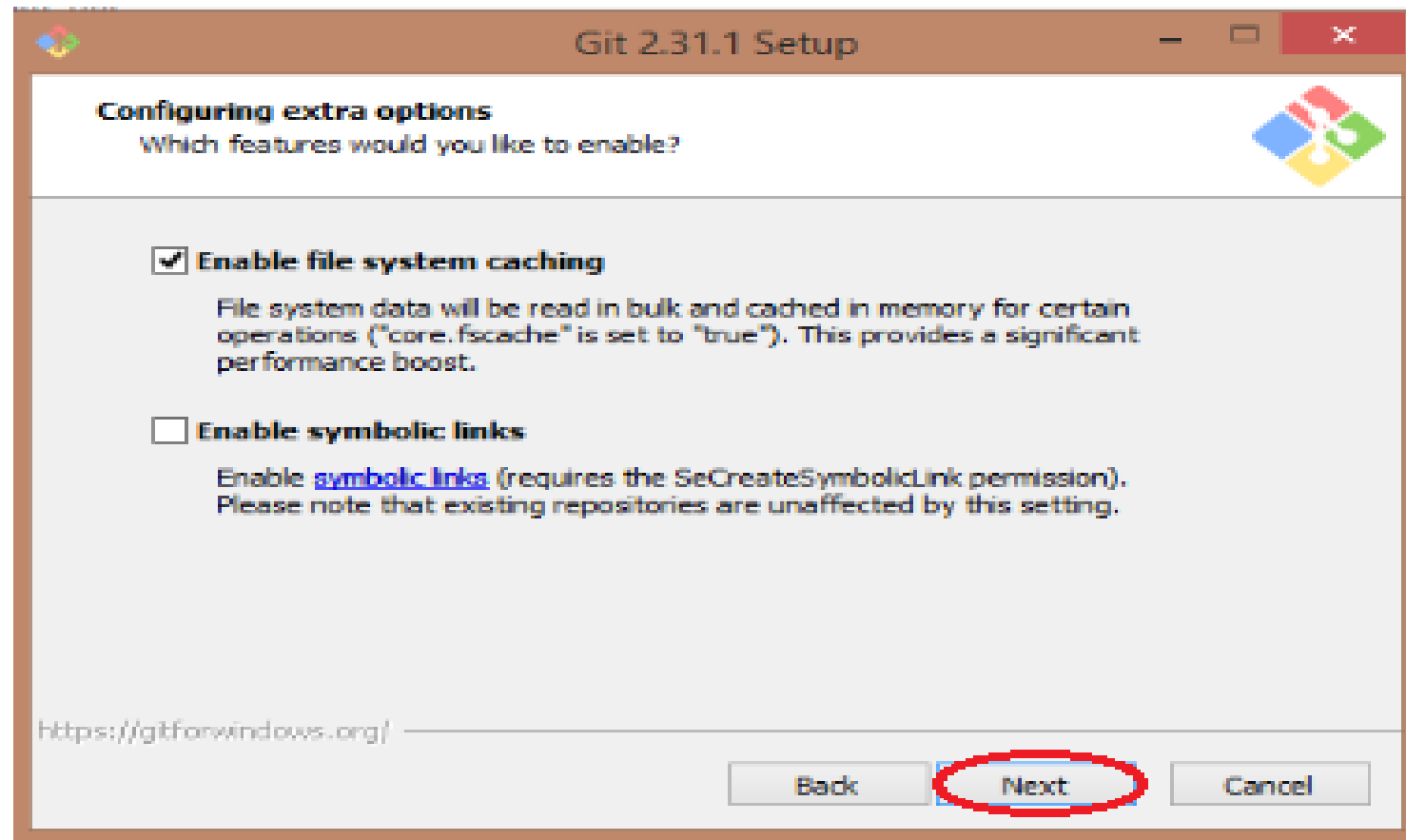
Step 11 - Select Option Default and Click on Next



