

▷ a) The binomial distribution could be used to model this data as each iteration is a bernoulli trial where the outcome is either a success or a failure.

Distribution Parameters:

The number of tests (12), and then

$p \rightarrow$ the probability of a success and the
 $q \rightarrow$ probability of a failure.

$$b) L(p) = P(X=x_1) \times \dots \times P(X=x_i) = \prod_{i=1}^n P(X=x_i)$$

Since we have a binomial distribution, we can use

$$P(X=x_i) = \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$$

As we know $x_1 = 3$, $x_2 = 2$ and
 $n = 12$

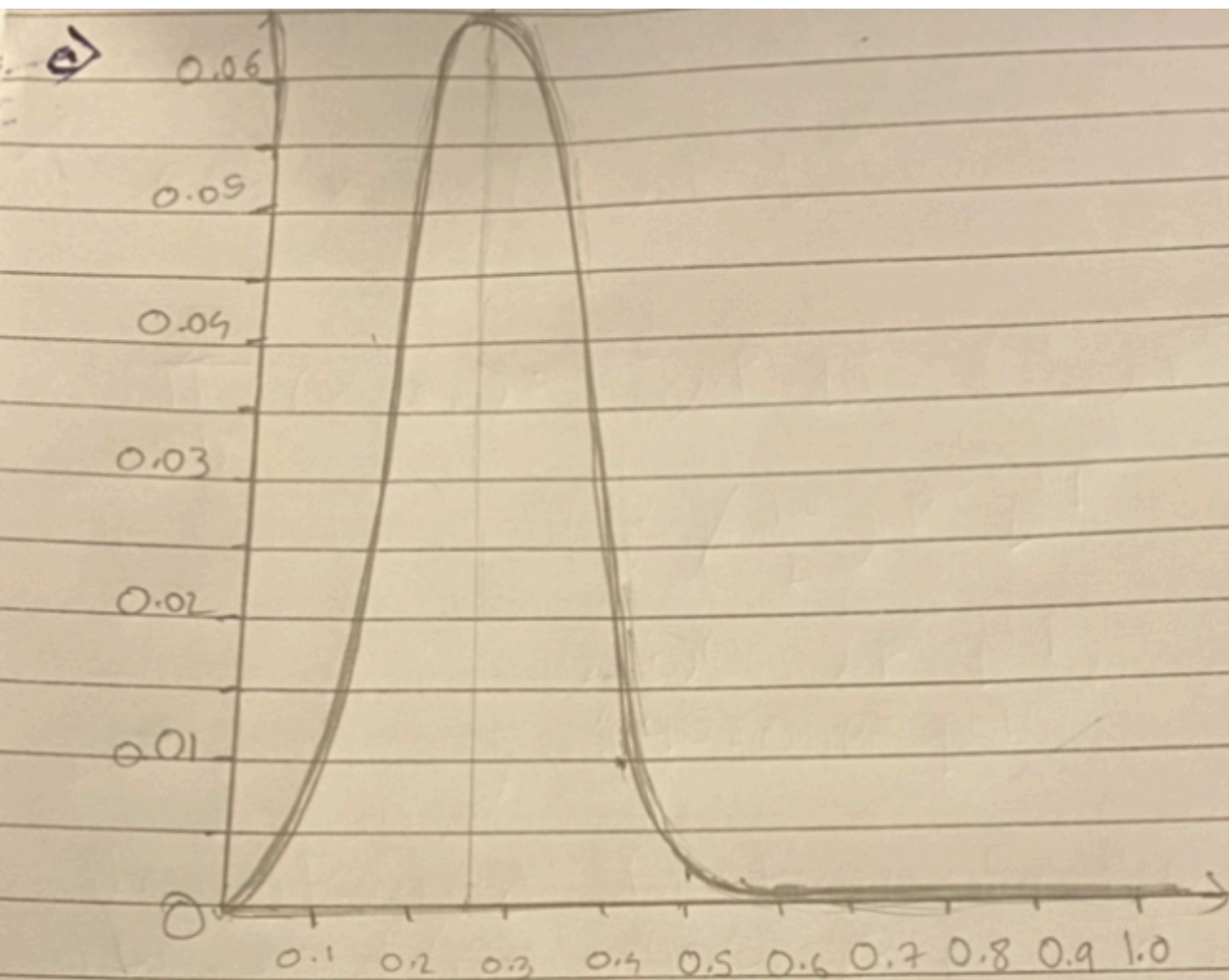
$$\therefore P(X=x_1) = \binom{12}{3} p^3 q^9$$

$$P(X=x_2) = \binom{12}{2} p^2 q^{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \prod_{i=1}^2 P(X=x_i) &= \binom{12}{3} p^3 q^9 \times \binom{12}{2} p^2 q^{10} \\ &= \binom{12}{3} \binom{12}{2} p^5 q^{19} \\ &= (220)(66) p^5 q^{19} \\ &= 14520 p^5 q^{19} \end{aligned}$$

\therefore The likelihood function for this data is given by $(14520 p^5 q^{19})$ or

$(14520)(p^5)(1-p)^{19}$ where q is the failures and p is the success.



The function maxes out at $(0.2083, 0.0673)$

$$\text{function: } 14520 (P^5) (1-P)^{19}$$

d) Likely hood function

$$L(p) = \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{12}{x_i} p^i q^{12-i}$$

$$L(p) = 14520 p^5 (1-p)^{19}$$

$$\ell(p) = \log(14520) + 5\log(p) + 19\log(1-p)$$

$$\frac{d\ell}{dp} = 0 + \frac{5}{p} + \frac{19(-1)}{(1-p)}$$

$$\frac{d\ell}{dp} = \frac{5}{p} - \frac{19}{1-p}$$

To find maximum value $\Rightarrow \frac{d\ell}{dp} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 5/p - 19/(1-p) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{5}{p} = \frac{19}{1-p}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 - 5p = 19p \Rightarrow 5 = 24p$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 5/24$$

\therefore The maximum Likelihood estimate is $\frac{d\ell}{dp}$ and its value is $5/24$ or 0.2083