

Homework # 1

Data Normalization

This homework is worth 10 points (10/100, or 10%) toward your final grade.

Create 3rd Normal Forms for each of the six documents on the following pages. Then combine into a single set of 3rd Normal Form Relations depicting all known data items for this company.

You have a choice of how to format/present your finished results. “Spreadsheet” or “Schema”.

Spreadsheet.

Record your results in columnar format imitating the spreadsheet template provided. Create one tab/worksheet in the spreadsheet for each of the six documents. Then create a final tab/worksheet for the combined solution. Each tab/worksheet should have four columns:

<u>Unnormalized</u>	<u>1st Normal Form</u>	<u>2nd Normal Form</u>	<u>3rd Normal Form</u>
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Begin by listing, for each document, all data elements (“attributes”) on the document in the “unnormalized” column. List the document name in UPPER CASE and/or **HIGHLIGHT** it. Identify the candidate keys.

For example:

Unnormalized

PRODUCT SALES REPORT

Product No

Description

Invoice

Inv Date

Cust No

Name

Qty

Price

After listing all documents (“entities”) and data elements (“attributes”) in the “unnormalized” column, then go through the list and put all data into First Normal Form. Replace document names with entity names where possible. Then do the same for second and third normal form.

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If an entity does not change from first to third normal form, then simply copy and paste the data in the second normal form column to show that the data is already in second normal form.

Example:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
		UNNORMALIZED		FIRST NORMAL FORM		SECOND NORMAL FORM		THIRD NORMAL FORM
1		Customer Order		Customer Order		Customer Order		Order
2		Order Number		Order Number		Order Number		Order Number
3		Order Date		Order Date		Order Date		Order Date
4		Delivery Date		Delivery Date		Delivery Date		Delivery Date
5		Customer Discount		Customer Discount		Customer Discount		discount amount
6		discount amount		discount amount		discount amount		discount amount
7		invoiced amount		invoiced amount		invoiced amount		invoiced amount
8		customer number		customer number		customer number		customer number
9		customer name		customer name		customer name		order total
10		bill to address		Contact		Contact		Customer
11		bill to city		ContactType		ContactType		customer number
12		bill to state		bill to address		bill to address		customer name
13		bill to zip		bill to city		bill to city		Contact
14		ship to address		bill to state		bill to state		ContactType
15		ship to city		bill to zip		bill to zip		bill to address
16		ship to state		ship to address		ship to address		bill to city
17		ship to zip		ship to city		ship to city		bill to state
18		--- Product Number		ship to state		ship to state		bill to zip
19		Description		ship to zip		ship to zip		ship to address
20		quantity ordered		order total		order total		ship to city
21		unit price		OrderProduct		OrderProduct		ship to state
22		order total		Order number		Order number		ship to zip
23				Product Number		Product Number		OrderProduct
24				Product Description		Quantity		Order number
25				Quantity		unit price		Product Number
26				unit price		total		Quantity
27						Product		unit price
28						Product Number		total
29						Product Description		Product
30								Product Number
31								Product Description
32								

Schema.

Record your results in schema format imitating the example provided. Create one section in your submission for each of the six documents. Then create a final section for the combined solution. Each section should have four schemas:

Unnormalized 1st Normal Form 2nd Normal Form 3rd Normal Form

Begin by listing, for each document, all data elements (“attributes”) on the document in the “unnormalized” schema. List the document name in UPPER CASE and/or **HIGHLIGHT** it. Identify the candidate keys with underscore.

For example:

After listing all documents (“entities”) and data elements (“attributes”) in the “unnormalized” section, then go through the list and put all data into First Normal Form. Replace document names with entity names where possible. Then do the same for second and third normal form.

If an entity does not change from first to third normal form, then simply copy and paste the data in the second normal form section to show that the data is already in second normal form.

Example:

Unnormalized Section

CustomerOrder(OrderNumber, OrderDate, DeliveryDate, CustomerDiscount, DiscountAmount, Customer Discount, Invoiced amount, CustomerNumber, CustomerName, BillToAddress, BillToCity, BillToState, BillToZip, ShipToAddress, ShipToCity, ShipToState, ShipToZip, ProductNumber, Description, QuantityOrdered, UnitPrice, OrderTotal)

FirstNormalForm Section

CustomerOrder(OrderNumber, OrderDate, DeliveryDate, CustomerDiscount, DiscountAmount, Customer Discount, Invoiced amount, CustomerNumber, CustomerName, BillToAddress, BillToCity, BillToState, BillToZip, ShipToAddress, ShipToCity, ShipToState, ShipToZip, Order total)

OrderProduct(Order number, Product Number, ProductDescription, Quantity, UnitPrice)

SecondNormalForm Section

CustomerOrder(OrderNumber, OrderDate, DeliveryDate, CustomerDiscount, DiscountAmount, Customer Discount, Invoiced amount, CustomerNumber, CustomerName, BillToAddress, BillToCity, BillToState, BillToZip, ShipToAddress, ShipToCity, ShipToState, ShipToZip, Order total)