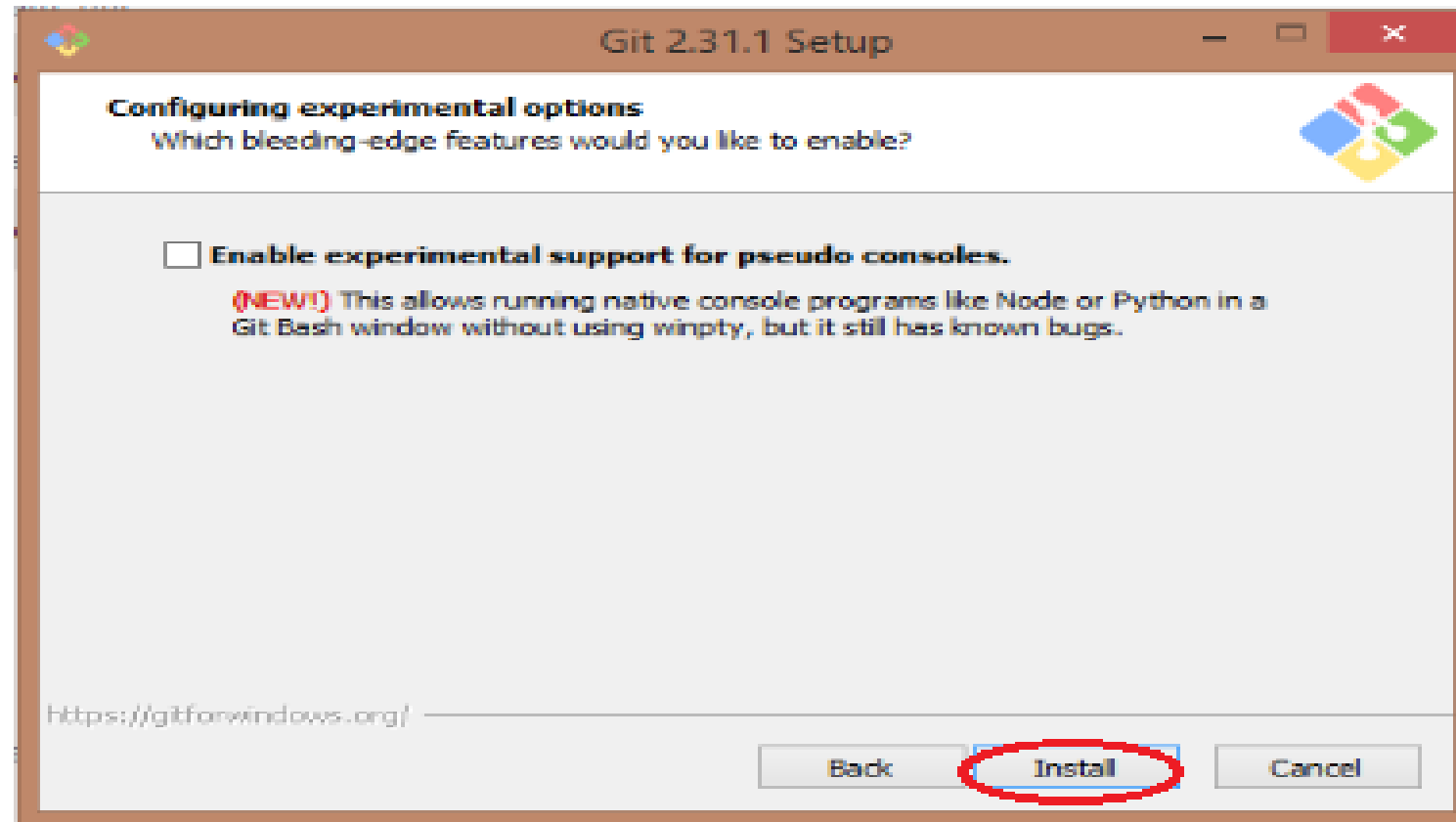
Step 12 - Select Git Credential Manager Core and Click on Next



