Curriculum

# SE Foundations ^

Average: 158.95%





### We're moving to Discord!

In a few days, we will be leaving Slack in favor of Discord 🎉

Click here for more information (/concepts/100033)

# 0x05. AirBnB clone - RESTful API

API **Python** Back-end Webserver Flask

- By: Guillaume, CTO at Holberton School
- Weight: 2
- Project to be done in teams of 2 people (your team: John Muriithi, Udobeke Chinagwam)
- ☑ An auto review will be launched at the deadline

#### In a nutshell...

- Auto QA review: 254.0/267 mandatory & 44.0/52 optional
- Altogether: 175.63%
  - Mandatory: 95.13%
  - Optional: 84.62%
  - Calculation: 95.13% + (95.13% \* 84.62%) == 175.63%

### Concepts

For this project, we expect you to look at these concepts:

- REST API (/concepts/45)
- AirBnB clone (/concepts/74)



# Resources

#### Read or watch:

- · REST API concept page
- Learn REST: A RESTful Tutorial (/rltoken/rycjU2GvZAlahHa61WWDBg)
- Designing a RESTful API with Python and Flask (/rltoken/WfKwKtaROCybta0 E849AQ)
- HTTP access control (CORS) (/rltoken/D55IFF8lgZDLPyIX6b6C5A)
- Flask cheatsheet (/rltoken/L01qANfgx0al8 an4mtPuw)
- What are Flask Blueprints, exactly? (/rltoken/QxbV8TCzNl3oP9br8CV5Lw)
- Flask (/rltoken/OLWDI7iDVpWKykekaznWpQ)
- Modular Applications with Blueprints (/rltoken/y3Lhj6w1g59MA\_HPtc578w)
- Flask tests (/rltoken/UGo4ArPFHhx-ow2QtZWILA)
- Flask-CORS (/rltoken/vq8ER3xb99-N2anC-zke3A)

# **Learning Objectives**

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/5ySNbjsNA0dTL8YhhgtFog), without the help of Google:

# General

- · What REST means
- · What API means
- · What CORS means
- · What is an API
- · What is a REST API
- What are other type of APIs
- Which is the HTTP method to retrieve resource(s)
- Which is the HTTP method to create a resource
- · Which is the HTTP method to update resource
- · Which is the HTTP method to delete resource
- · How to request REST API

# Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

# Requirements

# **Python Scripts**

- Allowed editors: vi , vim , emacs
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.4.3)

- · All your files should end with a new line
- (/). The first line of all your files should be exactly #!/usr/bin/python3
  - A README .md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
  - Your code should use the PEP 8 style (version 1.7)
  - All your files must be executable
  - The length of your files will be tested using wc
  - All your modules should have documentation ( python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)')
```

• All your classes should have documentation ( python3 -c

```
'print( import ("my module").MyClass. doc )')
```

• All your functions (inside and outside a class) should have documentation (python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)' and python3 -c
'print( import ("my module").MyClass.my function. doc )')
```

• A documentation is not a simple word, it's a real sentence explaining what's the purpose of the module, class or method (the length of it will be verified)

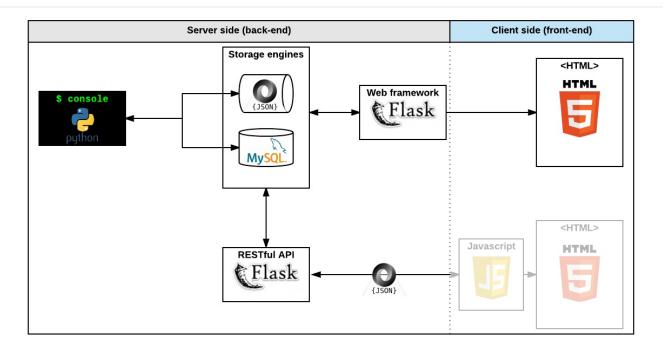
# **Python Unit Tests**

- Allowed editors: vi , vim , emacs
- · All your files should end with a new line
- All your test files should be inside a folder tests
- You have to use the unittest module (/rltoken/5BK144LlyD8OKE1QdRdSBw)
- All your test files should be python files (extension: .py)
- All your test files and folders should start by test\_
- Your file organization in the tests folder should be the same as your project: ex: for models/base model.py, unit tests must be in: tests/test models/test base model.py
- All your tests should be executed by using this command: python3 -m unittest discover tests
- You can also test file by file by using this command: python3 -m unittest tests/test models/test base model.py
- · We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge cases

# **GitHub**

There should be one project repository per group. If you clone/fork/whatever a project repository with the same name before the second deadline, you risk a 0% score.

