

Author: Johnny Wu
Position: Sales Engineer Datadog

ABSTRACT:

Dear readers,

Thank you so much for a wonderful opportunity to practice creating meaningful dashboard metrics that would help clients observe their systems better. I look forward to expanding my implementation knowledge and leverage my previous technical and communication skills to help clients enhance the Datadog dashboard features.

Best,
Johnny

COLLECTING METRICS:

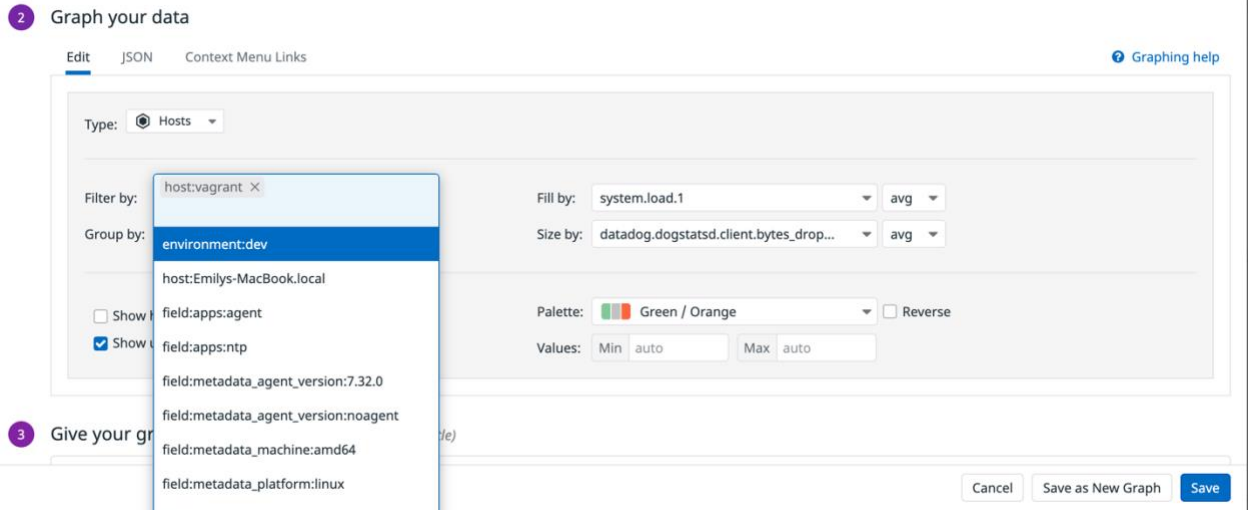
Tasks:

- Add tags in the Agent config file and show us a screenshot of your host and its tags on the Host Map page in Datadog

```
## @param tags - list of key:value elements - optional
## @env DD_TAGS - space separated list of strings - optional
## List of host tags. Attached in-app to every metric, event, log, trace, and service check emitted by this Agent.
##
## Additional tags can be supplied using the `DD_EXTRA_TAGS` environment variable.
##
# Learn more about tagging: https://docs.datadoghq.com/tagging/
tags:
  - "environment:dev"
#   <TAG_KEY>:<TAG_VALUE>

## @param env - string - optional
## @env DD_ENV - string - optional
## The environment name where the agent is running. Attached in-app to every metric, event, log, trace, and service check emitted by this Agent.
#
# env: <environment name>

## @param tag_value_split_separator - map - optional
## @env DD_TAG_VALUE_SPLIT_SEPARATOR - list of key:value strings - optional
## Split tag values according to a given separator. Only applies to host ags,
```



- Create a custom Agent check that submits a metric with a random value between 0 and 1000

```
# the following try/except block will make the custom check compatible with any
Agent version
import random
try:
    # first, try to import the base class from new versions of the Agent...
    from datadog_checks.base import AgentCheck
except ImportError:
    # ...if the above failed, the check is running in Agent version < 6.6.0
    from checks import AgentCheck

# content of the special variable __version__ will be shown in the Agent status
page
__version__ = "1.0.0"

class HelloCheck(AgentCheck):
    def check(self, instance):
        self.monotonic_count('my_metric', random.randint(0,1000))
~
~
~
~
~
```

- ```
init_config:
instances:
- min_collection_interval: 45
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
```

ANSWER: yes, you can change the collection interval without modifying the Python check file created.

