CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/21

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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	Page 2			lark Scheme .EVEL – May/J	une 2014	Syllabus 9706	. Ago	er
1	(a)	2013	S	Sales Ledger Co	ontrol Account			er Cannbrio (1)
		1 Jul	Balance b/f	40 (1)	1 Jul-Dec 31	Cash Sales returns Bad debts	3 320 60 80	(1) (1) (1)
		1 Jul-Dec 31	Sales	3474 (1of) 3514	31 Dec	Bal c/f	54 3514	
		2014 1 Jan	Balance b/f	54 (1)				[6]

(b) Manufacturing Account for the 6 months e	ended 31 December 2	2013
Inventory at 1 July 2013		80
Purchases	780	
Carriage in	128_	908
		988
Inventory at 31 December 2013		<u>112</u>
Cost of raw materials consumed		876 (1cf)
Manufacturing wages	480 (1)	
Factory power	<u>88</u> (1)	568_
Prime cost (must be labelled)		1444 (1of)
Factory overheads		
Electricity (138 × 2/3)	92 (1)	
Rent and rates $(326 - 26) \times 3/5$	180 (1)	
Factory expenses	56	
Depreciation on machinery (160 × 20%)/2	16 (1)	344
		1788
Work in progress (110 (1) – 146 (1))		(36)
Cost of production		1752 (1) of
		[10]

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(c)

					4.
age 3	Mark Scheme			Sylla	abus
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May	June 2014		97	06
Sales less retu	Income statement for 6 mon	ths ended 31	Decem	nber 20	abus 106 13 3474 60 3414 (1)
Finished Inventor	l goods y at 1 July 2013	204	a=.		3414 (1)
Purchase Cost of r	es production	<u>150</u> (1)	354 1752	! (1of)	
003t 01 p	or odd ottori		2106	_ ` ′	
Inventor	y at 31 December 2013 rofit		210	<u>) </u>	1896 1518
Electricit	ation on motor vehicles (6 months)		46	(1) (1)	
	expenses		45		
Bad deb Profit for	ts the year (must be labelled)		80	<u>(</u> 1)	298 1220 (1

[8]

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- (d) (i) Matching ensures that all income (1) and expenditure (1) are recognised in the (1) period in which they occur. The timing of payment (1) is irrelevant, i.e. if go sold in year one but not paid for until year two, then the sale is recognised in year (1).
 - (ii) Materiality allows that if the amount of a transaction is insignificant 1, then the accepted treatment of that transaction may be disregarded (1). For example, the purchase of an stapler, which may last for several years, would tend to be treated as revenue rather than capital expenditure, and the stapler itself would not be included in non-current assets (1).

Materiality is decided on the following factors:

Will the cost of using the normal treatment of an item outweigh the benefit obtained? (1) Will the disclosure of an item (e.g., the stapler mentioned above) make any difference to the decisions made by the person reading the financial statement? (1) [Max 3]

[Total: 30]

[5]

[5]

2 (a) (i)

	Motor verifices account									
	\$			\$						
Balance b/d	12000	(1)	Disposal	12000	(1)					
Cash	21400	(1)	Balance c/d	24 000						
Disposal (PE)	2600	(1)			_					

Motor vehicles account

36 000 36 000 Balance b/d 24 000 (1cf)

(ii)

Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account

	\$			\$	
Disposal	5280	(1)	Balance b/d	3600	(1)
Balance c/d	2400	_	Income Statement (1)	4080	_ (1)
	7680	_		7680	<u></u>
		_	Balance b/d	2400	(1of)

(iii)

Disposal of motor vehicles account

Disposal of motor venicles account								
	\$			\$				
Motor vehicles	12000	(1)	Provision for depreciation. Motor vehicles (PE)	5280 2600	(1) (1)			
	12000	- -	Income statement (1)	4 120 12 000	(1of)			

[5]

