- a) Description of dataset:
  - 1) We researched the most popular general genomes of fish, and found that 94% of fish are categorized under:
    - i) Salmon
    - ii) Tuna
    - iii) Shark
    - iv) Catfish
    - v) Flounder
    - vi) Bass
    - vii) Trout
    - viii) Eel
  - 2) Having decided to use the most popular genomes of fish as our initial target concept, we used Google to search for images of the desired fish. We then found 11-13 pictures of each, ranging from casual to scientific, gathering 100 in total. We looked for pictures that were clear, even choosing some drawings instead of photographs to maximize feature clarity.
  - 3) We analyzed the photos and found that there was variance between species in:
    - i) Color
    - ii) Secondary Color
    - iii) Dorsal fin shape
    - iv) Number of lower fins
    - v) Tailfin shape
    - vi) Number of eyes visible
    - vii) Visible Spots
    - viii) Visible Stripes
    - ix) Visible Teeth
    - x) Visible Whiskers
  - 4) We manually looked at the 100 picture of fish and assigned the appropriate values for the input vectors.
  - 5) We used random number generation to select a test set of 20 pictures from the previous 100.
- b) Our ID3 algorithm outputs a decision tree in the form of:
  - {Root: { RootVal: Output, RootVal: {Nextlabel: {NextVal: Output, NextVal: Output}}},
    RootVal: Output}}
    - i) Any *Output* can be switched with a {Nextlabel: {NextVal: Output, NextVal: Output}} and vice versa
  - 2) The input for our algorithm is currently received as a CSV a comma-delimited file with each line representing an input vector, exported directly from our excel sheet.
- c) Running on the PlayTennis example dataset we get the output:

```
{'Outlook': {'Overcast': 'Yes', 'Sunny': {'Humidity': {'High': 'No', 'Normal': 'Yes'}}, 'Rain': {'Wind ': {'Strong': 'No', 'Weak': 'Yes'}}}
```

d) Running on our own provided dataset with manually created input vectors, (emailed to instructor) we get the output:

```
{'Color': {'pink': 'Salmon', 'brown': {'Tail Shape': {'flat': {'# Eyes Visible': {'1': 'Trout', '2': 'Flounder'}}, 'single': 'Eel', 'none': 'Eel', 'round': 'Flounder', 'point': {'Visible Teeth?': {'T': 'Salmon', 'F': 'Trout'}}}}, 'blue': 'Tuna', 'grey': {'Tail Shape': {'flat': 'Catfish', 'single': 'Eel', 'round': {'Dorsal Fin Type': {'single': 'Flounder', 'trigger': 'Catfish'}}, 'none': 'Eel', 'point': {'whiskers?': {'T': 'Catfish', 'F': {'Secondary Color': {'white': 'Shark', 'black': 'Tuna'}}}}, 'yellow': {'Secondary Color': {'brown': 'Bass', 'yellow': 'Eel', 'red': 'Trout', 'silver': 'Trout'}}, 'green': {'Dorsal Fin Type': {'single': 'Bass', 'trigger': 'Trout', 'split': 'Bass'}}, 'black': {'Dorsal Fin Type': {'single': 'Eel', 'trigger': 'Salmon'}}, 'white': {'Dorsal Fin Type': {'single': 'Eel', 'trailing': 'Catfish'}}, 'silver': {'Spots?': {'T': {'Stripes?': {'T': 'Trout', 'F': 'Salmon'}}, 'F': 'Tuna'}}}}
```

i) Further breakdown and analysis of the accuracy of these results is presented within the excel sheet attached to and detailing our datasets.