# More Info



# **Install Flask**

\$ pip3 install Flask

## Video library (2 total)

Search by title

Python: Flask RestAPI AirBnB API

# **Tasks**

## 0. Restart from scratch!



Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

00.01 .00.0 .0 (0..00.0 00...p.0.00. 100.0 .0,

(/)

No no no! We are already too far in the project to restart everything.

But once again, let's work on a new codebase.

For this project you will fork this codebase (https://github.com/alexaorrico/AirBnB\_clone\_v2.git):

- Update the repository name to AirBnB clone v3
- Update the README.md:
  - Add yourself as an author of the project
  - Add new information about your new contribution
  - Make it better!
- If you're the owner of this codebase, create a new repository called AirBnB\_clone\_v3 and copy over all files from AirBnB\_clone\_v2

#### Repo:

• GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3

☑ Done!

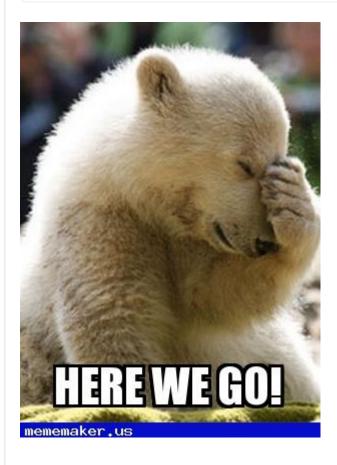
Help

Check your code

**QA** Review

1. Never fail! mandatory

Score: 57.69% (Checks completed: 57.69%)



Since the beginning we've been using the unittest module, but do you know why unittests are so invortant? Because when you add a new feature, you refactor a piece of code, etc... you want to be sure you didn't break anything.

At Holberton, we have a lot of tests, and they all pass! Just for the Intranet itself, there are:

- 5,213 assertions (as of 08/20/2018)
- 13,061 assertions (as of 01/25/2021)

The following requirements **must** be met for your project:

- all current tests must pass (don't delete them...)
- add new tests as much as you can (tests are mandatory for some tasks)

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 | tail -1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ HBNB_ENV=test HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_test HBNB_MYSQL_PWD
=hbnb_test_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_test_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAG
E=db python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 /dev/null | tail -n 1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

#### Repo:

• GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3



### 2. Improve storage

mandatory

Score: 91.67% (Checks completed: 91.67%)

Update DBStorage and FileStorage, adding two new methods. All changes should be done in the branch storage get count:

A method to retrieve one object:

- Prototype: def get(self, cls, id):
  - cls:class
  - id: string representing the object ID
- Returns the object based on the class and its ID, or None if not found

A method to count the number of objects in storage:

- Prototype: def count(self, cls=None):
  - cls: class (optional)
- Returns the number of objects in storage matching the given class. If no class is passed, returns the count of all objects in storage.

Don't forget to add new tests for these 2 methods on each storage engine.

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ cat test_get_count.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
""" Test .get() and .count() methods
from models import storage
from models.state import State
print("All objects: {}".format(storage.count()))
print("State objects: {}".format(storage.count(State)))
first state id = list(storage.all(State).values())[0].id
print("First state: {}".format(storage.get(State, first state id)))
quillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ HBNB MYSQL USER=hbnb dev HBNB MYSQL PWD=hbnb dev pwd H
BNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./test_get_c
ount.py
All objects: 1013
State objects: 27
First state: [State] (f8d21261-3e79-4f5c-829a-99d7452cd73c) {'name': 'Colorado', 'up
dated at': datetime.datetime(2017, 3, 25, 2, 17, 6), 'created at': datetime.datetime
(2017, 3, 25, 2, 17, 6), 'sa instance state': <sqlalchemy.orm.state.InstanceState o
bject at 0x7fc0103a8e80>, 'id': 'f8d21261-3e79-4f5c-829a-99d7452cd73c'}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ ./test get count.py
All objects: 19
State objects: 5
First state: [State] (af14c85b-172f-4474-8a30-d4ec21f9795e) {'updated at': datetime.
datetime(2017, 4, 13, 17, 10, 22, 378824), 'name': 'Arizona', 'id': 'af14c85b-172f-4
474-8a30-d4ec21f9795e', 'created at': datetime.datetime(2017, 4, 13, 17, 10, 22, 378
763)}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
```

For this task, you **must** make a pull request on GitHub.com, and ask at least one of your peer to review and merge it.

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: models/engine/db\_storage.py, models/engine/file\_storage.py, tests/test\_models/test\_engine/test\_db\_storage.py, tests/test\_models/test\_engine/test\_file\_storage.py

□ Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

### 3. Status of your API

mandatory



Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Your first endpoint (route) will be to return the status of your API:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd H
BNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db HBNB_API_HOS
T=0.0.0.0 HBNB_API_PORT=5000 python3 -m api.v1.app

* Running on http://0.0.0.0:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
...
```