OrderProduct(Order number, Product Number, Quantity, Total)

Product(Product Number, Description, UnitPrice)

Third Normal Form Section

CustomerOrder(OrderNumber, OrderDate, DeliveryDate, CustomerDiscount, DiscountAmount, Customer Discount, Invoiced amount, Order total)

Customer(CustomerNumber, , CustomerName, BillToAddress, BillToCity, BillToState, BillToZip, ShipToAddress, ShipToCity, ShipToState, ShipToZip,)

OrderProduct(Order number, Product Number, Quantity, Total)

Product(Product Number, Description, UnitPrice)

Homework # 1 – Data Normalization

These documents represent some of the data used by a small midwestern chemical distribution company. Some of the forms are computer-generated reports. Some are computer data-entry screens.

Some of the data items deserve a little explanation.

Customers are allowed flexible prices which vary based on the customer's overall purchase volume. There are four levels of discounted prices for each product. Each customer carries a single discount code A, B, C or D. A Customer with an "A" discount code, for instance, will be charged the "A" price for all products he orders. When a product is ordered by a customer, the sales person entering the order must check the customer's discount code and then charge the corresponding price for the product.

Location Code is a grid reference within a depot ("warehouse") identifying a physical palette spot or bin on the depot floor. Location Codes are only unique within Depot Code.

A customer is always served out of only one depot.

A Customer belongs to only one Sales Territory.

Each Customer has a unique identifying customer number.

There are 16 Product Classes, each product class belongs to one of four Inventory Codes.

The "Screen ID" field and the "Add/Change/Delete" fields on the online screen images are operating features of the software that displays and processes the online screens. These attributes do NOT need to be stored in a database and they can be left out of your normalized data.

Product Sales Report

Page 1

Product No: 32010 **Description:** Nucleotide Emulsifier

Invoice	Inv. Date	Cust No.	Cust Name	Quantity	Price
928321	01/03/2016	3621417	J. T. Harman	20	800
928375	02/03/2016	4273765	B. Baggins	10	430
928430	04/04/2016	1672349	N. Robinson	32	1280
928774	07/19/2016	3357669	Gombler & Sons	3	138
928901	09/06/2016	1473332	Thom & Hall	15	630

Customer Invoice

Page 1

Invoice No: 928321**Invoice Date:** 01/31/2016**Customer** 3621417

Name & Address J. T. Harman & Company, LLC
 22 Newbolt Rd.
 Framingham, MN 52410

Product Number	Product Description	Std Price	Disc Code	Disc Price	Quantity	Price
42161	Dye Wash Benzocaine	93.50	A	90.00	10	900.00
63214	Flax Seed Oil	10.60	A	8.00	20	160.00
17719	Cod Liver Oil	14.30	A	12.00	30	360.00
19214	Vitamin D Extract	96.50	A	92.00	10	920.00
32010	Nucleotide Emulsifier	46.00	A	40.00	20	800.00
					<hr/>	<hr/>
Invoice Total					90	3140.00

SALES TERRITORY REPORT

SALES TERRITORY 812

CUSTOMER NO.	ORDERS YTD	ACCOUNT BALANCE	ORDERS VALUE
6214312	6	254.50	1,000.00
7121416	10	0.00	500.00
9161417	20	0.00	400.00
3241718	40	400.60	500.00
6141846	50	900.00	600.00
7219612	100	25.25	700.00
6142361	204	30.60	100.00
7194871	30	32.70	200.00
8141714	60	100.00	1,000.00
	520		5,000.00

This is an image of the Customer Entry screen, used to add a new customer to the system or change a customer's information.

Customer Entry

Screen ID: C01

☐ Add

Customer Number

☐ Change

Sales Territory

Depot

Customer Name

Address

Trade Class

Discount Code

Substitute

Credit Limit

Delivery Instructions

Product Warehouse Stock Report

Page 1

Product No: 42161

Depot Code	Stock Quantity	Location Code	YTD Orders
01	1,000	B 61	22,341
02	0	A 42	20,341
03	2,142	A 42	1,000
04	6,100	F 99	60,000
05	7,120	H 24	1,342
06	2,000	J 16	6,214
07	600	B 12	7,418
08	304	D 14	8,213
09	0	C 32	9,141
10	260	D 22	8,762
<hr/>			
Totals	19,526		144,772

This is an image of the Product Entry screen used to add a new product to the system, and/or change/delete an existing product from the system. Deleting a product merely marks it “inactive”. Its history is NOT actually deleted from the database.

Product Entry			
Screen ID:	P01	Action	<input type="checkbox"/> Add
Product Number	<input type="text"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Change
Weight	<input type="text"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Delete
Pack Unit	<input type="text"/>		
Product Class	<input type="text"/>	Description	<input type="text"/>
Discount Prices	A <input type="text"/>	Inventory Code	<input type="text"/>
	B <input type="text"/>	Standard Price	<input type="text"/>
	C <input type="text"/>		
	D <input type="text"/>		