Utilize the Datadog API to create a Timeboard that contains:

- Click to go to where you want to see history

Edit Overview Correlations 5m Past 5 Minutes

The graph displays a single data series over time. The x-axis represents time from 09:36 to 09:40. The y-axis represents the value of the metric, ranging from 0 to 800. The data shows a sharp increase starting at 09:36, peaking at approximately 750 around 09:37, and then gradually decreasing to near zero by 09:38, remaining low until 09:40.

| Time  | Value |
|-------|-------|
| 09:36 | 0     |
| 09:37 | 750   |
| 09:38 | 200   |
| 09:39 | 50    |
| 09:40 | 0     |

1 Select your visualization

Timeseries Query Value Top List Table Heat Map Scatter Plot Distribution Change Host Map Geomap List

2 Graph your data

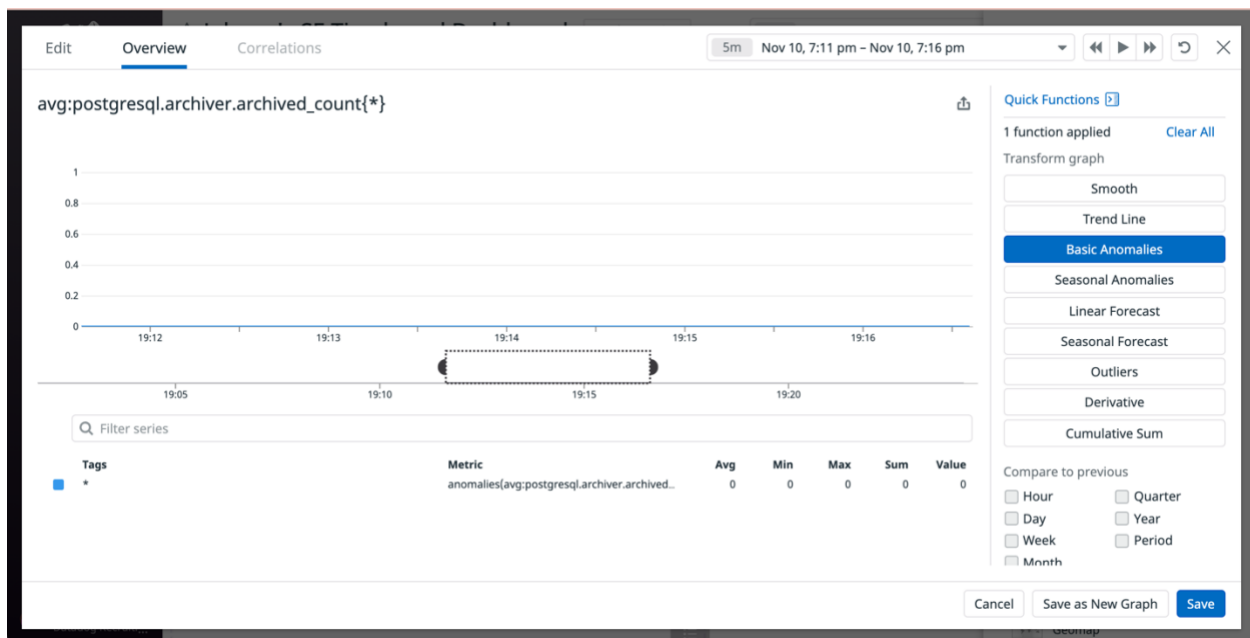
Edit JSON Share Context Menu Links [Graphing help](#)

