

INDEX

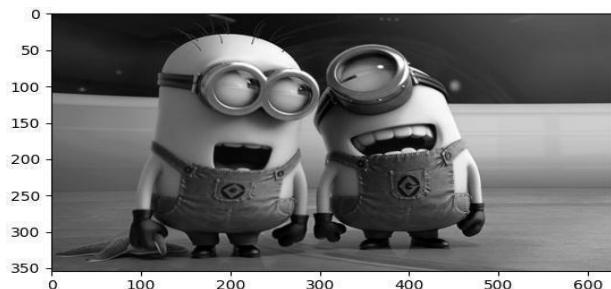
PRACT NO.	PRACTICAL	SIGN
1.	A. Display Of An Image And Conversion Of Gray Scale B. Negative Transform Of An Image	
2.	A. To Perform Image Negation B. Log Trans C. Bit Plane Slicing D. Histogram	
3.	A. High Pass B. Low Pass C. Discrete Fourier Transform	
4.	A. Mean Filter B. Median Filter C. Histogram	
5.	A. Gray To False Color B. Gray Level With Bg C. Gray To Color	
6.	To implement Morphological operations	
7.	To implement Boundary	
8.	To perform Addition and subtraction on two image.	

PRACTICAL 1

A. DISPLAY OF AN IMAGE AND CONVERSION OF GRAY SCALE

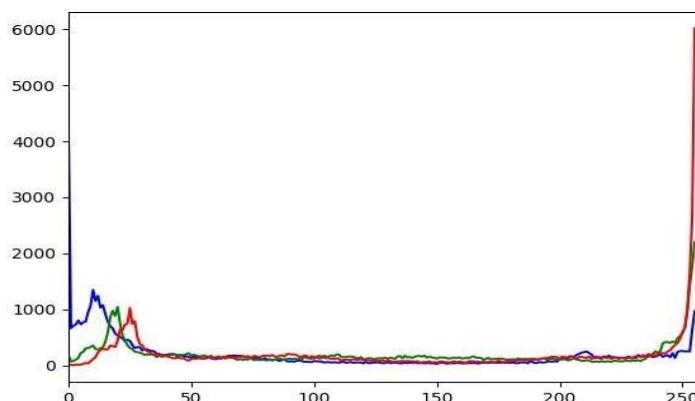
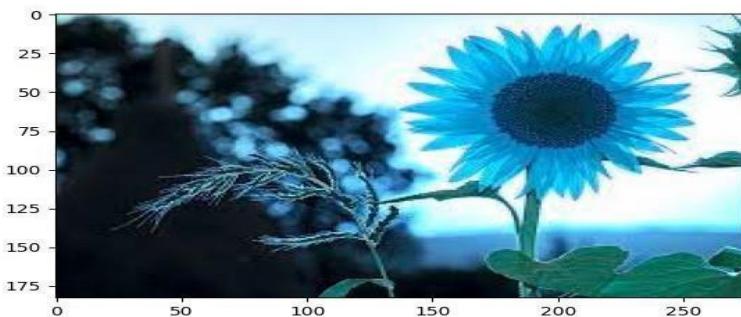
```
import PIL
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img = PIL.Image.open("image.jpg")
gray_img = img.convert("L")
plt.imshow(gray_img, cmap='gray')
plt.savefig("gray_pic.jpg")
```

OUTPUT:



