## Sheet 2

Discussion of the sheet: Th., 21.03.2019

1. Let  $A, N \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be SPD and consider the iteration  $x_{k+1} = x_k + N(b - Ax_k)$ . Let  $M = I - W^{-1}A$   $(W = N^{-1})$  be the iteration matrix. Assume that W is SPD and even satisfies

$$2W > A > 0. (1)$$

a) (Auxiliary identity) Show: The adjoint  $M^A$  of a matrix M with respect to the  $(\cdot,\cdot)_A$  inner product, i.e.,

$$(Mx, x)_A := (AMx, x)_2 = (Ax, M^A x)_2 = (x, M^A x)_A$$
 (2)

is given by

$$M^A = A^{-1}M^T A. (3)$$

(Note that M is A-selfadjoint iff  $M^TA=AM\iff A^{-\frac{1}{2}}M^TA^{\frac{1}{2}}=A^{\frac{1}{2}}MA^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ , i.e., if  $\hat{M}=A^{\frac{1}{2}}MA^{-\frac{1}{2}}$  is symmetric.)

- **b)** Show:  $\rho(M) = ||M||_A < 1$ , where  $||\cdot||_A$  is the norm induced by the vector norm  $||x||_A := (x, x)_A$ .
- c) Show: If for some  $0 < \lambda \le \Lambda$  there holds

$$0 < \lambda W \le A \le \Lambda W$$

then  $\sigma(M) \subset [1 - \Lambda, 1 - \lambda]$ , and thus,

$$\rho(M) \le \max\{|1 - \lambda|, |\Lambda - 1|\}.$$

- **2.** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  be SPD.
  - a) Let  $\omega \in (0, 1]$ . Use exercise 1 to show that the damped SSOR method (equation (5.14b) in the lecture notes) converges, i.e., show  $\rho(M_{\omega}^{SSOR}) < 1$ .
  - **b)** Show that exercise 1a) can be weakened in the following way: We do not require that N, W are symmetric, but we only assume that W is positive definite, i.e.,  $W + W^T > 0$ , and replace condition (1) by

$$W + W^T > A > 0.$$

Then,  $\rho(M) \leq ||M||_A < 1$ .

Hint: Use (3) and express  $N + N^T$  by means of  $W + W^T$ .

3. Let A be SPD and denote by  $M_{\omega}^{SOR} = I - \omega \, (D + \omega L)^{-1} A$  the iteration matrix of the (forward) SOR method and by  $\bar{M}_{\omega}^{SOR} = I - \omega \, (D + \omega L^T)^{-1} A$  the iteration matrix of the backward SOR method. The iteration matrix  $M_{\omega}^{SSOR} = \bar{M}_{\omega}^{SOR} \, M_{\omega}^{SOR}$  of the damped SSOR method is given by

$$M_{\omega}^{SSOR} = I - \omega(2 - \omega)(D + \omega L^{T})^{-1}D(D + \omega L)^{-1}A$$

- a) Show:  $\bar{M}_{\omega}^{SOR}$  is the adjoint of  $M_{\omega}^{SOR}$  with respect to the  $(\cdot, \cdot)_A$  inner product defined in (2), i.e.,  $\bar{M}_{\omega}^{SOR} = (M_{\omega}^{SOR})^A$ . Conclude that  $\sigma(M_{\omega}^{SSOR}) \subset \mathbb{R}_0^+$ , i.e., the spectrum is non-negative.
- **b)** Using b), show:  $\|M_{\omega}^{SSOR}\|_{A} = \|M_{\omega}^{SOR}\|_{A}^{2}$ .