## Image Recognition by CNN and VGG (Intel Image Recognition Competition)

by Johnson Wei

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In [ ]:
         import os
         import glob
         import json
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
         from tensorflow.keras import applications
         from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPool2D,GlobalAveragePooling2D, Fl
         from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping, ReduceLRO
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
In [ ]:
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
         import random
         import logging
         logger = tf.get logger()
         logger.setLevel(logging.ERROR)
         import glob
         import shutil
         import os
         import itertools
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix , classification report
         from keras.layers import Input,Flatten
         from keras.models import Model
         from random import randint
In [ ]:
         # import the dataset
         train path = '/Users/johnsonwei/Dropbox/Mac/Desktop/NLP+ML/Timeseries/archive/se
         test path = '/Users/johnsonwei/Dropbox/Mac/Desktop/NLP+ML/Timeseries/archive/seg
In [ ]:
         # Image rescaling and read the data
         IMG SIZE = (150, 150)
         train_images=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0/255).flow_from_directory(directory=t
        Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.
In [ ]:
        IMG SIZE = (150, 150)
         test images=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0/255).flow from directory(directory=te
        Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.
In [ ]:
         # construct the CNN model, specify the layers
         model1 = Sequential([
```

```
Conv2D(filters=32,kernel_size=(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same',input_s
MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=2),
Conv2D(filters=32,kernel_size=(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'),
Dropout(0.5),
MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=2),
Flatten(),
Dense(units=6,activation='softmax'),
])
```

In [ ]:

model1.summary()

Model: "sequential"

| Layer (type)  | Output Shape         | Param # |
|---|----------------------|---------|
| conv2d (Conv2D)   | (None, 150, 150, 32) | 896     |
| <pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>                                | (None, 75, 75, 32)   | 0       |
| conv2d_1 (Conv2D)   | (None, 75, 75, 32)   | 9248    |
| dropout (Dropout)   | (None, 75, 75, 32)   | 0       |
| <pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>                              | (None, 37, 37, 32)   | 0       |
| flatten (Flatten)   | (None, 43808)        | 0       |
| dense (Dense)   | (None, 6)            | 262854  |
| Total params: 272,998 Trainable params: 272,998 Non-trainable params: 0 |                      | ======= |

Non-trainable params: 0

```
# Using Adam optimizer with learning rate of 0.0001
model1.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.0001),loss='categorical_crossentro
```

```
In [ ]: results=model1.fit(train_images,epochs=10)
```

Epoch 5/10

```
curacy: 0.7717
     Epoch 6/10
      curacy: 0.7950
     Epoch 7/10
      uracy: 0.8132
     Epoch 8/10
      curacy: 0.8254
      Epoch 9/10
      curacy: 0.8438
      Epoch 10/10
      curacy: 0.8573
In [ ]:
       model1.evaluate(test images)
      300/300 [================] - 9s 26ms/step - loss: 0.6839 - accurac
     y: 0.7743
Out[]: [0.6839448809623718, 0.7743333578109741]
     The overall accuracy has room for improvement
In [ ]:
      train_images_p = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function=tf.keras.applications
      Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.
In [ ]:
      test images p=ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing function=tf.keras.applications.vg
      Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.
In [ ]:
      # Construct VGG16 model to optmize the result
      from tensorflow.keras.applications import VGG16
      pretrained model=VGG16(input shape = (150, 150, 3),
                       include top = False,
                       weights = 'imagenet')
      for layer in pretrained model.layers:
          layer.trainable = False
      last layer = pretrained model.get layer('block5 pool')
      print('last layer of vgg : output shape: ', last layer.output shape)
      last output= last layer.output
      x = Flatten()(last_output)
      x = Dense(64, activation='relu')(x)
      x = Dropout(0.2)(x)
      x = Dense(6, activation='softmax')(x)
      model vgg = Model(pretrained model.input, x)
```

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/vgg16/vgg16\_weights\_tf\_dim\_ordering\_tf\_kernels\_notop.h5

```
last layer of vgg : output shape: (None, 4, 4, 512)
In [ ]:
   model vgg.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.0001),loss='categorical crossen
In [ ]:
   results=model_vgg.fit(train_images_p,epochs=10)
   Epoch 1/10
   curacy: 0.8035
   Epoch 2/10
   curacy: 0.8997
   Epoch 3/10
   curacy: 0.9280
   Epoch 4/10
   curacy: 0.9465
   Epoch 5/10
   curacy: 0.9543
   Epoch 6/10
   curacy: 0.9643
   Epoch 7/10
   ccuracy: 0.9723
   Epoch 8/10
   curacy: 0.9758
   Epoch 9/10
   curacy: 0.9785
   Epoch 10/10
   curacy: 0.9809
In [ ]:
    model vgg.evaluate(test images p)
   300/300 [============== ] - 212s 704ms/step - loss: 0.4859 - accu
   racy: 0.9110
Out[]: [0.48593783378601074, 0.9110000133514404]
```

The result has shown better accuracy