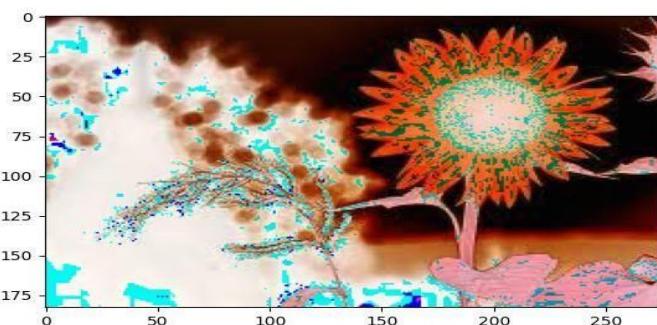
B. NEGATIVE TRANSFORM OF AN IMAGE

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
img_bgr = cv2.imread('image.jpg', 1)
plt.imshow(img_bgr)
plt.show()
color = ('b', 'g', 'r')
for i, col in enumerate(color):
    histr = cv2.calcHist([img_bgr],[i], None,[256],[0, 256])
    plt.plot(histr, color = col)
    plt.xlim([0, 256])
plt.show()
img_neg = 1 - img_bgr
plt.imshow(img_neg)
plt.show()
color = ('b', 'g', 'r')
for i, col in enumerate(color):
    histr = cv2.calcHist([img_neg],[i], None, [256],[0, 256])
    plt.plot(histr, color = col)
    plt.xlim([0, 256])
plt.show()
```

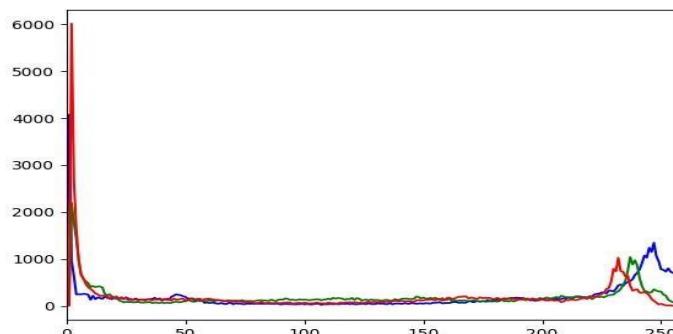
OUTPUT:

↶ ↷ | ⌂ Q ⌂ | ⌂

x=142.5 y=4.57e+03



↶ ↷ | ⌂ Q ⌂ | ⌂



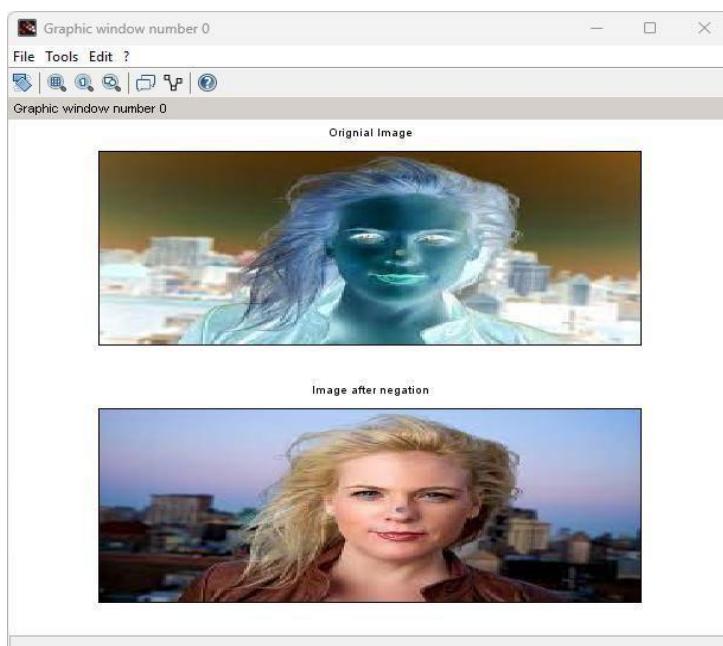
↶ ↷ | ⌂ Q ⌂ | ⌂

PRACTICAL 2

A) TO PERFORM IMAGE NEGATION

```
clc;
clear all;
A
=imread("C:\Users\Student\Desktop\NA\negimg.jpg");
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(A);
title('Original Image');
R = A(:,:,1);
G = A(:,:,2);
B = A(:,:,3);
[row col]=size(A);
for x=1:row
    for y=1:col
        R(x,y)=255-R(x,y);
        G(x,y)=255-G(x,y);
        B(x,y)=255-B(x,y);
    end
end
A(:,:1)=R;
A(:,:2)=G;
A(:,:3)=B;
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(A);
title('Image after negation');
```

OUTPUT:

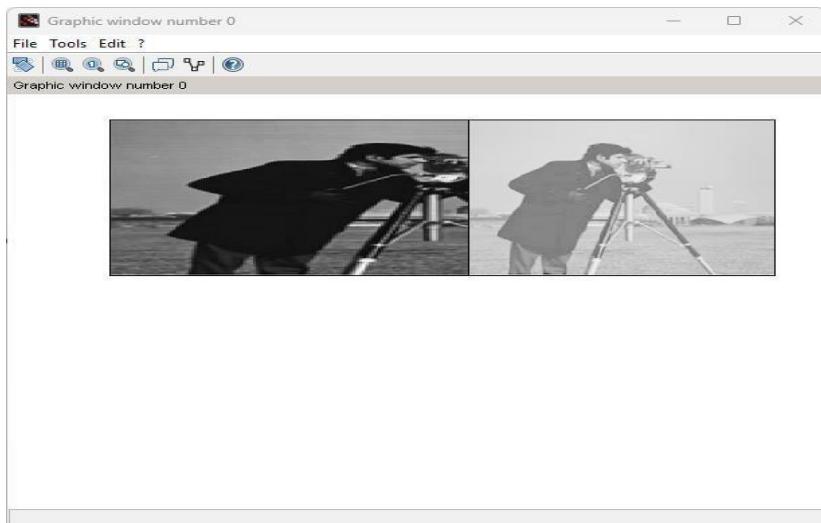


B) LOG TRANS

```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread("C:\Users\Student\Downloads\camera.png");
a=rgb2gray(a);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
c=1;
[r1,c1]=size(a);
for i=1:r1
    for j=1:c1
        b=double(a(i,j));
        s(i,j)=c*log10(1+b);
    end
end
new1=uint8(s*100);
//imshow(new1);
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(new1);
OUTPUT:

```

**C) BIT PLANE SLICING**

```

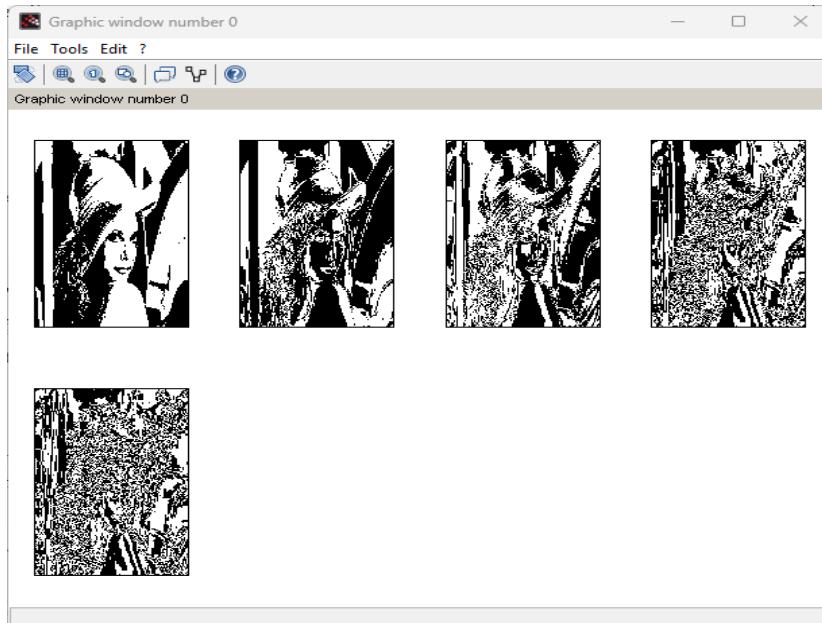
clc;
clear all;
f=imread("C:\Users\Student\Downloads\lenag.jpeg");
f=double(f);
[r,c]=size(f);
com=[128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1];
for k=1:length(com);
    for i=1:r
        for j=1:c
            new(i,j)=bitand(f(i,j),com(k));
        end
    end

```