Step 13 - Select Enable files system Caching and click on next



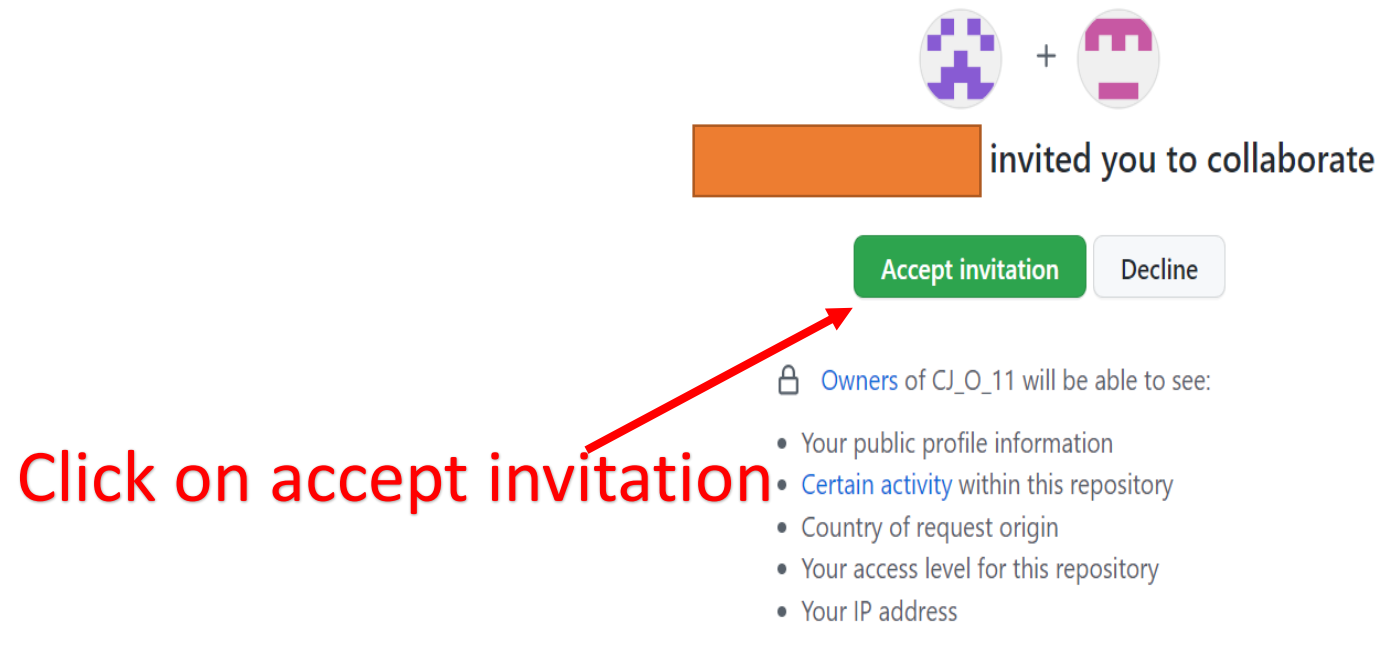
Step 14 - Don't Select any option and Click on Install.