Pa	ge 5		Mark Sche	me		SvII	abus	er
٠ س							06	800
				,,	-			O DO CAMBI
(b)								The
		rent assets	Depreciation ch	narge				S.
		land and	20/ \$100,000 -	- 42,000 (4)				
	Buildings Machine		2% × \$100 000 = \$64 000 × 25% =	` ,				•
	Macmine	У	\$18 000 × 25% >	` '	375 /1	of)		
	Motor ve	hicle	Per ledger acco	` '	•	OI)		
			. c. louger acco	α φ . σσσ (- .,			
			Total charge for	year \$25455	(1of)			
								[6
(c)	Goodwill	is an intar	ngible non current	t asset (1) w	vhich c	an arisa	due to a	hueinaee'
(0)			n, (1) staff quality (VIIICII C	an ansc	duc to a	Dusiness
			value of the busine		ook valı	ue of the	net assets	(1) [5
								., -
, n	A = 41 * *		- J 1 - 90 - 743 - 9 - 1		. 41	-1		
(d)			ed goodwill (1) it is capital accounts (
	willen o	ı ayamsı me	capital accounts (i) or the partir	ers iii ti	ieii pront	Silaring ra	1105 (1). [4
								[Total: 30
								-
, ,								
(a)				\$	\$			
	Selling p	rice		Ψ	32.00			
	Variable				02.00			
	Direct ma	aterials		6.50				
	Direct lab	our		8.50				
	-	overheads		3.00				
	•		ation overheads	2.50	20.50	(1)		
	Contribut	ion		-	11.50			
	Fixed co	ete = \$3 50 +	\$5.00 = \$8.50 (1)	× 18000 = \$1	53,000			
	i ixea ee	3ι3 – ψ0.00 .	ψο.οο – ψο.οο (1)	× 10000 – ψ1	00000			
	Breakeve	en point = \$1	53 000 (1) / \$11.50	(1) = 13305	units (1	of)		
								[{
(b)	Breakeve	en as % of ca	pacity = (13305 (1	1) / 24 000 (1)) × 100	= 55.44%	6 (1)	[3
(-)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		- ()	•
(c)						c	φ	
	Salos (19	3 UUU ~ ¢ 33)				\$	\$ 576 000	
	Variable	3000 × \$32) costs					310000	
		aterials (1800	00 × \$6.50)		11	17000		
		our (18 000	•			53 000		
			8 000 × \$3.00)			54 000		
			ation overheads (1	8000 × \$2.50)		15000	369000	<u>-</u>
	Contribu		•	,			207 000	(1)
		ed overhead	s (\$3.50 + \$5.00 ×	18 000)			153000	<u>-</u>
	Profit						54 000	(1of)

Profit

54000 (1of)

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			AO -

(d) Workings

Revised capacity = $24\,000 \times 1.1 = 26\,400$ units

Revised demand = $18000 \times 1.5 = 27000$ units

Revised selling price = $$32.00 \times 0.875 = 28.00

Machinery depreciation = (\$45000 - \$5000) / 5 = \$8000 per annum

Revised fixed selling and administration costs = $(\$3.50 \times 18000) \times 1.1 = \$69\ 300$

Revised total fixed overheads = \$153000 + \$8000 + \$6300 = \$167300

Revised contribution = \$28.00 - \$20.50 = \$7.50

[3]

[5]

(f)

	\$	\$	
Sales (26400 × \$28)		739200	(1)
Variable costs			
Direct materials (26400 × \$6.50)	171600		
Direct labour (26400 × \$8.50)	224400		
Factory overheads (26400 × \$3.00)	79200		
Selling and administration overheads (26400 × \$2.50)	66 000	541 200	(1)
Contribution		198 000	(1)
Less: Fixed overheads		167300	
Profit		30700	(1)

- (g) The directors should not go ahead with their plans. (1)
 - Profit falls from \$54 000 to \$30 700
 - Breakeven point increases from 13305 units to 22307 units
 - Unit contribution falls from \$11.50 to \$7.50
 - Investment may cause cash flow problems
 - Estimate of 50% increase in demand may be over-optimistic

2 marks for each valid point - Max 6

[7]

[4]

[Total: 30]