CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Level

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9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/43

Paper 4 (Problem Solving - Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2014 series for most Cambridge IGCSE®, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	970	/

- 1 (a) Finance costs = $75\,000$ 5625 (1) × 8% (1) × 2/12 (1) = 75
 - (b) Profit before $\tan = 3296 75 = 3221$ (1)**OF**Profit attributable to equity holders = 3221 782 = 2439 (1)**OF**

[2]

(c)

Profit from operations	3296	(1)
Depreciation	2050	(1)
Gain on disposal	(395)	(1)
Dividends received	(750)	(1)
Increase in inventories	(389)	(1)
Increase in trade receivables	(404)	(1)
Increase in trade payables	939	(1)
	4347	
Interest paid	(75)	(1)OF
Tax paid	<u>(579)</u>	(3)
Net cash from operating activities	<u>3693</u>	(1)OF
609 * + 782 (1) - 812 * 1 both = 579 (1) of		

[12]

(d) Statement of cash flows for year ended 30 June 2014

	\$		\$	
Cash flow from operating activities			3693	(1)OF
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (W1)	(11401)	(4)		
Proceeds from property, plant and equipment	520	(1)		
Dividends received	<u>750</u>	(1)		
Net cash used in investing activities			(10 131)	(1)OF
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from share issue	1500	(1)		
Proceeds from issue of debentures	5625	(1)		
Dividends paid	(150)	(1)		
Net cash from financing activities			6975	(1)OF
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			537	(1)OF
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year			(83)	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			<u>454</u>	(1)OF
W1				(+1)CF
Purchase of property, plant and equipment				
Property, plant and equipment at start of period	10509	(1)		
Depreciation	(2050)	(1)		
NBV of disposed property, plant and equipment	(125)	(1)		
Property, plant and equipment at end of period	(19735)	(1		
		both)		
Property, plant and equipment additions	<u>(11401)</u>	(1)OF		

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- (e) (i) Non-adjusting.(1) Note to the accounts. (1)
 - (ii) Adjusting. (1) Write off in the accounts. (1)
 - (iii) Non-adjusting. (1) The dividend of \$120 000 (1) should be treated as a note to the accounts. (1)

[Total: 40]

2 (a) Budgeted income statement for year ended 30 June 2015

	\$		\$	
Revenue ($\$3000000 \times 1.6 \times 1.1$)			5280000	(1)
Cost of goods sold (60% of sales)			3168000	(1)OF
Gross profit (40% of sales			2112000	(2)OF
Less: Operating expenses				
Administrative salaries (\$700 000 × 1.05)	735 000			(1)
Heating and lighting (\$98000 × 1.05)	102900	1		
Rent and rates (\$340 000 × 1.05)	357000	}		(1)
Sundry expenses (\$72000 × 1.05)	75600	J		
Depreciation:				
Plant and machinery (\$300000 + \$220000) × 20%	104 000			(1)
Motor vehicles (\$240 000 + \$130 000) × 20%	74 000			(1)
Provision for doubtful debt ($$5280000 / 12$) (1) $\times 2\%$ (1)	8800			
Salaries to salesmen	123 000			(1)
Commission to salesmen (5 280 000 × 3%)	158400			(1)OF
Loan interest \$100000 × 10%	10000			(1)
	1748700			
Bonus ($\$2112000 - \1748700) (1) \times (5 / 105) (1)	<u>17 300</u>		<u>1766000</u>	
Budgeted net profit for the year			<u>346 000</u>	(1)OF
				[16]

Gross profit for 2014 is 45% (\$1 350 000 / \$3 000 000). It will be reduced by 5% in 2015, which is 40% (45% - 5%).

