What is a microservice?

Select one:

OA. A design used primarily in functional programming and object-oriented programming OB. A style of design for enterprise systems based on a loosely coupled component architecture

OC. A very small piece of code that never gets any bigger than 10 lines

OD. A small program that represents discrete logic that executes within a well-defined boundary on dedicated hardware

Answer: B. A style of design for enterprise systems based on a loosely coupled component architecture

When would developers use microservices?

- A. When they create applications specifically for scientific test equipment
- B. When they need to create large, enterprise-level applications that are subject to changes on a frequent basis
- C. When they work with ephemeral nano technology
- D. When they want to write cell phone applications that run quickly

Answer B. When they need to create large, enterprise-level applications that are subject to changes on a frequent basis

Which of the following responses is an advantage of microservices?

Select one:

- A. They're so small that developers can typically write very powerful ones with a few lines of text
- B. Any microservice component can change independently from other components
- C. They are easy to manage

D. They don't require a lot of expertise to program

Answer: B. Any microservice component can change independently from other components

What does the term "bounded context" mean in relation to microservices?

Select one:

A. The logical domain represented by the data consumed and emitted by a microservice according to the a

- B. How a microservice uses memory
- C. The cloud provider's region where the microservice operates
- D. The common characteristics within a collection of entities in one or many business domains

Answer A. The logical domain represented by the data consumed and emitted by a microservice according to the a

How is distributed tracing used in microservices?

Select one:

- A. As a mechanism to observe the behavior of distinct system calls between and within microservices
- B. As a mechanism to transfer log management between a given host on demand
- C. As a mechanism to ensure that failed microservices are resurrected properly
- D. As a mechanism to change the behavior of a microservice at runtime

Answer A. As a mechanism to observe the behavior of distinct system calls between and within microservices

What is a popular Java framework to develop microservices? Select one: A. None of the above B. Spring Boot C. Eclipse MicroProfile D. Both A and B Answer: Both A and B How does a backing service apply to microservices? Select one: A. It acts as a dedicated service that provides essential functionality required by a microservice B. It coordinates network activity between microservices C. It shuts down a microservice when it can no longer handle the computing load D. It prevents a microservice from failing Answer A. It acts as a dedicated service that provides essential functionality required by a microservice Which of the following responses is a disadvantage of microservices? Select one: A. Microservices are very difficult to manage at scale B. Microservices require a lot of monitoring to operate effectively C. Neither A nor B D. Both A and B

Answer D. Both A and B

What's the difference between a microservices-oriented architecture (MOA) and a service-

oriented architecture (SOA)?

A. An SOA uses intermediation technology to facilitate communication between services

B. An MOA shares as little data as possible while an SOA shares as much data as possible

C All the above

D. A developer can run a monolithic application with SOA principles

Answer C. All the above

What are some technologies commonly used to implement microservices?

Select one:

A. Docker

B. Kubernetes

C. Both A and B

D. python

Answer: C. Both A and B