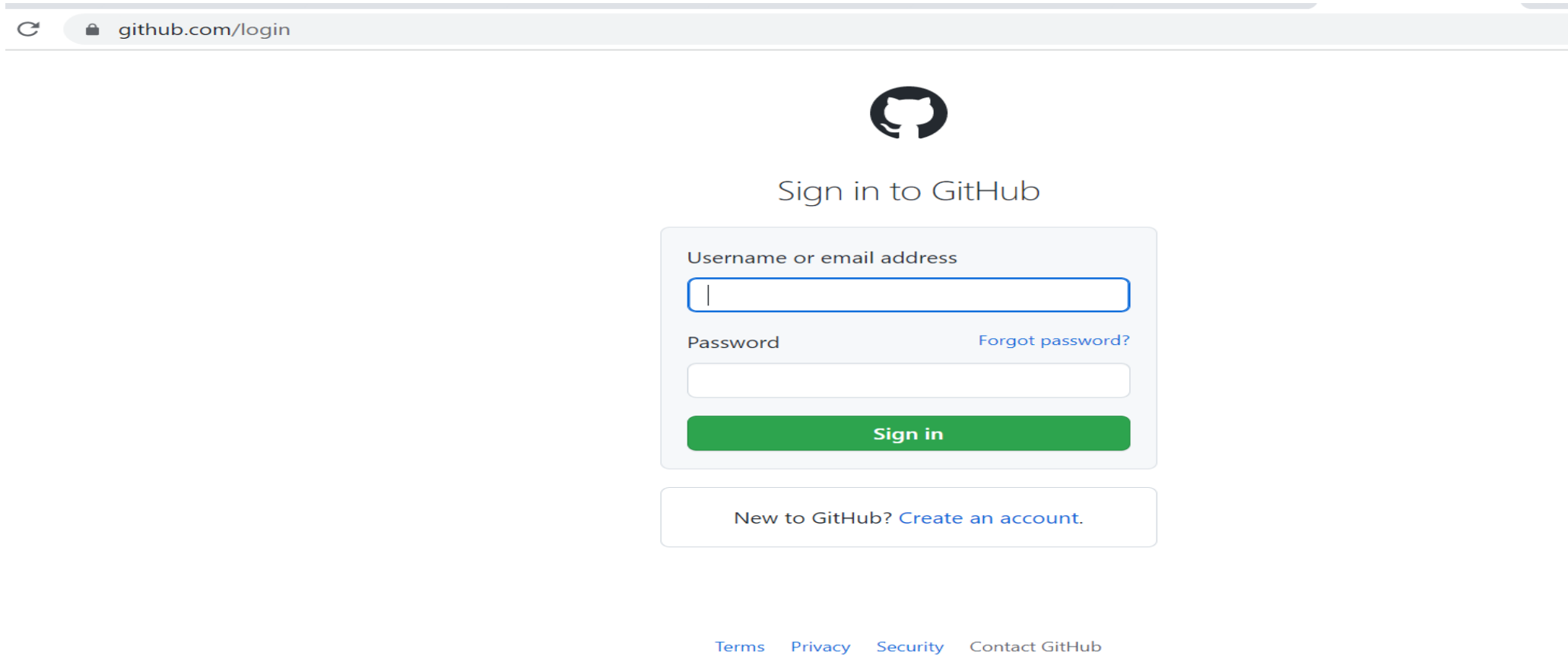
Step 15 - After successful installation Click on Finish for exit from set up.

Accessing GitHub data

On submitting the gitlab username, you will receive mail on registered mail ID
Once the GitHub repository invitation is sent to you on your email, you can view the invitation



Step 1 – To Access GitHub data , login with correct username and password in GitHub.



The image shows the GitHub login page. At the top, the browser address bar displays 'github.com/login'. Below this is the GitHub logo, a stylized octocat. The main heading is 'Sign in to GitHub'. The login form consists of two input fields: 'Username or email address' and 'Password'. The 'Username or email address' field is currently empty. To the right of the 'Password' field is a link that says 'Forgot password?'. Below the input fields is a green button labeled 'Sign in'. At the bottom of the form is a link that says 'New to GitHub? Create an account.'. At the very bottom of the page, there are links for 'Terms', 'Privacy', 'Security', and 'Contact GitHub'.

github.com/login

Sign in to GitHub

Username or email address

Password [Forgot password?](#)