a Metrics my\_metric from host:vagrant avg by service as count Σ

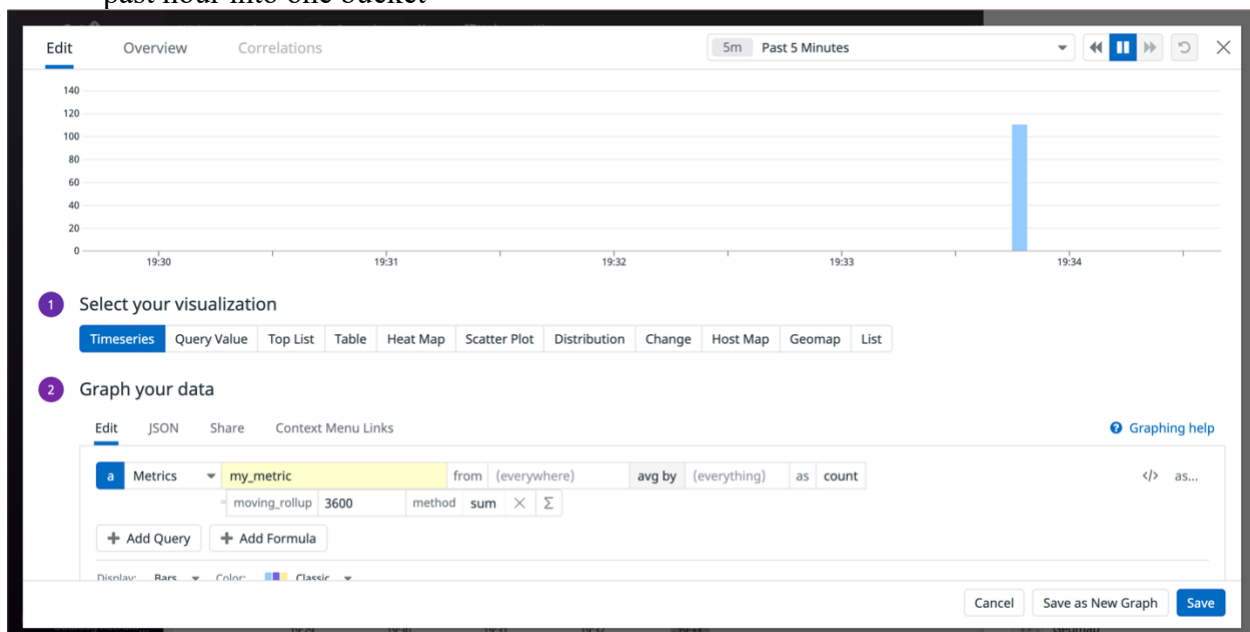
+ Add Query + Add Formula

Display: Lines Color: Classic Style: Solid Stroke: Normal

- Any metric from the Integration on your Database with the anomaly function applied

