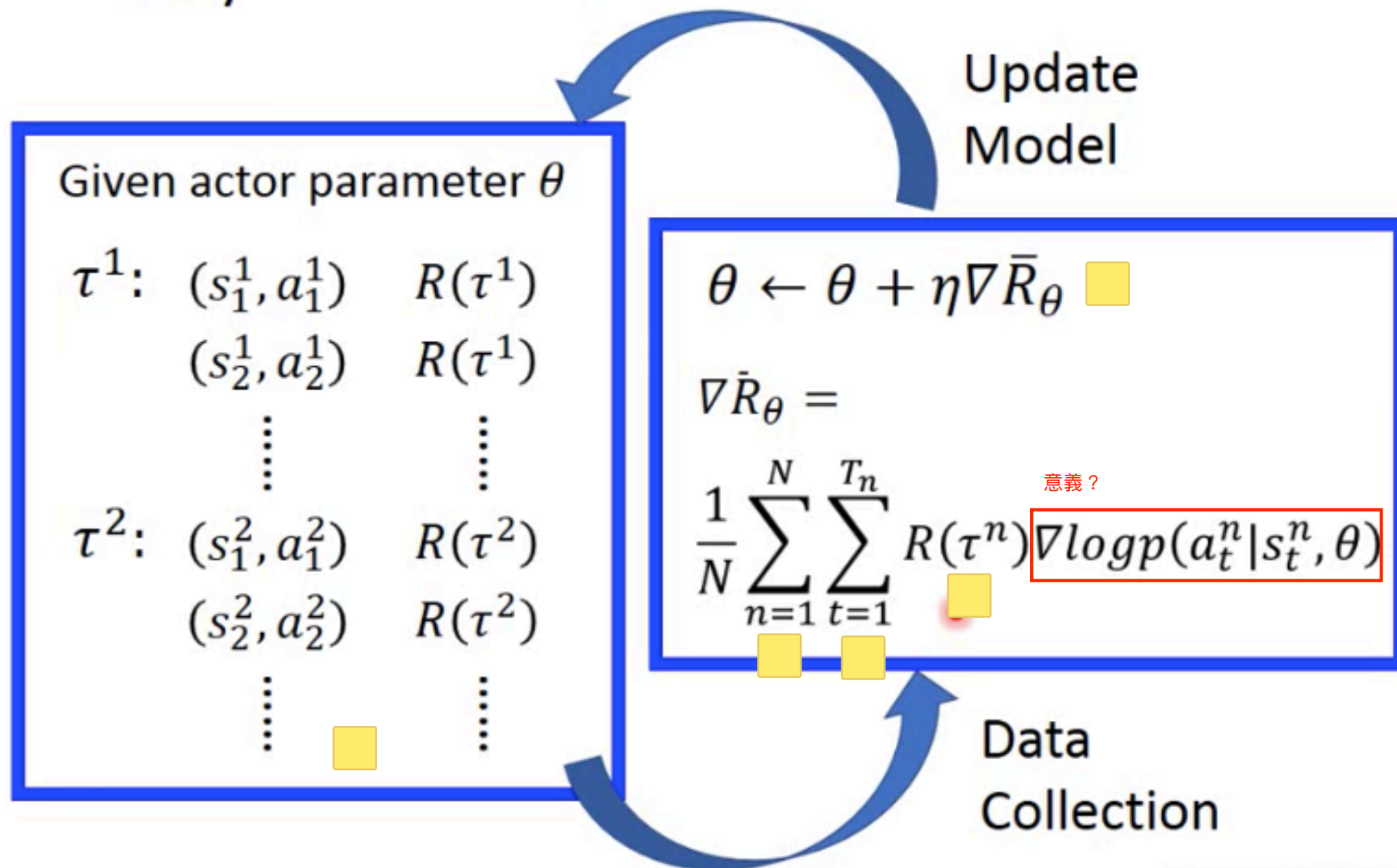
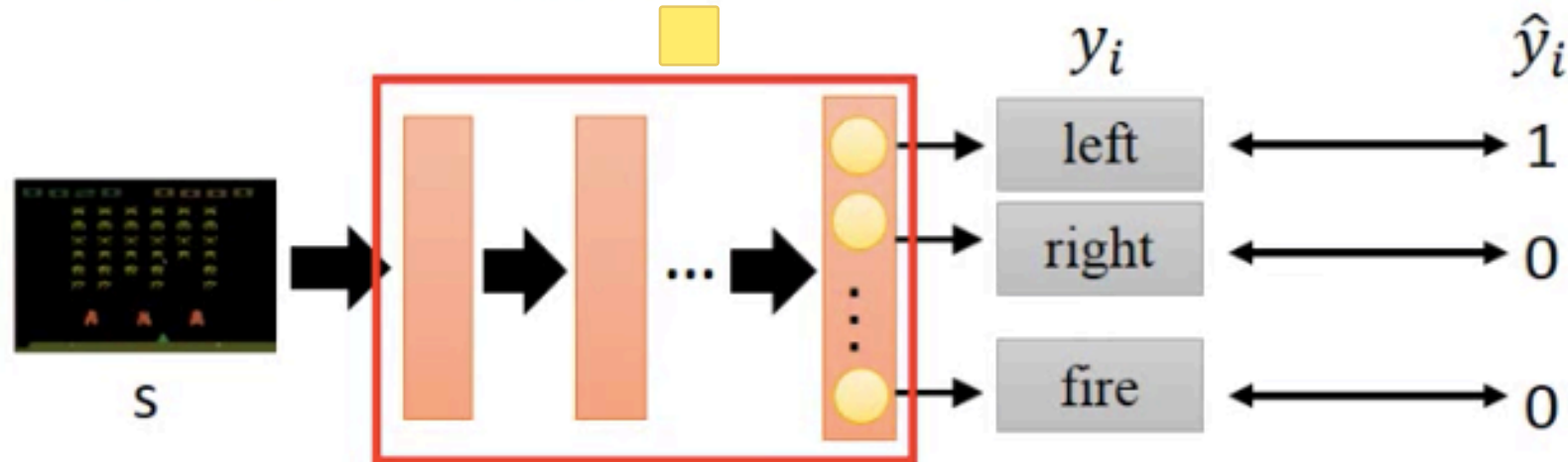