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(b)		970 ADaCalmbri		
	Balance b/d Trade receivables	86 000	Plant & machinery Motor vehicles	220 000 130 000
	(\$5280000 × 11/12) (1) OF + \$245000 (1)	5 085 000	Trade payables	
	Loan	100 000 (1)	(\$3 228 000 × 10 / 12) (1)OF + \$186 000) (1)	2876000
	Share capital	250 000	Administrative salaries (\$735 000 + \$9 000)	744 000 (1)
			Heating and lighting	102900
			Rent and rates	357 000
			Sundry expenses	75 600
			Salaries to salesmen	123 000
			Balance c/d	<u>892500</u> (1) OF
		5 5 2 1 0 0 0		5 5 2 1 0 0 0

Mark Scheme

Calculation of purchases:

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Given that opening inventory $120\,000$; closing inventory $180\,000$ and cost of goods sold $3\,168\,000$, purchases for the year is:

$$3168000 + 180000 - 120000 = 3228000$$

[8]

per

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	Cambridge International A Level –	970			
(c)	Budgeted statement of financia	Syl. Adday			
	Assets	\$000		\$000	`
	Non-current assets				
	Plant and machinery	520	(1)		
	Accumulated provision for depreciation	<u>264</u>	(1)OF	256	
	Motor vehicles	370	(1)		
	Accumulated provision for depreciation	<u>224</u>	(1)OF	<u>146</u> 402	
	Current assets				
	Inventory	180			
	Trade receivables	431.2	(1)OF		
	Cash and cash equivalent	<u>892.5</u>	(1)OF	<u>1503.7</u>	
	Total assets			<u>1905.7</u>	
	Equity and liabilities				
	Equity				
	Ordinary shares			450	(4) 0 5
	Retained earnings (\$286 + \$346)			632	(1)OF
				1082	
	Non-current liabilities				
	Loan			100	(1)
	Current liabilities				
	Trade payables	538	(1)OF		
	Accrued commission	158.4	` '		
	Accrued bonus	17.3	(1)OF		
	Accrued interest	<u>10</u>	(1)OF	723.7	
	Total equity and liabilities			<u> 1905.7</u>	

[12]

- (d) 1 For planning purpose a budget serves as a blueprint; it sets the direction/target for the business to achieve
 - 2 For controlling purpose a budget serves as a yardstick; it sets the standard/frame and the managers are aware that the actual expenditure will not exceed the budgeted expenditure.
 - 3 For performance evaluating purpose the actual result is compared to the budgeted; the managers are accountable to any departure from the budget (i.e. actual expenditure in excess of the budgeted expenditure).
 [4]

Any 2 points, 2 marks each

[Total: 40]

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3 (a) Annual profit = [6000000 - 5600000 - 300000] = \$100000 (1)

Years to clear loss (2014, 2015, 2016, 2017) = 4 (1)

First year for dividend 2018 (1)

(b) Capital reduction scheme (1). Face value of each share is <u>reduced</u> (1) to eliminate the debit balance on retained earnings (1).

Face value = 1.6m / 2m = \$0.80 (2)

[5]

(c)					
• •	Year	Cash flows	Discount	Net cash flow	
		\$000	factor	\$000	
	0 (2014)	(400) (1)	1	(400.00)	(1)OF
	1 (2015)	500 - 300 (1) = 200 (1)	0.909	181.80	(1)OF
	2 (2016)	700 - 490 (1) = 210 (1)	0.826	173.46	(1)OF
	3 (2017)	1100 - 740 (1) = 360 (1)	0.751	270.36	(1)OF
	4 (2018)	300 - 610 (1) = (310) (1)	0.683	<u>(211.73)</u>	(1)OF
				13.89	(1)OF

[15]

[5]

(e) Average profit =
$$(200 + 210 + 360 - 310)$$
 (1)OF -400 (1) 4 (1)

= 15000 per annum (1)OF

Average capital = 200 (1)

$$ARR = 15/200 = 7.5\%$$
 (1)**OF** [6]

(f) The directors should purchase the machinery (1). NPV is positive (1). IRR is greater than cost of capital (1).

Directors might consider stopping project at the end of year 3 (1) to avoid the loss making year (1). Stopping early might mean there is a second hand value to the machinery (1).

[6]

[Total: 40]