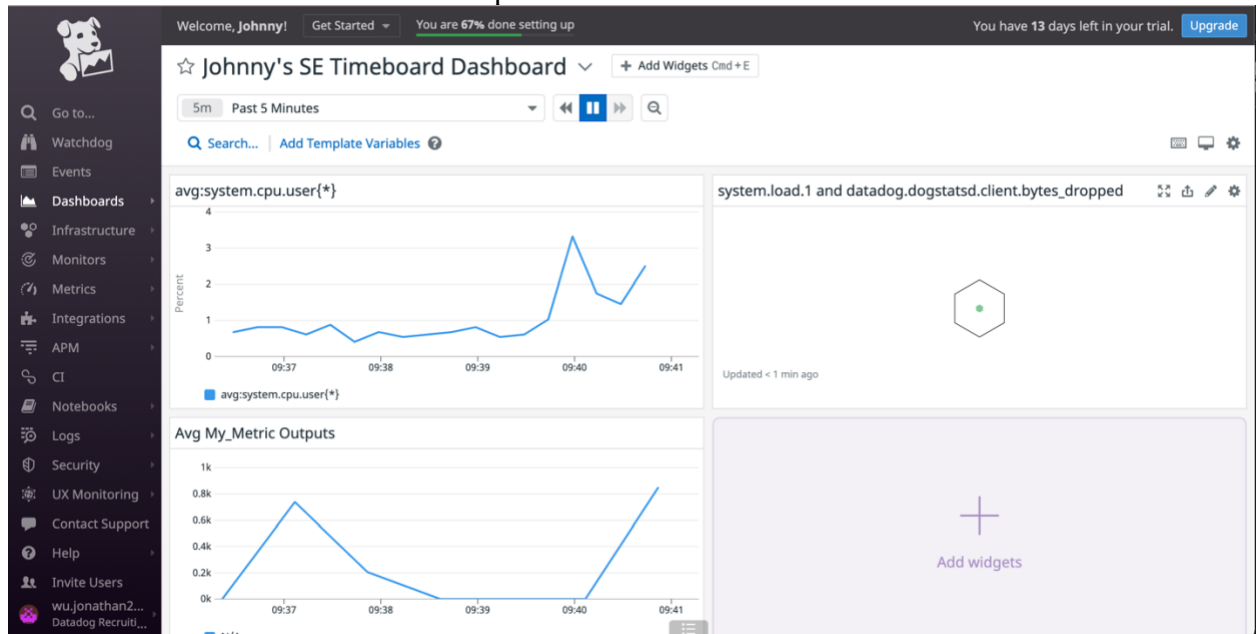


- Your customer metric with the rollup function applied to sum up all the points for the past hour into one bucket



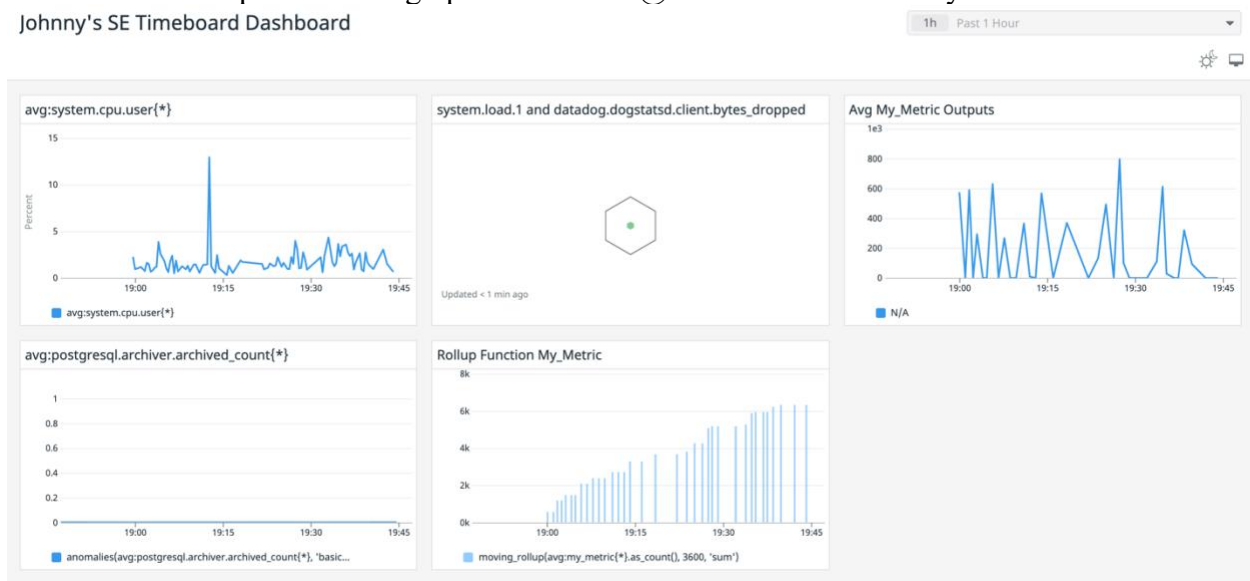
Once this is created, access the dashboard from your Dashboard List in the UI:

- Set the Timeboard's timeframe to the past 5 minutes



- Take a snapshot of this graph and use the @ notation to send it to yourself

Johnny's SE Timeboard Dashboard



**BONUS QUESTION: What is the Anomaly graph display?**

ANSWER: The Anomaly graph displays two views the historical view and evaluation preview. The historical view allows the user to monitor the metric at different time scales to better understand why data may be considered anomalous or non-anomalous. The evaluation preview is longer than the alerting window and helps provide information about what the anomalies algorithm takes into account when predicting the bounds. The anomaly function uses the past data to predict what is expected in the future.