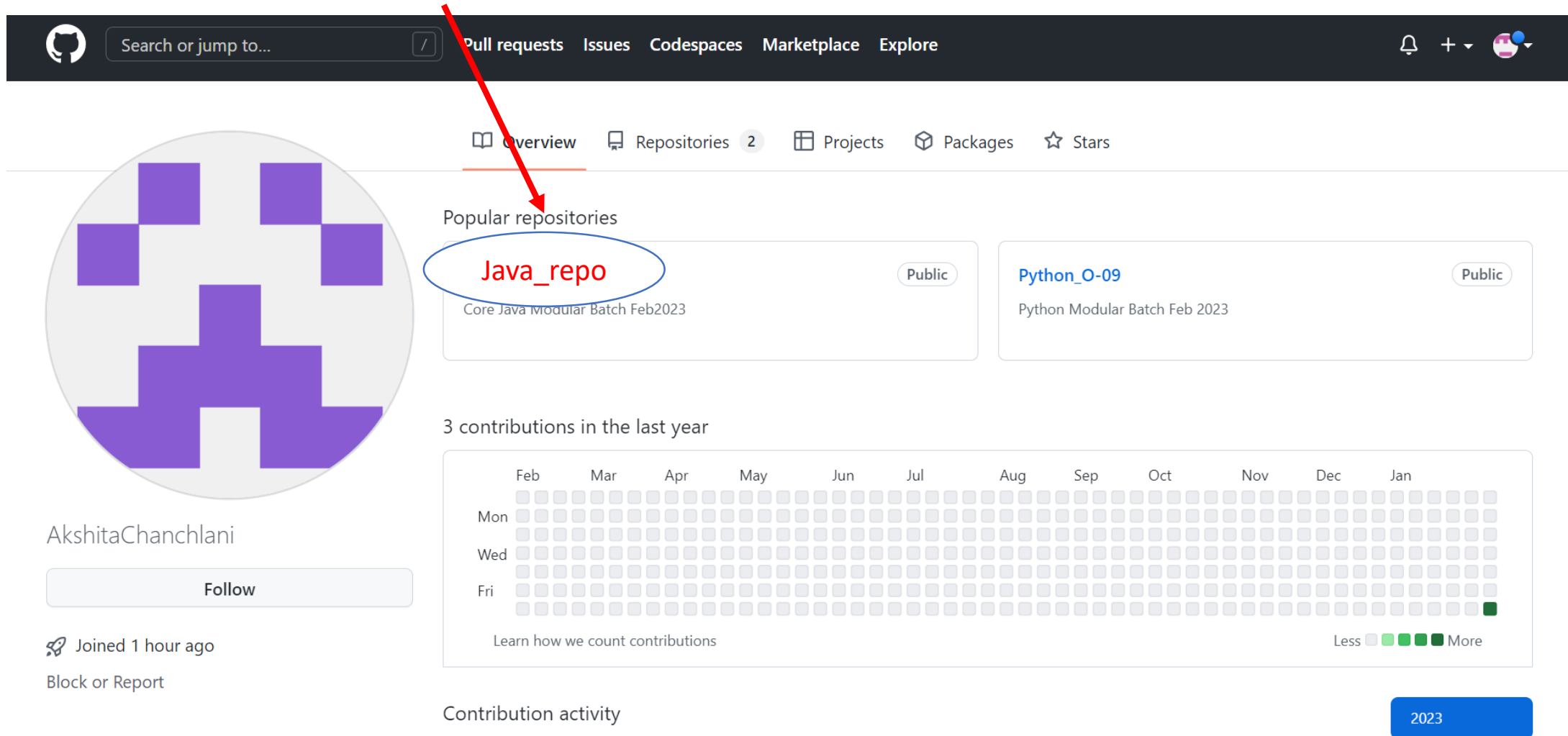
Sign in

New to GitHub? [Create an account.](#)

[Terms](#) [Privacy](#) [Security](#) [Contact GitHub](#)