Policy Gradient



Policy Gradient

Considered as
Classification Problem



$$\text{Minimize: } -\sum_{i=1}^3 \hat{y}_i \log y_i$$

$$\text{Maximize: } \log y_i = \log P(\text{"left"}|s)$$

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta \nabla \log P(\text{"left"}|s)$$

Policy Gradient

Given actor parameter θ

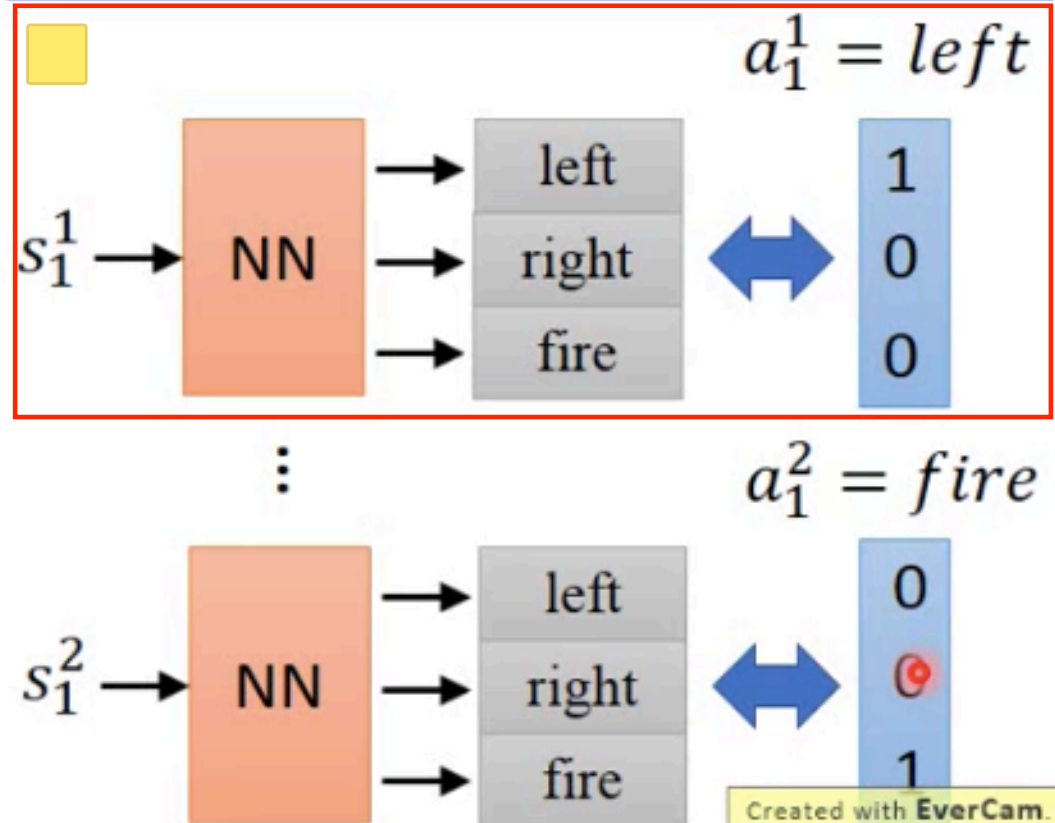
$\tau^1:$	(s_1^1, a_1^1)	$R(\tau^1)$
	(s_2^1, a_2^1)	$R(\tau^1)$
	\vdots	\vdots
$\tau^2:$	(s_1^2, a_1^2)	$R(\tau^2)$
	(s_2^2, a_2^2)	$R(\tau^2)$
	\vdots	\vdots

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta \nabla \bar{R}_\theta$$

$$\nabla \bar{R}_\theta =$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^{T_n} \blacksquare \nabla \log p(a_t^n | s_t^n, \theta)$$

來自一個分類問題



Policy Gradient

Given actor parameter θ

$\tau^1:$	(s_1^1, a_1^1)	$R(\tau^1)$	2
	(s_2^1, a_2^1)	$R(\tau^1)$	2
	\vdots	\vdots	
$\tau^2:$	(s_1^2, a_1^2)	$R(\tau^2)$	1
	(s_2^2, a_2^2)	$R(\tau^2)$	1
	\vdots	\vdots	

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta \nabla \bar{R}_\theta$$

$$\nabla \bar{R}_\theta =$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^{T_n} R(\tau^n) \nabla \log p(a_t^n | s_t^n, \theta)$$

Each training data is weighted by $R(\tau^n)$