```

    subplot(2,4,k);
    imshow(new);
    end
end

```

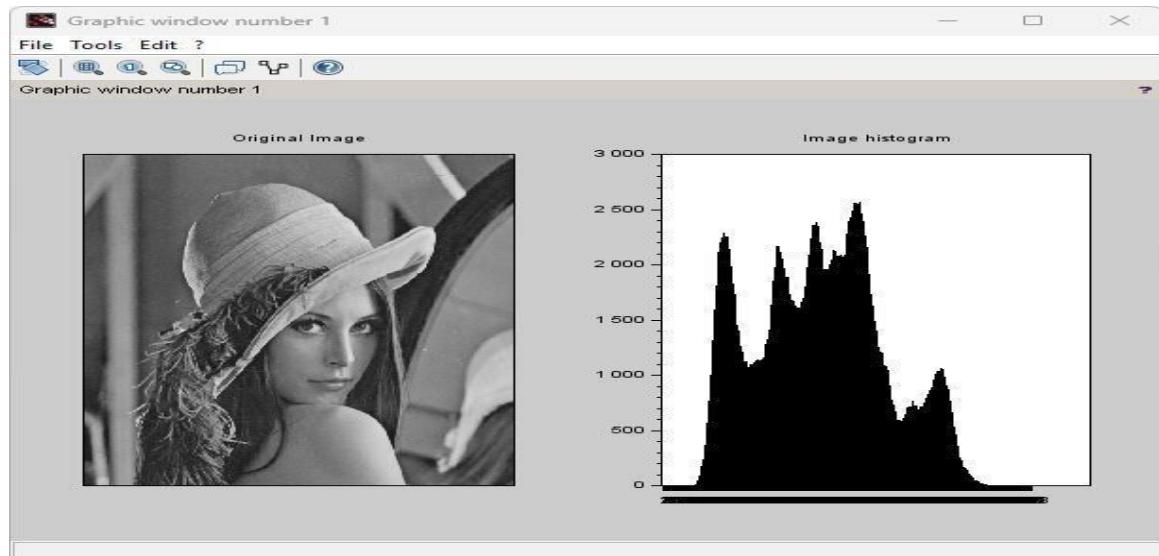
OUTPUT:**D) HISTOGRAM**

```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\lena.jpeg');
a=rgb2gray(a);
h=zeros(1,258);
[r,c]=size(a);
for i=1:r
    for j=1:c
        if (a(i,j)==0)
            h(0)=h(0)+1;
        end
        k=a(i,j);
        h(k)=h(k)+1;
    end
end
figure(1);
subplot(1,2,1);
imshow(uint8(a));
title('Original Image')
subplot(1,2,2);
bar(h);
title('Image histogram');

```

OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL 3

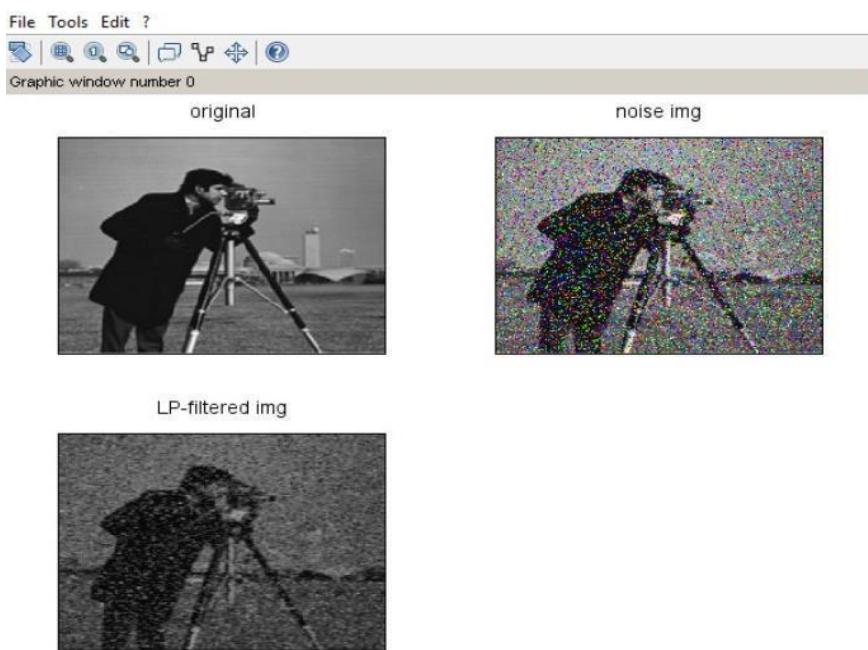
A. HIGH PASS