**MONITORING DATA:**

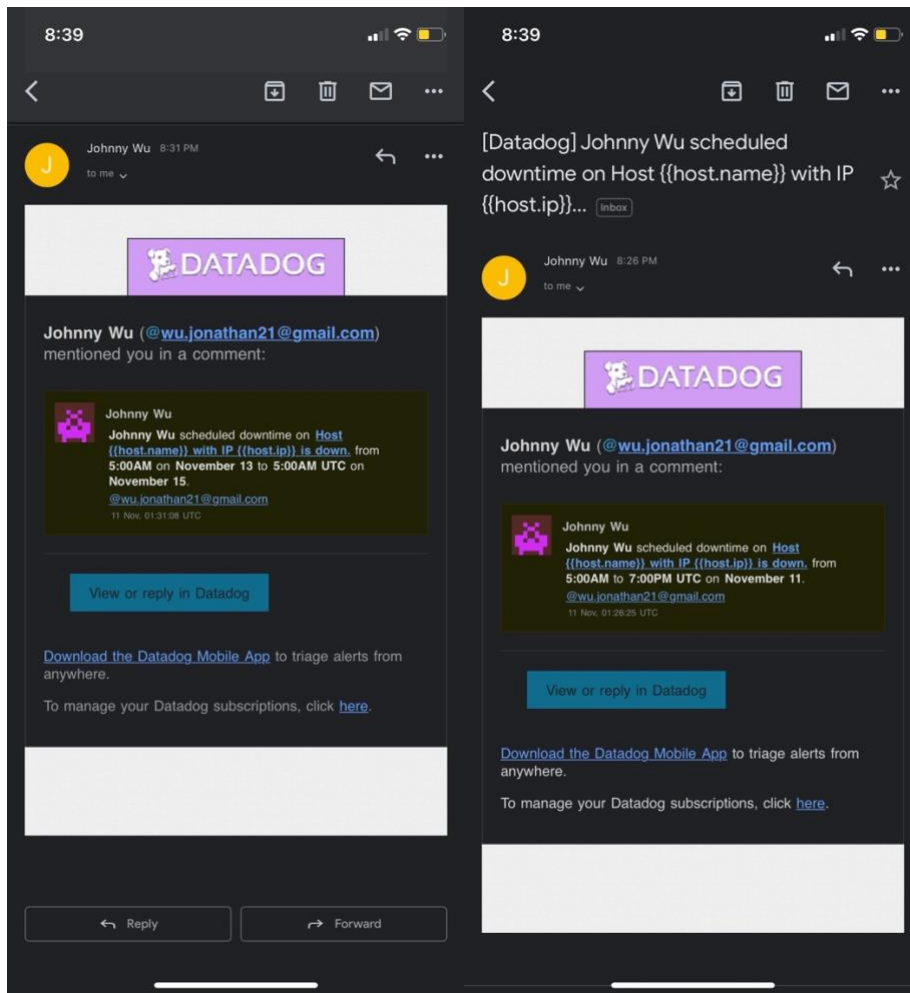
Create a new Metric Monitor that watches the average of your custom metric (my\_metric) and will alert if it's above the following values over the past 5 minutes:


- Warning threshold of 500
- Alerting threshold of 800
- And also ensure that it will notify you if there is No Data for this query over the past 10m

Please configure the monitor's message so that it will:

- Send you an email whenever the monitor triggers.
- Create different messages based on whether the monitor is in an Alert, Warning, or No Data State
- Include the metric value that caused the monitor to trigger and host IP when the Monitor triggers an Alert state
- When this monitor sends you an email notification, take a screenshot of the email that it sends you

**Bonus Question: Since this monitor is going to alert pretty often, you don't want to be alerted when you are out of the office. Set up two scheduled downtimes for this monitor:**





Go to...

Watchdog

Events

Dashboards

Infrastructure

Monitors

Metrics

Integrations

APM

CI

Notebooks

Logs

Security

UX Monitoring

Contact Support

Help

Invite Users

Welcome, Johnny!