Step 2 – Go to repository, by clicking on it

Now You are in your Batch Group and Click on Repository



Search or jump to... / Pull requests Issues Codespaces Marketplace Explore

Overview Repositories 2 Projects Packages Stars

Popular repositories

Java_repo Public
Core Java Modular Batch Feb2023

Python_O-09 Public
Python Modular Batch Feb 2023

3 contributions in the last year


	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Mon												
Wed												
Fri												

Learn how we count contributions

Less [color scale] More

Contribution activity 2023



Step 3 – You will see this type of page

 AkshitaChanchlani / CJ_O_11 Public

Watch 1 Fork 0 Star 0

[Code](#) [Issues](#) [Pull requests](#) [Actions](#) [Projects](#) [Wiki](#) [Security](#) [Insights](#)


Quick setup — if you've done this kind of thing before

 Set up in Desktop or HTTPS SSH 


Get started by [creating a new file](#) or [uploading an existing file](#). We recommend every repository include a [README](#), [LICENSE](#), and [.gitignore](#).

...or create a new repository on the command line

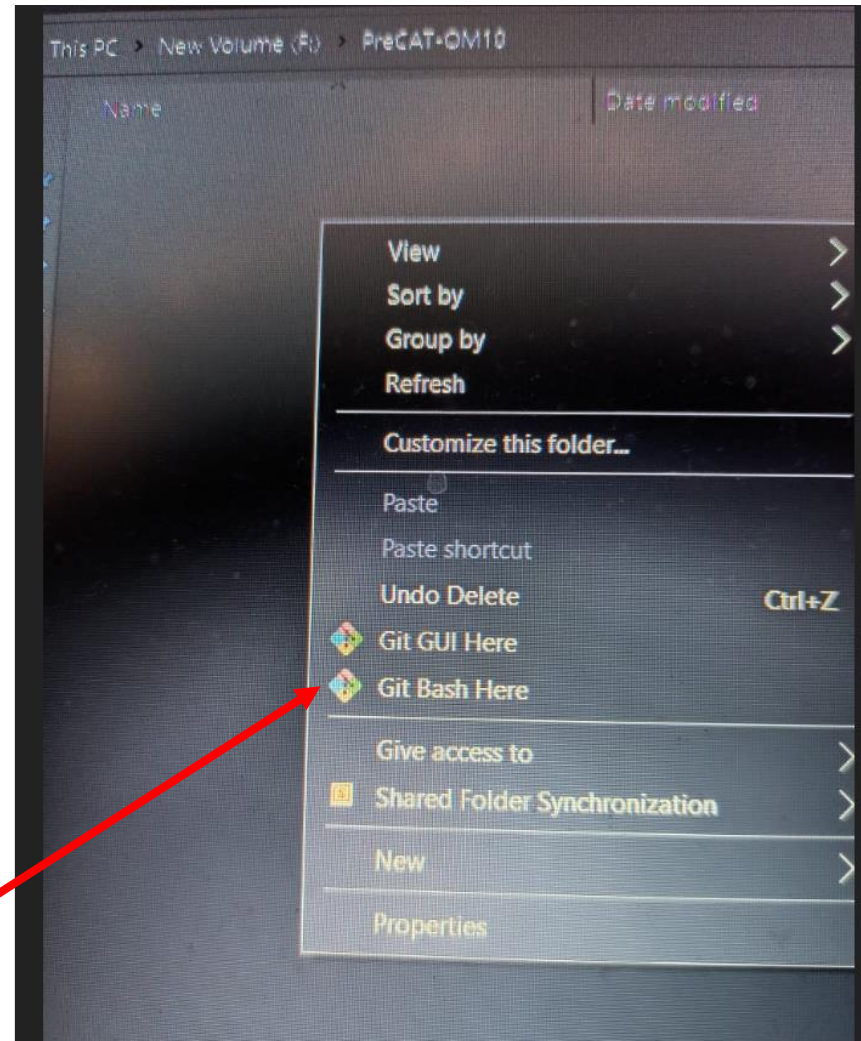
```
echo "# CJ_O_11" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git branch -M main
git remote add origin https://github.com/AkshitaChanchlani/CJ_O_11.git
git push -u origin main
```