#### In another terminal:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/status
{
    "status": "OK"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET -s http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/status -vvv
2>&1 | grep Content-Type
< Content-Type: application/json
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$</pre>
```

Magic right? (No need to have a pretty rendered output, it's a JSON, only the structure is important)

#### Ok, let starts:

- Create a folder api at the root of the project with an empty file \_\_init\_\_.py
- Create a folder v1 inside api:
  - create an empty file init .py
  - create a file app.py:
    - create a variable app, instance of Flask
    - import storage from models
    - import app views from api.v1.views
    - register the blueprint app\_views to your Flask instance app
    - declare a method to handle @app.teardown\_appcontext that calls

```
storage.close()
```

- inside if name == " main ":, run your Flask server (variable app) with:
  - host = environment variable HBNB API HOST or 0.0.0.0 if not defined
  - port = environment variable HBNB API PORT or 5000 if not defined
  - threaded=True
- Create a folder views inside v1:
  - create a file init .py:
    - import Blueprint from flask doc (/rltoken/y3Lhj6w1g59MA HPtc578w)
    - create a variable app\_views which is an instance of Blueprint (url prefix must be /api/v1)
    - wildcard import of everything in the package api.v1.views.index => PEP8 will complain about it, don't worry, it's normal and this file (v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py) won't be check.
  - create a file index.py
    - import app\_views from api.v1.views

(/)

• create a route /status on the object app\_views that returns a JSON: "status": "OK" (see example)

### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3
- File: api/\_\_init\_\_.py, api/v1/\_\_init\_\_.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py, api/v1/views/index.py, api/v1/app.py

☑ Done!

Help

Check your code

>\_ Get a sandbox

**QA Review** 

4. Some stats?

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create an endpoint that retrieves the number of each objects by type:

- In api/v1/views/index.py
- Route: /api/v1/stats
- You must use the newly added <code>count()</code> method from <code>storage</code>

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/stats
{
    "amenities": 47,
    "cities": 36,
    "places": 154,
    "reviews": 718,
    "states": 27,
    "users": 31
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

(No need to have a pretty rendered output, it's a JSON, only the structure is important)

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/index.py

☑ Done!

Help

Check your code

>\_ Get a sandbox

**QA Review** 

5. Not found



```
Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)
```

(/)

Designers are really creative when they have to design a "404 page", a "Not found"... 34 brilliantly designed 404 error pages (/rltoken/8NwELW0j77kZ1jTM6hJFhA)

Today it's different, because you won't use HTML and CSS, but JSON!

In api/v1/app.py, create a handler for 404 errors that returns a JSON-formatted 404 status code response. The content should be: "error": "Not found"

```
quillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/nop
  "error": "Not found"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/nop -vvv
  Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> GET /api/v1/nop HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 404 NOT FOUND
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 27
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3
< Date: Fri, 14 Apr 2017 23:43:24 GMT
  "error": "Not found"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
```

#### Repo:

• GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3

• File: api/v1/app.py

☑ Done! Help Check your code >\_ Get a sandbox QA Review

6. State

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for State objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:



• In the file api/v1/views/states.py

- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- (/). Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all State objects: GET /api/v1/states

Retrieves a State object: GET /api/v1/states/<state\_id>

• If the state id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a State object:: DELETE /api/v1/states/<state\_id>

- If the state id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a State: POST /api/v1/states

- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing name
- Returns the new State with the status code 201

Updates a State object: PUT /api/v1/states/<state id>

- If the state id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the state object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary.
- Ignore keys: id, created at and updated at
- Returns the State object with the status code 200

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/
    " class ": "State",
    "created at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02",
    "id": "8f165686-c98d-46d9-87d9-d6059ade2d99",
    "name": "Louisiana",
    "updated at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02"
  },
    " class ": "State",
    "created at": "2017-04-14T16:21:42",
    "id": "1a9c29c7-e39c-4840-b5f9-74310b34f269",
    "name": "Arizona",
    "updated at": "2017-04-14T16:21:42"
  },
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
quillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/8f165686
-c98d-46d9-87d9-d6059ade2d99
  " class ": "State",
  "created at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02",
  "id": "8f165686-c98d-46d9-87d9-d6059ade2d99",
  "name": "Louisiana",
  "updated at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/ -H "Co
ntent-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "California"}' -vvv
  Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> POST /api/v1/states/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Length: 22
* upload completely sent off: 22 out of 22 bytes
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 201 CREATED
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 195
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3
< Date: Sat, 15 Apr 2017 01:30:27 GMT
<
  " class ": "State",
  "created at": "2017-04-15T01:30:27.557877",
```