```

a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\OIP.jpg'
);b=double(a);
c=imnoise(a,'salt & pepper',0.2);
d=double(c);
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('original');
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(c);
title('noise img');
m=[-1 -1 -1;-1 8 -1;-1 -1 -1];
[r1,c1]=size(a);
for i=2:1:r1-1
    for j=2:1:c1-1
        new(i,j)=(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1))+(m(2)*d(i-1,j))+(m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) + (m(4)*d(i,j
1))+ (m(5)*d(i,j))+ (m(6)*d(i,j+1)) +(m(7)*d(i+1,j-1))+ (m(8)*d(i+1,j))+ (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1));
        end
    end
    subplot(2,2,3);
    imshow(uint8(new));
    title('LP-filtered img');

```

OUTPUT:



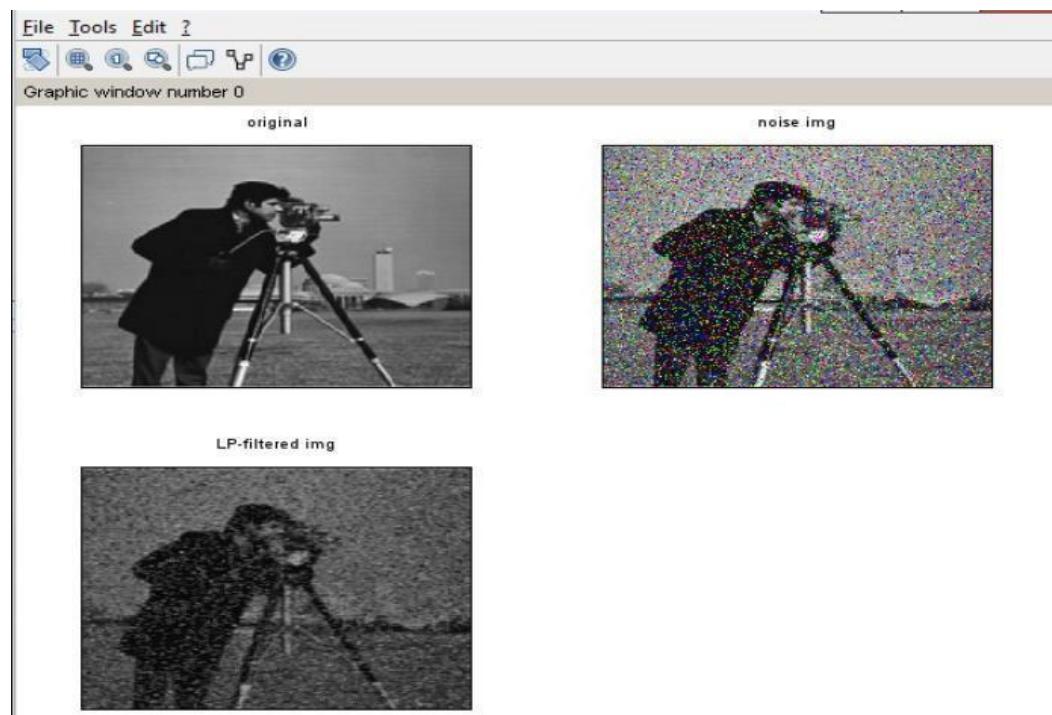
B. LOW PASS

```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1)
(1).png');b=double(a);
c=imnoise(a,'salt & pepper',0.2);
d=double(c);
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('original');
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(c);
title('noise img');
m=(1/9)*(ones(3,3));
[r1,c1]=size(a);
for i=2:1:r1-1
    for j=2:1:c1-1
        new(i,j)=(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1))+(m(2)*d(i-1,j))+(m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) +(m(4)*d(i,j
1))+ (m(5)*d(i,j))+(m(6)*d(i,j+1)) +(m(7)*d(i+1,j-
1))+(m(8)*d(i+1,j))+(m(9)*d(i+1,j+1));
    end
end
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(uint8(new));
title('LP-filtered img');

```

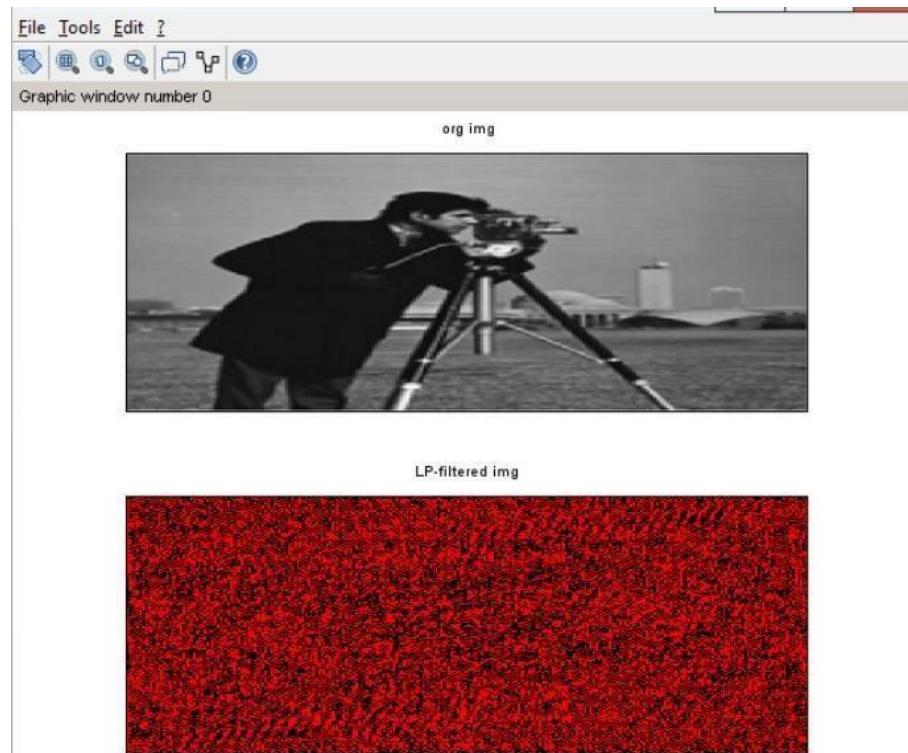
OUTPUT:



C. DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM

```
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\camera (1).png');
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
b=double(a);
c=fft(b);
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(c);
title('LP-filtered img');
```

OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL 4

A) MEAN FILTER

```
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1)(1).png');b1=double(a);
c=imnoise(a,'gaussian');
d=double(c);
b=d;
m=(1/9)*(ones(3,3));
[r1,c1]=size(a);
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(c);
title('noised img');
for i=2:r1-1
for j=2:c1-1
a1=d(i-1,j-1)+d(i-1,j)+d(i-1,j+1)+d(i,j-1)+d(i,j)+d(i,j+1)+d(i+1,j-1)+d(i+1,j)+d(i+1,j+1);
b(i,j)=a1*(1/9);
end
end
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(uint8(b));
title('Filtered Image');
clc;
clear all;
```

OUTPUT:



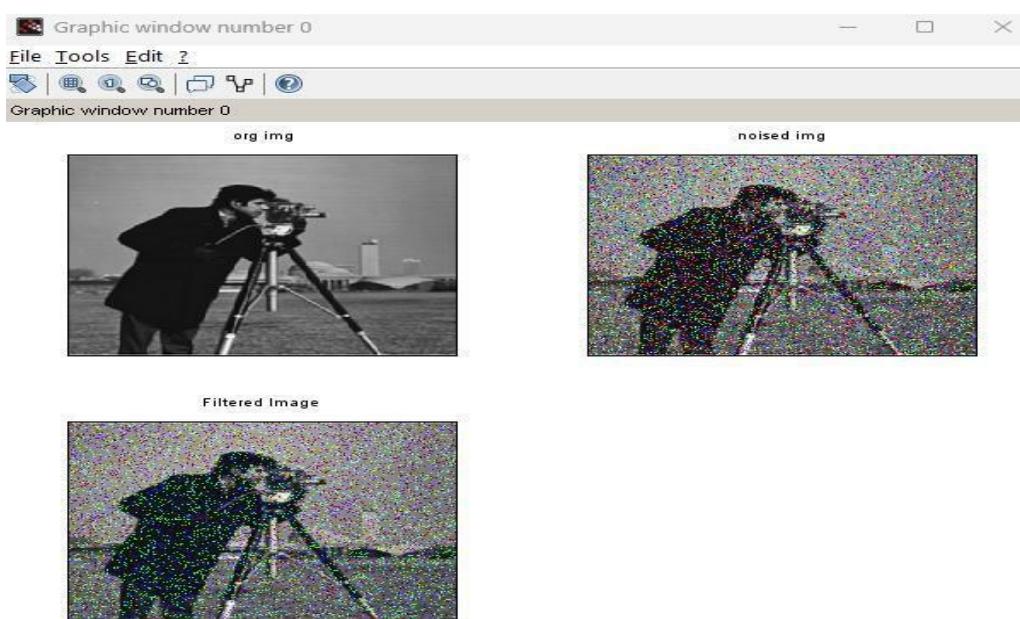
B) MEDIAN FILTER

```

a=imread("C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1)
(1).png");
b1 = double(mlb_double(a));
c = imnoise(a,"salt & pepper",0.2);
d = double(mlb_double(c));
b = d;
m = (1/9)*ones(3,3);
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(c);
title('noised img');
[r1,c1] = size(mlb_double(a));
for i = 2:r1-1
    for j = 2:c1-1
        a1 = [d(i-1,j-1),d(i-1,j),d(i-1,j+1),d(i,j-1),d(i,j), d(i,j+1),d(i+1,j1),d(i+1,j),d(i+1,j+1)];
        a2 = gsort(a1,"g","i");//gsort(A,'g','i') sort the elements of the array A in the
increasing order.
        med = a2(5);
        b(i,j) = med;
        end;
    end;
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(uint8(b));
title('Filtered Image');

```

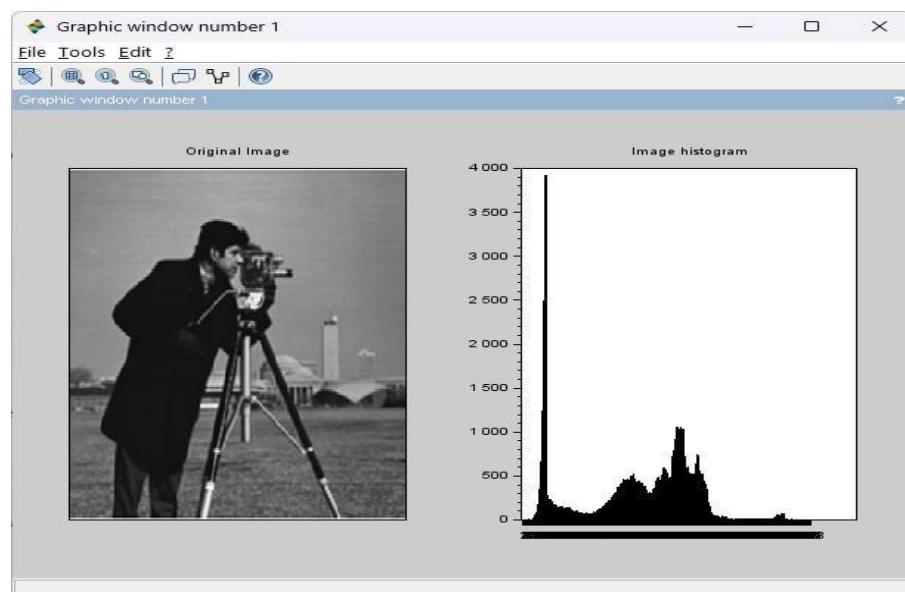
OUTPUT:



C) HISTOGRAM

