Lab Practice

Q1. Print the following pattern using nested loops:



Q2. An Armstrong number (or narcissistic number) for a given number of digits is a number such that the sum of its digits raised to the power of the number of digits equals the number itself. For example: $(1 \le N \le 10^5)$

For example:

- $\bullet \quad 153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153 \text{ (3-digit number)}$
- $\bullet \quad 9474 = 9^4 + 4^4 + 7^4 + 4^4 = 9474 \text{ (4-digit number)}$

Q3. Find the Intersection of Two Vectors Given two vectors, write a program to find the common elements (intersection) between them. Example:

Input:

Vector 1: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}

Vector 2: {3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

Output:

{3, 4, 5}