

Deriving Toomre Q Parameter

For a razor thin, axisymmetric fluid disc

$$\omega^2(k) = k^2 + c_s^2 k^2 - 2\pi G \sum_0 |k|$$

k = letter k
 K = k_{app}

minimizing ω^2

$$\frac{d\omega^2}{dk} = 2c_s^2 k - 2\pi G \sum_0$$

$$2c_s^2 k - 2\pi G \sum_0 = 0, k_{min} = \frac{\pi G \sum_0}{c_s^2}$$

$$\omega_{min}^2 = k^2 + c_s^2 \left(\frac{\pi G \sum_0}{c_s^2} \right)^2 - 2\pi G \sum_0 \left(\frac{\pi G \sum_0}{c_s^2} \right)$$

$$c_s^2 \frac{\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^4} = \frac{\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^2}$$

$$\frac{2\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^2}$$

$$\omega_{min}^2 = k^2 - \frac{\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^2}$$

$$\text{For } \omega_{min}^2 > 0, k^2 - \frac{\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^2} > 0 \Rightarrow k^2 > \frac{\pi^2 G^2 \sum_0^2}{c_s^2}$$

$$\frac{c_s k}{\pi G \sum_0} \gg 1$$

$$Q = \frac{c_s k}{\pi G \sum_0}$$

$Q > 1$ Stable to axisymmetric collapse