```
clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1)
(1).png');a=rgb2gray(a);
h=zeros(1,258);
[r,c]=size(a);
for i=1:r
    for j=1:c
        if (a(i,j)==0)
            h(0)=h(0)+1;
        end
        k=a(i,j);
        h(k)=h(k)+1;
    end
end
figure(1);
subplot(1,2,1);
imshow(uint8(a));
title('Original Image')
subplot(1,2,2);
bar(h);
title('Image histogram');
```

OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL 5

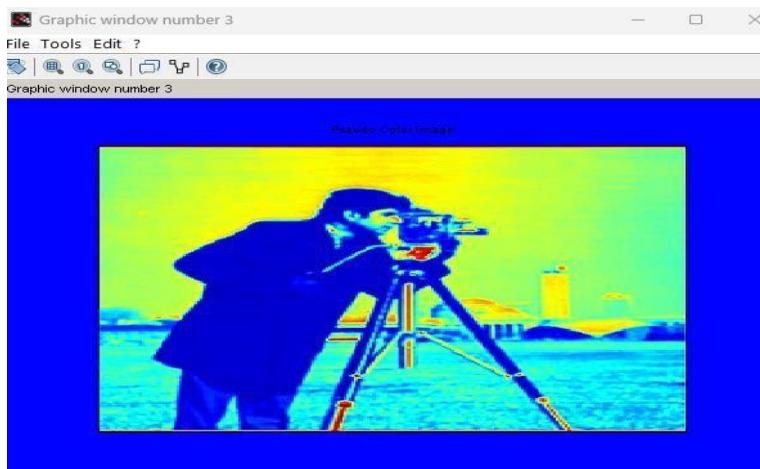
A) GRAY TO FALSE COLOR

clc;

```
close;
a = imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1) (1).png');
//Displaying Original RGB image
figure(1);
imshow(a);
title("Original Image")
//Displaying Gray level image
b = rgb2gray(a);
figure(2);
imshow(b);
title("Gray Level Image")
//Displaying False coloring(Pseudo) image
figure(3)
imshow(b,jetcolormap(256));
title("Pseudo Color Image");
```

OUTPUT:



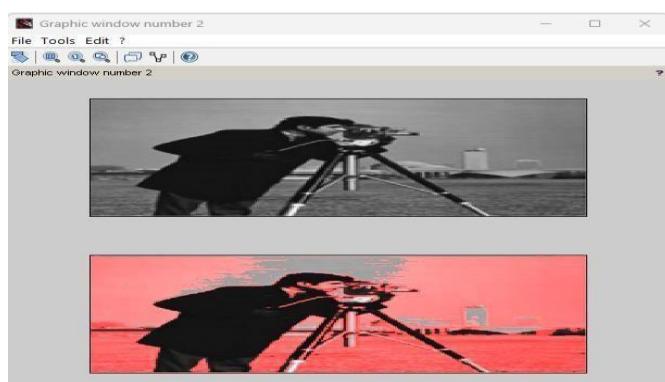


B) GRAY LEVEL WITH BG

```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1)
(1).png');a1=58; // This value is user defined
b1=158; // This value is user defined
[r,c]=size(a);
figure(2);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
for i=1:r
    for j=1:c
        if (a(i,j)>a1 & a(i,j)<b1)
            x(i,j)=255;
        else
            x(i,j)=a(i,j);
        end
    end
end
x=uint8(x);
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(x);
OUTPUT:

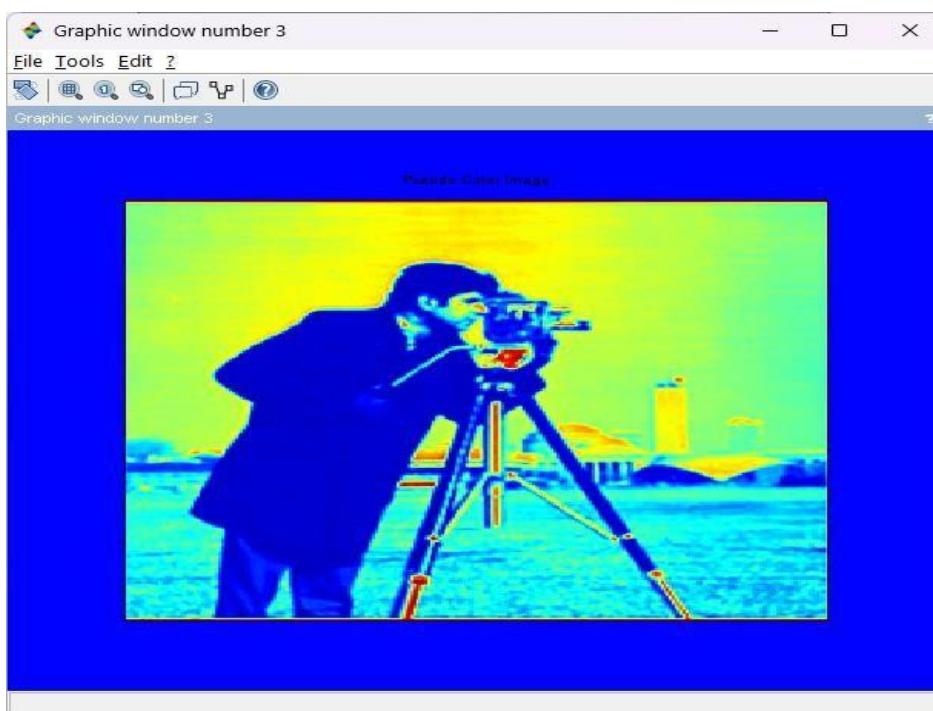
```



C) GRAY TO COLOR

```
clc;
close;
a = imread('C:\Users\Student\Downloads\NA\camera (1) (1).png');
//Displaying Original RGB image
figure(1);
imshow(a);
title("Original Image")
//Displaying Gray level image
b = rgb2gray(a);
figure(2);
imshow(b);
title("Gray Level Image")
//Displaying False coloring(Pseudo) image
figure(3)
imshow(b,jetcolormap(256));
title("Pseudo Color Image");
OUTPUT:
```





PRATICAL 6

Aim: To implement Morphological operations

A) Closing

```
clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\NA\rice.jpeg');
)a=rgb2gray(a);
d=a;
A2=d;
A1=d;
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
[r,c]=size(d);
m=[1 1 1;1 1 1;1 1 1];
for i=2:1:r-1
for j=2:1:c-1
new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) (m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j))
(m(6)*d(i,j+1)) (m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A2(i,j)=max(new);
end
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(A2);
title('org img');
end
d = A2;
A1=A2;
[r,c]=size(d);
for i=2:1:r-1
for j=2:1:c-1
new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) (m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j))
(m(6)*d(i,j+1))(m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A1(i,j)=min(new);
end
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(A1);title('Processed Image - Closing');
end
```

OUTPUT:**B) Opening**

```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread("C:\NA\rice.jpeg");
a=rgb2gray(a);
d=a;
A2=d;
A1=d;
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
[r,c]=size(d);
m=[1 1 1;1 1 1;1 1 1];
for i=2:1:r-1
for j=2:1:c-1
new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1))
(m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j)) (m(6)*d(i,j+1))
(m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A2(i,j)=min(new);
end
A2(i,j)=min(new);
end
A2(i,j)=min(new);
end
A1=A2;

```

```
[r,c]=size(d);
for i=2:1:r-1
for j=2:1:c-1
new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1))
(m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j)) (m(6)*d(i,j+1))
(m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A1(i,j)=max(new);
end
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(A1);title('Processed Image - Opening');
end
```

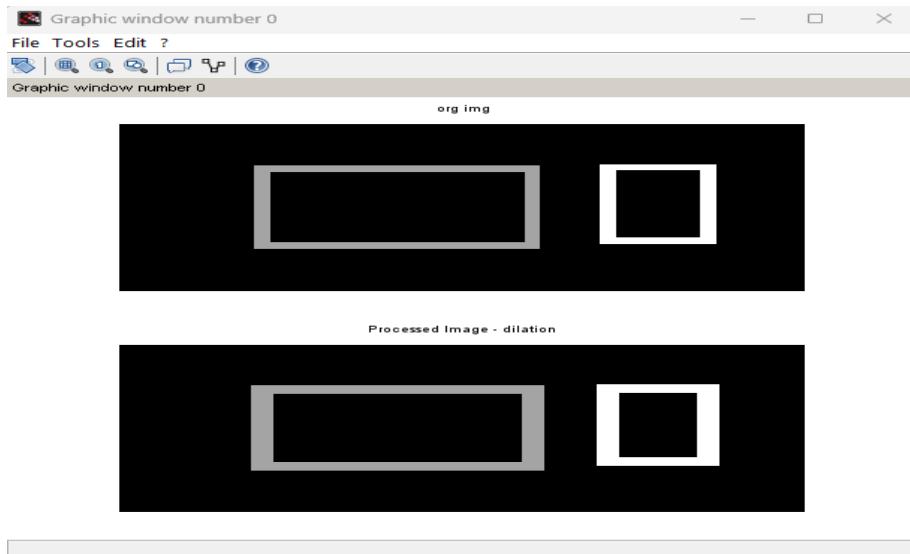
OUTPUT:**C)Dialation**

```
clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\NA\rectb.png'
);a=rgb2gray(a);
d=a;
A1=a;
[r,c]=size(d);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
m=[1 1 1;1 1 1;1 1 1];
// m=ones(5,5);
for i=2:1:r-1
for j=2:1:c-1
```