Copy this path

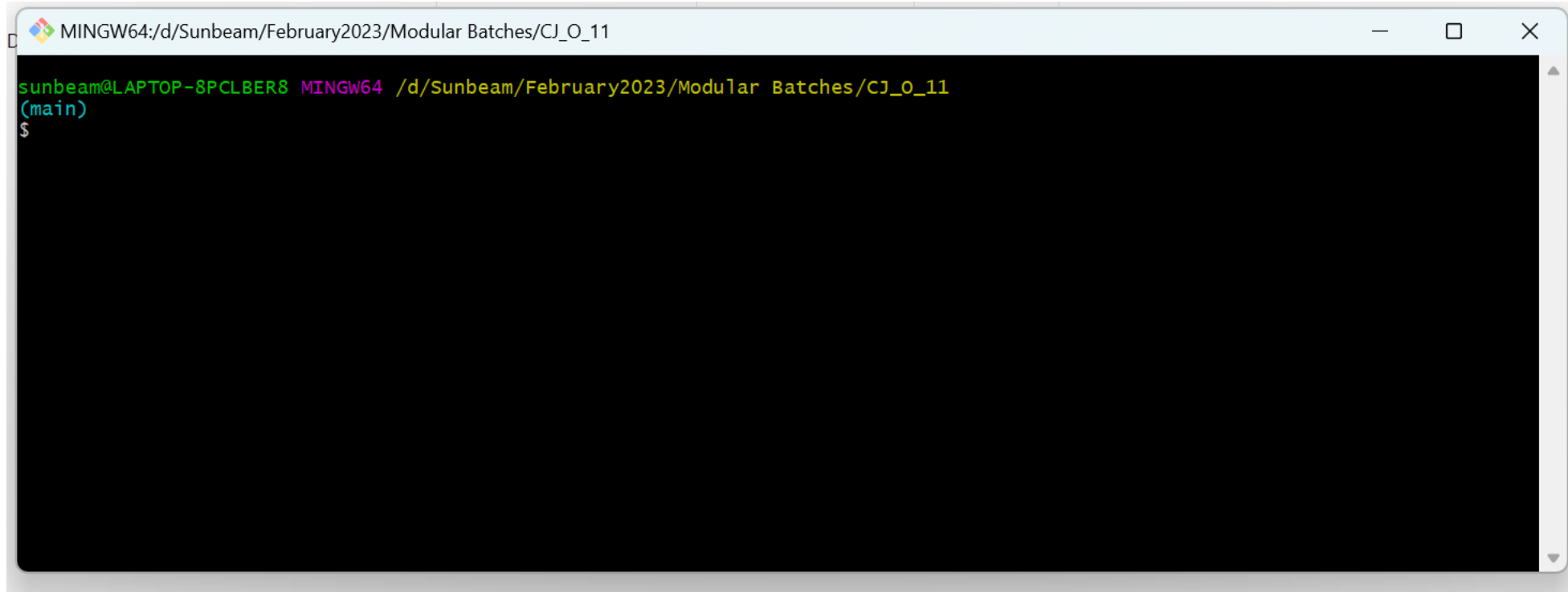


Step 4 : Create a new folder on your system, In the empty folder Right Click and open Git Bash



Click on Git Bash here

Step 5 : git bash window will appear

A screenshot of a Git Bash terminal window. The title bar at the top reads "MINGW64:/d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11". The terminal content shows the prompt "sunbeam@LAPTOP-8PCLBER8 MINGW64 /d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11" followed by "(main)" and a dollar sign "\$" on the next line, indicating the terminal is ready for input.

```
MINGW64:/d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11
sunbeam@LAPTOP-8PCLBER8 MINGW64 /d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11
(main)
$
```