Get Started

You are 67% done setting up

Monitors

Manage Monitors

Triggered Monitors

Manage Downtimes

Active

Automated

Recurring

Creator

Creator handle

Monitor Type

Showing 1-2 of 2

STATUS

RECURRING

SCOPE

Downtime

Scope:

Monitor: Host {{host.name}} with IP {{host.ip}} is down.

Scheduled to start Nov 11, 2021, 12:00 AM EST and repeats daily at 12:00 AM EST for 14 hours

Scheduled by Johnny Wu

@wu.jonathan21@gmail.com

Showing 0-25 results

| STATUS | NAME                                            | DEFINITION | TAGS |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
| WARN   | Host {{host.name}} with IP {{host.ip}} is down. | my_metric  |      |

- Go to...
- Watchdog
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- Notebooks
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- Security
- UX Monitoring
- Contact Support
- Help
- Invite Users

Manage Monitors

Triggered Monitors

Manage Downtimes

Active

☐ False 0  
☒ True 0

Automuted

☒ False 0  
☐ True 0

Recurring

☒ False 0  
☒ True 0

Creator

No matching values found

Creator handle

No matching values found

Monitor Tags

No matching values found

Scope

No matching values found

Downtime

Scope:

Monitor: Host {{host.name}} with IP {{host.ip}} is down.

Scheduled

to start

Nov 13, 2021, 12:00 AM EST

and repeats at

12:00 AM EST

for

2 days

with

RRULE FREQ=DAILY;INTERVAL=1

Scheduled by Johnny Wu

@wu.jonathan21@gmail.com

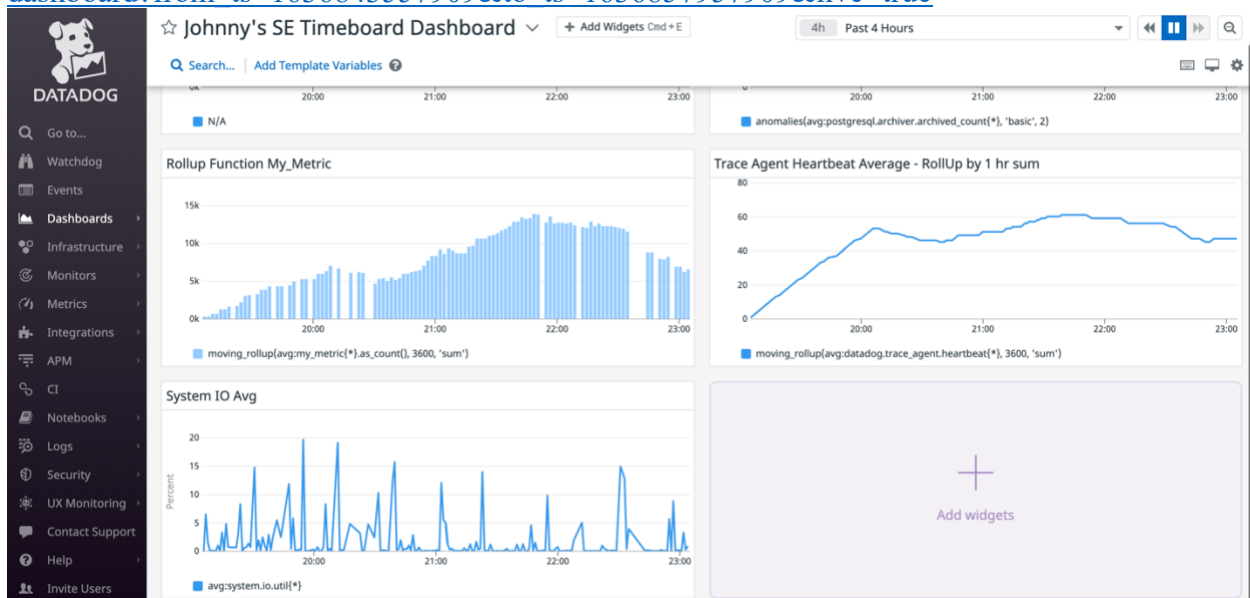
Showing 0-25 results

| STATUS | NAME                                            | DEFINITION | TAGS |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
| OK     | Host {{host.name}} with IP {{host.ip}} is down. | my_metric  |      |