"id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",

```
"name": "California",
(/) "updated at": "2017-04-15T01:30:27.558081"
* Curl http done: called premature == 0
* Closing connection 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X PUT http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73
-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6 -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "Calif
ornia is so cool"}'
  " class ": "State",
  "created at": "2017-04-15T01:30:28",
  "id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",
  "name": "California is so cool",
  "updated at": "2017-04-15T01:51:08.044996"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
quillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73
-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
  " class ": "State",
  "created at": "2017-04-15T01:30:28",
  "id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",
  "name": "California is so cool",
  "updated at": "2017-04-15T01:51:08"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X DELETE http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feada
a73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73
-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
  "error": "Not found"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
```

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3
- File: api/v1/views/states.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

7. City mandatory

Q

Same as State, create a new view for City objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/cities.py
- You must use to\_dict() to serialize an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/ init .py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all City objects of a State: GET /api/v1/states/<state\_id>/cities

• If the state id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a City object.: GET /api/v1/cities/<city id>

• If the city id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a City object: DELETE /api/v1/cities/<city\_id>

- If the city\_id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a City: POST /api/v1/states/<state\_id>/cities

- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the state id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP body request is not a valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing name
- Returns the new City with the status code 201

Updates a City object: PUT /api/v1/cities/<city\_id>

- If the city id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get\_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the city object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, state id, created at and updated at
- Returns the City object with the status code 200

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/not_an_i d/cities/
  "error": "Not found"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/2b9a4627
-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities
    " class ": "City",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
    "name": "New Orleans",
    "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
  },
    " class ": "City",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "45903748-fa39-4cd0-8a0b-c62bfe471702",
    "name": "Lafayette",
    "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
  },
    " class ": "City",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "e4e40a6e-59ff-4b4f-ab72-d6d100201588",
    "name": "Baton rouge",
    "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/1da255c0
-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683
  " class ": "City",
  "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
  "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
  "name": "New Orleans",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/2b9a462
7-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"nam
e": "Alexandria"}' -vvv
  Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
```