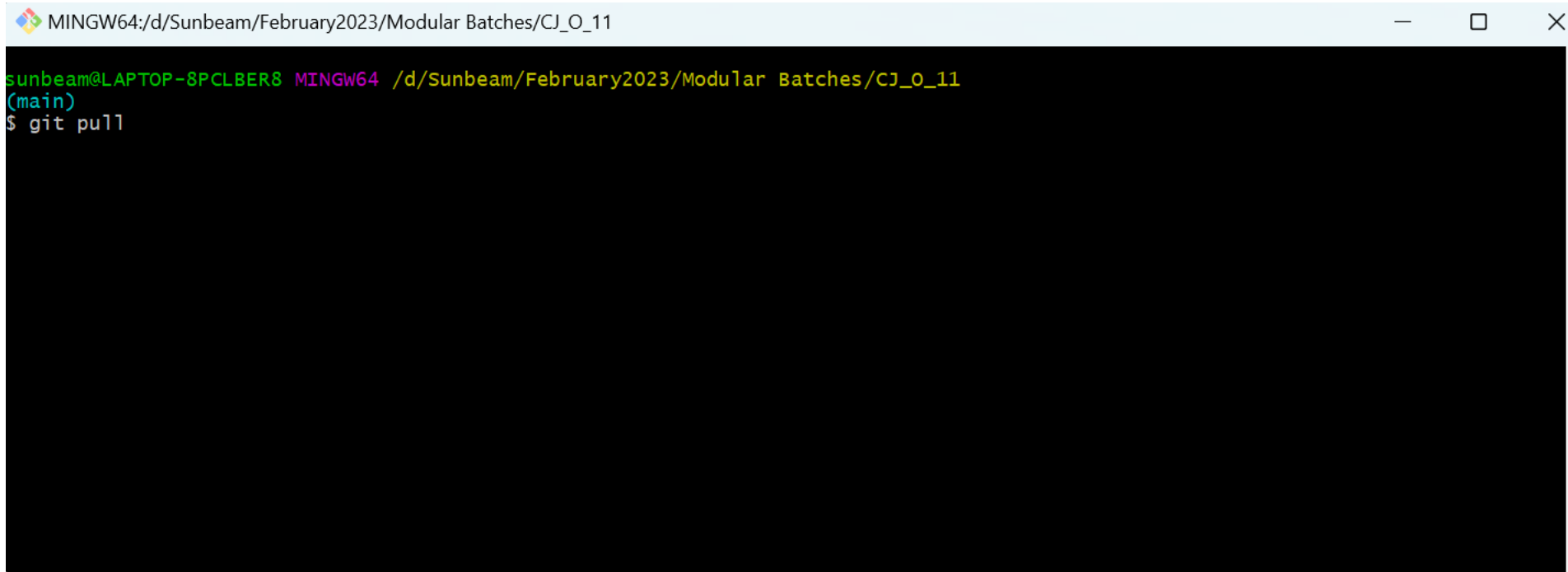
Step 6 : Write on git bash → git clone <url>
url is the one which you have copied in step3.
You will see the folder in your system.

From Second Day onwards

Step 1 :- Write on git bash → **cd <press tab> OR cd Foldername/**

Step 2 :- Write on git bash → **git pull**

Every day classwork can be retrieved from gitlab

A screenshot of a terminal window with a light blue title bar. The title bar text is 'MINGW64:/d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11'. The terminal has a black background with green text. The prompt is 'sunbeam@LAPTOP-8PCLBER8 MINGW64 /d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11'. Below the prompt, '(main)' is shown in green. Then, '\$ git pull' is entered in white. The rest of the terminal is empty.

```
MINGW64:/d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11
sunbeam@LAPTOP-8PCLBER8 MINGW64 /d/Sunbeam/February2023/Modular Batches/CJ_O_11
(main)
$ git pull
```