## COLLECTING APM DATA:

Please include your fully instrumented app in your submission, as well:

[https://app.datadoghq.com/dashboard/hbb-xrj-zzj/johnnys-se-timeboard-dashboard?from\\_ts=1636843557909&to\\_ts=1636857957909&live=true](https://app.datadoghq.com/dashboard/hbb-xrj-zzj/johnnys-se-timeboard-dashboard?from_ts=1636843557909&to_ts=1636857957909&live=true)





```

from ddtrace import patch_all
patch_all()
from flask import Flask
import logging
import sys

Have flask use stdout as the logger
main_logger = logging.getLogger()
main_logger.setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
c = logging.StreamHandler(sys.stdout)
formatter = logging.Formatter('%(asctime)s - %(name)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s')
c.setFormatter(formatter)
main_logger.addHandler(c)

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def api_entry():
 return 'Entrypoint to the Application'

@app.route('/api/apm')
def apm_endpoint():
 return 'Getting APM Started'

@app.route('/api/trace')
def trace_endpoint():
 return 'Posting Traces'

if __name__ == '__main__':
 app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port='5050')
~
~
~
~
~

```

### BONUS QUESTION: What is the difference between a Service and Resource?

ANSWER: A Service can be a self-contained, independently developed, deployed, managed, and maintained software implementation supporting specific business-relevant functionality for companies. It is not a programming contrast or a set of APIs, but rather an architectural and deployment artifact used for implementation of enterprise solutions. A Resource on the other hand is a directly accessible, independently developed, deployed, managed and maintained software artifact supporting specific data.

### FINAL QUESTION:

Datadog has been used in a lot of creative ways in the past. We've written some blog posts about using Datadog to monitor the NYC subway System, Pokemon Go, and even office restroom availability!

Is there anything creative you would use Datadog for?

Datadog allows for an effective and flexible monitoring system of a client's entire infrastructure. There are several ways where Datadog can be leveraged to monitor everything, such as utilizing Agent Check to collect metrics from any data sources and running HTTP checks to verify if a website is up or down. With this, I believe Datadog can be extremely effective in three different industries.

#### Retail/Grocery Market:

The opportunities for utilizing Datadog to help track metrics are endless in the retail industry. Many grocery markets are facing trouble keeping certain items in stock, especially when the

pandemic has disrupted the supply chain. Markets can connect their internal warehouse and vendor data to Datadog, along with their current inventory movement data to help understand when the best time is to repurchase items in real-time. There are also opportunities where grocery markets and retail stores that have self-service machines for checkout, can utilize Datadog dashboards to help understand which check-out machines require maintenance. With that information, they can properly inform their customers of the approximate wait time for an available machine and direct any congestions to other registers attended by a representative.

#### Healthcare:

Having real-time knowledge of what PPE and medical instruments are in use or available is very important. Datadog can be utilized in tracking what instruments are in use in different hospital rooms, and when they are currently idle but are left in patient rooms unused. Additionally, Datadog dashboards can track the average patient time/performance time of medical professionals. This means when doctors or nurses are requested, patients can be given a more accurate estimate time of when they will be seen by a professional. The healthcare industry is also gravitating towards mobile devices, so tracking security and being HIPAA compliant is very important. To avoid large violation fees, hospital IT teams can track and view when security procedures are no longer up to date on devices and see what information could be compromised.

#### Food Delivery Services:

The food delivery services have peaked during the pandemic. Area managers of food delivery service providers can track and report on their drivers' performance time when reaching the restaurant, waiting, and finally delivering the takeout to the consumers. With this information, they can coach their drivers and identify areas where they can improve on. Area managers can also use this information to help reorganize and notify the drivers to delay going to certain restaurants if the restaurant has previously missed their average order completion time.

Datadog is truly an effective and adaptable resource that every industry can leverage to help them identify their areas of weaknesses as well as create new metrics to help track and improve productivity and performance.

Thank you so much for this assignment! I look forward to utilizing my skills to help be an asset to the team!

All the best,  
Johnny Wu