```
> POST /api/v1/states/2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities/ HTTP/1.1
(1) Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Length: 22
* upload completely sent off: 22 out of 22 bytes
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 201 CREATED
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 249
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3
< Date: Sun, 16 Apr 2017 03:14:05 GMT
  " class ": "City",
  "created at": "2017-04-16T03:14:05.655490",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Alexandria",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-04-16T03:14:05.655748"
* Curl http done: called premature == 0
* Closing connection 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X PUT http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104
-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "Bossi
er City"}'
  " class ": "City",
  "created at": "2017-04-16T03:14:06",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Bossier City",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-04-16T03:15:12.895894"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104
-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af
  " class ": "City",
  "created at": "2017-04-16T03:14:06",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Bossier City",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-04-16T03:15:13"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X DELETE http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae
104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af
```

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$

(n)illaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104
-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af

{
    "error": "Not found"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3
- File: api/v1/views/cities.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

☑ Done!	Help	Check your code	>_ Get a sandbox	QA Review
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8. Amenity mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for Amenity objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/amenities.py
- You must use to dict() to serialize an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Amenity objects: GET /api/v1/amenities

Retrieves a Amenity object: GET /api/v1/amenities/<amenity\_id>

• If the amenity id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Amenity object:: DELETE /api/v1/amenities/<amenity id>

- If the amenity id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Amenity: POST /api/v1/amenities

- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing name
- Returns the new Amenity with the status code 201

Updates a Amenity object: PUT /api/v1/amenities/<amenity\_id>

- If the amenity\_id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Amenity object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, created at and updated at



• Returns the Amenity object with the status code 200 (/)

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/amenities.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

☑ Done! Help Check your code >\_ Get a sandbox QA Review

9. User mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for User object that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/users.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all User objects: GET /api/v1/users

Retrieves a User object: GET /api/v1/users/<user\_id>

• If the user\_id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a User object:: DELETE /api/v1/users/<user id>

- If the user id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a User: POST /api/v1/users

- You must use request.get\_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key email, raise a 400 error with the message Missing email
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key password, raise a 400 error with the message Missing password
- Returns the new User with the status code 201

Updates a User object: PUT /api/v1/users/<user\_id>

- If the user\_id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get\_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the User object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, email, created at and updated at
- Returns the User object with the status code 200

# Reppo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3
- File: api/v1/views/users.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

10. Place mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for Place objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/places.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Place objects of a City: GET /api/v1/cities/<city\_id>/places

• If the city id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a Place object.: GET /api/v1/places/<place\_id>

• If the place\_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Place object: DELETE /api/v1/places/<place id>

- If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Place: POST /api/v1/cities/<city id>/places

- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the city\_id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key user\_id, raise a 400 error with the message Missing user\_id
- If the user\_id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing name
- Returns the new Place with the status code 201

Updates a Place object: PUT /api/v1/places/<place\_id>

- If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Place object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, user id, city id, created at and updated at
- Returns the Place object with the status code 200

# Reppo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB\_clone\_v3
- File: api/v1/views/places.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

11. Reviews mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for Review object that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/places reviews.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Review objects of a Place: GET /api/v1/places/<place\_id>/reviews

• If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a Review object.: GET /api/v1/reviews/<review id>

• If the review id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Review object: DELETE /api/v1/reviews/<review id>

- If the review id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Review: POST /api/v1/places/<place id>/reviews

- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the place\_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key user\_id, raise a 400 error with the message Missing user id
- If the user\_id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key text, raise a 400 error with the message Missing text
- Returns the new Review with the status code 201

Updates a Review object: PUT /api/v1/reviews/<review\_id>

- If the review id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Review object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, user id, place id, created at and updated at
- Returns the Review object with the status code 200

## Reppo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/places\_reviews.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

☑ Done! Help Check your code > Get a sandbox QA Review

### 12. HTTP access control (CORS)

mandatory

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

A resource makes a cross-origin HTTP request when it requests a resource from a different domain, or port, than the one the first resource itself serves.

Read the full definition here (/rltoken/D55IFF8IgZDLPyIX6b6C5A)

Why do we need this?

Because you will soon start allowing a web client to make requests your API. If your API doesn't have a correct CORS setup, your web client won't be able to access your data.

With Flask, it's really easy, you will use the class cors of the module  $flask\_cors$ .

How to install it: \$ pip3 install flask\_cors

Update api/v1/app.py to create a cors instance allowing: /\* for 0.0.0.0

You will update it later when you will deploy your API to production.

Now you can see this HTTP Response Header: < Access-Control-Allow-Origin: 0.0.0.0

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/1da255c0
 f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683 -vvv
    Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> GET /api/v1/states/2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities/1da255c0-f023-4779-
8134-2b1b40f87683 HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 200 OK
< Content-Type: application/json
< Access-Control-Allow-Origin: 0.0.0.0
< Content-Length: 236
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3
< Date: Sun, 16 Apr 2017 04:20:13 GMT
  " class ": "City",
  "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
  "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
  "name": "New Orleans",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
}
```

#### Repo:

• GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3

\* Curl http done: called premature == 0

• File: api/v1/app.py

\* Closing connection 0

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3\$

☑ Done! Help Check your code >\_ Get a sandbox QA Review

### 13. Place - Amenity

#advanced

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Create a new view for the link between Place objects and Amenity objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/places amenities.py
- You must use to\_dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py to import this new file

- · Depending of the storage:
- (/)
- DBStorage: list, create and delete Amenity objects from amenities relationship
- FileStorage: list, add and remove Amenity ID in the list amenity\_ids of a Place object

Retrieves the list of all Amenity objects of a Place: GET /api/v1/places/<place\_id>/amenities

• If the place\_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Amenity object to a Place: DELETE

/api/v1/places/<place\_id>/amenities/<amenity\_id>

- If the place\_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- If the amenity\_id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- If the Amenity is not linked to the Place before the request, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Link a Amenity object to a Place: POST /api/v1/places/<place\_id>/amenities/<amenity\_id>

- · No HTTP body needed
- If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- If the amenity id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- If the Amenity is already linked to the Place, return the Amenity with the status code 200
- Returns the Amenity with the status code 201

#### Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/places\_amenities.py, api/v1/views/\_\_init\_\_.py

☑ Done! Help Check your code > Get a sandbox QA Review

### 14. Security improvements!

#advanced

Score: 11.11% (Checks completed: 11.11%)

Currently, the User object is designed to store the user password in cleartext.

It's super bad!

To avoid that, improve the User object:

- Update the method to\_dict() of BaseModel to remove the password key except when it's used by FileStorage to save data to disk. Tips: default parameters
- Each time a new <code>user</code> object is created or password updated, the password is hashed to a MD5 (/rltoken/OsGdHSsrf84F1ddiMgG5OQ) value
- In the database for DBStorage, the password stored is now hashed to a MD5 value
- In the file for FileStorage, the password stored is now hashed to a MD5 value

Q

• GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3 (/). File: models/base model.py, models/user.py

☐ Done?	Help	Check your code	Ask for a new correction	>_ Get a sandbox	QA Review	
_						
15. Search						

Score: 100.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

For the moment, the only way to list Place objects is via GET /api/v1/cities/<city id>/places.

Good, but not enough...

Update api/v1/views/places.py to add a new endpoint: POST /api/v1/places search that retrieves all Place objects depending of the JSON in the body of the request.

The JSON can contain 3 optional keys:

• states: list of State ids

• cities: list of City ids

• amenities: list of Amenity ids

#### Search rules:

- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the JSON body is empty or each list of all keys are empty: retrieve all Place objects
- If states list is not empty, results should include all Place objects for each State id listed
- If cities list is not empty, results should include all Place objects for each City id listed
- Keys states and cities are inclusive. Search results should include all Place objects in storage related to each City in every State listed in states, plus every City listed individually in cities, unless that City was already included by states.
  - · Context:
    - State A has 2 cities A1 and A2
    - State B has 3 cities B1, B2 and B3
    - A1 has 1 place
    - A2 has 2 places
    - B1 has 3 places
    - B2 has 4 places
    - B3 has 5 places
  - Search: states = State A and cities = B2
  - Result: all 4 places from the city B2 and the place from the city A1 and the 2 places of the city A2 (because they are part of State A) => 7 places returned
- If amenities list is not empty, limit search results to only Place objects having all Amenity ids listed
- The key amenities is exclusive, acting as a filter on the results generated by states and cities, or on all Place if states and cities are both empty or missing.
- Results will only include Place objects having all listed amenities . If a Place doesn't have ever one of these amenities, it won't be retrieved.

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/places_search
.
H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"states": ["2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7-
f4efd", "459e021a-e794-447d-9dd2-e03b7963f7d2"], "cities": ["5976f0e7-5c5f-4949-aae0
-90d68fd239c0"]}'
    " class ": "Place",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "dacec983-cec4-4f68-bd7f-af9068a305f5",
    "name": "The Lynn House",
    "city id": "5976f0e7-5c5f-4949-aae0-90d68fd239c0",
    "user id": "3ea61b06-e22a-459b-bb96-d900fb8f843a",
    "description": "Our place is 2 blocks from Vista Park (Farmer's Market), Histori
c Warren Ballpark, and about 2 miles from Old Bisbee where there is shopping, dinin
g, and site seeing. We offer continental breakfast. You get the quiet life with grea
t mountain and garden views. This is a 100+ year old cozy home which has been on bot
h the Garden and Home tours. You have access to whole house, except for 1 restricted
area (She-Shack). Hosts are on site in a casita in the back from 8pm until 7am when
we are in town.<BR /><BR />Our home has two bedrooms, one king and one queen. There
are 2 bathrooms, 1 1950's soak tub with shower and 1 with shower only. Guests have
access to the living/dining room area, and the kitchen (except for use of stove/ove
n). Each morning, coffee/tea, and muffins are ready for guests. A small frig is av
ailable in the dining room with water/juice and an area for guest items. 1 parking
space is directly across the street.",
    "number rooms": 2,
    "number bathrooms": 2,
    "max guest": 4,
    "price by night": 82,
    "latitude": 31.4141,
    "longitude": -109.879,
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
  },
    " class__": "Place",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T12:17:06",
    "id": "85f979ad-a345-4190-9d1b-719bb3c642ba",
    "name": "Little blue House in New Orleans",
    "city id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
    "user id": "44b3ab44-4798-4a3a-9f72-ee1eeace4b33",
    "description": "Nice place closed to Bourbon street.",
    "number rooms": 1,
    "number bathrooms": 1,
    "max guest": 3,
    "price by night": 42,
    "latitude": 29.951065,
    "longitude": -90.071533,
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
  },
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
```

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