# Probabilistic programming with Edward

John Reid

Biostatistics Unit, School of Clinical Medicine, Cambridge University

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## George E.P. Box (1919 - 2013)

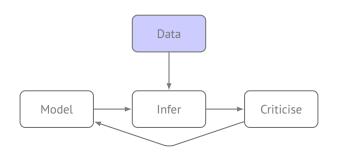


An iterative process for science:

- **1.** Build a model of the science
- 2. Infer the model given data
- **3.** Criticize the model given data

G. E. P. Box and Hunter, 1962; G. E. P. Box and Hunter, 1965; G. E. P. Box and Hill, 1967; George E. P. Box, 1976; George E. P. Box, 1980

### **Box's Loop**



Edward is a library designed around this loop. (George E. P. Box, 1976; George E. P. Box, 1980)

**Edward** is a probabilistic programming language, designed for fast experimentation and research (Tran et al., 2017).

### Modelling

- ► Composable Turing-complete language of random variables.
- ► Examples: Graphical models, neural networks, probabilistic programs.
- Many data types, tensor vectorization, broadcasting, 3rd party support.

### Inference

- ► Composable language for hybrids, message passing, data subsampling.
- Examples: Black box VI, Hamiltonian MC, stochastic gradient MCMC, generative adversarial networks.
- ► Infrastructure to develop your own algorithms.

#### Criticism

► Examples: Scoring rules, hypothesis tests, predictive checks.

Built on TensorFlow (features distributed computing, GPUs, autodiff).

```
# DATA
x_{data} = np.array([0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1])
# MODEL
p = Beta(a=1.0, b=1.0)
x = Bernoulli(p=tf.ones(10) * p)
# VARIATIONAL DISTRIBUTION
qp_a = tf.nn.softplus(tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([])))
qp_b = tf.nn.softplus(tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([])))
qp = Beta(a=qp_a, b=qp_b)
# INFFRENCE
inference = ed.KLqp(\{p: qp\}, data=\{x: x_data\})
inference.run(n_iter=500)
# CRITICISM
x_post = ed.copy(x, \{p : qp\})
T = lambda xs, zs: tf.reduce_mean(xs[x_post])
ed.ppc(T, data={x_post: x_data})
```