```

new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) (m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j))
(m(6)*d(i,j+1)) (m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A1(i,j)=max(new);
end
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(A1);title('Processed Image - dilation');
end

```

OUTPUT:**D) Erosion**

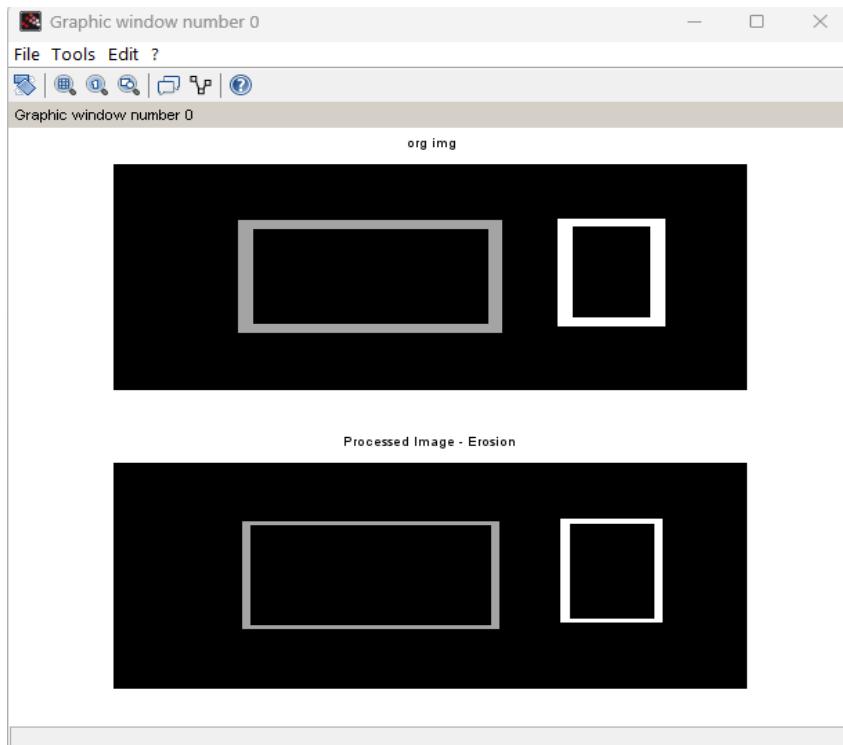
```

clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\NA\rectb.png'
);a=rgb2gray(a);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
A1=a;
d=a;
[r,c]=size(d);
m=[1 1 1;1 1 1;1 1 1];
// m=ones(5,5);
for i=2:r-1
for j=2:c-1
    new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1)) (m(4)*d(i,j-1))
(m(5)*d(i,j)) (m(6)*d(i,j+1)) (m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A1(i,j)=min(new);
end
subplot(2,1,2);

```

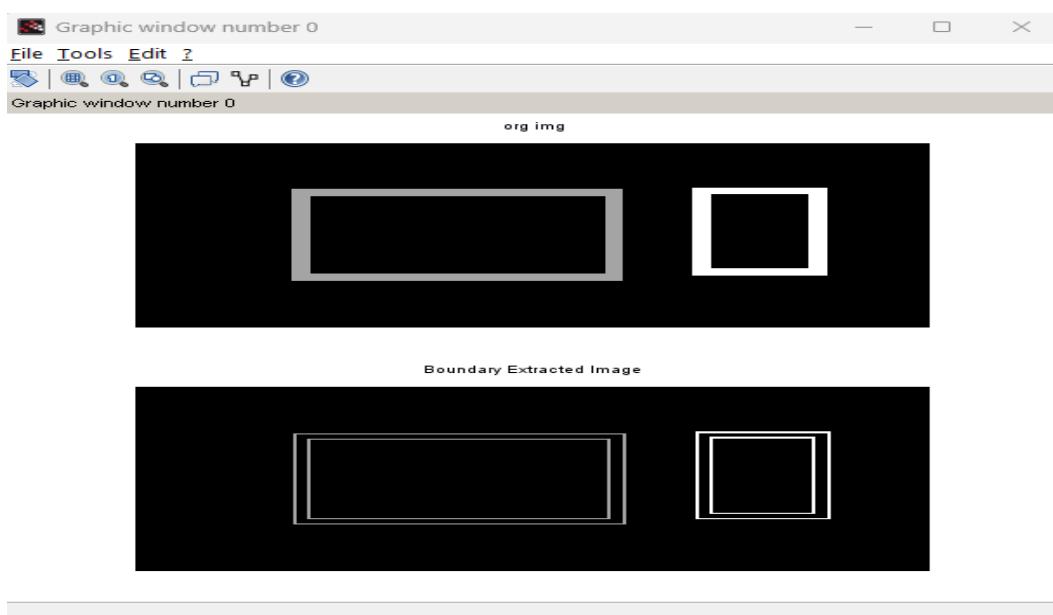
```
title('org img');imshow(A1);title('Processed Image - Erosion');
end
```

OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL 7**Aim : To implement Boundary**

```
clc;
clear all;
a=imread('C:\NA\rectb.png');
)a=rgb2gray(a);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(a);
title('org img');
d=a;
[r,c]=size(d);
m=[1 1 1;1 1 1;1 1 1];
for i=2:r-1
for j=2:c-1
new=[(m(1)*d(i-1,j-1)) (m(2)*d(i-1,j)) (m(3)*d(i-1,j+1))
(m(4)*d(i,j-1)) (m(5)*d(i,j)) (m(6)*d(i,j+1))
(m(7)*d(i+1,j-1)) (m(8)*d(i+1,j)) (m(9)*d(i+1,j+1))];
A2(i,j)=min(new);
aa(i,j)=d(i,j)-A2(i,j);
end
end
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(aa);title('Boundary Extracted Image');
```

OUTPUT:

PRATICAL 8

Aim: To perform Addition and subtraction on two image

```
clc;
clear all;
A=imread('C:\NA\circle.png');
B=imread('C:\NA\camera
(2).png');A=rgb2gray(A);
B=rgb2gray(B);
C=imadd(B, A);
D=imsubtract(B, A);
figure(1);
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(A);
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(B);
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(C);
subplot(2,2,4);
imshow(D);
```

OUTPUT:

