

Switch Exhaustiveness in TypeScript

```
function color(input: RGB) {  
  switch (input) {  
    case 'Red':  
      return 'rgb(255, 0, 0)';  
    case 'Green':  
      return 'rgb(0, 255, 0)';  
  }  
}
```

Switch is not exhaustive.
Cases not matched: "Blue"

```
type RGB = 'Red' | 'Green' | 'Blue'
```

```
{  
  "rules": {  
    "@typescript-eslint/switch-exhaustiveness-check": "error"  
  }  
}
```



Switch Exhaustiveness in TypeScript

```
function color(input: RGB)
{
  switch (input) {
    case 'Red':
      return 'rgb(255, 0, 0)';
    case 'Green':
      return 'rgb(0, 255, 0)';
    default:
      input satisfies never;
  }
}
```

TS1360: Type string does not satisfy the expected type never.

```
type RGB = 'Red' | 'Green' | 'Blue'
```



Switch Exhaustiveness

in C#

```
string Color(RGB input)
{
    return input switch
    {
        RGB.Red ⇒ "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
        RGB.Green ⇒ "rgb(0, 255, 0)",
    };
}
```

The 'switch' expression does not handle all possible inputs (it is not exhaustive). For example, the pattern 'RGB.Blue' is not covered.

```
enum RGB { Red, Green, Blue };
```

```
<PropertyGroup>
```

```
  <!-- All warnings are errors -->
```

```
  <TreatWarningsAsErrors>true</TreatWarningsAsErrors>
```

```
  <!-- Only specific warnings are errors -->
```

```
  <WarningsAsErrors>CS8509</WarningsAsErrors>
```

```
</PropertyGroup>
```

